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THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

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MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

No. 2.—HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO VELLORE IN JANUARY 1921.

Month and date.	Day of week.	Place.	Arrival or departure.	Time. A.M.	Time. P.M.	Remarks.
1921.						
		Madras ..	Departure ..	..	12-45	By special train. Departure private.
		Katpadi ..	Arrival ..	..	5-40	Arrival private.
		Do ..	Departure ..	..	6-10	By motor. Departure private.
		Vellore ..	Arrival ..	..	6-30	Arrival private.
		do. ..	Departure ..	..	6-5	By motor. Departure private.
January 28.	Friday	Katpadi ..	Arrival ..	..	6-30	Arrival private.
		Do ..	Departure ..	..	7-52	By motor. Departure private.
		Vellore ..	Arrival ..	..	8-15	Arrival private.
		Do ..	Departure ..	..	11-30	By motor. Departure private.
		Katpadi ..	Arrival ..	..	11-50	Arrival private.
		Do. ..	Departure ..	6-0	..	By special train. Departure private.
January 29.	Saturday	Madras ..	Arrival ..	8-30	..	Arrival private.

Only telegrams intended for His Excellency and party should be addressed to Katpadi Railway Station on the 28th of January.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be—
Captain D. Powell, Aide-de-Camp.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MADRAS,
22nd January 1921.

E. O. GOLDIE, Major,
Military Secretary.

PRIVATE SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1.—In connexion with the selection of Indian candidates for admission to the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, with a view to their qualifying for King's Commissions in the Indian Army, it is proposed to hold the next examination in Simla on the 9th May 1921. The following information is published for the use of intending candidates :—

(1) Candidates must be between the ages of 17½ and 19 on the 1st July 1921 but the upper age limit will be 21 on the 1st July 1921 for candidates who were serving untrainterably in His Majesty's Forces on or before the 1st January 1920 or in the Senior Division of the Officers' Training Corps on or before the 1st March 1919. Candidates must state their age definitely.

(2) Candidates must be prepared to pass a qualifying examination. The detailed syllabus of this examination is printed as an Appendix to this notification. The general standard required is that prescribed for the diploma of the Chiefs' Colleges ; a school leaving certificate recognized by a Local Government; the Matriculation of an incorporated University ; or any higher examination.

(3) Candidates satisfying the educational standard prescribed in paragraph (2) will undergo a special test consisting of an oral examination conducted on the same lines as the Admiralty test of candidates for admission to the Royal Naval College, Osborne. This examination which is designed to test the intelligence and general knowledge of candidates, will be conducted by a Board of officers.

(4) A medical examination, according to the standard laid down in Appendix 19 of the Regulations for the Army Medical Service, 1908, will also be held in Simla. Candidates should attach to their applications a medical certificate from a competent medical officer to the effect that they come up to the standard mentioned above.

(5) The cost of 1st class railway fares, to and from Simla, of candidates selected to attend these examinations, will be defrayed by Government.

(6) The Government of India will defray the cost of passage (1st class) granted to cadets travelling to and from England on duty This will also include the payment of one first class fare by rail to and from the port of embarkation and disembarkation in this country.

(7) The fees payable by the parents or guardians of cadets at Sandhurst will be as follows :—

	£
Ordinary fees two years at £75 per annum	150
Contingent expenses towards cost of uniform, books, library, recreation, etc. ..	100
Pocket money at £2 per mensem	72
Vacation expenses 30 weeks at £5-1-0 per week	157
Extra pocket money during vacation at £3-3-0 per week	95
Sundries	126
Say roughly ..	700

Pending receipt of further instructions from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, fees should be forwarded by parents or guardians direct to the India Office.

(8) Indians selected for cadetships will be subject to such rules and regulations as are ordinarily made from time to time for the maintenance of order and discipline at the College.

They will, while at the Royal Military College, belong to the ordinary College Mess and no special messing arrangements can be made on their behalf.

Cadets will wear uniform of the College but will be allowed their national head dress, should they so desire.

They will not be allowed to take servants or personal attendants of any kind to the College.

(9) One of the rules for admission to the Royal Military College is that a cadet should be unmarried. This rule will be waived in the case of Indian candidates, but in no circumstances will a cadet be allowed to take his wife or family to England.

(10) The present course at the College lasts eighteen months. As it will be impossible for cadets to return to India during the vacations, arrangements will have to be made for their accommodation in England during these periods, either by their parents or guardians or by the India Office on behalf of the latter.

(11) Cadets from India will have to qualify in the ordinary passing out examination and will, on qualifying, be eligible for King's Commissions. Before being passed as fit for a commission, they must be certified to be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defects likely to interfere with the performance of their military duties. Those who are successful in obtaining commissions will enter the Indian Army as Second-Lieutenants.

(12) The Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Madras, to whom applications should be made not later than the 1st February 1921, will intimate to the selected candidates the fact of their selection No applications received after the 1st February 1921 will be considered.

(13) Intending candidates should submit their application on the form below :—

FORM OF APPLICATION.

1. Name in full (To be typed or hand printed).
2. Date of Birth (This must be definitely stated).
3. Caste and tribe.
4. Name, occupation and address of Father, stating if living or deceased.
5. Name, occupation and address of Guardian, or male next-of-kin in event of Father not being alive.
6. Brief resume of any Military service rendered by candidate and near relatives.
7. Place, standard of education, examinations passed, with dates, Linguistic qualifications other than English, furnishing certificates.

8. Whether able to ride and what games played.
9. Permanent address in India.
10. Particulars of non-military service (if any) in any Government or Civil Department, with dates, or any past occupation in a non-official capacity.
11. Whether able to speak English fluently.
12. Vernacular selected as fourth obligatory subject.
13. Optional subjects selected.
14. Freehand Drawing selected, or not.
15. Medical Report.

Date_____

Place_____

Signature of candidate.

APPENDIX.

SYLLABUS OF EXAMINATION FOR INDIAN CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION TO THE ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE, SANDHURST

1. The subjects of the examination and the maximum number of marks obtainable for each subject are as follows:—

Class I (Obligatory).

	Marks.
(i) English	2,000
(ii) Indian History and General Geography	2,000
(iii) Mathematics (elementary)	2,000
(iv) An Indian Vernacular	2,000

Class II (Optional).

(v) and (vi)—

(a) Urdu	2,000
(b) Persian or Sanskrit	2,000
(c) Science (Physics and Chemistry)	2,000
(d) Mathematics	2,000

2. All the subjects in class I must be taken up and not more than two of the subjects of class II. If Urdu is selected as subject (iv) in class I, it cannot be taken up as one of the two subjects in class II.

Candidates who take up Sanskrit in the qualifying examination are warned to make use of the Deva Nagri character in writing.

3. Candidates will be required to qualify (i.e., to obtain not less than 33 per cent of the total marks allotted) in each of the four obligatory subjects named in class I.

Candidates who fail in one obligatory subject but make 6,000 marks or more in the aggregate will be classified as qualified candidates according to the aggregate of the marks obtained.

4. In addition to the abovenamed subjects candidates may take up freehand drawing to which 600 marks will be allotted.

SYLLABUS OF SUBJECTS FOR THE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

English—Marks 2,000.

Dictation.

Essay. Three alternative subjects to be given for an essay or letter of which candidates may choose one.

Reproduction of a passage read out to the candidate.

General paper (to test general knowledge and intelligence).

Indian History (General)—Marks 1,000.

Questions will be set which will give the candidate an opportunity of showing his general knowledge of Indian history. Questions will deal only with the broad outlines of the subject and knowledge of detail will not be expected. Some choice of questions will be allowed.

Geography—Marks 1,000.

The Earth—its dimensions and surface measurements.

Latitude and longitude. Its movements—day, night and seasons.

The main physical features of the world, with special reference to the British Empire.

General political geography of the world, with special reference to British possessions and India, and the foreign frontier territories adjacent to them.

Mathematics (Elementary)—Marks 2,000.

All candidates will be expected to know British Linear, Square and Cubic Measure and Avoirdupois weight.

The ordinary rules of Arithmetic. The metric system.

Measurement of length: scale, callipers. Measurement of area by dimensions (rectilinear figures and circle), by squared paper.

Algebraic formulæ and symbols may be used. Questions will not be set on present value or true discount. The extract of the cube root and the use and theory of recurring decimals are not required.

The questions set will test knowledge of fundamental principles and readiness in application to simple practical problems. Neatness and accuracy of working are expected, and the methods of solution employed must be clearly indicated. In the absence of special instructions that a question is to be answered by a particular method, candidates are at liberty to choose their own method from any branch of mathematics.

An Indian Vernacular—Marks 2,000.

1. Translation from the Vernacular into English.
2. Translation from English into the Vernacular.
3. An essay or letter on one or two alternative subjects.

4. Colloquial. Candidates to—
   (i) talk in the Vernacular.
   (ii) write a short dictated passage in the Vernacular.

Urdu—Marks 2,000.

1. Translation from Urdu into English.
2. Translation from English into Urdu
3. An essay or letter on one or two alternative subjects.
4. Colloquial. Candidates to—
   (i) talk in Urdu.
   (ii) write a short dictated passage in Urdu.

Persian or Sanskrit—Marks 2,000.

1. Translation from Persian (or Sanskrit) into English.
2. Translation from English into Persian (or Sanskrit).

Science (Physics and Chemistry)—Marks 2,000.

Physics—Marks 1,000.

Heat.—Construction and use of thermometers. Expansion of solids, liquids and gases Specific heat. Phenomena of change of state; vapour pressure, latent heat. Simple phenomena of conduction, convection and radiation of heat. Heat as a form of energy

Light.—Rectilinear propagation. Reflexion and refraction; formation of images by plane and spherical mirrors, and by concave and convex lenses. Telescope and microscope. The dispersion of light by a prism.

Magnetism.—Simple phenomena of magnetism; induction. Lines of force in a magnetic field; terrestrial magnetism. Elementary quantitative notions of strength of pole, magnetic force due to a pole, strength of field.

Static Electricity.—Electrification; induction. The electroscope; electrophorus. Elementary notions of potential and capacity. Distribution of charge on conductors.

Practical work.—Simple experiments on the subject-matter of the preceding syllabus, for example.—

Verification of Boyle's law. Testing the standard points of thermometers. Determination of specific and latent heat by the method of mixtures. Determination of melting and boiling points. Verification of the laws of reflection and refraction. Determinations of the positions of images formed by plane and spherical mirrors and by convex lenses. Mapping lines of force in magnetic fields.

In the event of a practical test being impossible, the whole of the marks will be allotted to the written papers

Chemistry—Marks 1,000.

Classification of matter into simple substances and mixtures, elements and compounds. The chemistry of water and of its constituent elements, water as a solvent; natural waters.

The atmosphere; combustion, oxidation, the various classes of oxides. Acids, bases and salts. Chlorine and hydrogen chloride; nitrogen ammonia and nitric acid; sulphur, sulphur dioxide and sulphuric acid. Carbon: the oxides of carbon; carbonates. Flame. Physical properties of the commoner metals, mercury, lead, tin, copper, zinc, iron, and aluminium; and preparation of their commoner salts

Practical work.—Simple exercises, which may include weighing and the measurement of volume of liquids and gases, will be set on the subjects of the preceding syllabus, for example:—

Determination of change of weight in a simple reaction; measurement of the gas evolved during solution of a metal. Observation of the behaviour of substances under the influence of heat and in simple chemical reactions. Preparation of the gases enumerated above; preparation of salts from metals and oxides by general methods.

Questions will not be set on metallurgy or on technical processes of manufacture.

Importance will be attached to accurate observation and to clear description of the work done. Where necessary, sufficient instructions will be given to enable candidates to apply their general knowledge of practical chemistry to the problem set.

In the event of a practical test being impossible, the whole of the marks will be allotted to the written papers.

Mathematics—Marks 2,000.

Arithmetic and Mensuration.—Includes Mathematics (Elementary) together with—

Use of decimals in approximate calculation.

Measurement of volume by dimensions (cylinder, sphere, cone and pyramid), by displacement (overflow, graduated jar, burette), by use of the principle of Archimedes Measurement of weight, use of balance. Measurement of density or specific gravity.

Algebraic formula and symbols may be used. Questions will not be set on present value or true discount. The extraction of the cube root, and the use and theory of recurring decimals are not required.

Geometry.—The elements of geometrical drawing and practical geometry. Measurement of angles, use of protractor. The substance of Books I to III of Euclid's Geometry, including application to the measurement of area. A working knowledge of as much of the properties of similar figures and solid figures as is necessary to plan-making and simple problems in mensuration.

Algebra.—Two easy quadratic equations. The elementary use of graphs.

The solutions of questions should be worked out to a few significant figures; the candidates should be accustomed to test the accuracy of solutions by substitution. Skill in elementary analysis, such as the simplification of complicated fractions, will not be looked for.

The questions in mathematics will test knowledge of fundamental principles and readiness in application to simple practical problems. Analysis and accuracy of working are vital, and the methods of solution employed must be clearly indicated. In the absence of special instruction that a question is to be worked by a particular method, candidates are at liberty to choose their own method from any branch of mathematics.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S CAMP,
12th January 1921.

A. C. DUFF,
Private Secretary.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 24, 1921.

No. 14.—The Secretary of State for India has granted an extension of furlough to the following officers owing to passage difficulty :—

(1) Mr. A. Edgington, I.C.S., for ten days.
(2) Mr. R. L. McKerrow, I.C.S., an extension of leave up to 28th January 1921.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 16.—Under rule 7 of revised article 543, Civil Service Regulations, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. Krishnan, Diwan Bahadur, Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, is granted an extension of furlough without medical certificate from 21st December 1920 to the 27th January 1921 (both days inclusive).

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 13.—M.R.Ry. R. Gopala Rao Avargal, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Trichinopoly, in relief of M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur C. Krishnaswami Rao Avargal.

Fort St. George, January 24, 1921.

No. 17.—Mr. N. Macmichael, I.C.S., to act as Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, in relief of the Hon'ble Mr. E. S. Lloyd, I.C.S.

No. 18.—Mr. E. W. Legh, I.C.S., to act as Fourth Member of the Board of Revenue and to be Chief Commissioner of Income-tax.

POSTING.

No. 19.—Mr. F. W. Stewart, I.C.S., to act as Collector and District Magistrate, Kurnool, in relief of Mr. J. C. Molony, I.C.S.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 20.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 15th January 1921.

No. 9.—For the purposes of sub-section 1 of section 63-A of the Government of India Act, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 25 of the Council of State Electoral Rules, the Governor General is pleased to nominate the following persons, being officials, to be members of the said Council of State :—

Mr. Ernest Sampson Lloyd.

* * * *

No. 10.—For the purposes of sub-section (1) of section 63-A of the Government of India Act, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 25 of the Council of State Electoral Rules, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the following persons, being non-officials, to be members of the said Council of State :—

Raja V. S. Govinda Krishna Yachendrulavaru of Venkatagiri.

* * * *

No. 11.—For the purposes of sub-section (1) of section 63-B of the Government of India Act, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 25 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the following persons, being officials, to be members of the said Legislative Assembly :—

Mr. John Forbes Bryant.
Rao Bahadur C. Krishnaswami Rao.

No. 12.—For the purposes of sub-section (1) of section 63-B of the Government of India Act, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 25 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the following persons, being non-officials, to be members of the said Legislative Assembly :—

Mr. T. V. Seshagiri Ayyar.
Mr. J. P. Cotelingam.

A. R. KNAPP,
Chief Secretary.

(Ecclesiastical.)

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 13.—The Rev. W. A. Lowsley, an extension of leave for one year on private affairs from the 7th November 1920.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 14.—The following notification of the Government of Bombay is republished :—

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The 11*th January* 1921.

No. 23.—The services of the Rev. C. C. Pitcairn Hill, Chaplain, Church of Scotland, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

Fort St. George, January 4, 1921.

No. 16.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Ecclesiastical.

Delhi, the 9*th December* 1920.

No. 477.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that, in supersession of this Department notification No. 139, dated the 27th May 1920, the words '24 and Appendix C' should be substituted for 'and 24' in Rule 1, Part V of the Ecclesiastical Rules

A. S. KNAPP,
Chief Secretary.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 19.—M.R.Ry. Pazhamarneri Sundaram Ayyar Sitarama Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Judge, Additional Sub-Court, Ramnad, privilege leave for one month under article 271, Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No. 177, Financial, dated the 7th March 1919, from date of relief.

APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, January 19, 1921.

No. 20.—Mr. O. G. Woodhouse Adolphus, to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, on probation.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

No. 21.—M.R.Ry. Kumbakonam Sankara Gopalaratnam Ayyar Avargal, District Munsif, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge and is posted to the Additional Sub-Court, Ramnad, during the absence of M.R.Ry. Pazhamarneri Sundaram Ayyar Sitarama Ayyar Avargal, on leave or until further orders.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

No. 32.—M.R.Ry. F. B. Selvanayakam Avargal, Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Tinnevelly, to be Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, South Arcot.

No. 33.—M.R.Ry. T. V. Srinivasaraghava Acharya Avargal, Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, South Arcot, to be Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Tinnevelly.

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 34.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Tanjore in the district of Tanjore conferred on M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib Narayana Srirama Rajagopala Nayudu Garu who has resigned his appointment.

No. 36.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Arni in the district of North Arcot conferred on M.R.Ry. Arni Ramaswami Parasurama Nayakar Avargal who has resigned his appointment.

No. 38.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Mangalore in the district of South Kanara conferred on M.R.Ry. Rai Sahib Kadmul Rungo Rao Avargal who has resigned his appointment.

No. 37.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Maduranthakam in the district of Chingleput conferred on M.R.Ry. Rigvedam Srirangam Kuppuswami Ayyangar Avargal who has resigned his appointment.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

No 38.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Mettupalayam in the district of Coimbatore conferred on M.R.Ry. Mathoor Chidambara Ayyar Ramakrishna Ayyar who has left the place.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, January 17, 1921.

No. 39.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.Ry. Kacumalli Kesavarao, Special Deputy Tahsildar, in the district of Kistna, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class, and under section 37 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class.

No 40.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are authorised to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language :—

M.R.Ry. Ramaswami Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, First-class Magistrate in the district of South Arcot.

Mr. Francis William Stewart, First-class Magistrate in the district of Kurnool.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

Muhammad Qazim Ali Sahib Bahadur, First-class Magistrate in the district of Ganjam.

M.R.Ry. Mantripragada Narasimham Pantulu Garu, First-class Magistrate in the district of Vizagapatam.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 41.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Special Magistrates with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 747, dated the 13th August 1919, published at pages 1040 and 1041 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 29th idem as amended by Notification No 909, dated the 23rd October 1919, published at page 1242 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 28th October 1919 :—

M.R.Ry. Arni Narayanaswami Nayakar Muragesa Nayakar Avargal—for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Arni in the district of North Arcot.

M.R.Ry Ammembal Rama Rao Avargal—for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Mangalore in the district of South Kanara.

Kazi Sayyid Akbar Sahib Bahadur—for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Maduranthakam in the district of Chingleput.

No 42.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers in the districts specified opposite to their names are appointed to be Magistrates of the first class and under section 37 they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on Magistrates of that class except the power to try offences summarily under section 260 and to hear appeals from the sentences of second and third class Magistrates :—

1. M.R.Ry. Mandavilli Somaraju Chettu Garu—Vizagapatam.
2. M.R.Ry. Lakkaraju Lakkaraju Pantulu Garu—Kistna.
3. Muhammad Qazim Ali Sahib Bahadur—Kistna.
4. M.R.Ry. Panumadi Krishna Ayyar Venkatesvara Ayyar Avargal—Bellary.
5. M.R.Ry. Vavilkalava Seshagiri Rao Garu—Kurnool.
6. M.R.Ry. Sadras Venkatarama Chetti Garu—Kurnool
7. M.R.Ry. Vellore D. Rajaram Mudaliyar Avargal—Chingleput.
8. M.R.Ry. Vellore Parthasarathi Rajagopalsa Mudaliyar Avargal—Tanjore.
9. M.R.Ry. Putate Payyanadan Govindan Avargal—Ramnad.
10. M.R.Ry. Pallasbana Rama Ayyar Ramanatha Ayyar Avargal—Coimbatore.
11. M.R.Ry. Mamkot Kunhi Raman Nayar Avargal—Malabar.
12. Muhammad Sultan Muhi-ud-din Mekhari Sahib Bahadur—South Kanara.

No. 43.—Under section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on M.R.Ry. Savarimuthu Arogyanayakam Israel Pillai Avargal, Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Tanjore in the district of Tanjore, all the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class and further to direct under sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Code that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established for that area.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

No. 44.—Under section 14 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Appanayyangar Raghavachariar Avargal, to be a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Kumbakonam in the district of Tanjore and to confer on him all the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class and further to direct under sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Code that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established for that area.

No. 48.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned Assistant Collectors in the districts specified opposite to their names are appointed to be Magistrates of the third class and under section 37, they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on Magistrates of that class :—

Mr. William Walter Murray Yeatts, I.C.S.—Ganjam.
Mr. Krishnakapai Ramunni Menon, I.C.S.—South Arcot.
Mr. Edmund Elmar Mark, I.C.S.—Nellore.

No. 46.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentleman to be Special Magistrates for a term of five years for the town of Ootacamund in the district of the Nilgiris in respect of cases coming before the Bench constituted for that town under Notification No. 424, dated the 13th October 1902, published at pages 1074 and 1075 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 21st idem as amended by notification No. 221, dated the 30th April 1903, published at page 514 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 5th May 1903, and to confer on him in respect of such cases all the ordinary powers exercised by a Magistrate of the second class under section 36 of the Code except the powers conferred by sections 83, 84, 88, 127, 128, 130, 164, 167, 448 and 525 :—

(1) Thomas Pardy, Esq.
(2) Captain I. Chaves.
(3) M.R.Ry. Lakshmisarayanaperain Subrahmanya Ayyar Rama Ayyar Avargal.
(4) Brigadier-General John Lewis Parker.

No. 47.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and in continuation of Notification No. 283, dated the 13th March 1918, published at pages 402 and 403 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th March 1918, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower M.R.Ry. Paranor Krishna Ayyar Swaminathe Ayyar, Sub-Registrar and Special Magistrate, Orattanadu in the district of Tanjore to try offences under section 100-B of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, which may be committed within the limits of the village of Orattanadu, Tanjore taluk, in the district of Tanjore.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 48.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. A. Rajabadar Mudaliyar Avargal to be a Special Magistrate for the town of Udayarpalaiyam in the district of Trichinopoly for a period of five years and to confer on him such of the ordinary and additional powers of a Magistrate of the third class as are specified hereunder in respect to offences under sections 3 to 7, both inclusive, of the Madras Towns Nuisances Act, 1889, which may be committed within the limits of the town of Udayarpalaiyam in the district of Trichinopoly :—

I. Ordinary powers.—Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898—Items 1 to 6, 14, 16 and 17 to 20.

II. Additional powers.—Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898—Items 4 and 5 of the powers conferrable by the Local Government on a Magistrate of the third class.

Fort St. George, January 19, 1921.

No. 49.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are appointed to be Magistrates of the second class, and, under section 37, they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on Magistrates of that class, except the power to pass orders as to first offenders under section 562 :—

M.R.Ry. Tanjore Krishnaswami Pandithar Venkaswami Rao, Deputy Tahsildar and Stationary Sub-Magistrate in the district of Tanjore.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

M.R.Ry Pollambil Krishnan Nayar, Deputy Tahsildar and Taluk Magistrate in the district of the Nilgiris.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

M.R.Ry. Chambakkar Ramachandra Rao, Sarishtadar Magistrate in the district of Cuddapah.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 50.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on M.R.Ry. Sri Mukunda Madhava Munipapa Reddi Garu, Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Tiruppattur in the district of North Arcot, all the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the first class and further to direct under section 14 (1) of the Code that he shall exercise those powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established at Tiruppattur.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 51.—In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor-General in Council under sub-section (3) of section 8 of the Cinematograph Act, 1918, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amendments to the rules for the regulation of cinematograph exhibitions in the Madras Presidency published in Notification No. 578, dated the 25th June

1920, at pages 839 to 843 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 29th June 1920:—

AMENDMENTS.

Section (i)—*Rules for permanent cinema installations.*

For rule 33 *substitute* the following :—

"33. The licensee shall be in Form 'A' attached to these rules. The licensee, his servants and agents shall obey or comply with all orders issued by the Electrical Inspector, the Commissioner of Police the District Magistrate or police officers acting on their behalf from time to time or as occasion arises, for the safety or convenience of the public, or for the preservation of order or of the public peace."

Section (ii)—*Rules for travelling cinematograph shows.*

For rule 8, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"8. Rules 2–3, 5–29, 32–34 and 37 of section (i) shall also apply to travelling cinema shows."

Form A.

In the body of the licence, *insert* above "special conditions, if any, on which the licence is granted."—

"Date of last inspection by the Electrical Inspector to Government."

Delete the second sentence in condition 1 of Form A.

Add the following as condition 6 of the conditions in the licence, Form A, and *renumber* the existing condition 6 as 7 :—

"In the case of travelling cinema shows, the address on the first day of each month and of every subsequent change of camp shall be notified to the Electrical Inspector to Government, Chepauk, Madras."

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 42.—The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the jurisdiction of the Bench Court at Tenkasi in the district of Tinnevelly shall extend to the undermentioned villages of the Tenkasi taluk in the Tinnevelly district :—

1. Kunnakudi.
2. Mannadiseri.
3. Sillarnipuravu.
4. Vallam.
5. Sammichindrapuram.
6. Kadikkarichahi
7. Periyapillaivalasai.
8. Kottakalvalasai.
9. Puranur.
10. Nagalkadu.
11. Ilanji.
12. Kuttalam.
13. Malagaram
14. Ayitapperi
15. Mattalamparai.
16. Puttappatta.
17. Tenkasi.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

No. 53.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Places of Public Resort Act, 1888 (Madras Act II of 1888), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of that Act permanently with effect from the date of this notification to the undermentioned unions in the district of Trichinopoly :—

1. Perambalur.
2. Udaiyarpalaiyam.
3. Ariyalur.
4. Lalgudi.
5. Kulittalai.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 54.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 6th January 1921.

No. 48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1920, namely :—

For sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of sub-rule (2) of rule 34 of the said rules, the words "of the Local Government" shall be *substituted*.

No. 55.—Under section 9 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council directs the establishment of an Additional Sessions Judge's Court for the Coimbatore Sessions division for three months from the 26th January 1921 and that it shall hold its sittings at Coimbatore.

2. Under section 193 of the same Code, the Governor in Council further directs that the Additional Sessions Judge shall try such cases as may be transferred to him by the Sessions Judge, Coimbatore.

No. 53.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) of section 4, Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to abolish with effect from the 1st March 1921, the police station noted in column 2 of the schedule hereto appended and to declare with effect from the said date the place named in column 5 to be a police station including within its local area the villages noted in column 3 of the schedule.

Circle in which at present included.	Police station to which at present attached.	Names of villages.	Circle in which hereafter included.	Police station to which hereafter attached.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Erode	Arachalur ..	Tennangur Vellodu	Erode ..	Chennimalai.
		Vellampalaiyam (SS)		
		Mukaripalayampalaiyam ..		
		Ellakumpalaiyam		
		Aruvanai Pidariyar		
		Mukasi Pidariyar		
		Chennimalai		
		Ramvapatti		
		Maruvattilaiyu		
		Jaffi Ellappalaiyam		
		Medavandi Sathyamangalam ..		
		Tayyampedurai		
		Kanagapuram		
		Kuvandachohipalaiyam		
		Kuppanchipalaiyam		
		Arachalur		
		Kongudayampalaiyam		
		Kollankovil		
		Morungampalaiyam		
		Elugalur		
		Pandarai Semur		
		Avalpundurai		
		Attavanai Annamapalli ..		
		Melmai Annamapalli		

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

ELECTIONS.

Fort St. George, January 26, 1921.

No. 49.—Under sub-section (2) of section 72-C of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to approve the election of M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur Patte Kesava Pillai Avargal, M.L.C., to be the Deputy President of the Madras Legislative Council.

No. 50.—In pursuance of rule 12 (2) and (9) of the Madras Electoral Rules, the name of the member elected by the Nattukottai Nagarathars' Association, Commerce and Industry Constituency of the Madras Legislative Council is hereby published.—

M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib Muttayya Chidambaram Muttayya Chettyar Avargal.

RESIGNATION.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 51.—Under the provisions of section 93 (1) of the Government of India Act, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. Ernest Sampson Lloyd of his office of member of the Madras Legislative Council.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

No. 52.—Under rule 23 (1) of the Madras Electoral Rules, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to declare that Monday, the 14th February 1921, shall be the latest day on which a person who has been elected or nominated to be a member of the Madras Legislative Council may make the oath or affirmation prescribed by rule 22

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Miscellaneous.)

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 4.—Under section 8 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the license granted under the said section to M. R.Ry. Gountary Abraham of the American Baptist Telugu Mission in the district of Kurnool, on the 12th May 1919, is hereby revoked.

No. 5.—Under section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Governor in Council sanctions the issue of licenses to the undermentioned ministers to solemnize marriages within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act :—

The Reverend Sanoni Amrita Hari of the Kanarese Evangelical Mission residing at Kasaragod in the taluk of Kasaragod in the district of South Kanara.

The Reverend Benjamin Pitchamuthen Appadurai of the United Free Church of Scotland (South of India United Church) Mission residing at Andrewpuram in the village of Karumbakkam in the taluk of Chingleput in the district of Chingleput.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 6.—Under articles 232, 260, 301 (*b*) and 328 of the Civil Service Regulations and G O. No. 177, Financial, dated 7th March 1919, Mr. A. G. Green, Deputy Superintendent, Government Press, is granted combined leave for nine months, viz., privilege leave for six months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from date of relief.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 7.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished :—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

Delhi, the 14*th January* 1921.

No 66-C.S.R.—The question of ameliorating the condition of those pensioners in India who are dependent on small pensions has been engaging the attention of the Government of India for some time past and careful consideration has been given to various appeals for aid received from pensioners individually and from pensioners' associations. From the outset it has been recognized that those same economic conditions which necessitated a revision of pay in the case of Government servants must press hardly upon the class of pensioners with small pensions though other considerations are often present to mitigate in the latter case the immediate hardship of high prices. At the same time the Government of India were forced to recognize that an increase of pensions on a comprehensive scale was a matter of the greatest difficulty owing to the large numbers of pensioners affected and the heavy increase of expenditure thus involved. It was therefore necessary to consult local Governments whose resources were already depleted by the heavy charges for revision of pay, as upon them would fall a very considerable part of the contemplated expenditure. The local Governments are unanimous in their opinion that some relief should be given to poorer pensioners, although they are equally impressed with the difficulty of providing for the consequent expenditure even though that relief is strictly confined to cases of greatest necessity. After the most careful consideration of all the interests involved, the Government of India have reached a decision to which the approval of the Secretary of State has been accorded and they are therefore pleased to announce the following scheme which will be applicable to pensioners in receipt of pensions granted under the Civil Service Regulations.

At the outset, it is necessary to consider the effect upon pensions of recent revisions of pay and it is provided that the scheme shall not apply to pensioners in receipt of superior pensions who retire after three years from the date of introduction of revised rates in the establishments to which they belong. These pensioners will receive the full pensionary consequences of the revised rates of pay in the shape of an enhanced pension and it is therefore not considered necessary to grant them any relief. In the case of establishments which have been sanctioned since 1914 the local Governments will decide which of them should be treated as establishments the pay of which has been revised. Any establishment, the pay of which has been fixed either on the analogy of the revised

rates of pay sanctioned for similar establishments or after taking into account the increased cost of living, should be treated as an establishment the pay of which has been revised.

2. (1) For purposes of the scheme pensioners will be divided into the following classes:—

(i) *Class A.*—Pensioners in receipt of a superior pension who have retired before the introduction of revised rates of pay. Those who were on long leave on the date of the introduction of the revised rates of pay and have retired on a pension calculated on the old rates [vide article 69, and rule 1 (a) under article 487 of the Civil Service Regulations] should be treated as having retired before the pay of the establishments, in which they were employed, was revised.

(ii) *Class B.*—Pensioners in receipt of a superior pension who have retired after the date of the introduction of the revised rates of pay but who, not having since that date put in three years' service qualifying for pension, have not received the full pecuniary benefit of the revision.

(iii) *Class C.*—Pensioners in receipt of an inferior pension.

(iv) *Class D.*—Pensioners in receipt of a pension granted under the rules in Part IV of the Civil Service Regulations or under articles 679, 684 and 685 of the same Regulations.

(2) (a) Pensions of those in class A will be raised on the following scale:—

(i) Pensions up to Rs. 10 a month by Rs. 2,
(ii) Pensions over Rs. 10 and up to Rs. 20 a month by Rs. 3,
(iii) Pensions over Rs. 20 and up to Rs. 30 a month by Rs. 4,
(iv) Pensions over Rs. 30 and up to Rs. 40 a month by Rs. 5.
(v) Pensions over Rs. 40 and up to Rs. 45 a month by an amount which will bring the pension up to Rs. 45 a month.

(b) Pensions of those in Class B will be raised on the scale given in clause (a) above reduced by one-sixth for every completed six months of service qualifying for pension from the date of the introduction of the revised rates of pay.

(c) Pensions of those in Class C who retired before the introduction of the revised rates of pay, as well as of those who retired after the introduction of the revised rates of pay, but on pension calculated on the old rates, will be raised on the scale given in clause (a) above. In the case of those retiring after the introduction of the revised rates of pay the maximum limits of pensions in Article 481 (5) of the Civil Service Regulations will be enhanced in accordance with the same scale.

(d) Pensions of those in Class D will be enhanced on the scale given in clause (a) above.

(3) In case in which a portion of the pension has been commuted the increase will be calculated on the original amount of the pension as it existed before commutation.

3. The scheme will apply to pensions beginning with those falling due for payment on the 1st December 1920, and will be subject to reconsideration at the end of three years. Political and Literary pensioners may be granted, at the discretion of the local Governments, an increase on the scale given in clause 2 (a) of paragraph 2 above, provided that their pensions have not already been increased in consequence of the rise in prices.

4. The Government of India regret that in view of the very heavy financial commitments involved it has been found impracticable to sanction relief on a large scale or with retrospective effect.

R. A. GRAHAM,
Secretary to Government.

(Marine.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 3.—Under section 15 of the Madras Port Trust Act, 1905, the Governor in Council appoints Mr. Alan Michael Green, I.C.S., to be a Trustee of the Port of Madras, *vice* Mr. H. H. Hood resigned.

R. A. GRAHAM,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENT.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

No. 30.—M.R.Ry. N. C. Sesha Ayyangar Avargal, Tahsildar, North Arcot district, to act as Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, *vice* M.R.Ry. A. R. Vaidyanatha Ayyar Avargal granted leave from 31st October 1920.

POSTING.

No. 31.—The following posting of a deputy collector is ordered:—

M.R.Ry. Navaneeta Koil Pillai Avargal, to general duty, North Arcot.

[*Note.*—This cancels his posting to general duty, Salem, ordered in Notification No. 16, dated 3rd January 1921, published at page 17 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th January 1921.]

PROMOTION.

No. 32.—The following promotion of a Survey officer is ordered with effect from 31st October 1920:—

M.R.Ry. S. P. Venkataramma Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, permanent, to act as Assistant Director of Survey, fourth class, in the leave arrangement of Mr. W. A. Basted.

REVERSIONS.

No. 33.—Consequent on the reversion to the regular line from 31st October 1920 of M.R.Ry. V. Mahadeva Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Director of Survey, fourth class, the following reversions of Survey officers are ordered:—

(1) M.R.Ry. S. P Venkataramma Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Director of Survey, fourth class, provisional, to revert as Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, permanent.

(2) M.R Ry, M. Raman Avargal, Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, provisional, to revert as Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, temporary.

(3) M R Ry N. O. Sesha Ayyangar Avargal, Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, temporary, to revert as Tahsildar, North Arcot.

(4) M R.Ry. K. S. Gopala Ayyar Avargal, Acting Assistant Director of Survey, fourth class, to revert as Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, permanent.

E. S. LLOYD,
Secretary to Government.

DISMISSAL.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 34.—It is hereby notified that A. Shaik Sikkandir Sahib, Record clerk, Collector's office, Ramnad, has been dismissed from Government service and that he is ineligible for re-employment anywhere in any department of Government hereafter.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 35.—Under section 8 of the Canals and Public Ferries Act, 1890, the Governor in Council declares the undermentioned *ferry* in the Ponnani taluk of the Malabar district to be subject to the provisions of that Act with effect from the date of this notification :—

Village.	Name of the ferry.	Limits of the ferry.
Between Edatharuthi desam of Ponnani taluk on the western side and Kattoor village of Mukundapuram taluk, Cochin State, on the eastern side.	Edatharuthi ferry.	*Western bank.*—From the north eastern corner of survey No. 14/4 of Edatharuthi desam to the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 61-2 of the same desam. The distance between the extreme limits of the ferry on this side is 1,175·48 yards. *Eastern bank.*—From the north-western corner of Survey No. 354 of Kattoor village (No 10), Mukundapuram taluk, Cochin State, to the south-western corner of Survey No. 430-3 of the same village. The distance between the extreme limits of the ferry on this side is 1,143·12 yards.

Under section 10 of the Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the following scale of toll shall be leviable upon passengers, animals, vehicles and goods conveyed across the ferry :—

Particulars.	Rate, fourth-class ferry		
	Rs.	A.	P.
1. For a man, woman or child of six years and over	0	0	1
2. For a sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
3. For an unladen buffalo, bullock, bull, cow or calf	0	0	2
4. For a laden buffalo, bullock, bull or cow	0	0	3
5. For a horse, pony, mule or donkey	0	0	10
6. For a palanquin, manchal, dholy, tonjon including the bearers and the passengers when their number is less than eight	0	3	0
7. For a palanquin, manchal, dholy, or tonjon including the bearers and the passengers when their number is eight or more	0	4	0
8. For a bicycle or tricycle including the rider	0	2	0
9. For a motor-cycle including the rider	0	2	0
10. For every 60 lb. of luggage or goods in excess of 82½ lb. allowed free with every passenger	0	0	2

Explanation.—

In the case of items 2, 3, 4 and 5 any attendant or rider will pay in accordance with item 1.

J. B. BROWN,
Under Secretary to Government.

No. 38.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 15th January 1921.

No. 394.—Mr. H. H. Hood, a Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Madras to Karachi with effect from the 8th January 1921.

No. 396.—Mr. F. Beakney, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service at Madras, is appointed to act as a Collector in the service with effect from the 9th January 1921.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 37.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 8th January 1921.

No. 38.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt grain, pulse and flour, imported into British India from the 1st January 1921 to the 31st March 1921, from the customs duty leviable thereon under items No. 54 and No. 71 of Schedule II, Parts III and IV, to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as subsequently amended.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

SEPARATE REVENUE—INCOME-TAX

Delhi, the 4th January 1921.

No. 67-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 44 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make an exemption in respect of income-tax in favour of the following classes of income, namely :—

(1) Pensions granted to members of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces in respect of wounds or injuries received in action or in the performance of naval, military or air force duty otherwise than in action ; and

(2) Pensions granted to members of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces who have been invalided from naval, military or air force service on account of bodily disability attributable to or aggravated by such service.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 28.—AGREEMENT made this eighteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred and twenty one Between THE MADRAS ELECTRIC SUPPLY CORPORATION, LIMITED, a Company registered under the English Companies Act having its registered office in London (hereinafter called the Corporation) of the one part and THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL (hereinafter called the Secretary of State) of the other part.

WHEREAS upon the application of the Corporation the Government of Madras, by Order 2264 Mis., Revenue Department, dated the fifteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and twenty, has agreed to acquire on behalf of the Corporation under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the pieces or parcels of land and hereditaments described and delineated respectively in the schedule and plan hereto annexed and situate in Egmore division, Madras, it having been shown to the satisfaction of the said Government at Madras that the proposed acquisition is needed for the construction of a work namely for erecting a sub-station for the purpose of maintaining the pressure of electric supply of the Corporation in order to meet the urgent needs in Chetput and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public and WHEREAS the said Government has called upon the Corporation under the provisions of section 41 of the said Act to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained.

NOW THESE PRESENTS WITNESS that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

1. The Corporation shall pay to the Government of Madras before the said pieces or parcels of land and hereditaments are transferred to the Corporation the cost of the pieces or parcels of land and any buildings thereon and all costs of the acquisition inclusive of all payments and allowances in respect thereof payable under the said Act.

2. Upon such payment by the Corporation the Secretary of State shall execute and do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary or proper for effectually vesting the said pieces or parcels of land and hereditaments acquired in the Corporation and giving it an absolute title thereto subject to the exceptions contained in clause 3 below and subject to the payment of the appropriate ground-rent leviable thereon under the rules for the time being in force for the assignment of Government lands within the limits of the City of Madras. The Secretary of State agrees to refund to the Corporation the difference between the value of the said pieces or parcels of land subject to existing quit-rent or ground-rent, i. e., the cost of acquisition less fifteen per cent premium for compulsory acquisition and the value of the said pieces or parcels of land subject to the appropriate ground-rent to be levied as aforesaid. The ground-rent to be levied hereunder will be subject to revision at re-settlements.

3. The Corporation shall allow access to the lands bearing R.S. Nos. 390, 391, 392-1, 392-2 and 392-4 through the land bearing R.S. Nos. 393 and 392-4 specified in the schedule hereto.

4. The terms upon which the said pieces or parcels of land and hereditaments shall be held by the Corporation are that the Corporation shall construct a building or buildings on the said pieces or parcels of land as a sub-station for the purpose of maintaining the pressure of electric supply in Chetpat and shall so long as the Corporation shall carry on business in Madras use the said buildings or building for such purpose.

5. That the said building or buildings shall be completed and fit for use within six months from the date when the said pieces or parcels of land and premises are transferred to the Corporation and that the Corporation so long as it shall continue to carry on business in Madras shall maintain and keep the said building or buildings in proper repair and condition.

6. That the public shall not be entitled to the use of the said building or buildings.

IN WITNESS whereof JOHN FREDERIC JONES and ARTHUR JOSEPH POWELL, the duly constituted attorneys of the Madras Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, and ERNEST SAMPSON LLOYD, the Secretary to the Government of Madras in the Revenue Department by order and direction of His Excellency the Governor of Fort St. George in Council acting for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council have hereunto set their hands the day and year first above written.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All those pieces or parcels of land situate in Egmore and of the survey numbers, boundaries and extent as under :—

	C.	Grs.	sq.ft.
(i) Dry, R.S. No. 391 part of the Egmore village, Madras taluk, Madras district, belonging to P. Arumutham Nayudu, bounded on the north by No 391 part; east and south by No. 392-3; and west by No. 389-1—extent	0	1	1,832
(ii) 392-4 (part), belonging to M. Bashyam Nayudu, bounded on the north by No. 392-4 (part), east by No. 392-5, south by No. 389 and west by No. 392-3—extent	0	0	2,379
(iii) 393 (part), belonging to Kanakammal and her daughter Chelvanayaki Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 392-4, east by No. 394; south by No. 389 (part); and west by No. 392-3—extent	0	2	1,837
Total extent ..	0	3	1,273

Signed by the abovenamed John Frederic Jones and Arthur Joseph Powell the duly constituted attorneys of the Corporation in the presence of } J. F. JONES. A. J. POWELL.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Under section 3, Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 3 grounds 1,273 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for an Electric Sub-station for the Madras Electric Supply Corporation, Limited; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Deputy Collector, general duty and Collector of Income-tax, Madras, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, general duty and Collector of Income-tax, Madras, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Madras district, Madras taluk, Egmore village.

	Grs.	sq.ft.
Dry, R.S. No. 391 (part), belonging to P. Arumutham Nayudu, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 391 (part); east and south by R.S. No. 392-3; west by R.S. No. 389-1	1	1,832
Dry, R.S. No. 392-4 (part), belonging to M. Bashyam Nayudu, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 392-4 (part), east by R.S. No. 392-5, south by R.S. No. 389, west by R.S. No. 392-3	0	2,379
Dry, R.S. No. 393 (part), belonging to Kanakammal and her daughter Chelvanayaki Ammal, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 392-4, east by R.S. No. 394; south by R.S. No. 389 (part), west by R.S. No. 392-3	2	1,837
Total .	3	1,273

E. S. LLOYD,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

Under section 3, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 4·55 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of quarters for the salt subordinates; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Pattukkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Pattukkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, Muruvakudu village.

	acs
Chatram, inam, dry, S. No. 93-1, belonging to Malwarandar Chatram department; kudimaramaldar Olaganatha Thevan and twelve others bounded on the north and east by S. No. 91; south by S. Nos 97-5 and 98-2; west by S. No. 93	1·05
Chatram, inam, dry, S. No. 96-11, belonging to Malwaram Chatram department; kulliranam Nayaga Thevan and Meenakshiammi, bounded on the north by S. No. 93; east by S. No. 96-8; south by S. No. 97-1; west by S. No. 82	0·37

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, Kerisalkadu, hamlet of Tamarankottai.

Inam Block, No 117-1 dry, cocoanut tope, belonging to both waram owners of 2e parganas bounded on the north by Pudu Eri alias Sukkan Eri, east by Salt Approach road; south by Nanja lands of Kari Saibudu; west by remaining portion of the tope	acs.	3·72
Total ..		4·56

R. A. GRAHAM,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE (SPECIAL) DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 24, 1921.

No 18.—Under articles 283, 280 and 301 of Civil Service Regulations, Mr. G. C. Robinson, District Forest Officer, South Malabar, is granted combined privilege leave and furlough for six months and twenty days (privilege leave for five months and twenty-four days, and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 10th January 1921.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

No. 19.—Mr. George Robert Silson, Cotton Specialist, Coimbatore, to act as Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, in addition to his duties during the absence of Dr. R. V. Norris on leave or until further orders.

No 20.—M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib Manamadurai Rajam Ayyar Ramaswami Sivan Avargal, Assistant Agricultural Chemist, to act as Government Agricultural Chemist, during the absence of Dr. R. V. Norris on leave or until further orders.

Fort St. George, January 24, 1921.

No. 21.—The following appointment of a forest officer is ordered :—

M.R.Ry. S. Ramaswami Ayyar, Ranger, first grade, to be Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests on probation with effect from the date of retirement of Mr. T. N. Hearsay, Extra Assistant Conservator.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

No. 22.—The following postings of forest officers are ordered :—

Mr. C. E. C. Fischer, Acting Conservator of Forests, Western circle, on relief by Mr. H. F. A. Wood, to be on special duty in connexion with the re-organisation of the Nilgiri division, until further orders.

Mr. J. S. Sest, Acting Conservator of Forests, Central circle on relief by Mr. A. B. Jackson, to be on special duty under the Conservator of Forests, Central circle, to investigate and report on the question of fire protection of the Chiddapah forests until further orders.

Mr. A. A. F. Minchin, Acting Conservator of Forests, Northern circle, on relief by Mr. H. Tiveman, to be on special duty under the Conservator of Forests, Northern circle, to report on the Parlakimedi Agency forests.

Mr. F. D. Ardagh, Assistant Conservator of Forests working under the District Forest Officer, the Nilgiris, to act as District Forest Officer, South Malabar, and to be in charge of the Nilgiri district in addition with effect from or after 10th January 1921.

NOTIFICATIONS

Fort St. George, January 22, 1921.

No. 23.—Under section 5 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, the Government are pleased to re-appoint the following persons as Honorary Assistant Registrars of Co-operative Societies and to confer on them so much of the powers of a Registrar as are conveyed by Rule XII of the rules issued under the Act in respect of disputes arising in the districts noted against them and transferred to them by the Assistant Registrar having jurisdiction over the area. They will hold office until the 1st January 1922.—

1. M.R.Ry. Patelkhana Venkatasubba Rao Pantulu Garu of Pedapalle ..	..	Godaveri.
2. M.R.Ry. G. V. Subba Rao Pantulu Garu of Yellamanchili ..	..	Vizagapatam.
3. M.R.Ry. K. V. Sadhu Ayyangar Avergal, B.A., B.L. ..	..	Madras.
4. Mr. P. E. Devadasan, B.A., L.T. ..	..	
5. M.R.Ry. P. Ramanathan Avergal ..	..	
6. Mrs. Whitehead, C.B.E. ..	..	
7. M.R.Ry. V. Venkatasubbayya Garu, B.A. ..	..	
8. M.R.Ry. T. Sundara Rao Nayudu Garu, B.A., B.L. ..	..	

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 21.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Delhi, the 8th January 1921.

No. 125.—The following Board of Trade List, dated the 1st December 1920, is published for general information :—

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS LICENSING SECTION,
BOARD OF TRADE,
GT. GEORGE STREET,
S.W. 1.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, 1ST DECEMBER 1920.

This list cancels all similar lists issued prior to the above date.

	PAGE
List A and B	103
List C	104
Open General Licences for Exports	105
Notes regarding Export to certain Countries	105
Urgent Orders	105

This consolidated "List of Export Prohibited Goods" is amended and issued monthly. Exporters who desire to have a copy of each list posted to them can do so on payment at the rate of 2*d* a copy per month, prepaid to the end of the current year.

All payments made for the supply of lists for the year 1920 will expire on the 31st December next.

Exporters who desire to have their names placed on the register for the year 1921, should make application to the Stationery Clerk, Import and Export Licensing Section, enclosing stamps or Postal Orders payable to the Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade.

Applications for licences and all correspondence should be addressed to —

The Director, Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade,
Gt. George Street, S.W. 1.

LIST A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited from the United Kingdom by Royal Proclamations or by Order of Council.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad, except British Possessions and Protectorates, to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

(B) Aeroplane engines and their component parts. (See, however, page 105.)
(B) Aircraft, other than balloons, of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connexion with aircraft. (See, however, page 105.)
(A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia.
(A) Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.
(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
(A) Armoured motor cars.
(A) Bacon and Ham, including Tinned Bacon and Ham.
(A) Basic slag.
(A) Bayonets and their component parts.
(A) Bread.
Bullion, see Gold and Silver.
(A) Butter.
(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot-gun cartridges. (See, however, pages 105.)
Castings, see Armour Plates
Caustic potash, see Potash
(A) Chlorate.
(A) Coal. (See page 105.)
(A) * Coal tar, all products obtainable therefrom and derivatives thereof whether actually so obtained or derived from other sources (including all mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes or explosives. (See, however, page 105.)
(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
Coin, see Gold; Silver.
(A) Coke and manufactured fuel. (See page 105.)
(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
(A) † Dyes and dyestuffs, manufactured from Coal Tar products and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs. (See, however, page 105.)
(B) Eggs in shells
Engines, see Aeroplane
(A) Explosives, except the following :—
Blasting Gelatine, Gelignite, Gelatine Dynamite, Viking Powder, Detonators, Electric Detonators, Monobel, Safety Fuses, Dynamite, Box Powder, Fireworks, Fog Signals, Amorces and Bonbons.
(A) Firearms and their component parts. (See, however, page 105.)

* The following proprietary dyes may, however, be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is permitted :—

Holly dyes. | Drummer dyes. | Diamond dyes. | Dixon's home dyes.
Navy dyes. | Dainty dyes. | Dell's household dyes. | Marjorie dyes.

† See note above.

(A) Fish except the following:—tinned, preserved or frozen fish, shinchards, crabs, oysters, sprats, herrings, crayfish, prawns, shrimps, scallops, lobsters, fresh salmon and salmon trout.
(A) Salmon, tinned.
Flour, see Wheat.
Foodstuffs, see specific headings. (See also page 105.)
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.
(A) Fruit, preserved, the following:—
(i) Fruit, canned or bottled in water, the following:—
Pineapples.
(ii) Fruit, canned or bottled in syrup, except Cherries.
(iii) Jam and marmalade.
Gas cylinders, see Apparatus, etc.
(A) Gold, coin and bullion.
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof.
Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine guns.
(A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
(A) Indigo, synthetic.
Jam, see Fruit, preserved.
(A) Lard; except imitation (compound) lard and neutral lard.
(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns and components parts thereof.
(A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash.
Marmalade, see Fruit, preserved.
Meals, see Wheat
(A) Meat, home produced, of all kinds, except offals, turtle meat, horseflesh, suet and marrow fat
(B) Mines and their component parts.
(A) Nicotine and its compounds.
† Notes of the Bank of France.
(A) Onions.
(A) Opium and its preparations.
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.
Pistols, see Firearms.
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude mineral potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances.
(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate.
(A) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potatoes.
(A) Poultry, dead, except imported frozen poultry.
Preserves, see Fruit, etc.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts, except Air-gun pellets.
Revolvers, see Firearms.
Rifles, see Firearms.
Salmon, canned, see Fish.
(A) Sausages, pork, except tinned pork sausages.
Seeds, see Wheat.
(A) Semolina.
(A) Silver bullion and British silver coin.
Spirits, see Whisky.
(B) Steel.
(A) Sugar, cane and beet
(A) Superphosphates.
(B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(B) Torpedo tubes.
Vegetables, see Onions; Potatoes.
(A) Vessels of 15 tons gross and over
(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal, and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal, except wheat offals.
(A) Whisky.
(A) Yeast

LIST C.

List C comprises all goods not included in List A or B.

Goods on List C may be exported without licence to all destinations with which trading is allowed

GENERAL LICENCE FOR EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the following goods (without application to the Import and Export Licensing Section of the Board of Trade) to all destinations with which trading is allowed:—

Apomorphia Hydrochloride.
Bird seed.
Cake mixture
Cotarnine Hydrochloride.
Cotarnine Phthalate.
Disinfectant powders or liquids containing not more than 20 per cent coal tar derivatives.
Glue.
Marmite.
Mincemeat and mince pies.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited.
Ointments containing not more than 20 per cent coal tar derivatives.
"Phesto" animal food.
Puddings.
Restorine.
Soaps containing not more than 20 per cent coal tar derivatives.
Tablets, Pastilles, Lozenges, etc., containing ingredients other than Opium, Cocaine and their derivatives.
Tooth-powders containing not more than 20 per cent coal tar derivatives.

SAMPLES.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the free export of all bona fide samples of prohibited goods to all destinations with which trade is now permitted. Samples exported under this licence may be used only for genuine sample purposes, i.e., for obtaining orders from foreign buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Import and Export Licensing Section; but such consent may be dispensed with when it is desired to sell the articles in the country of destination after they have fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are bona fide samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative shipping documents.

This notice only applies to samples of goods which require licences for export to the particular destination concerned.

† Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France.

In addition, the consent of the Import and Export Licensing Section is not required for the sale of samples which, though within this scheme at the actual time they were imported, could be exported outside the scheme at the actual time of the proposed sale.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF SMOOTH-BORE GUNS AND MUNITIONS FOR USE THEREWITH.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of smooth-bore guns and munitions for use therewith, to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Import and Export Licensing Section.

British Possessions and Protectorates (see note below).
French Possessions and Protectorates (see note below).
United States of America.
South America.
Japan and Korea.
France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Jugo-Slavia, Roumania, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland, Iceland, Czecho Slovakia, Panama, Nicaragua, Honduras, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Cuba, San Salvador, San Domingo and Hayti.

In accordance with Article 6, Chapter 2, of the "Convention for the Control of the Trade in Arms and Ammunition," all consignments of Arms and Ammunition proceeding into or through any of the Prohibited Areas set out below will require a Specific Export Licence.

The Prohibited Areas are—

(1) The whole of the Continent of Africa, with the exception of Algeria, Libya, and the Union of South Africa. (Within this area are included all islands situated within a hundred nautical miles of the coast, together with Prince's Island, St. Thomas Island and the Islands of Annobon and Socotra.)

(2) Transcaucasia, Persia, Gwadar, the Arabian Peninsula and such continental parts of Asia as were included in the Turkish Empire on August 4, 1914.

(3) A maritime zone including the Red Sea, the Gulf of Aden, the Persian Gulf and the Sea of Oman, and bounded by a line drawn from Cape Guardafui, following the latitude of that cape to its intersection with longitude 57° east of Greenwich, and proceeding thence direct to the eastern frontier of Persia on the Gulf of Oman.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT OF AIRCRAFT, ETC.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of the undermentioned goods to all destinations except Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria. Applications are no longer to be made to the Import and Export Licensing Section of the Board of Trade in respect of the export of these goods to countries other than those mentioned:—"Aeroplane engines and their component parts, Aircraft, other than balloons of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connexion with aircraft."

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR THE EXPORT BY PARCELS CONTAINING MISCELLANEOUS FOODSTUFFS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export by parcel post of parcels containing one or more varieties of foodstuffs (for the personal use of the addressee and not for trading purposes) to all destinations with which trading is allowed, provided that any such parcel may not contain more than two pounds of sugar or more than one pound of butter. Applications need, therefore, no longer be submitted to the Import and Export Licensing Section in respect of the export of such parcels by parcel post.

EXPORT OF COAL, COKE, BRIQUETTES, ETC.

The export of coal, etc., is regulated by the Mines Department, Victoria Street, London, S.W. 1. All communications respecting coal, etc., should be addressed to that department.

NOTES REGARDING EXPORT TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

Exporters are warned that there are import prohibitions in some foreign countries, information regarding which can be obtained from the Department of Overseas Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, Westminster, S.W. 1, and 73, Basinghall Street, E.C. 2. The issue of an export licence implies no guarantee that the goods will be admitted into the country of destination.

There is no parcel post to *Esthonia*, *Jugo-Slavia* (except *Dalmatia*), *Lettland* (*Latvia*), *Lithuania*, *Poland*.

Germany.—Gift parcels sent by parcel post may enter Germany without import licence and also free from duty and taxes, provided they do not contain more than 2 kilos (70 oz.) of tobacco.

Russia (*European*).—Conditions under which trading with European Russia will be permissible are at present under consideration.

Syria.—A Parcel Post Service is in operation north of Aleppo, including—

Beyrout, Damascus, Hamah, Homs, Latakia, Bojak and Tripoli.

Turkey.—Parcels for civilians in Turkey and Smyrna will only be accepted if they are fully addressed "c/o Poste Restante, British Army Post Office, Constantinople" (or Smyrna), and parcels must be *called* for at the British Post Offices.

URGENT ORDERS.

The Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade, announces that firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made on the proper form to the Import and Export Licensing Section (Board of Trade) the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Derastim, London." They should give in each case in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the country of destination. A reply of 24 words must be prepaid

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their inquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the inquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connexion with the telegraphic inquiries should be addressed to the Director, Import and Export Licensing Section, Board of Trade, Great George Street, S.W. 1.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 25.—With reference to the Notification No. 209, dated 14th May 1897, published under section 16 of the Madras Forest Act V of 1882, on page 915 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th May 1897, declaring Dhoni alias Pleiamanpalli Paramba to be reserved forest, His Excellency the Governor in Council directs that the following amended and more accurate description of the boundaries of the said forest be substituted for the description contained in the said notification :—

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Name of block.	Description and boundaries.
Malabar ..	Palghat, Kavalpad Amsom.	Dhoni alias Pleiamanpalli Paramba.	*North.*—Starting from cairn No. 1 at the north-east corner of Survey No. 268 of Nenchippalli desom, the line running along the southern boundary of the Chanal Nair reserved forest as far as cairn No. 2 at the north-west corner of Survey No. 301/2 of Nenchippalli desom. *East.*—Thence the boundary runs along the western boundary of Survey No. 301/2 of Nenchippalli desom to cairn No. 3 situated at the south-west corner of that field; thence along the west sides of Survey Nos. 302, 302 and part of north side of Survey No. 300 as far as cairn No. 18 situated at the north side of the last mentioned field. *South.*—Thence the boundary runs along the north side of Survey No. 300 to cairn No. 22 at the north-east corner of Survey No. 272, thence along the north side of the same field to cairn No. 23 at the north-west corner of that field. *West.*—Thence the boundary runs along the east and north sides of Survey No. 271, the east side of Survey No. 270, the east and north sides of Survey No. 269 to cairn No. 29 at the north-west corner of the last mentioned field, thence along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 268 to cairn No. 1 the starting point (all of Nenchippalli desom)

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 28.—With reference to notification No. 178 published under section 16 of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, on page 420 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 10th April 1894, declaring Chimakurthy hill reserve to be a reserved forest, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following amended and more accurate description of the boundaries of the said forest be substituted for the description contained in the said notification :—

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Name of the reserve.	Boundaries.
Guntur	Ongole	Chimakurthy hill reserve ..	*North.*—Starting from the trijunction stone of Devarapalem (Venkatagiri zamin village), Rajapalem (shrotriyem village) and Chimakurthy hill north of the Nallacheruvu tank, the boundary line runs in a north easterly direction with a bearing of 37° 15' for a distance of 2,235 links; thence for 221 links with a bearing of 85° 04'; thence for 546 links with a bearing of 48° 18', thence for 478 links to Sabakshapipeta with a bearing of 31° 36'; thence for 795 links with a bearing of 47° 32'; thence for 1,300 links with a bearing of 45° 35' to Chandapeta hamlet; thence for 228 links with a bearing of 49° 12', thence for 228 links to Kathgunda with a bearing of 34° 48'; thence for 540 links with a bearing of 68° 53'; thence for 986 links to Lakshamamba with a bearing of 81° 17', thence for 885 links to Zadhayalakota with a bearing of 14° 56', thence for 2,120 links to Sarigathapeta Q. M.S. with a bearing of 87° 21'; thence for 2 078 links to Thathavaru gunta with a bearing of 5° 12'; thence for 1 402 links to Yerra hamma with a bearing of 340° 50'; thence for 693 links to Gangula hamma with a bearing of 36° 24', thence for 2,795 links to Kothamrajupeta with a bearing of 16° 31'; thence for 351 links with a bearing of 61° 17', thence for 595 links to Paddakota with a bearing of 72° 50'; thence for 693 links to Pandikota with a bearing of 97° 43', thence for 693 links to Orangula gunta with a bearing of 139° 10'; thence for 1 168 links to Orangula kota with a bearing of 93° 54', thence for 1,485 links with a bearing of 76° 26'; thence for 2,200 links to Paddakgunta hamma with a bearing of 58° 30'; thence for 1,540 links to Pandukilra kota with a bearing of 82° 01'; thence for 748 links with a bearing of 62° 28', thence for 1,221 links with a bearing of 90° 57', thence for 1,412 links to Gollakinda with a bearing of 68° 38'; thence for 2 548 links to Rajula Penthem with a bearing of 92° 30'; thence for 638 links with a bearing of 124° to trijunction stone of Pallasamlli (Venkatagiri zamin village), Padamati-Nayudupalem (zamin) and Chimakurthy hill. *East.*—Thence the boundary runs in a south western direction along the boundary line between Padamati-Nayudupalem and Chimakurthy hill to the trijunction stone of Padamati Nayudupalem (zamin), Chimakurthy hill and Chimakurthy village; thence a straight line due south to the southernmost corner of S. No. 722 and thence along the western side of S. No. 721 to the northernmost corner of S. No. 717, thence the western sides of S. Nos. 717, 710, 710, 709, 631, 589, 619, 578, 577, 576, 650, 649, 623 and 618 (all of Chimakurthy village) up to the south-west corner of the last-named field, thence a straight line to the north-west corner of S. No. 613, thence along the western sides of fields Nos. 647 and 631 up to the south-west corner of the last number *South.*—Thence the boundary runs in a straight line in a south-westerly direction passing through S. Nos 630, 629, 612, 611 and 606 to the northernmost corner of S. No. 604, thence the north west side of that number and the northern and western sides of S. No. 594 to the north-east corner of S. No. 595, thence along the northern side of S. No. 595 up to its north-west corner, i.e., the trijunction stone of Chimakurthy village, Rajapalem (shrotriyem) and the Chimakurthy hill. *West.*—Thence the boundary runs along the northern boundary of Rajapalem (shrotriyem) up to the trijunction with Devarapalem (zamin) and the Chimakurthy hill near the Nallacheruvu tank, the starting point.

J. M. TURNING,
Temp. Addl. Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

Under articles 282, 283 and 301 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations of the new leave rules, communicated with G.O. No. 647, Financial, dated 22nd September 1920, M R Ry. Kolatturam Palaniappa Pillai Avargal, Supervisor, second grade, provisionally substantive and temporary Sub-Engineer, is granted with effect from the 22nd December 1920 afternoon combined leave for six months, viz., privilege leave to the extent due and furlough for the remaining period.

Fort St. George, January 19, 1921.

In supersession of the notification published in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 26th October 1920, Mr. Thomas Patrick Dillon, Executive Engineer, West Coast division, is granted with effect from the 15th January 1921 or date of relief combined leave for nine months, viz., privilege leave to the extent due, furlough on average salary for four months and furlough on half average salary for the remaining period.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

Under articles 282, 283, 301 (*b*) and 321, Civil Service Regulations (new leave rules, communicated with G O. No. 647, Financial, dated 22nd September 1920) and G.O. No. 177, Financial, dated 7th March 1919, M R Rr. Swaminatha Srinivasa Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, sixth grade, provisionally substantive, is granted with effect from the 24th August 1920 combined leave for six months and twenty-four days, viz., privilege leave for four months and five days and furlough for the remaining period.

The combined privilege leave and leave on medical certificate for three months and twenty-four days granted to the Sub-Engineer in the notification published in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 26th October 1920, is hereby cancelled.

PROMOTIONS.

Fort St. George, January 14, 1921.

(With effect from the 15th October 1917, *vice* Mr. H. T Keeling, C.S.I., then Chief Engineer (now retired)

M.R Ry. Rao Bahadur Lalgudi Duraiswami Ayyar Venkataramna Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.C.E., Superintending Engineer, third class, sub. *pro tem*., to be Superintending Engineer, third class, provisionally substantive.

His promotion to the Superintending Engineer, third class, provisionally substantive, with effect from the 27th November 1917 notified in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th June 1918, is hereby cancelled.

(With effect from the 27th November 1917, *vice* Mr. C Mildred, Superintending Engineer, first class, retired)

Mr. John Elcus Lotman, Superintending Engineer, third class, sub. *pro tem*., to be Superintending Engineer, third class, provisionally substantive.

His promotion to the Superintending Engineer, third class, provisionally substantive, with effect from the 15th October 1917 notified in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th July 1920, is hereby cancelled.

TRANSFER.

Mr. James Tate, M. C., Officiating Executive Engineer, from the South Presidency division to the charge of the Hydro-Electric Surveys.

W. HUTTON,
Acting Secy. to Govt., P. W. D. (General, Buildings and Roads).

NOTIFICATION.

In partial modification of the notification regarding the closure of canals in the Kistna Eastern delta, published at page 2089 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 21st December 1920, it is hereby notified that the Kistna Ellore canal will be closed on the 1st March 1921 and reopened on the 1st June 1921.

A. H. MORIN, Major,
Joint Secretary to Government (Irrigation).

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, January 17, 1921.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 7·95 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the acquisition of demarcation of margins along the east channel Lingareddipalem, Gollapalem and Machavaram; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional

Officer, Bandar, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bandar, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Lugaraddipalem village.

	Acs.
Assigned ryotwari No. 2816 B-1, belonging to Sotla Sangayya bounded on the north by No. 2256; east by No. 2819-B; south by No. 2814 B-2; west by No 2815 A	0·27
Unassessed dry, No. 2812-B 1, belonging to South Forest Survey, bounded on the north by No. 2813-B 1; east by No 2817-A; south by No 2266, west by No. 2812 B 2	0 10
Assigned ryotwari, No 2819-A, belonging to Elamanchili Sobhayya, bounded on the north by No. 2266, east by No. 2815; south by No 2820 B; west by No. 2818-B 1	0·29
Assigned ryotwari, dry, No. 2821-A, belonging to Thumati Krishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 2266; east by No 2822-B, south by No. 2824-B, west by No 2819	0·01
Devadayam service, Inam, No. 329-1 B, belonging to Sree Gnanaseswaraswami Vara, bounded on the south by No 329 1 A, east by No. 329-1 B, south by No. 330-2, west by No 324-B	0·16
Devadayam Service, Inam No 330-4 A, belonging to Sree Gnaneswaraswami Vara, bounded on the south by No. 330-5; east by No 331 A; south by No 330-4 B; west by No 331-B and 329-A	0·13
Assessed ryotwari, No 328-1 B, belonging to Kambakannu Rangacharyulu, Masulipatam, bounded on the south by No. 328-5 A, east by No 328-1 B; south by No 329 1, west by No. 330-1 B	0 17
Assessed ryotwari, No. 324-1 B, belonging to Kambakkam Rangacharyulu, Masulipatam, bounded on the north by No 324-1 A, east by No. 324-1 B, south by No. 324-2, west by No. 329-1 B	0·12
Assessed ryotwari, No. 324-1 C, belonging to Kambakkam Rangacharyulu, Masulipatam, bounded on the north by No. 324-1 A, east by No. 325-1; south by No. 324-2, west by No 324 B	0·27
Assessed ryotwari, No. 325-1 B, belonging to Kambakkam Rangacharyulu, Masulipatam, bounded on the north by No. 325-1 A, east by No. 325-6; south by No. 325-2 and by No. 324-1 B	0·02
Personal Inam, No. 325-5 A, belonging to Bhatta Peramurthi Kamaswamma, bounded on the north by No 325-3 east by No 324 7 A; south by No. 325 h B, west by No. 325-4 A	0 15
Assessed ryotwari No 324-1 B; belonging to K Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No. 325-A, east by No 324 1, south by No 325-4, west by No 324 C	0·26
Assessed ryotwari, No 323-2 B, belonging to K. Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No 323-2 A; east by No. 323-1 B, south by No. 323-3, west by No. 324-1	0·25
Assessed ryotwari, No 324-2, belonging to K Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No. 325-2, east by No 323 B3, south by No. 321-2, west by No 325-B	0 03
Assessed ryotwari, No. 310-1 A, belonging to Satyadevara Raghavayya, bounded on the north by No. 310-1 B; east by No 310-2 A, south by No 310 B, west by No. 323 1 B	0·04
Assessed ryotwari No 310-2 A, belonging to Satyadevara Raghavayya, bounded on the north by No. 310-A east by No. 310 2 A B; south and west by No 310-6	0·10
Assessed ryotwari, No. 311 1 B, belonging to K Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No. 1313-1 A; east by No 311-1 B 2; south by No. 312-1 B; west by No. 311-2	0·29
Assessed ryotwari, No. 312-2, belonging to K Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No. 312 A; east by No 309-C, south by No. 312-3 west by No. 311 1 B-1	0·13
Assessed ryotwari, No 309-1 C 1, belonging to K Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No. 309-C 2; east by No. 309-1 C 2; south by No. 309-1 A; west by No. 309-3	0·18
Assessed ryotwari, No 309-1 A, belonging to K Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north by No. 309 C 1, east by No 309 1 A south by No 309-1 B, west by No. 309-2	0·36
Government dry, No 992-1 A-2, belonging to Dari Annalooty, bounded on the north by No 992-1 B, east by No 992-4 H; south by No. 992-6 D; west by No. 992-1 A	0·05
Government, dry, No. 993-B D 2, belonging to Ammam Satyalingam and Ammam Lakshmiswamy, bounded on the north by No. 992-4 A 2, east by No 1928 B, south by No 992 B C; west by No 992-6 D	0·02
Government, dry, No. 992-6 A-2, belonging to Ammam Satyalingam and Ammam Lakshmiswamy bounded on the south by No. 992B-A 2; east by No. 993d-B 2; south by No. 993d-6 H; west by No 993-6 A 2	0·01
Government, dry, No. 993-6 A 2, belonging to Kuthivadi Nageswara Rao Patela Garu, bounded on the north by No. 994-2, east by No. 992-6 B, south by No. 992-6 B 2; west by No. 993-6 A-2	0·05
Assessed ryotwari, No 992 6 B 2, belonging to Revenue Subbammavaru bounded on the south by No 992-6 A east by No. 993 7; south by No. 997-3 H, west by No 993-6 B 1	0 13
Assessed ryotwari No 992-1 H, belonging to K Rangaiah gulu, bounded on the north by No. 991-6 A; east and south by Kodur, no-1 by No. 993-3	0 10
Assessed ryotwari, No. 993 9 B, belonging to K. Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north and east by Kodur; south by No 993-5; west by No. 993-8 A	0·03
Assessed ryotwari No. 993-3, belonging to K. Rangacharyulu, bounded on the north and east by Kodur; south and west by No 993-5	0·01
Ryotwari, Government, dry, No. 997-3 B, belonging to Kota Gopayya, purchaser, Lakshmikantam, bounded on the north by No. 993; east by No. 997-4 E; south by No. 997-5 A; west by No. 997-3 A	0·07
Government, dry, No 997 4 E, belonging to Vissanadham Ramayya, bounded on the north by No. 993 H; east by No. 997-6 B, south by No 996 A; west by No. 991 4 A	0·08
Government, dry, No. 991-7, belonging to Kota Gopayya, bounded on the north and east by Kodur; south and west by No. 997-6	0·01
Sastiyari dry, No. 998 A 2, belonging to Kota Venkata Narayya, bounded on the north by No. 998 B; east by No. 996-A 1; west by No. 997-6 B	0·07
Total ..	5·35

Gollapalem village

Assessed ryotwari, No. 2240 A, belonging to Butcha Nagabhushana Rau, bounded on the south by Kodur; east by No. 2240 B; south by No. 2248 A; west by No 2241 B	0 41
Assessed ryotwari, No. 2243 A, belonging to Butcha Nagabhushana Rau, bounded on the north and east by No 2243 A; south by No. 2247 A; west by No. 2240	0·41
Assessed ryotwari, No. 2257 A, belonging to Butcha Nagabhushana Rao, bounded on the north by No. 2258 A, east by No. 2257 B, south by No 2247; west by No. 2248	0·61
Total ..	1·43

Machavaram village.

Assigned dry, No 349-3 B, belonging to Pedanatha Abbanna alias Swami, bounded on the north by No 349 B A, east by No 350-1, south by No. 345-3; west by No. 349-2	0·03
Assigned dry, No. 419-4 A, belonging to Pedanatha Lakshmanamma and Veerayya, bounded on the north by No. 349-6; east, by No. 419-5; south by No. 419-4 B; west by No. 419 B	0·04
Total ..	0 07
Grand total ..	7·03

Fort St. George, January 8, 1921.

Under section 3, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·33 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairs to Alapativari tank of Kothahalli, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk, Sreemanarayanapuram village.

	ACRE.
Eyetvari, dry, S. No. 3, belonging to Kasanja Subbarayudu, bounded on the north by S. No. 3, east by Forest reserve; south by S. No. 3; west by S. No. 5, Kothahalli	0·33

Under section 3, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·6 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Lingamanu Goth tank of Dappalapudy, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk, Dappalapudy village.

	ACRE.
Jeruvu, dry, S. No. 338-1, belonging to Mulapati Veerreddi, Mulapati Ammireddi and Devarampudy Veeraya, bounded on the north by S. No 338-1; east by S. No. 338-1 and 7, south by S. No. 55, west by S. No 3-8-1	0·5
Jeruvu, dry, S. No. 338-7, belonging to Nallamilli Venkata Reddi, Nallamilli Satyanarayana Reddi, Nallamilli Ammayo, Nallamilli Venkanna and Nallamilli Veerreddi, bounded on the north, east and south by S. No. 338-7, west by S. No. 336-1	0·1
Total ..	0·6

S. C. MAJUMDAR,
Under Secy. to Govt., P. W. D. (Irrigation).

PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS.

HELD ON 18TH AND 20TH JANUARY 1921.

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G. O. No. 2995, Revenue, 4th December 1920. [1 s.]

REPORT ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FOR 1919-20. G. O. No. 1525, Home (Education), 17th December 1920.

LAWRENCE MEMORIAL SCHOOL, OOTACAMUND.—Annual Report — to be for official year instead of for Calendar year — Rule 68 amended. G. O. No. 28, Home (Education), 6th January 1921. [1 s.]

[*N.B.*—Copies of the foregoing papers may be obtained on payment of the prices noted in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.]

A. R. KNAPP,
Chief Secretary.

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No. 4.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25, 1921. [Price, 1 anna.

Part I-A.—Local and Municipal.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS, ETC.

Fort St George, January 25, 1921.

No. 57.—Under sub section (3) of section 14 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Government approve of the appointment by election of M.R.Ry. Manjeshwar Vaikunta Bhakta Avargal and M.R.Ry Bainder Rama Rao Avargal as presidents of the Kasaragod and Uppinangadi Taluk Boards respectively in the South Kanara district. They will assume charge of their duties with effect from the 19th January 1921.

No 58.—It is hereby notified that M.R.Ry. Chakkirala Perayya Garu is appointed as a sound editor of the Peddapuram municipality under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884.

No 59.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Government are pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. U. Sitaramaswamy Nayudu Garu to be a municipal councillor of the Municipality of Coconada.

No 60.—Under section 49 (1) (a) of the Madras Town-Planning Act, 1920, Mr. J. C. Molony, I.C.S., is appointed to be Chairman of the Madras City and Suburban Town Planning Trust with effect from the date on which he takes charge.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 61.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Government are pleased to authorize the members of the Kasaragod and Uppinangadi Taluk Boards in the South Kanara district to appoint their vice-presidents by election from among their own number.

No 62.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 287 (2) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Government hereby declare that rule 2 (1) of Schedule X of the said Act shall come into force on Wednesday, the 26th January 1921.

No. 63.—Under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 7 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, it is hereby notified that the Villupuram Municipal Council shall consist of sixteen councillors of whom twelve shall be elected.

No. 64.—In view of the importance of Ootacamund as a sanitorium and of the expenditure to which the municipality is involved by the fact of its being the summer headquarters of the Government the Government consider that the Chairman of the Ootacamund Municipal Council should be an officer of good engineering and other qualifications and that the Government should pay the whole of his salary and allowances. The Government therefore direct, under sub section (1) of section 12 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, that the Chairman of the Ootacamund Municipal Council shall be appointed by the Government.

No. 65.—Under clause (i) of section 144 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Government hereby direct that the following alterations be made in Schedule I to the rules framed for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards and published under Notification No 1471 on pages 803-821 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1915, as amended by Notification No 1294, published on page 812 of Part I-A of the *Fort St George Gazette*, dated 19th November 1918.

Substitute the following for the entries against the Malabar District Board so far as they relate to the Malappuram and Palghat Taluk Boards :—

SCHEDULE.

MALABAR DISTRICT.

Number of electoral circles and specification of area included in the electoral circles.	Number of members to be elected by each circle.
Palghat Taluk Board.	
Nurudur	2
Pathur	3
Kuzhalmannam	2
Kollengode	2
Alathur	3
Total ..	12
Ponnani Taluk Board.	
Triltala	1
Nattika	3
Tirur	4
Chowghat	4
Ponnani	2
Total ..	14

Number of electoral circles and specification of area included in the electoral circles.	Number of members to be elected by each circle.
Ernad Taluk Board.	
Manjeri	3
Areacode	3
Tumrangadi	4
Wandur	2
Total ..	12
Walluvanad Taluk Board.	
Perintalmanna	3
Vilayur	3
Ottapalam	3
Mannarghat	1
Sreekrishnapuram	2
Total ..	12

No. 66.—Under section 49 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council hereby notifies that, from and after the date of this notification, the land measuring 3 cents described in the following schedule and registered in the revenue accounts as road poramboke shall be excluded from the operation of the Act:—

SCHEDULE.

Coimbatore district, Coimbatore taluk, Sayuripalaiyam village.

	CENTS.
S. No. 473-1 C (3 cents) and 473-1 E (2 cents), bounded on the north and east by S. No. 473-1 A ; south by S. No. 473 ; west by S. No. 473-1 A	5

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No. 67.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·97 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Vuyyur-to-Ulavapemula road ; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Sub-Collector, Bezwada, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Bezwada, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Gannavaram taluk, Viravalli Mokhasa village.

	ACRE.
Mokhasa seri, wet, D. No. 31 B-1, belonging to Jonnalagadda Gopi, Jonnalagadda Mali, Vallabhaneni Venkatramayya and Jonnalagadda Venkataramana, bounded on the north by No. 61 C-1 ; east by Nos. 61 B-2, 61 B-3, 61 B-4 and 61 B-5 ; south by No. 60-D ; west by No. 75	0·09
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 61 C-1, belonging to Jonnalagadda Basavayya and Jonnalagadda Tatayya, bounded on the north by No. 61 D-1 ; east by Nos. 61 C-2 and 61 C-3 ; south by No. 31 E-1 ; west by No. 76 ..	0·58
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 61 E-1, belonging to Ethamsetti Eswayya, bounded on the north by No. 61 E-2 ; east by No. 31 D-2 ; south by No. 61 C-1 ; west by No. 75	0·02
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 61 E-2, belonging to Jonnalagadda Appanna, bounded on the north by No. 61 E-3 ; east by No. 31 D-2 ; south by No. 61 E-1 ; west by No. 76	0·03
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 61 E-3, belonging to Jonnalagadda Timmya, bounded on the north by No. 79-A ; east by No. 61 E-4 ; south by No. 61 E-2 ; west by No. 76	0·06
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 79-A-1, belonging to Vuyyuru Nagamma, Yalam Reddi Punnayya, bounded on the north by No. 79-2 ; east by Nos. 79-A-2 and 79-A-3 ; south by No. 61 E-3 ; west by No. 76 ..	0·09
Mokhasa seri, dry, No. 77-2-A, belonging to Arigapudi Venkataratnam, Devineni Narasayya and Angapudi Venkata subbayya, bounded on the north by No. 77-1-A ; east by No. 77-2-B ; south by No. 76	0·07
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 77-1-A, belonging to Arigapudi Venkata Ramayya and Arigapudi Gopalakrishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 96 ; east by No. 77-1-B ; south by No. 77-2-A ; west by No. 76	0·04
Mokhasa seri, wet, No. 101-A-1, belonging to Angapalli Sitda Ramanandi, bounded on the north by No. 101-B ; east by No. 101-A-2 ; south by No. 97 ; west by No. 96	0·05
Total ..	0·45

No. 68.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 216 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening Ratnakrishnarama's well road, Ellore; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Ellore taluk, Ellore Town village.

	SQ. FT.
Ryotwari, dry, T.S. No. 305 B, belonging to Bomma Ratnam, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 136 ; east by T.S. No. 307 ; south by T.S. No. 304 A ; west by T.S. No. 304 A	186
Ryotwari, dry, T.S. No. 304 B, belonging to Bomma Ratnam, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 305 B ; east by T.S. No. 305 ; south by T.S. No. 303 ; west by T.S. No. 305 A	30
Total ..	216

No. 46.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor-in-Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring acres 11·27, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a road from Addanki to Great Northern Road in Ongole taluk; and, under sections 8 and 7, the Sub-Collector, Ongole, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ongole, and may be inspected at any time during office hours. The lands may be taken possession of by the Sub-Collector, Ongole, under section 17 (1) of the Act.

Guntur district, Ongole taluk, Addanki village.

		acs.
I.	Enfranchised charitable inam dry, No. 647-2, belonging to Ananta Pillamanda Ananta Nagayya, Ananta Chenchamma and Ananta Ramalingam, bounded on the north and east by No. 647-1; south by No. 650-2; west by No. 646	0·61
II.	Government, dry, No. 650-2, belonging to Malati Ankula and Nallatti Pedu Narayudu, bounded on the north by Nos. 650-1, 650-4, 649-B-1 B and 649-B-2, east by No. 651-2, south by No. 650-6; west by Nos. 646 and 647-2	0·44
III.	Government, dry, No. 649-B-2, belonging to Malati Ankula and Kuriatti Pedu Narayudu, bounded on the north by No. 649-B-1-C; east by No. 651-2; south and west by No. 650-2	0·32
IV.	Enfranchised inam, dry, No. 649-B-1-B, belonging to Malati Chendrayya and Malati Kotayya, bounded on the north by No. 649-B-1-A; east by No. 650-3; south and west by No. 650-5	0·01
V.	Enfranchised inam, dry, No. 649-B-1-C, belonging to Malati Chendrayya and Malati Kotayya, bounded on the north by No. 649-B-1-A; east by No. 651-2; south by No. 649-B-2; west by No. 650-2	0·26
VI.	Enfranchised inam, dry, No. 681-2, belonging to Malati Ankula, bounded on the north by No. 681-3, east by No. 683; south by No. 924; west by Nos. 650-2 and 649-1-C	0·13
VII.	Enfranchised inam, dry, No. 682-2, belonging to Malati Ankula, bounded on the north and east No. 682-1, south by No. 924, west by No. 683	0·36
VIII.	Government, dry, No. 942-2, belonging to Seddapati Venkata Subbiya and Seddapati Adisesha, bounded on the north by No. 924; east by No. 942-1; south and west by No. 943-3	0·04
IX.	Government, dry, No. 942-1, belonging to Seddapati Ramayya, Pattha Setti Ramayya, Karumbati Venkatanathayya and Jammulapadu Raghavulu, bounded on the north by No. 924, east by No. 924-1; south by Nos. 942-2, west by No. 943-3	0·71
X.	Government, dry, No. 924-1, belonging to Seddapati Venkatanathayya and Seddapati Adisesha, bounded on the north by No. 924; east by No. 923-1; south by No. 942-2; west by No. 942-1	0·31
XI.	Government, dry, No. 923-1, belonging to Challa Subbareddi, bounded on the north by No. 924, east by No. 9-2, south by No. 923-2; west by No. 926-1	0·37
XII.	Enfranchised inam dry, No. 921-1, belonging to Addanki Venkayya and Addanki Subbayya, bounded on the north by No. 898, east and south by No. 921-2, west by No. 923	0·22
XIII.	Government, dry, No. 924-2, belonging to Vemula Venkata Rathamma, bounded on the north by No. 924-1; east by No. 925-1 B, south by No. 896; west by No. 923	0·62
XIV.	Government, dry, No. 925-1 B, belonging to Challa Kotareddi, bounded on the north by No. 925-1 A, east by No. 895; south by No. 896, west by No. 924-2	0·14
XV.	Enfranchised inam, dry, No. 927-2, belonging to Vanka Venkata Sathamma, Vanka Appayya and Vanka Venkatanarasu, bounded on the north by No. 927-1; east by No. 933, south by No. 926; west by No. 928	0·49
XVI.	Government, dry, No. 926-A 1-B belonging to Dhulipalla Venkatanathayya, bounded on the north by No. 926-A 1-A; east by Kanyapuram, south by No. 926-A 1-C; west by No. 925	0·66

Kanyapuram village.

XVII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 1-2, belonging to Dhulipalla Chinna Virasami, Dhulipalla Sriramulu, Dhulipalla Nagayya, Maneuru Srirangam and Rallabandi Rapaki, Raja of Venkatagiri bounded on the north by No. 1-1, east by No. 18-2 donka and 17-1, south by no. 3-2 west by Addanki	0·45
XVIII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 3-1, belonging to Dhulipalla Vitasami, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 2-1, east south and west by donka	0·05
XIX.	Zamindari, dry, No. 3-2, belonging to Randa Raghavayya Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 3-1; east by No. 4-2, south and west by donka	0·36
XX.	Zamindari dry, belonging to Kukatla Venkatarayudu, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 3-1; east by No. 4-1, south by donka, west by No. 3-2	0·17
XXI.	Zamindari, dry, No. 4-2, belonging to Dhulipalla Peramma and Chelagandla Jarikal Ramayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 5-1, east by No. 6-2; south by donka; west by No. 4-1	0·16
XXII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 5-2, belonging to Dhulipalla Subbamma, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 6-1; east and south by donka; west by No. 4-2	0·31
XXIII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 7-1, belonging to Dhulipalla Ayyappa, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka, east by No. 6-1; south by No. 7-2; west by donka	0·38
XXIV.	Zamindari, dry, No. 8-1, belonging to Kukatla Pitchayya, Dhulipalla Nagayya, Kondavudi Rachaiayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka; east by No. 9-1; south by No. 8-2; west by No. 7-1	0·16
XXV.	Zamindari, dry, No. 8-1, belonging to Pampeleti Viraiya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north and east by donka; south by No. 8-2, west by No. 8-2	0·07
XXVI.	Zamindari, dry, No. 10-2, belonging to Chenkuri Subbayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 10-1; east by No. 12-2, south by donka; west by No. 1-2	0·46
XXVII.	Zamindari dry, No. 11-2, belonging to Kuppuram Subbayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by No. 11-3, east by No. 12-2, south by donka; west by No. 10-2	0·16
XXVIII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 12-2, belonging to Dhulipalla Ramayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north and east by No. 13-1; south by donka, west by No. 11-2	0·90
XXIX.	Zamindari, dry, No. 13-1, belonging to Dasapalla Venkatappa, son of Peraiya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka, east by village-site; south by No. 13-2, west by No. 14-1	0·05
XXX.	Zamindari, dry, No. 14-1, belonging to Dhulipudi Venkata Subbayya Sastrulu, guardian mother Venkata Subbamma, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka, east by No. 14-2; south by No. 14-2, west by No. 15-1	0·04
XXXI.	Zamindari, dry, No. 14-1, belonging to Dhulipalla Venkata Subbayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka; east by No. 14-1, south by No. 15-2, west by No. 16-1	0·06
XXXII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 16-1, belonging to Chenkuri Venkataswami, Chenkuri Subbayya, Chenkuri Muthayya, Chenkuri Raghavulu and Dhulipalla Virayya, son of Lakshmayya, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka, east by No. 16-2; south by No. 14-2; west by No. 17-1	0·12
XXXIII.	Zamindari, dry, No. 17-1, belonging to Chenkuri Venkat-swami, Chenkuri Subayya, Chenkuri Muthayya, Chenkuri Raghavulu and Chenkuri Ellamanda, Raja of Venkatagiri, bounded on the north by donka; east by No. 16-1, south by No. 17-2; west by No. 1-2	0·18
XXXIV.	Government, dry, S. No. 896-1, belonging to Challa Sitharama Reddi, Challa Venkata Reddi and Challa Venkata Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 895, south by No. 896-2, west by No. 8-1-1	1·18
XXXV.	Government, dry, S. No. 896-2, belonging to Challa Ankireddi and Challa Subbareyudu, bounded on the north by No. 924, east by No. 896-1; south by No. 894-1	0·30
	Total ..	11·27

No. 70.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the, Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 15 cents and 80 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for removing congestion in the Cannanore municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tellicherry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tellicherry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Malabar district, Chirakkal taluk. No. 272 Cannanore Kasar village

	Cents
S. Nos. 2032-1 P. J. G. and 2031-2, P. J. G. B., belonging to owner Kukkunath Manyooma, bounded on the north by No. 2034; east by No. 2033, south by No. 2109; west by Nos. 2031 and 2040	1 9
S. No. 2031-1, P. J. G., belonging to Attakunjath Abdul Kadir, bounded on the north by No. 2030-1, east by No. 2032; south by No. 2106; west by No. 2023	6
S. No. 2031-2, P. J. G., belonging to Chirakkaran Valia Purayil Umakutty Kayi; tenant, Attakunjath Abdul Kadir, bounded on the north by No. 2030-1; east by No. 2032, south by No. 2109; west by No. 2031-1	2
	Sq. ft.
S. No. 2030-1, part P. G. O 44, belonging to Chirakkaran Valia Purayil Umakutty Kayi, bounded on the north and east by No. 203 part; south by No 2031; west by No 2032	25
S No. 2030-2, P. J. G. B. part, belonging to Pathuparayil Kadam Kunhi, bounded on the south by No. 2030-1; west by No. 2030-1 part; south and west by No. 2033	55
Total ..	15 cents and 80 sq. ft.

No. 71.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·78 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Vuyyur-Kalavapamula road; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Sub-Collector, Bezwada, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Bezwada, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Gunnavaram taluk, Katur village.

	Acre.
Zamindari, seri, dry, No. 86-1 B, belonging to Zarigadda Sitaramamma, bounded on the north by No. 88, east and south by No. 90-1 A; west by No. 90	0·37
Zamindari, seri, dry, No. 86-2 B, belonging to Vellaki Pujayya, bounded on the north by No. 88; east and south by No. 85-2 A; west by No. 85-1 B	0·32
Zamindari, seri, dry, No. 86-3 B, belonging to Vellaki Anjaneyulu, bounded on the north by No. 88, east and south by No. 85-3 A; west by No. 85-2 B	0·9
Total ..	0·78

No. 72.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 178 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a water fountain in Ellore; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

Kistna district, Ellore taluk, Ellore Town, B. ward village.

	Sq. ft.
Ryotwari, dry, T.S. No. 1035-B, belonging to Damarla Devakiramma, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1035-1; east by T.S. No. 1032; south by T.S. No. 1031; west by T.S. No. 1030	178

No. 73.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, it is hereby declared that the land mentioned below and measuring 3 cawnies, 17 grounds, 662 square feet or 4·917 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of filter beds in Egmore, Madras; and, under sections 6 and 7, the Deputy Collector and Collector of Income tax, Madras, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector and Collector of Income-tax, Madras, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Madras district, Madras taluk, Egmore village.

	C. Grs. sq. yr.
Ryotwari, partly dry and partly wet, belonging to C Narasimhulu Mudri, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 8 Ayyavaram road; east by R.S. No. 30, Madras water-works, south by R.S. No. 29, west by R.S. No. 29 part	3 17 662 or 4·917 acres.

F. J. RICHARDS,
Secretary to Government.

(Medical.)

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 17, 1921.

No. 10.—Lieut.-Col. Henry Kirkpatrick, I.M.S., has been granted by the Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for six months from 18th March 1921.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 11.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

Delhi, the 30th December 1920.

No. 937.—Major W. S. Patton, M.S., I.M.S., of the Bacteriological Department, is placed on special duty under the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, with effect from the date on which he is relieved of the charge of the office of the Director of the Southern India Pasteur Institute, Coonoor.

F. J. RICHARDS,
Secretary to Government.

(Plague.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921.

No. 4-*P.*—In modification of Notification No. 3-P., published on pages 34–35 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th January 1921, the following revised lists of plague-infected areas are published :—

A.—In the Madras Presidency.

District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Anantapur—		Coimbatore—cont.		Coimbatore—cont.	
Dharmavaram.	Pecuru (including Dubbarapalli).		Kalapatti.	Palladam—cont.	Salakkarichchu.
Hindupur.	Chowlur.		Kakkkanayakkanpalaiyam.		Sulur.
	Kunkera.		Karudanpalaiyam.		Tirappur.
Bellary—			Kasturinayakkanpalaiyam.		Municipality.
Hadagalli.	Badanuru.		Kamarapalaiyam.	Pollachi.	Eripatti.
	Holalu.		Kuniyamuttur.		Makkinayakkanpatti.
	Ilki.		Kurichchi.		Pollachi.
	Kagali.		Madvarayapuram.		Vadachittoor.
	Nallukudiri.		Otrakkalmantapam.	Udumalpet.	Andiyur.
	Singanahalli.		Pappur.		Boripatti.
Harpanahalli.	Aladahalli.	Coimbatore—cont.	Perumchettipalaiyam.		Chinnavinampatti.
	Arsikere.		Savuripalaiyam.		Dali.
	Bagali.		Samakulam.		Erisilampatti.
	Beuchihalli.		Somanapalaiyam.		Guruvappanaickanoor.
	Daggavatti.		Suudakkamattar.		Kodimyam.
	Gandugatti.		Telangupalaiyam.		Keratkatti.
	Halavagalu.		Tingarai.		Kottamangalam.
	Hirsmegalagere.		Thoudamuthur.		Kurunjeri.
	Honakere.		Uramathiyanpalaiyam.		Pallapalaiyam.
	Kanchikeri.		Uppilpalaiyam.		Periyapatti.
	Kuncheru.		Vedapatti.		Pasuur.
	Kuravatti.		Vellampatti.		Pakkalam.
	Nadapuram.		Yellakkinay.		Pungamuttur.
	Mattihalli.		Vilangurichchi.		Reddipalaiyam.
	Muttigi.		Virak-palam.		Tumampatti.
	Teligi.	Kollegal.	Anahlli.		Udumalpet Municipality.
	Timmalapuram.		Bachayyanhalli.	Madura—Madura.	Madura Municipality.
	Uchchangidurgam.		Pandamadahami.		Usilampatti.
Kudligi.	Bankanahalli.		Ikkadahalli.	Nilakottai.	Bodinayakkanpatti.
	Kottur.		Kaudhalli.		Kulasekharankottai.
	Sevanahalli.		Kollegal.		Nilakottai.
	Ujjini.		Kunagalli.		Pottai.
Coimbatore—Avanashi.	Belladi.		Kunnur.		Sholavandan.
	Chikkarampalayam.		Palaiyam.		Sobakkarichchi.
	Kuppepalaiyam.		Settamalli.	Palni ...	Akkarapatti.
	Pachchapalaiyam.		Tagarapuram.		Andipatti.
Bhavani.	Bhavani.	Palladam.	Bogampatti.		Pappampatti.
			Ichchipatti.		Allimgaram.
			Iragur.		Anamalayampatti.
			Kallapalaiyam.		Bodinayakkanur Municipality.
			Nilambur.	Periyakulam.	Bommayagowndanpalli.
Coimbatore.	Chettipalaiyam.		Pappampatti.		Dombachcheri.
	Chinnavedampatti.		Pattanam.		Kannayakkavandanpatti.
	Coimbatore Municipality.		Udumalpalli.		
			Ramasamiyam.		
			Samalapuram.		

District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Madura —*cont.*	Kanjampatti.	Kannad—Sattur ..	Virudapatti Municipality.	Salem—*cont.*	Muttigiri.
	Kannaerveipatti.				Morawar
	Kodangipatti.	Salem—Dharmapuri.	Paravadanahalli.		Mukkondapalli.
	Kottur.		Satyanathapuram.		Muttugarapalli.
	Manakkanayan kottai.				Nagondapalli.
	Melachokkanadhaparam				Navadi.
Periyakulam —*cont.*	Mulmurigalam.		Arulakottah.		Punapalli including Chinnabelagondapalli.
	Muakkhapuram		Anniyalam		Sangitha Agraharam.
	Pudupatti.		Arajalli.	Hosur—*cont*	Sarugapalli.
	Sempalacottai.		Bagalur.		Sarandapalli.
	Tevaram.		Ballapalli.		Settipalli.
	Theri		Bommanagalam.		Soingiri.
	Tirumalayeram.		Bothipalli		Tah Agraharam.
	Uttamapalaiyam.		Dasarapatiram.		Talikottapur.
	Veppampatti.		Dasaripalli		Tegarai Agraharam
			Denkanikotah.		Ulibarayanapalli.
Tirumangalam.	Ammapatti.		Devar Ullimangalam.		Ullamaranapalli
	Tirumangalam.	Hosur ..	Devirupalli.		Zuzuvadi.
			Dodda Ubbanur.		
			Gopanapalli.		
			Gummalapuram.		
Malabar—Chirakkal. Calicut.	Ballapatam.		Hosur.	Salem ..	Pallapatti.
	Calicut Municipality		Kalavatti.		Salem Municipality.
			Kamagodahalli.		
			Karupalli.		
			Kalamangalam.	Tiruchangodu.	Eddapady
The Nilgiris—			Kempatti		Kumarapalaiyam.
			Kottagondapalli.		Tiruchangodu.
			Kottur	South Kanara—Mangalore.	
Ootacamund.	Hullatti		Kondamarasapalli.		Mangalore Municipality,
	Kadmund.		Kuppam.		Tanirubavi.
			Muruduapalli.		

B.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

[Interest localities—Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.]

I. Mysore

The whole State.

II. Bombay.

1. *Northern Division*—
   (a) District—Thana.
   (b) Town—Bombay City.
2. *Central Division*—
   Districts—Satara, West and East Khandesh.
   Town—Poona.
3. *Southern Division*—
   Districts—Belgaum, Bijapur, Dharwar and Kolaba.
4. *Sind*—
   Town and port—Karachi.
5. *Political Charge*—
   States and Agencies—Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States, Kathiawar Agency and Savanur State.

III. Bengal and Orissa.

(a) Districts—Darbhanga, Gaya, Monghyr, Muzaffarpur, Patna, Sahabad and Santal Parganas.
(b) Town—Dharbanga.

IV. The Punjab.

Districts—Multan, Rawalpindi and Rohtak.
Native State—Patiala.

V. Burma.

(a) Districts—Henzada, Insein, Kyaukse, Hinkthla, Minbu, Myingyan, Pegu, Prome, Sagaing, Shwedaung, Thayetmyo, Thatmawaddy and Toungoo.
(b) Towns—Bassein and Maymyo.
(c) Towns and ports—Maymyo, Moulmein and Rangoon.
(d) States—Northern and Southern Shan States.

VI. The United Provinces

Districts—Azamgarh, Ballia, Basti, Benares, Fatehpur, Fyzabad, Gonda, Ghazipur, Jaunpur, Lucknow, Partabgarh, Pilibhit, Rae Bareli and Sultanpur

VII. The Central Provinces.

Districts—Akola, Amraoti, Betul, Bhandara, Chhindwara, Damoh, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Narsingpur and Seoni

VIII. The Hyderabad State

The whole State.

IX. Central India.

States—Bhopal and Panna.

X. Coorg.

Town—Santiscopa

XI. North-West Frontier Provinces.

District—Peshawar.
Town—Peshawar Cantonment.

XII. Rajputana.

States—Marwar and Mewar.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1921

No. 5.—Whereas the Government are satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Kumbakonam in the Kumbakonam taluk of the Tanjore district, if persons from the infected portions of the Anantapur, Bellary, Coimbatore, Madura, Malabar, Nilgiris, Ramnad and Salem districts, the Mangalore municipality and Tanirbhavi of the South Kanara district, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Mahamakham festival and the floating festival in the Mahamakham tank (if conducted) and if the cattle fair is permitted to be held in any part of the Kumbakonam taluk during the said festivals.

In exercise of the powers delegated to them under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Government prohibit the holding of cattle fairs in any part of the Kumbakonam taluk and also the attendance at the said festivals from the 1st February to the 10th March 1921, both days inclusive, of persons from the said parts and further direct that no tickets to travel by railway shall be sold at the principal plague infected stations of the South Indian and Madras and Southern Mahratta Railways for all railways-stations in the Tanjore district on the South Indian Railway to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festivals in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

F. J. RICHARDS,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS, ETC.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, the following three gentlemen are declared to have been duly elected as members of the Taluk Board of Palladam in the district of Coimbatore :—

(1) M.R.Ry. Minakshi Tevan S. M. Muruthachala Tevan—Salur.
(2) M.R.Ry. Rangaswami Kavandan Venkatachala Kavandan—Pappampatti.
(3) M.R.Ry. Sanappa Chettiyar Lachmu Chettyar—Sadupalayam

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
19th January 1921.

F. B. EVANS,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Nandikolla Gopalam Garu, Uppalapati Venkata Appalanarasimharaja Garu and Ramalla Venkatrayanim Garu have been duly elected as members for the Cocanada Taluk Board for the Conjeeveram.

Godavari Collector's Office,
17th January 1921.

G. T. H. BRACKEN,
Acting Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Sadai Alwar Ayyangar Doreswamy Ayyangar of Watrap has been duly elected a member of the Srivaikuntam Taluk Board

Ramnad Collector's Office,
13th January 1921.

A. G. LEACH,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Muthukumaraswami Pillai Nallasivam Pillai Avargal has been duly elected as a member of the Sivagangai Taluk Board to represent Pappangulam circle.

Tinnevelly Collector's Office,
12th January 1921.

E. A. DAVIS,
Collector.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, Janab Allabaksh Miramshadie Sahib bahadur of Tadpatri has been elected as a member of the Anantapur District Board by the Gooty Taluk Board.

Anantapur District Board's Office,
15th January 1921.

P. KESAVA PILLAI,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Thanati Muniswami Nayudu Garu has been appointed, by election, as a member of the North Arcot District Board by the Cuddapah Taluk Board.

North Arcot District Board's Office,
17th January 1921.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the President, District Board, North Arcot, hereby appoints the undermentioned gentlemen to be members of the Chingleput Taluk Board :—

M.R.Ry. Narayana Rangathuma Chettiyar Avargal
M.R.Ry. Ponnuranga Udayar Thiruvengadaswami Udaiyar Avargal

North Arcot District Board's Office,
18th January 1921.

W. VIJIARAGHAVA MUDALIYAR,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Kurnam Raghavendra Rao Garu of Gundrevula has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Kurnool District Board by the Kurnool Taluk Board.

Kurnool District Board's Office,
21st January 1921.

C. V. RANGA REDDI,
President.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the President, District Board, Malabar, hereby appoints Rev. Father Paul Chalissery as a member of the Ponnani Taluk Board.

Malabar District Board's Office,
21st January 1921.

V. MADHAVA RAJA,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act of 1884, the undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed, by election, as members of the Salem District Board by the Dharmapuri Taluk Board :—

M.R Ry. Komara Mudaliyar Pachiyappa Mudaliyar Avargal.
M.R Ry. K. Mangiswami Mudaliyar Rajya Mudaliyar Avargal.
M.R Ry. Velappa Udaiyar Doraiswami Udaiyar Avargal.

Salem District Board's Office,
12th January 1921.

F. FOULKES,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, M.R.Ry. Tolsdar Vaidyanatha Ayyar Ramachandra Ayyar Avargal has been duly elected as a member of the Tanjore District Board by the Taluk Board, Negapatam.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
10th January 1921.

V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR,
President.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R Ry. Ananthakrishna Pillai Sivagnanam Pillai Avargal has been appointed, by election, as the Vice-President of the Sermadevi Taluk Board.

Tinnevelly District Board's Office,
14th January 1921.

T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI.
President.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, the President, District Board, Trichinopoly, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. S. A. Gabriel Pillai Avargal, B.A., to be a member of the Ariyalur Taluk Board.

Trichinopoly District Board's Office,
10th January 1921.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, the President, District Board, Trichinopoly, hereby reappoints M.R.Ry Srinivasa Raghava Ayyangar Ramaswami Ayyangar Avargal of Vembakudi to be a member of the Ariyalur Taluk Board.

Trichinopoly District Board's Office,
14th January 1921.

T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, the President, District Board, Vizagapatam, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Gedevada Gangari Garu to be a member of the Vizagapatam Taluk Board *vice* M.R.Ry. S. Kutumbarao Pantulu Garu whose term of office expired.

Vizagapatam District Board's Office,
15th January 1921.

C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU,
President.

Under section 868 of the District Municipalities Act, 1920 and Rule 23 (a) of the Rules for the conduct of election of municipal councillors, the undermentioned gentlemen are declared duly elected as councillors of Chingleput municipality for ward No. III, Gundur :—

M.R.Ry. Arambakkam Ramanuja Acharyar Avargal.
M.R Ry. Melamaiyur Ramanujam Chettiyar Avargal.
M.R Ry. Malaimaiyur Vathsalula Mudaliyar Avargal.

Chingleput Municipal Office,
17th January 1921.

Under section 868 of the District Municipalities Act, 1920 and Rule 23 (a) of the Rules for the conduct of election of municipal councillors, the undermentioned gentlemen are declared duly elected as councillors of Chingleput municipality for ward No. IV, Natham :—

M.R Ry. Mathaswami Nadar Govindarajula Nadar Avargal.
M.R.Ry. Vadubathi Vadamalai Mudaliyar Avargal.
M.R Ry. Vangur Vijayaraghava Acharyar Avargal.

Chingleput Municipal Office,
18th January 1921.

O. EKAMBARA MUDALIYAR,
Chairman.

The following candidates have been duly elected as municipal councillors of the Kodaikanal municipality under the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 :—

Ward No. I—
M.R Ry. Packiamathan Ganapraksam Avargal.
Ward No. II—
M.R.Ry. S. Appavu Mudaliyar Athisaya Mudaliyar Avargal.
M.R.Ry T. Parasurama Pillai Narayanaswami Pillai Avargal.
Ward No. III—
Mohammad Musa Rawuttar Muhayarna Rawuttar Sahib.
M.R Ry. R. Bangaru Nayudu Venkataswami Nayudu Garu.
Ward No. IV—
M.R Ry. Narayanaswami Nayudu Kondayya Nayudu Garu.
Ward No. V—
Munro Maiden, Esq.
Henry Hubar Scott, Esq.
Ward No. VI—
Alfred P. Millar, Esq.
George Webb-Ware, Esq
Ward No. VII—
John Tapp, Esq.
Rev. Albert Charles Clayton.

Kodaikanal Municipal Office,
19th January 1921.

[Illegible],
Vice-Chairman.

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Part I-B.—Educational.

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HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Education.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 32.—Mahadev Kashinath Dandekar, Principal, Government Institute of Commerce, Madras, privilege leave for four days from the 4th to the 7th October 1920 under article 179 of the Civil Service Regulations.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, January 20, 1921.

No. 33.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient

Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (Act VII of 1904), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration after the expiry of one month from the date on which a copy of this notification is fixed up in a conspicuous place on or near the monument mentioned in the annexed schedule.

2 Any objections to the issue of the notification which may be received by the Government of Madras within the one month mentioned above will be considered

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Under section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council declares the Vishnu temple at Sompalle described in the annexed schedule to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

District—Chittoor.

Taluk—Madanapalle.

Name of village—Sompalle.

Name of the temple—Chennakesavaraswami temple.

Description wet or dry, with survey or paimash number—Survey No. 378, temple poramboke.

Name of owners—Sompallium Venkata Mallapali Nayudu.

Boundaries—*North*—S. No. 333
East—S. Nos. 333 and 377.
South—S. No. 374.
West—S. Nos. 379 and 380.

Extent—2·56 acres.

No. 34.—Under section 3, sub-section (3) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (Act VII of 1904) the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the subjoined notification the draft of which was published in Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 14th December 1923, declaring certain ancient monuments in the Madras City to be protected monuments.

NOTIFICATION.

Under section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904) the Governor in Council declares the ancient monuments described in the annexed schedule to be protected monuments within the meaning of the said Act

SCHEDULE

Name of district, taluk and village.	Description with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner.	Boundaries.	Extent.
Madras, Tondiarpet ..	Old Town Wall R. S. No. 3-3 (dry), Tondiarpet	Government	North, R. S. No. 3-3 part Tondiarpet; east, R. S. No. 16 Tondiarpet, south, R. S. No. 2746 Georgetown; west, R. S. No. 6 Tondiarpet.	C. GR. A. PT. 1 24 430
Madras, Mathialpet ..	Cornwallis Memorial over the Custom House R. S. No. 4210, George Town.	Do.	North, R. S. No. 4210, part; east, R. S. No. 4211, south, R. S. No. 4218 part; west, R. S. No. 4210 part.	0 0 468
Madras, Tondiarpet ..	Obelisk R. S. No. 1697 Tondiarpet.	Do.	North, R. S. No. 1697-2; east, R. S. No. 24; south and west, R. S. No. 1697-2.	0 0 54
Madras, Mathialpet ..	Tomb of Elihu Yale and Joseph Hynmers in the compound of Law Colleges, Georgetown, R. S. No. 11712 of Georgetown.	Do.	North, east, south and west, R. S. No. 11712 part.	0 0 81½
Madras, Tondiarpet ..	Pillar R. S. No. 1816 of Tondiarpet.	Do	North, east, south and west, R. S. No. 1816 part	0 0 12
Do. ..	Pillar R. S. No. 1793 of Tondiarpet	Do.	North, east, south and west, R. S. No. 1793 part.	0 0 12
Do. ..	Sluice R. S. No. 1794, Tondiarpet.	Do.	North, east, south and west, R. S. No. 1794, part,	0 0 12

Fort St. George, January 17, 1921.

No 35.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration after the expiry of one month from the date on which a copy of this notification is fixed up in a conspicuous place on or near the monuments mentioned in the annexed schedule.

2. Any objections to the issue of the notification which may be received by the Government of Madras within the one month mentioned above will be considered.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Under section 3, sub-section (1), of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council declares the ancient monuments described in the annexed schedule to be protected monuments within the meaning of the said Act

SCHEDULE.

Name of monument.	Name of district, taluk and village.	Description—wet or dry with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner.	Boundaries.	Extent.
					acs.
1. Bekal Fort	South Kanara district, Kasaragod taluk, Pallikere village	Dry S. No. 357 ..	Government ..	North and east, S. No. 356; south and west, S. No. 342.	12 36
		" " 66 ..	Do. ..	North, S. Nos. 70-E, 70/D-1 and 70/D-3, east, S. Nos. 66-4, 67 and 67-1, 2 & 3; south S. No. 67-4 & 9 and 65-1, west, S. No. 267	3 64
		" " 267 ..	Do. ..	South, S. Nos. 248 and 70-A; east, S. Nos. 70/2-A & 2/B, 68-A & 54, south, S. Nos. 40/1, 2, 3 & 10; west S. Nos 39/1, 7 & 11 and 36 16 to 19.	15 29
		Poramboke S. No. 70/A-2.	Do. ..	North, S No 71/1-A; east, S. Nos 65-A and 66-1 & 4; south, S. No. 70/D-2, west, S. No. 70/A-1.	0 31
2. Hosdrug Hill Fort.	South Kanara district, Kasaragod taluk, Hosdeug village.	Poramboke S No. 70/C-2.	Do. ..	North, S. Nos. 70/D-2; east, S. No. 66-4, south, S. No. 70/D-3, west, S. No. 70/C-1	0 97
		Poramboke S. No. 70/D-2	Do. ..	North, S. No. 70/A-2, east, S. No. 66-1, south, S. No 70/C-2, west, S. No. 70/D-1.	0-66
		Poramboke S. No. 70/D-3.	Do. ..	North, S. No. 70/C-2, east, S. No. 66-4, south, S. No. 56, west, S. No. 70-D-1.	0-66
		Poramboke S. No. 71/1-A.	Do ..	North, S. No. 267; east, S. Nos 68-A and 70/A-1, south, S. Nos. 70/A-2 and 71/1-B, west, S. No. 71/2-A.	3-19
		Poramboke S No. 71/2-A	Do ..	North, S. No. 267; east, S. No. 71/1 A & 1-B, south, S. No. 71-2 B; west, S. No. 267	0 31
3. Sultan Battery.	South Kanara district, Mangalore taluk, No. 90-A, Bolaur village.	Poramboke S. No. 312/4-E.	Do. ..	North, east and south, S No. 312/4-A, west, the Nutrawati river.	0 4255 sq. ft.
4. Jamalabad Fort.	South Kanara district, Uppinangadi taluk, No 2, Nadu and No. 4, Laila villages.	Portions of S. Nos. 116 of Nadu and 158/1 of Laila villages.	Do ..	North and east, S. No 116 of Nadu, south and west, S No. 158/3 of Laila.	Approximately 30 acres.

Name of monument.	Name of district, taluk and village.	Description—wet or dry with survey or poramboke number	Name of owner	Boundaries.	Extent.
					Acs.
8. Two Jain temples—Santishwar and Chandranatha—with a little mandapa over a stambha at Gantalukere.	South Kanara district, Uppinangadi taluk, Kelangadi village.	Dry S. No. 58/14 ..	1. Tammayya Pattavalu of Belthangadi. 2. Devappaja of Nada. 3. Santraj Shatt of (Belthangadi), trustees.	North, S. No. 73/1; east, S. Nos. 72/2, and 58/18, south, S. Nos. 58/6, 13 and 12; west, S. Nos. 66/4 and 5-A.	4·31
6. Inner courtyard of the Chowtar's palace at Moodabidri.	South Kanara district, Karkal taluk, Mazpadi village	,, ,, 121/2 ..	Dharma Samasthe.	North, S. No. 121/1; east, south and west, S. No. 121/2.	2·59
7. Jain tombs at Moodabidri.	South Kanara district, Karkal taluk, Pumiya village.	,, ,, 24/5 ..	Devaraja Shetti and others.	North, east, south and west, S. No. 24/5.	14·45
8. The great Chandranath temple at Moodabidri.	Do.	Poramboke S. No. 62/2.	Charukirthi swamiar (trustee).	North, S. No. 62/1-3 and 4; east, S. Nos. 66/3, and 63/2; south, S. No. 63/7; west, S. No. 62/5.	3·62
9. Jain statue 35 feet high at Venoor.	South Kanara district, Karkal taluk, Venoor village.	Poramboke S. No. 39/5.	1. Appu alias Rayappa Indra and 2. Chandappa Shetty (trustees).	North, S. No. 38; east, S. No. 39/3, south, S. No. 40/1 A., west, S. No. 39/15.	2·12
10. Santishwar temple at Venoor.	Do.	Poramboke S. No. 27/2.	1. Gummana Indra and 2. Chandappa Shetty (trustees) (deceased).	North, S. No. 27/5; east, S. No. 27/1; south, S. No. 29/1; west, S. No. 27/1.	1·98
11. Jain statue of Gommateshwar at Karkal.	South Kanara district, Karkal taluk, Karkal village.	Poramboke S. No. 344.	Government ..	North, east, south and west, S. No. 344.	0·31
12. Chaturmukha temple, Karkal.	Do.	Dry S. No. 341 ..	Do. ..	North, east, south and west, S. No. 341	0·39
13. Great manastambha at Hiriyangadi (otherwise called Haliyangadi).	Do.	Poramboke S. No. 200/2.	Do. ..	North, Jain temple; east, Saraswa Basti and Chamsor Basti; south, Aranthe Kotti Basti; west, Hira Basthi.	0·02

Fort St. George, January 29, 1924.

No. 38.—Under section 3, sub-section (3) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (Act VII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the subjoined notifications, the drafts of which were published as Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 14th December 1923, declaring certain ancient monuments in the Anjengo district to be protected monuments.

NOTIFICATIONS.

I

Under section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council declares the Anjengo Fort described in the annexed schedule to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

Name of the district, taluk and village—Anjengo in the taluk of Anjengo in the district of Anjengo.

Description, wet or dry, with survey or poramboke number—Poramboke dry, part of S. No. 35.

Name of owner—Government.

Boundaries—

North—Police line, public road and Kottamukkupurayidem.

East—Odathalapurayidem, S. Nos. 37-1 and 37-13 and Chatram.

South—Kottakothekkupurayidem S. No. 37-2.

West—Kottaka Padinhare Sthalam, S. No. 36-2.

Extent—About 2 acres.

II

Under section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council declares the remains of old Tangasseri Fort in the Tangasseri taluk of the Anjengo district described in the annexed schedule to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

Name of the district, taluk and village—Tangasseri in the taluk of Tangasseri in the Anjengo district.

Description, wet or dry, with survey or patmash number—Poramboke dry S. No. 54-9.

Name of the owner—Government.

Boundaries—

North—S. No. 54-10.

East—Sea.

South—S. No. 54-8.

West—S. No. 52-10.

Extent—7 cents.

No. 37.—Under section 3, sub-section (3) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (Act VII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the subjoined notification the draft of which was published in Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 14th December 1920, declaring certain ancient monuments in the district to be protected monuments.

NOTIFICATION.

Under section 3, sub-section (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council declares the ancient monuments described in the annexed schedule to be protected monuments within the meaning of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

Name of the district, taluk and village.	Description of land.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries.	Extent.
				acs. cts.
Kistna district, Bezwada taluk, Bezwada.	Kiratarjuna pillar on the Indrakila hill, dry, D. No. 3839, hill poramboke.	Government.	North, Vidyadharapuram, east, Government poramboke and Bezwada town; south, Hyderabad road, west, Vidyadharapuram.	366 48 (a
Yerragudam taluk, Anagaluru.	Mounds containing Buddhist remains: poramboke—			
	S. No. 263	Do.	North, No. 252, east, Nos. 261, 256 and 248, south, No. 248; west, Nos. 260, 262, 264 and 264.	5-73
Do.	S. No. 266	Do.	North, Nos. 267 and 265; east and south, No. 247; west, No. 262.	0-36
Do.	S. No. 270	Do.	North, No. 271, east, No. 266; south, No. 300; west, No. 276.	2-20
Do.	S. No. 281	Do.	North, No. 280, east, Nos. 293 and 288, south, Nos. 285, 284 and 282, west, No. 282.	6-32
Do.	S. No. 290	Do.	North, No. 291; east, Nos. 276, 291, 290, 299 and 296; south, No. 289; west, Nos. 305-3 and 305.	1-27
Do.	S. No. 296	Do.	North, No. 295; east, No. 279, south, No. 300, west, Nos. 298 and 299.	3-37
Do.	S. No. 305-9 ..	Do.	North, No. 514-A and B; east, No. 515, south, No. 305-7; west, Nos. 305-9 and 305-8.	13 40
Do.	S. No. 514-1 ..	Do.	North, No. 842; east, No. 843, south, No. 851, west, No. 305-6.	1 6
Do.	S. No. 302-A ..	Do.	North, east, south and west, No. 302-A ..	0 3
Do.	S. No. 419	Do.	North, No. 418; east, No. 420; south and west, No. 419.	0-4

(a) As the position occupied by the pillar is not subdivided, the whole extent of the draft notification is given.

Fort St. George, January 21, 1921.

No. 18.—Under section 3, sub-section (3), of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (Act VII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the subjoined notification the draft of which was published in Part I B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 14th December 1920, declaring the Mangaladevi temple at Mangalore to be a protected monument :—

NOTIFICATION.

Under section 3, sub-section (1), of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII *of* 1904) the Governor in Council declares the Mangaladevi temple at Mangalore, South Kanara district, described in the annexed schedule to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

1. Name of the district, taluk and village.		No. 92, Mangalore Tota village, Mangalore taluk, South Kanara district.
2. Description, wet or dry, with survey or puimash number.		Dry, S. No. 93, Town Survey No. 351 of Jeppu Ward.
3. Name of the owner ..	..	Messrs. Attavar Rama Rau and Narasimha Asthala, Trustees of the temple
4. Boundaries ..	..	North, T.S. Nos. 352 and 353. East, T.S. No. 335. South, T.S. No. 335. West, T.S. Nos. 356 and 351.
5. Extent ..	..	0·65 acre.

The above survey numbers are of the Jeppu ward.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1921.

No. 39.—For the last sentence of rule 102 of the Madras Educational Rules, published in notification No 149, dated the 1st July 1920, on page 554 of Part I-B of the *Fort St George Gazette*, dated the 17th August 1920, *substitute* the following :—

"Fees in all institutions shall be levied at half the standard rates from Muhammadans, Oriyas, girls and members of backward classes and castes whose parents or guardians are so poor that the grant of this concession is necessary to enable them to continue their studies. The production of a certificate to that effect signed by a Sub Magistrate or an officer of the Revenue Department of not lower rank than Deputy Tahsildar should be required in cases of doubt.

No. 40.—Under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, section 10, the Chancellor of the University of Madras is pleased to nominate the following gentlemen to be Ordinary Fellows of the Madras University :—

Mr. Lionel Christopher Hudgson, M.A.
Mr. Randulph Moverell Statham.
Mr. Charles Leslie Wrong, M.A. (Oxon).

No 41.—Under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, section 10, the Chancellor of the University of Madras is pleased to re-nominate the following gentlemen to be Ordinary Fellows of the Madras University :—

(With effect from 22nd February 1921)

The Reverend William Charles Penn, M.A. (Oxon).
M.R.Ry. Paul Appaswami Avargal, M.A., B.L., Bar.-at Law,
Mr. Gilbert Slater, M.A., D.Sc.

(With effect from 3rd March 1921)

M.R.Ry. Tirukkodurai Vaidyanatha Ayyar Sahagiri Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATE.

CANCELLMENT OF A CERTIFICATE.

It is hereby notified that the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate No. 11230 of Vaidyula Venugopala Rao has been cancelled as an unauthenticated alteration has been found in it.

Office of the Comm. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 29th January 1921.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS—OCTOBER 1920.

NOTICE REGARDING ISSUE OF CERTIFICATES.

Candidates who passed one or more tests at the Special Test Examinations held in October 1920 are hereby informed that their certificates will be issued on or after the 1st February 1921 *and for three months only from that date.*

2. All candidates except such of them as were examined at Madras, Pudukkottai, or Mercara, should apply for their certificates to the Collectors of the districts in which they were examined; those examined at Madras should apply for their certificates to the Tahsildar of Madras, those examined at Pudukkottai, to the Political Agent for Pudukkottai, Trichinopoly, and those examined at Mercara, to the Commissioner of Coorg, Mercara.

3. In applying for certificates, each candidate should give his register number and state the office he holds.

4 Candidates should apply for their certificates through the heads of the offices in which they are employed Those who hold no appointment should submit certificates from some reliable authority to the effect that they passed the Special Tests held in October 1920 (the test being specified).

5 Candidates who apply for their certificates on or after 1st May next will be required, under G.O. No. 990, Educational, dated the 24th May 1897, to pay a penalty of one rupee for each certificate.

The amount of penalty should be paid into a Government Treasury and the receipt enclosed with the application. This application should not be made to the undersigned, but must be addressed to the officer concerned (vide paragraph 2 supra) who will file the receipt in his office and forward the certificate.

Office of the Commr for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 19th January 1921.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—APRIL 1921.

Notice is hereby given that the *Written tests* in connexion with the next Government Technical Examinations in the following subjects, according to the grade or grades specified opposite to each, will be held on the 22nd April next and subsequent days, *the Oral and Practical tests being conducted at either before or after this date* in accordance with a notice that will be published in due course in Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*:—

[For information as to the conditions of admission, candidates are referred to the notification regulating the Government Technical Examinations and to the Commissioner's "Notice regarding permission to appear" published in the issues of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th and 21st December 1920 and 4th January 1921.]

Civil Engineering.

Building Materials and Construction.	Elementary..	Intermediate ..	Advanced.
Building Drawing and Estimating	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do.
Hydraulic and Irrigation Works.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do.
Earthwork and Roadmaking ..	Do. ..	Do ..	..
Bridge-work	Do. ..	Do ..	....
Surveying and Levelling ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Advanced.
Applied Mechanics	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do.
Mensuration	Do. ..	Do. ..	....
Practical Plane and Solid Geometry.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Advanced.
Carpentry	Do. ..	Do. ..	....

Mechanical Engineering.[*]

Machine Construction	Elementary..	Intermediate ..	....
Machine Drawing	Do. ..	Do. ..	Advanced.
Steam and the Steam-engine ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do.

Electrical Engineering.

Practical Telegraphy	Elementary..	Intermediate ..	Advanced.
Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power.	....	Do.	Do.
Electro-Metallurgy	....	Do. ..	Do.

[*] The subject of Fitter's work has been removed from the scheme of the Government Technical Examinations.

Physical Science.		
Heat	Intermediate	....
Light	Do.	....
Electricity and Magnetism	Elementary	Do. Advanced.
Inorganic Chemistry	Do.	Do. Do.
Organic Chemistry	Do.	Do. Do.
Metallurgy	....	Do.
Physiography	Elementary	Intermediate ....
Photography	....	Do. ....
Geology.		
Geology	Intermediate	....
Mineralogy	Do.	....
Biology.		
General Biology	....	Intermediate ....
Animal Physiology	Elementary	....
Botany	Do.	Intermediate ....
Sanitary Science.		
Hygiene	Elementary	....
General Biology (special)	....	Intermediate ....
Pharmacy.		
Botany (Special)*	....	Intermediate ....
Inorganic Chemistry (special)	....	Do. ....
Materia Medica	....	Do. ....
Practical Pharmacy	....	Do. ....
Special Laboratory Course	....	Do. ....
Practical Dispensing (for Compounders).	....	Do. ....
Agriculture.		
Agriculture	Elementary	Intermediate ....
Horticulture	....	Do. ....
Economic Entomology	....	Do. ....
Tobacco	....	Do. ....
Veterinary Science.		
Veterinary Science	Elementary	.... Advanced.
Commerce.		
Book-keeping	Elementary	Intermediate Advanced.
Theory and Practice of Commerce †.	Do.	Do. Do.
Banking †	Do.	Do. ....
Commercial Geography	Do.	Do. Advanced.
Shorthand (English) ‡	Do.	Do. Do.
Vernacular Shorthand (Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam and Kanarese)	Do.	Do. Do.
Annuities and Life Insurance	....	Do. ....
Type-writing §	Elementary	Do. Advanced.

* Candidates coming up in Botany (special) should state in their applications whether they bring up this subject or such of the subjects required for the diploma for Chemists and Druggists.

† With reference to sub-heads Nos. 3 and 4 of the syllabuses for the Intermediate and Advanced grade, respectively, for Theory and Practice of Commerce and with reference to sub-head No. 4 of the syllabus for the Intermediate grade for Banking candidates will be examined in the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 omitting sections 153 to 203 and 221 to 245; and with reference to sub-head No. 3 of the syllabus for the Advanced grade for Theory and Practice of Commerce candidates will be examined in the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 and the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act III of 1909.

‡ Candidates coming up in Shorthand (on the Pitman's Systems) should adopt the system according to the Centenary Edition of the Instructor. Candidates will be allowed to transcribe their shorthand notes with a type-writer; they must bring with them their own type-writers for this purpose.

§ Candidates coming up in Type-writing must bring with them their own type-writer—the Remington, Yost, New Century, Smith Premier, Densmore, Empire, Underwood, Oliver, Armstrong, Standard Folding, Stearns Visible, Sun Type-writer, Fox Visible, Victor Type-writer Model No. 2 ((1) Postage, (2) Brief, (3) Policy), Monarch, Woodstock, Standard Visible, Nemelec or L. C. Smith & Bros. machine. The candidates will be examined for speed, but at least every two candidates for the *Elementary* grade, at least every three candidates for the *Intermediate* grade and at least every two candidates for the *Advanced* grade must have one machine among them.

2. The following are the centres at which the *Written* examination will be held in the above subjects:—

Anakapatam.	Gerazala (for Physiography, Animal Physiology, Botany, Hygiene and Agriculture only).	Nellore.
Anantapur.	Hyderabad (for Shorthand and Type writing only).	Ongole.
Bangalore.	Kumbakonam.	Ootacamund.
Bellary.	Karnool.	Palghat.
Berhampur.	Madras.	Peddapur.
Bezwada.	Madura.	Pudukhottai.
Bhadrachalam.	Mangalore.	Rajahmundry.
Calicut.	Masulipatam.	Salem.
Chicacole.	Mysore.	Tanjore.
Chingleput.	Nandyal (for Physiography, Animal Physiology, Botany, Hygiene and Agriculture only).	Tellicherry.
Chittoor.	Narsapur.	Tenali.
Cocanada.	Nazareth.	Tinnevelly.
Coimbatore.	Negapatam.	Trichinopoly.
Conjeevaram.		Trichur.
Cuddalore.		Trivendram.
Cuddapah.		Vellore.
Ellore.		Vizagapatam.
Ernakulam.		Vizianagram.
Ooty.		
Guntur.		

N.B.—Should the number of candidates who have applied to be examined at any one of the above centres *fall short of thirty*, the candidates that selected that centre must be prepared to proceed, at their own expense, to the nearest centre where the examination may be held. Timely notice will be given to the candidates concerned.

3. No notice will be taken of the application of any candidate who selects a centre which is not in the above list, and no candidate will be allowed to name more than one centre. No candidate will on any account be allowed to change the place of examination entered in his application, *which must invariably be the place where he is employed or ordinarily resides or should it not be a centre, the place nearest to it where the examination is held.* A candidate appearing for examination at a centre other than the one mentioned by him in his application must be prepared to have his examination annulled.

4. In addition to the above centres, the Commissioner will be prepared to arrange for the holding of the *Written* examination in any of the subjects mentioned at any other place, if he is satisfied that not fewer than *thirty* candidates are likely to offer themselves for examination, and it is advisable to make such place a centre. Applications for the inclusion of such place or places in the list of centres should be made to the Commissioner through the local educational or other authorities concerned before the 22nd January. Ordinarily, however, only one place will be constituted a centre for each district.

5. The oral and practical examinations in such subjects as require them will be held at those places only where satisfactory arrangements can be made for the conduct of such examinations.

N.B.—*To guard against disappointment in the case of such of the Oral and Practical examination as may be held before the Written examination, candidates are recommended to refer to Part I-B of the* Fort St. George Gazette *from time to time.*

6. Candidates whose examinations, either written or oral and practical, cannot be arranged for at any place must, *at their own expense*, proceed to Madras or to the nearest centre where they are held in the subjects in which they appear.

7. Heads of institutions are requested to see, before the certificate at the foot of the application is signed by them, that their institution has been recognized by the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, or by the Director of Industries, Madras, as fitted to impart instruction to the *Technical* subjects and for the grades in them brought up by their *pupils*.

N.B.—Heads of institutions recognized for *General Education only* should not sign the certificate at the foot of the application form filled in by any of their pupils coming up for any of the Technical Examinations.

8. All pupils coming up from the same institution must select the same centre, and the applications of all of them should be forwarded together (along with a covering letter stating the number of applications) by the head of that institution, no application of any *private* candidates being enclosed with these applications.

9. Each candidate must, wherever the syllabus requires it, submit, before the 31st *January*, the necessary drawings, plans, surveys, field books, estimates, or other "certified works." Each of the drawings, etc., submitted must have entered on it the name of the candidate, the subject and grade of examination for which he appears and the centre at which he appears, and must be certified to be his own unaided work by the head of the institution or office to which he belongs, by an officer of the Public Works Department not below the rank of Supervisor, by a District Board Engineer, by the Engineer of the Corporation of Madras, or by an Engineer of any Railway Company.

Candidates are specially warned that no certified works will be valued by the examiners unless the certificate of authorship is in each case quite satisfactory and specifies clearly the period of time occupied in the execution of each work and unless the examiners are satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of the persons granting the certificate. Further, if any suspicion attaches to any certified works submitted by pupils from technical schools, the Commissioner will be compelled to

recommend to the Director of Public Instruction, the withdrawal of the departmental privileges enjoyed by the schools. Private candidates, whose certified works are in any way suspected by the examiners will be liable to have their examination invalidated and also to be debarred from appearing for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit.

It must be particularly noted that the drawings, etc., of each candidate should be submitted in a separate roll for each subject and for each grade (i.e., the drawings, etc., for a number of subjects should not be rolled up together), and that the drawings, etc., of a number of candidates should not be sent in one and the same roll. *Also, on the outside of each roll for each subject, each candidate should enter the following particulars in ink*:—

(1) Name of candidate,
(2) Place of examination,
(3) Subject,
(4) Grade, and
(5) Total number of drawings in each roll.

As the application has to be kept in the office and as the drawings, etc., have to be forwarded to the examiners, the application itself should be sent in a *separate* cover and *not rolled* up with the drawings, etc.

A candidate who failed, or having applied, did not appear, at a previous examination, must submit fresh drawings, etc. The drawings, etc., submitted will on no account be returned.

10. Candidates must send in their applications made out in English on *printed forms so that they reach the Commissioner's office on or before the 31st January, after which date no application will be received.* Only one form of application should be used by each candidate, although he may bring up several subjects and come up for different grades.

11. Candidates in the mufassal should obtain the required application forms from the treasury of the taluk in which they are resident or of the district to which they belong. Candidates in Mysore, Hyderabad, Travancore and Cochin States should obtain the same from the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury. Candidates who are residents of Madras should apply for application forms at the office of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Cathedral Post office (Madras), and not to the Collector of Madras.

N.B.—No notice will be taken of any application from candidates in the mufassal requesting to be supplied with application forms from this office.

12. The following is the scale of fees to be paid by candidates for admission to the examinations:—

	Elementary.	Intermediate.	Advanced.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
For each subject	5	5	10

N.B.—No candidate will be permitted to come up for examination in more than one grade in the same subject at the same time.

13. The prescribed fee must be paid in every case into a Government Treasury, or, if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the bank of Madras attached to the application, which must in every case reach the Commissioner's office on or before the 31st January. *On no account will the fee be received in the Commissioner's office whether sent in cash or by Post Office orders. No application will be registered unless it reaches the Commissioner's office by the date prescribed.*

NOTE.—*At Madras, in the case of all pupils, the fees should be collected by the headmaster and sent in a lump sum to the Bank of Madras together with two lists of the pupils, one of which will be retained by the Bank and the other receipted and returned to the headmaster. This latter list should be forwarded to this office along with the applications of the candidates. The necessary forms for this purpose will be supplied by this office to headmasters on application.*

14. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned, post-paid, superscribed and addressed as follows, the receipt for the fee paid *being securely fastened to it.*

☞ Candidates are warned that the application itself *should not be enclosed* with any drawings, plans, surveys, field books, estimates, or other 'certified works' that may be sent, but should be submitted in a *separate* cover.

[*Application for admission to the Government Technical Examinations.*]

To

The Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations,

Cathedral Post Office (Madras).

N.B.—Candidates anxious to assure themselves that their applications have been received should enclose *an addressed post card in their respective applications.* The post cards should bear the sender's address only and no other writing. Such post cards will be returned to them in due course with the 'Received' stamp of the office impressed upon them. No other form of acknowledgment except that required by the postal rules regarding registered covers can possibly be given, nor will any notice be taken of any letter from any candidate inquiring whether his application has been received. *Insufficiently stamped covers will be rejected.*

15. Candidates should write their names, their father's names and their house names *distinctly* and in *full* in their applications and give their *addresses in full* also; if 'Other Hindus' they should state in column 3 of their application whether they are 'Non Brahman Caste Hindus,' or 'Panchamas.' Applications defective in any particular will be returned.

NOTE.—*The occupation or profession of candidates, or the appointments held by them should invariably be stated in full in column 10 of their applications.*

16. *The fees paid will, in no case whatsoever, be refunded, nor will it be reserved for a subsequent examination. Neither will any excess fee that may have been inadvertently paid be returned. Candidates are warned to study the notification carefully and satisfy themselves, before remitting their fees, that they fulfil the prescribed conditions of admission to the examination and that they can, if necessary, proceed, at their own expense, beyond the limits of the examination centre selected by them, for the purpose of undergoing the written, or the oral and practical examinations.*

17. Candidates for the intermediate or Advanced examinations whose names have already been published in the Gazette as having passed a particular stage or stages in subjects to which the examination is divided into stages, or as having passed the Intermediate (late Preliminary), where the examination is of two grades—Intermediate and Advanced—must in their applications cite the date and page of the Gazette in which their names appear and their number in the list of successful candidates.

18. Subject to any change that it may be necessary or convenient to make in the arrangements, the Written examinations will be conducted in the order of time and subjects shown in the following table, beginning each day at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon except in the case of examinations on the 22nd and 23rd April for which the arrangement is different as shown in the time table. *Candidates will not be allowed to come up in more than one of the subjects bracketed together for the same time on the same day, or for more than one grade of examination in the same subject in the same year.*

[The figures under the letters E, I, S and A in the third column show the duration of the question paper for the respective grades.]

Days.	Time	Subjects.
1921.	7 a.m. (c).	Surveying and Levelling (E.I.A.*) 3 3 3
Friday, 22nd April ...	11 a.m. (a).	Machine Drawing (E. I. A.). 3 4½ 3
	12-15 p.m. (d)	Type-writing (E.). ½+1½
	2 p.m. (c).	Surveying and Levelling (A.). 3
	2 p.m. (a).	Applied Mechanics (A.) 3
Saturday, 23rd April ...	10-40 a.m. (d).	Type-writing (A.). ½+2
	1-32 p.m. (b).	Type-writing (A.). ½+2½
	2½ noon (a).	Bridge-work (E. I.). 3+1½ 2+2
Monday, 25th April ...	Forenoon ..	Applied Mechanics (E.I.A.), Practical Telegraphy (E.I.A.); Photography 2 2 3 2 3 3 (I.); Shorthand—English or Vernacular (A.—vide time-table on the 3 next page).
	Afternoon ..	Applied Mechanics (E.I.A.); Practical Telegraphy (I.A.); Shorthand— 2 2 3 3 3 English or Vernacular (E.—vide time-table on the next page).
Tuesday, 26th April ...	Forenoon ..	Earthwork and Road-making (E.I.); Heat (I.), Shorthand—English or 2 3 3 Vernacular (I A. —vide time-table on the next page).
	Afternoon ..	Mensuration (E.I.); Light (I.), Shorthand—English or Vernacular (I A. 2 3 9 —vide time-table on the next page).
Wednesday 27th April ...	Forenoon ..	Hydraulics and Irrigation Works (E.I.A.); Carpentry (I.); Book-keeping 3 3 3 3 (E.I.A.); Electricity and Magnetism (E.I.A.). 2 3 3 2 3 3
	Afternoon ..	Hydraulics and Irrigation Works (E.I.A.); Book-keeping 3 3 3 (I.A.), Electricity and Magnetism (A.); Organic Chemistry 3 3 3 (I.A.). 2 3
Thursday, 28th April ...	Forenoon ..	Building Materials and Construction (E. I.A.*); Machine Construction 1½+2½ 3 3 (E.I.); Inorganic Chemistry (E. I. S. A.); Tobacco (I.); Theory and 2 3 2 3 3 3 Practice of Commerce (S. I. A.). 2 3 3
	Afternoon ..	Building Materials and Construction (I.A.†), Machine Construction (E.I.); 3 3 3 Inorganic Chemistry (A.), Physiography (E.); Theory and Practice of 3 2 3 Commerce (E.). 3 3

* *Vide* footnote on the next page.

Days.	Time.	Subjects.
1931.		
Friday, 29th April ..	Forenoon ..	Building Materials and Construction (A.§); Practical Plane and Solid Geometry (E.I.A.); Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power (I.A.); Agriculture (E.I.); Banking (E.I.).
	Afternoon ..	Building Drawing and Estimating (E.I.A.); Practical Plane and Solid Geometry (A.‡); Steam and Steam-engine (E.I.A.); Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power (I.A.); Botany (E.I.B.); Economic Entomology (I.); Commercial Geography (A.).
Saturday, 30th April ..	Forenoon ..	Building Drawing and Estimating (E.I.§A.§); Steam and the Steam-engine (E.I.A.); Electro-Metallurgy (I.A.); Metallurgy (A.); Geology (I.); General Biology (I.B.); Hygiene (E.); Materia Medica (I.); Horticulture (I.); Veterinary Science (E.A.—First stage or Third stage); Commercial Geography (E.I.A.); Annuities and Life Insurance (I.).
	Afternoon ..	Building Drawing and Estimating (E.I.A.‖); Steam and the Steam-engine (A.‡); Metallurgy (A.); Mineralogy (I.); Animal Physiology (E.); Veterinary Science (A.—Second stage or Third stage); Commercial Geography (I.A.); Annuities and Life Insurance (E.).

E. — Elementary. I. — Intermediate. A. — Advanced. S. — Special.

* Second paper. † Second paper continued. ‡ The same paper continued. § First paper. ‖ First paper continued.

(a) Hour of commencement of examination.

(b) No candidate in Type-writing coming after this hour will be admitted to the examination hall although the examination itself may not take place until after 30 minutes from that hour. The Elementary, Intermediate and Advanced examinations in Shorthand will commence at 7-30 a.m., 8 a.m. and 10 a.m., respectively, if the candidates have to be examined in Indian.

Note.—The dates and hours fixed for the Elementary examination in Carpentry and for the examinations in Practical Pharmacy, Special Laboratory courses and Practical Dispensing (*for compounders*) will be notified separately along with the dates and hours fixed for the Oral and Practical examinations in the other subjects.

SHORTHAND (ENGLISH OR VERNACULAR) EXAMINATIONS.

Hour.	Grade.	Paper.	Subject.
	Monday, 25th April 1932.		
10-30 a.m. to 10-35 a.m.	Advanced ..	First paper ..	Dictation.
10-30 a.m. to 1 p.m. (a) ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Transcription of the same
2-15 p.m. to 2-30 p.m. ..	Elementary ..	Do. ..	Dictation.
2-30 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Transcription of the same.
4-5 p.m. to 5-5 p.m. ..	Do. ..	Second paper ..	Paper on principles.
	Tuesday, 26th April 1932.		
10-30 a.m. to 10-35 a.m. ..	Intermediate ..	First paper ..	Dictation.
10-30 p.m. to 12-15 p.m. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Transcription of the same.
10-45 a.m. to 1-45 p.m. ..	Advanced	Second paper ..	Dictation and Elaborating of notes.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Intermediate ..	Do. ..	Do.
2-45 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Advanced	Third paper ..	Dictation.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Do	Do. ..	Condensation of the same.
4-5 p.m. to 5-5 p.m.	Intermediate ..	Do. ..	Paper on principles.

(a) 10-30 a.m. to 5-15 p.m. in the case of Vernacular Shorthand.

19. For any further information that may be required, candidates are required to the Government notification regulating the examinations and to the syllabuses for the different subjects, copies of both of which can be had on payment at the Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras. No copies either of the syllabuses or of the notification can be furnished to candidates from the Commissioner's Office.

20. *Any candidate who does not behave properly towards the Chief and Assistant Superintendents of the examination or is suspected of having had recourse to malpractice of any kind in taking his examination (whether detected and also to be debarred from appearing again for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit; or, if the Commissioner is not satisfied for any reason whatever as to the genuineness of his results, he may be required to undergo a re-examination at some future date to be fixed by the Commissioner in any one or more of the subjects of the examination for which he appeared, his success or failure being determined on the results of such re-examination.*

Office of the Comm. for Govt Examinations,
Madras, 6th January 1931.

SUB-ASSISTANT INSPECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' TESTS, 1921.

It is hereby notified that the next Sub-Assistants' and Supervisors' Tests will be held on the 22nd April 1921 and the succeeding day at the following centres :—

Anantapur.	Cuddapah.	Rajahmundry.
Bellary.	Guntur.	Salem.
Berhampur	Madras	Tanjore.
Bhadrachalam.	Madura.	Tinnevelly.
Calicut.	Mangalore.	Vizagapatam.
Chittoor.	Nellore.	
Coimbatore.		

SUB-ASSISTANT INSPECTORS' TEST

2. The examination consists of two parts and is open to—

(i) Probationary Sub-Assistant Inspectors and Sub-Assistant Inspectresses, Sub-Assistant Inspectors and Sub-Assistant Inspectresses in temporary ranges and teachers in Government Training Schools in the cadre of Sub-Assistant Inspectors.

(ii) Teachers, Supervisors of Schools in the service of Government and teachers in recognized institutions, provided (1) that, if men, they have passed the First Examination in Arts or the Intermediate Examination of the University of Madras and, if women, the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary Examination; or hold a Secondary School-Leaving Certificate of the standard laid down in G.O. No. 60, dated 2nd February 1910, (2) that either they have passed the Elementary Technical Examination in Freehand Drawing or hold a certificate of proficiency in Drawing awarded by the Principal, Teachers' College, Saidapet, to the teachers under training at the end of their training course; and (3) that they are recommended by an Inspector or Inspectress of Schools or the head of a recognized college.

(iii) All others not included in clauses (i) and (ii) of this rule, but possessing qualifications not inferior to those prescribed in clause (ii), provided that they are specially permitted to appear by the Director of Public Instruction.

The examination in the first part is open also to candidates for clerkships on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Educational Department.

3. *Subjects of Examination.*—The subjects of examination are as follows :—

PART I.

(i) The Madras Inspection Code with special reference to the office and general duties of Sub-Assistants and Supervisors of Elementary Schools.

(ii) The Madras Educational Rules, important Government notifications relating to Education and the sections of Madras Acts IV and V of 1884, relating to Education and the by-laws and regulations passed thereunder.

(iii) The Grant-in-Aid Code.

(iv) Educational statistics of the candidates' own District and Accounts. If there is to be any deviation in any case, the circumstances should be reported to the Director and his orders taken.

NOTE.—The following are the subjects for Accounts under clause (iv) :—

(*a*) Civil Account Code, Volume I, Seventh edition, Chapter I—General Principles and Rules, Chapter III—General Rules regarding salaries and allowances excluding article 41 regarding Exchange Compensation Allowance and its sub-clauses, Chapter V—Establishment, Chapter VI—Contingent charges excluding articles 95, 96 and 97.

(*b*) The Civil Service Regulations, Fifth edition—Chapters III, V (section 1 only), IX, XI (sections i and iv only), XII (sections ii and iv only), XIV (sections i and ii only), XLIII (section ii only), XLIV (section I), (articles 324, 327-A, 333 and 334 only) and (section ii) (articles 339 and 340 only).

PART II.

(v) Linguistic Test in a vernacular language of the district in which the candidate is serving or wishes to serve.

NOTE.—The vernacular shall not be the same as the second language taken up by the candidate in the highest general education test passed by him. There shall be a written examination in prescribed texts in modern prose and simple poetry, translation, composition and grammar of the standard for each language laid down under "O" in the scheme for the secondary school-leaving certificates.

4. *Order of time and subjects.*—The examination shall be conducted in the order of time and subjects shown in the following table and the number of marks assignable to each subject shall be as therein specified :—

Day.	Hour	Subject.	Maximum number of marks.
Friday, 22nd April 1921..	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Madras Inspection Code ..	100
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Madras Educational Rules .	100
	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Educational Statistics and Accounts.	100
Saturday, 23rd April 1921	12-45 p.m. to 3-15 p.m. ..	The Grant-in-Aid Code ..	100
	3-30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. ..	Linguistic Test	100

Candidates must appear for all the subjects of the first part at the same time. They may appear for the second part either along with the first part or separately at their option.

5. The fee for admission to the examination is Rs. 12 for the first part and Rs. 8 for the second part, but departmental candidates who appear for the first time are not required to pay the fees. Such candidates should state in their applications that they appear for the first time.

NOTE.—Candidates are informed that they need not appear for the paper on Accounts in the question paper on Educational statistics and Accounts if they have already passed the present Account test or the old Account test, Higher or Lower. The fact of their having passed the Account test should be clearly stated in the application with the number, date and page of the *Fort St. George Gazette* announcing their success.

SUPERVISORS' TEST.

6. This examination is open to teachers of at least two years' standing holding trained teachers' certificates of the secondary or higher grades, to all supervisors holding permanent appointments and to others who may be specially exempted by the Director.

7. The following is the order of time and subjects according to which the examination will be conducted:—

Day.	Hour.	Subject.
Friday, 22nd April 1921 ..	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Madras Inspection Code
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Madras Educational Rules.
Saturday, 23rd April 1921	10 a.m. to 12 noon	The Grant-in-Aid Code.

Candidates must appear for all the subjects at the same time.

8. The fee for admission to the examination is Rs. 3, but departmental candidates who appear for the first time are not required to pay the fee. Such candidates should state in their applications that they appear for the first time.

9. All applications which must be on printed forms should be sent direct to the undersigned so as to reach him not *later than* the *1st February* 1921 post-paid, superscribed and addressed as follows:—

[*Application for admission to the Sub-Assistants' or Supervisors' Test (as the case may be).*]

To

The Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations,
Cathedral Post Office (Madras).

A candidate wishing to know whether his application has been received should enclose a post-card addressed to himself with his application. Covers insufficiently stamped will not be received.

Printed forms of application may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations.

10. The fees should be paid into a Government Treasury and the Treasury Officer's receipt must accompany the application. No fees will be received in this office.

11. Candidates who have to apply for exemption to enable them to appear for the tests should not remit their fees, before such exemption is granted.

12. The fee paid will in no case whatever be refunded.

13. The results of examinations will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*; no certificates of success will be issued.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 4th January 1921.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

SPECIAL LECTURES.

A course of ten special lectures on "The Early Pallavas" will be delivered by M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib S. Krishnaswami Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., M.R.A.S., F.R.H.S., University Professor of Indian History and Archæology, at the Senate House, Madras, twice a week on Tuesdays and Thursdays, public holidays excepted, commencing each day at 4 30 p.m. The first lecture will begin on Tuesday the 25th January 1921.

The lectures will be open to students taking the Honours courses in any college affiliated to the University, the students of Group VI of the B.A. Degree course taking South Indian History for their related subjects and other students recommended by the Principals of colleges and any other persons interested for whom there may be accommodation. Admission to the lectures, for which accommodation is very limited, will be by tickets only. Applications for tickets should be made to the Acting Registrar, University of Madras, not later than the 20th January 1921. The Principals of Colleges are requested to forward a list of students undergoing Honours courses in Branch V (History and Economics) and of other undergraduate students recommended for admission to the lectures. Graduates should state their degrees in their applications.

Senate House, 11th January 1921.

ELECTION.

Under Regulation 3 of Chapter VI of the University Regulations, M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Ramanni Menon Avargal, M.A., a member of the Syndicate, will vacate his seat on February 25, 1921.

In accordance with Regulation 7 of Chapter VI of the University Regulations, notice is hereby given that an election of a member of the Syndicate will be held forthwith by the Faculty of Arts and Science.

Nominations must reach the Registrar not later than Friday the 4th February 1921.

Senate House, 25th January 1921.

NOTIFICATIONS.

It is hereby notified that the award of the Johnston of Carnsalloch Scholarship of 1920 made to R. Natesan, Presidency College, Madras, has been cancelled.

It is hereby notified that the Johnston of Carnsalloch Scholarship for the year 1920 has been awarded by the Syndicate to G. Nagaswami, S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly.

It is hereby notified that the Engineering Examinations (F.E. and B.E.) of 1921 will be held at the College of Engineering, Guindy.

(By order)

K. RAMUNNI MENON,
Acting Registrar.

Senate House, 18th January 1921.

NOTICE.

The public is informed that with effect from 1st February 1921 the weekly working hours of the Madras University Library will be as follows :—

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday	..	10 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Friday	..	Closed all day.
Saturday and Sunday	..	7-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

N B.—The library closes at 12 noon on the first Saturday of each month.

F. H. GRAVELY,
Chairman, University Library Committee.

Egmore, Madras, 12th January 1921.

PRESIDENCY TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MISTRESSES, MADRAS.

Applications are invited from candidates seeking admission into the Presidency Training School for Mistresses for training in July 1921.

2. European and Anglo-Indian mistresses will be admitted into the Secondary and Elementary departments. Indian students are received only if they have been educated throughout in English.

3 The rates of provincial stipend per mensem in the following departments shall be as follows :—

Secondary department.

	Rs.
European and Anglo-Indian mistresses	20
Hindu mistresses	15

Elementary department.

European and Anglo-Indian mistresses	15

4. A guardian allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 per mensem may be given to caste Hindu women who are not permanent residents of Madras.

5. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries, the Superintendent will be prepared to admit candidates whose stipends are paid from Local, Municipal or private funds.

6. The following term fees are paid by those who wish to enter as paying students :—

	For term of six months. Rs.
Secondary department	20
Elementary department	10

7. Every candidate shall forward with her application the following certificates :—

(i) A certificate of health from a Civil Surgeon certifying that the candidate is physically fit to perform efficiently the duties of a teacher.

(ii) A certificate from a competent authority to the effect that the candidate's age is not less than 18 and does not exceed 25 years; or in the case of a candidate who has been employed continuously as a teacher in a recognized school for not less than three years, 35 years. A birth certificate is required.

(iii) A certificate of vaccination from an Inspector or a Deputy Inspector of Vaccination that candidate bears satisfactory marks of vaccination and that she has been vaccinated within the past ten years.

(iv) A certificate of conduct, signed by an Inspector, or an Assistant Inspector, or the President of a Local Board or the Chairman of a Municipal Council, or the Manager or Principal or Headmaster of a recognized College or Secondary School.

N B.—These officers should fully satisfy themselves regarding the candidate's conduct before granting the certificates.

(v) A certificate of education. The minimum requirements shall be—

(a) For Secondary department a certificate of having passed the First-in Arts examination, the Matriculation examination, the Higher examination for women, the High School examination for Europeans, the Senior Cambridge Local examination or other corresponding test, or a Secondary School-Leaving Certificate.

(b) For the Elementary department, a certificate of having passed the III Form in a European or a Secondary School, the Junior Cambridge Local examination or the Middle School examination for Europeans.

8 *Course of training.*—The Secondary and Elementary training courses will be of two years' duration each. In the case of students who have passed F.A. or the Intermediate Examination, the period of training will, however, be only one year.

9. Stipendiary students, on being admitted, shall enter into an agreement with Government binding themselves to teach for a period of two years in a recognised institution in the Madras Presidency and to appear for such examination as may be prescribed by the controlling authority.

10. Every student may be on probation for fifty working days of her training.

11. A student may be dismissed by the controlling authority for continued idleness or serious misconduct; and, if so dismissed, she may be declared unfit for employment as a teacher. If she is a stipendiary student, she shall also be required to refund the whole amount drawn by her from Provincial, Local or Municipal funds.

12. Students must reside in recognized boarding houses except when residing with their parents or guardians. Students' quarters will be visited from time to time by the Superintendent or members of staff.

13. Application for admission should reach the undersigned before 20th April 1921 and must be made on printed forms obtained from the Superintendent on application.

Presidency Training School for Mistresses,
Egmore, Madras, 8th January 1921.

M. I. BRETT,
Acting Superintendent

TRAINING COLLEGE, RAJAHMUNDRY.

Applications are invited from teachers residing in the Telugu area who seek admission into the Collegiate Department (L.T. Section).

2. *Rates of stipends.*—The ordinary rate of provincial stipend is Rs. 25 per mensem.

3. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries, the Principal will be prepared to admit candidates whose stipends are paid from local, municipal or private funds, and also candidates as free students.

4. Applications should invariably be countersigned by the manager of a recognized institution.

5. The term fee to be paid by students coming from outside the Madras Presidency is Rs. 40.

6. Brahmans will not ordinarily be admitted except on condition of residence in the Training College Hostel.

7. Every candidate should forward with his application copies of his conduct certificates and of his B.A. Diploma; the originals will have to be produced when he is admitted.

8. Every student will be on probation for fifty working days.

9. Applications for admission should reach the undersigned not later than 12th February 1921 and must be made on forms which can be obtained from the Principal.

SECONDARY TRAINING SCHOOL, RAJAHMUNDRY.

Applications are invited from teachers residing in the Northern Circars and Ceded districts (Cuddapah excepted). No teacher of less than one year's experience need apply.

2. The Matriculation or the School-Leaving Certificate Examination is the minimum general education qualification required for admission into the Secondary Department. Holders of Secondary School-Leaving Certificates should attach to their applications copies of their school and public examination records.

3. *Course of training.*—The secondary training course will be of two years' duration. In the case of students who have passed the F.A. or the Intermediate Examination the period of training will, however, be only one year.

4. *Rate of stipends.*—The ordinary rate of provincial stipend is Rs. 12 per mensem.

5. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries, the Principal will be prepared to admit candidates whose stipends are paid from local, municipal or private funds, and also candidates as free students. *Board and municipal stipendiaries should also state in their applications whether they hold permanent, sub.* pro tem. *or acting appointments.*

6. Applications must be countersigned by managers of schools and Inspectors of the circles to which the applicant belongs.

7. The term fee to be paid by students coming from outside the Madras Presidency is Rs. 20.

8. Brahmans will not ordinarily be admitted except on condition of residence in the Training College Hostel.

9. Every candidate should forward with his application copies of his conduct and general educational certificates; the originals will have to be produced when he is admitted.

10. Every student will be on probation for fifty working days.

11. Applications for admission should reach the undersigned not later than 12th February 1921 and must be made on forms which can be obtained from the Principal.

Govt. Training College, Rajahmundry,
3rd January 1921.

R. W. ROSS,
Principal.

STATE SCHOLARSHIP TO A EUROPEAN OR ANGLO-INDIAN WOMAN, 1921.

One scholarship of the value of £200 a year will be awarded annually to a European or Anglo-Indian woman.

2. The scholarship will be granted for either educational or medical training. The term 'educational training' will be construed in a wide sense and will include the following:—

(1) Training of secondary character for the teaching profession;
(2) Training in one or more branches of domestic science;
(3) Training as teachers of modern European languages;
(4) Training as music mistresses;
(5) Training as art teachers; and
(6) Training in Kindergarten methods.

3. The scholarship will be tenable in the United Kingdom or with special sanction in foreign countries for a period of three years in the first instance, with the possibility of extension in special circumstances. The scholarship will carry with it no conditions as to any subsequent career or service under Government, and no expectations of such employment will be held out.

4. The scholarship will be granted to a candidate who has passed the B.A. Degree examination of an Indian University. The candidate must produce medical evidence of physical fitness to undergo abroad the course of study proposed and must have friends or relatives in England to whom her parents or guardians would be willing to commit her guardianship during vacations.

5. The candidate to whom the scholarship is awarded will be required to proceed to England within a reasonable time from the date of her selection and to reside there for three years, or if necessary for five years, unless compelled to return sooner by ill-health. The scholarship will be payable from the date of her reporting her arrival in England. She will be provided with a free second-class passage to England and also with a free return passage if she completes the full period of residence or is compelled by sickness to return within that period.

6. Applications from candidates in the Madras Presidency who desire to be nominated for the above scholarship for educational training should reach the office of the Inspector of European Schools, Old College, Nungambakam, Madras, not later than the 25th February 1921.

7. Application should be made in the subjoined form in the candidate's own handwriting and should be accompanied by a birth certificate, a certificate of health from a Civil Surgeon, and by testimonials of character and ability.

(If original testimonials are not sent in, certified copies should be submitted).

8. The application should be accompanied by a full statement of the candidate's parentage and family circumstances, and by a list of friends or relatives in England who would take charge of her during vacation.

9. Further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Application for the State Scholarship for a European or Anglo-Indian woman to be awarded in 1921.

1. Name of applicant (in full).
2. Date and place of birth of applicant (in full).
3. Whether European or Anglo-Indian.
4. Name of father or guardian.
5. Place of residence of father or guardian.
6. Occupation of father or guardian.
7. Monthly salary of father or guardian.
8. Whether the application is accompanied by
   (a) a birth certificate.
   (b) a health certificate.
9. List of testimonials of character and capacity submitted.
10. The years in which the candidate passed the English, the second language and the optional subject branches of the B.A. Degree examination.
11. Particulars of any distinction obtained (scholarships, prizes, etc.).
12. British University which candidate proposes to enter.
13. Course of study proposed to be followed.

Postal address_____

Date_____ Signature_____

Madras, 21st January 1921.

STATE SCHOLARSHIP FOR EUROPEANS AND ANGLO-INDIANS, 1921.

Applications will be received by the undersigned from European and Anglo-Indian students of the male sex domiciled in the Madras Presidency who desire to be nominated for the State scholarship of £200 per annum tenable at a University in the United Kingdom. The scholarship will be raised from £200 to £350 per annum if the scholar is admitted to a college at Oxford or Cambridge.

2. Candidates should have completed 18 years of age and should not have completed 21 years of age on 31st March 1921; they should have attended a recognised school or college in India during the years 1919 and 1920 and should have passed the High School Examination under the Code of Regulations for European Schools in India or the degree examination of an Indian University.

3. Applications should be made in the subjoined form in the candidate's own handwriting, and should reach the Inspector's office not later than 25th February 1921. In the case of a candidate who is out of India, his parent or guardian may submit the application.

4. Each application should be accompanied by a birth certificate, a certificate of health from a Civil Surgeon, and by testimonials of character and ability. (If original testimonials are not sent in, certified copies should be submitted.)

5. The application should be accompanied by a full statement of the candidate's parentage and family circumstances.

6. Before a male State scholar leaves India to take up his scholarship, his parent or guardian should show that he has sent to the Secretary for Indian Students in London a sum of £25 for initial expenses.

7. Further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Application for the State scholarship for Europeans and Anglo-Indians to be awarded in 1921.

1. Name of applicant (in full)
2. Date and place of birth of applicant (in full).
3. Whether European or Anglo-Indian.
4. Name of father or guardian.
5. Place of residence of father or guardian.
6. Occupation of father or guardian.
7. Monthly salary of father or guardian.
8. Whether the application is accompanied by—
   (a) a birth certificate,
   (b) a health certificate.
9. List of testimonials, character and capacity submitted.
10. High school course of candidate (names of institutions attended, classes in which studied and years, optional subjects taken up).
11. College course of candidate (names of institutions attended, classes in which studied and years, optional subjects taken up).
12. Public examinations passed with class and year.
13. Particulars of any distinction obtained (scholarship, prizes, etc.).
14. British University which candidate proposes to enter.
15. Course of study proposed to be followed

Postal address ——— (Signature) ———

Date ——— *Candidate*

I certify that ——— was pupil in ———
during the School years 1919-1920.

Station ——— (Signature) ———

Date ——— *Principal (Headmaster)*

Madras, 28th January 1921.

LIST OF TEACHERS WHO HAVE PASSED THE EXAMINATION IN SCHOOL MANAGEMENT AND THE ART OF TEACHING HELD ON THE 10TH DECEMBER 1920, UNDER ARTICLE 85 (a) OF THE CODE OF REGULATIONS FOR THE EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

Rank.	Register number.	Name of candidate.	School in which employed as trained and period of training.	General education qualification.	Whether trained or untrained.	Centre of examination.	Passed in class.
			HIGH GRADE.				
1	10	Joseph Francis Christhard D'Cruz.	Doveton Protestant College, Vepery, Madras.	B.A.	Untrained.	Madras.	Second.
2	16	Frances Manuel Theobald.	St. Bede's European High School, San Thome, Madras	Intermediate Examination	Do.	Do.	Do.
			MIDDLE GRADE.				
1	8	Louie Martinson ..	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—January 1920 to December 1920.	Senior Cambridge.	Trained.	Bangalore.	First
3	6	Lucy Gillespie ..	Do do	High School ..	Do.	Do	Do.
3	9	Bridget Brennan ..	Do. do.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.	Second.
4	12	Muriel Sylvester ..	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—February 1920 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.	Do
5	11	Isobelle Maud Winter	Do. do.	Do. ..	Do.	Do	Do.
6	7	Grace Veda Lois Olsby.	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—January 1920 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.	Do.
7	20	Nellie Hall ..	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—January 1918 to December 1919.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.	Do.
8	1	Louise Cross ..	Church Park Training School for Women, Teynampet, Madras—February 1920 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Madras	Do.
	13	Doris Baptist ..	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—February 1920 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Bangalore.	Do.
10	18	Beryl Hodson ..	Do do.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.	Do.
11	3	Mabel Semmens ..	Church Park Training School for Women, Teynampet, Madras—January 1920 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Madras.	Third.
12	2	Irene D'Mello ..	Church Park Training School for Women, Teynampet, Madras—February 1920 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do	Do.	Do.
			PRIMARY GRADE.				
1	5	Mavis Banks ..	Church Park Training School for Women, Teynampet, Madras—January 1918 to December 1920.	Lower Secondary.	Trained.	Madras.	Second.
2	16	Doris Olga Louder ..	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—January 1919 to December 1920	Middle School..	Do.	Bangalore.	Do.
3	14	Doris Helen Craggs..	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—February 1919 to December 1920.	Supplementary Class Final Examination.	Do.	Do.	Do.
	15	Antonette Helen Mary Cooper.	Do. do.	Middle School ..	Do.	Do.	Do.
5	17	Teresa Bridget Buckley.	Sacred Heart Training School, Bangalore—April 1919 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.	Third.
6	4	Rose D'Cruz ..	Church Park Training School for Women, Teynampet, Madras—March 1919 to December 1920.	Do. ..	Do.	Madras.	Do.

Madras, 14th January 1921.

J. H. MELVILLE,
Inspector of European Schools.

TEACHERS' COLLEGE, SAIDAPET.

Applications are invited from candidates who seek admission into the Teachers' College, Saidapet, for training in 1921–22 in the Collegiate Department (L. P. section). Candidates from the Northern Circars and Ceded districts, excluding Cuddapah, should apply for admission into the Training College, Rajahmundry. Applications, however, from candidates residing in these districts whose language is not Telugu will be received by the undersigned.

2. The course of training extends from July to April.

3. The ordinary rate of provincial stipend is Rs. 15 per mensem. Special rates subject to the following maxima may also be sanctioned :—

	Collegiate Department.
	Rs.
Masters of Arts and B.A. (Honours)	20
Europeans and Eurasians { Masters	35
Europeans and Eurasians { Mistresses	25
Muhammedans	20
Panchamas	20
Hindu mistresses	20

4. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries, the Principal will be prepared to admit candidates whose stipends are paid from Local, Municipal or private funds, and also candidates as free students.

5. The term fee to be paid by students coming from outside the Madras Presidency is Rs. 40.

6. Applications for admission which should be countersigned by the manager of a recognized institution should reach the undersigned not later than the 1st March 1921 and must be made on printed forms which may be obtained from the Principal.

7. Every candidate should forward with his application *copies* of his conduct certificates and E.A. diploma; the originals will have to be produced when he is selected.

8. Every student shall be on probation for fifty working days.

9. There is a hostel for Brahman students. A separate section for Vaishnavite Brahmans will be opened, provided a sufficient number of names are received. Non-Brahmans and Indian Christians will be provided with rooms, but they will have to make their own arrangements for boarding. There is limited lodging accommodation for lady students.

10. No prospectus is issued by the college. All information regarding the institution will be found in the College Calendar, copies of which may be obtained from the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.

11. Managers are requested not to countersign the forms of those who have applied for admission into any of the other training institutions in the Presidency.

SECONDARY TRAINING SCHOOL, TEACHERS' COLLEGE, SAIDAPET.

Applications are invited from candidates who seek admission in July next into the Secondary Training School attached to the Teachers' College, Saidapet.

2. The Matriculation or the Upper Secondary Examination is the minimum general education qualification required for admission into the Secondary department.

Persons holding such Secondary School-Leaving certificates as are accepted by the Principal will also be admitted. Holders of Secondary School-Leaving certificates should attach *certified copies* of their school and public examination records to their applications.

3. The period of training will be two years except in the case of those who have passed the Intermediate Examination or the late F.A. Examination of the Madras University, with whom it will be one year only.

4. The ordinary rate of provincial stipend is Rs. 12 per mensem. Special rates subject to the following maxima may be sanctioned :—

	Rs.
Europeans and Anglo-Indians—	
Masters	30
Mistresses	20
Hindu and Muhammadan mistresses	14

5. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries, the Principal will be prepared to admit candidates whose stipends are paid from Local, Municipal or private funds, and also candidates as free students.

6. The term fee to be paid by students coming from outside the Madras Presidency is Rs. 20.

7. Applications should be countersigned by the manager of a recognized institution and should reach the undersigned not later than the 1st March 1921. Printed forms may be obtained from the Principal.

8. Every candidate should forward with his application copies of his conduct and general educational certificates; the originals will have to be produced when he is selected.

9. Every student will be on probation for fifty working days.

10. There is a hostel for Brahman students. A separate section for Vaishnavite Brahmans will be opened provided a sufficient number of names are received. Non-Brahmans and Indian Christians will be provided with rooms, but they will have to make their own arrangements for boarding.

11. No prospectus is issued by the college. All information regarding the institution will be found in the college calendar, copies of which may be obtained from the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.

MANUAL TRAINING CLASS, TEACHERS' COLLEGE, SAIDAPET.

Applications are invited from candidates who seek admission in July next into the Manual Training class attached to the Teachers' College, Saidapet. Only trained secondary grade teachers need apply. The course will extend from July 1921 to April 1922.

In addition to special instruction in Educational handwork, the course will include instruction in the principles of Educational Theory.

They will have to appear for the examination in Manual Training to be held in March 1922.

Ten students will be admitted. They will be granted a stipend of Rs. 10 per mensem and will be required to execute a bond to serve for three years immediately after training in a school within the jurisdiction of the Madras Educational Department.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 1st March 1921. Printed forms may be obtained from the Principal.

Applications should be countersigned by the manager of a recognised institution. Every candidate should forward with his application copies of his conduct and general educational certificates; the originals will have to be produced when he is selected.

There is a hostel for Brahman students. A separate section for Vaishnavite Brahmans will be opened, provided a sufficient number of names are received. Non-Brahmans and Indian Christians will be provided with rooms, but they will have to make their own arrangements for boarding.

Managers of schools are informed that Drawing forms a very important part of the Manual Training Course. It is suggested that drawing masters with the qualifications prescribed for admission into the Manual Training section be recommended to apply for admission.

T. V SIVAKUMARA SASTRIYAR,
Acting Principal.

Saidapet, 5th January 1921.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MISTRESSES, BELLARY.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Circle, hereby notifies for the information of the inspecting officers, managers of aided girls' schools and the head teachers of Government and Board girls' schools that candidates of the elementary grade will be admitted for training in July 1921 in the Government Training School for Mistresses, Bellary.

2. The period of training is two years in the case of students of both the elementary higher and lower grades.

The rates of provincial stipends shall be as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Stipendiaries in the elementary higher grade (those who have completed the old 7th standard or the new 8th standard course ..	10	8	0
Stipendiaries of the lower elementary grade (those who have completed the old 4th standard or the new 5th standard course)	8	8	0
Hindu mistresses of both the grades	10	8	0
Panchama elementary lower grade	9	9	0

3. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries candidates whose stipends are paid by local or municipal boards will be admitted for training. No provincial stipends will be granted to teachers who hold permanent appointments in board or municipal schools.

4. The nature of the appointments held by them (permanent, temporary, *sub grs* ram. or acting as the case may be) should be clearly stated in column 5 of the application. The application of these candidates should invariably be signed by the presidents of local boards or the chairman of the municipal councils concerned.

5. As regards the qualifications for admission only those candidates who have passed the annual examination of the III Form or the old 7th standard or new 8th standard and have been found fit for promotion to the IV Form or have been awarded an elementary school leaving certificate of the old 7th or the new 8th standard are eligible for admission into the elementary higher grade and those who have passed the late Primary examination or a corresponding public or school examination or whose attainments in the opinion of the inspecting officers are not lower than these are eligible for admission into the elementary grade. Candidates who have completed the III Form course of a secondary school will be admitted into the higher elementary grade even though they do not pass the examination. Candidates who do not possess any certificate will also be admitted for a three-year course of elementary lower grade training and be paid a stipend of Rs. 10-8-0.

6. Candidates who do not satisfy the condition of age limit under rule 114 of the Madras Educational Rules will not be selected. The age must not be less than 14 and must not exceed 25 years or in the case of candidates who have been employed continuously as a teacher in a recognized school for not less than three years 35 years.

A selection examination will be held prior to the admission of candidates into the Training school in Arithmetic, Geography and general knowledge and only those who obtain the minimum number of marks will be admitted. The papers will be set and valued by the Head-mistress, Government Training School for Mistresses, Bellary, and the examination will be held in that school.

Applications in the prescribed form signed by an inspecting officer or the president of a local board or the chairman of a municipal council or the principal or manager of a recognised secondary school with a promise of appointment after training should be sent before the close of March 1921 to the Head-mistress of the above-mentioned Training school from whom forms may be obtained. Certificates of general education and character should be attached to the application. A certificate of physical fitness will be required only from the selected candidates.

M. C. E. KARNEY,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Circle.

Bellary, 20th January 1921.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOLARSHIPS.

In accordance with the Government Industrial Scholarships Notification published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* on the 23rd November 1920 and in accordance with G.O. No. 1481, Mis., Revenue (Special), dated 12th August 1920, the following scholarships are sanctioned with effect from 1st July 1920 for periods indicated in each case:—

TENABLE FOR ONE YEAR—VALUE Rs. 7-8-0 PER MENSEM.

Number and name.	Subject	Institution in which tenable.
1. K. Ponnaiyan	Cabinet-making	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore.
2. David Devamba	Do.	All Saints' Industrial School, Puthur
3. D. Samuel	Do.	Wesleyan Mission Industrial School, Karur.
4. K. Sampson	Do.	Do.
5. J. Nanappa	Do	Do
6 D Dyanam	Do.	Do.
7 T. Charles Jacob	Do.	Do.
8. S. J. Barry	Do.	Do
9 P Edward Samuel	Do.	Do.
10. Henry Kamala	Fitting	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore

TENABLE FOR TWO YEARS—VALUE Rs. 5 AND 7-8-0 RESPECTIVELY.

1. M. Gnanadikam	Cabinet-making	All Saints' Industrial School, Puthur
2. Gnanabaranam Mesak.. ..	Do. ..	Do.
3. S Arokiaswami	Do. ..	St. Mary's Industrial School, Kumbakonam.
4. Muhammad Kasim	Do. ..	Anjuman-I-Jahe-A Tan Hamaath Vellore.
5. Devamba	Lace-making and Embroidery	C.S.M. Girls' Industrial School, Kilpauk.
6. Dolly Jacob	Do.	Do.
7. P. Esther	Do.	Do.
8. Mary Chintamani	Do.	Do
9 T. Gulfammah	Do	Do
10. J. Bakiam	Do	Do.
11. Mercy Samuel	Do.	Do.
12. Emily Lavinah	Do.	Do.
13. Elizabeth Kamalam	Do.	Do.
14. P. Gnanamani	Do	U.F.C.M. Lace School, Chinglepet
15. Mel. Muthukaruppan	Do	Do.
16. Gnana Thangam	Do.	Do.
17. V. Lydia	Do.	Do.
18. Rangithum	Do.	L.M. Girls' Industrial School, Erode.
19. Nammayi	Do.	Do.
20. M. Manuel	Agriculture ..	U.F.C.M. Agricultural School, Melrosapuram.

TENABLE FOR THREE YEARS—VALUE Rs. 5, 5 AND 7-8-0, RESPECTIVELY.

1. Sesumthikan, D.	Cabinet-making ..	St. Francis Xavier's Industrial School, Tanjore.
2. M. Gnanamuthu	Do.	Do.
3. V. A. Arokiadass	Do.	Do.
4. A. John	Do.	Wesleyan Mission Industrial School, Karur.
5. D. Ebenezer Samuel ..	Do.	Do.
6. Ehlasa Maharaja	Do	Raja's Industrial School, Pudukkottai.
7. Muhammad Abdullah ..	Do.	Anjuman-I-Ahle-I-Islam, Madras.
8 Saiyid Khaja Mohaddin ..	Do.	Do.
9. Saiyed Abdul Gafur ..	Do.	Do.
10. A. John	Do	A.A.M. Industrial School, Katpadi.
11 M. Sukarayan	Do.	Do
12 Ignatius	Do.	D.M. Industrial School, Tiruvannamalai
13. Arulappan	Do.	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Tindivanam.
14 Adaikha	Do.	Do.
15. K. Antonaswami	Do.	Do.
16. Rajamani	Lace-making	C.S.M. Girls' Industrial School, Kamptown.
17. C. Kamalam	Do.	U.F.C.M. Lace School, Chinglepet.
18. Nammadi	Do.	Do.
19. P. Muthubaranam	Do.	Do.
20 Dumanadaram	Do.	Do.
21. J. Kamalam	Do	Do.
22. P. Kamalam	Do	Do.
23. Kellam Bath	Do.	A.B.M. Girls' Industrial School, Cuddalore.
24. T. Rachal	Do.	Do.
25. E. Sundari	Do	L.M. Girls' Industrial School, Erode.
26. R. Jayamani	Do.	Do.
27. Miss Joseph	Agriculture	U.F.C.M. Agricultural School, Melrosapuram.
28. P. Devanesan	Do.	Do.
29. J. Daniel	Do.	Do.
30 J. Paul	Do.	Do.
31. M. Arokiasami	Do.	Do.
32. T. Arumanayagam	Do.	Do.
33. Thomas Sundaram	Do.	Do.
34. George Satyanam	Weaving	C.M.S. Industrial School for the Blind, Palamcottah.
35. K. Daniel	Do	Do.
36. Krishnaswami	Do.	Do.
37. James Samuel	Do.	Do.
38. Abel Rajanayagam	Do.	Do.
39. Jayavani	Do.	Do.
40. Dorothy	Do.	Do.
41. Nammadi	Do.	Do.
42 B. Arulpathy	Do.	Do.
43. Simon Peter	Do.	Do.
44 L. Pakianathan	Do.	Do.
45. S. Devasai	Do.	Do.
46. Annay Gnana	Do.	Do.
47. Nammayi	Do.	Do.
48. S. Devamani	Do.	Do.
49. Alfred Simeon	Do.	Do.
50. Pakyam	Do.	Do.

TENABLE FOR THREE YEARS—VALUE RS. 3, 5 AND 7-8-0 RESPECTIVELY—*contd.*

Number and name.	Subject.	Institution in which tenable.
81 Kaduri Thammanna	Weaving	Raja's Industrial School Pattukkottai.
82. Doddi Seeri	Do. ..	Do.
83. Kajari Ramanna	Do. ..	Do.
84 Bommana Ammiah	Do. ..	Do.
85. A. Rayappan	Fitting	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore.

TENABLE FOR FOUR YEARS—VALUE RS. 4, 3, 5 AND 7-8-0 RESPECTIVELY.

1. G. Daniel Raju	Cabinet-making ..	Wesleyan Mission Industrial School, Karur.
2. F. J. W. Gopalan	Do. ..	Do.
3 D Rosayya	Do ..	Andhra Jathoeya Kalasala, Masulipatam.
4 A. Chinnaswami	Do. ..	All Saints' Industrial School, Pathar.
5. Abdul Rasheed Khan ..	Do. ..	Anjuman-I-Ahle-I-Islam, Madras.
6. Mahammad Khadir	Do. ..	Do
7. S. Duraiswami	Do. ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Trichinopoly.
8. S. Sinnappan	Do. ..	Do.
9. V. Sebastian	Do. ..	Do.
10. S. Moradoss	Do. ..	Do.
11. A. Rayappan	Do. ..	Do.
12. M. Anthonyswami	Do. ..	Do.
13. Y. Sesu Marukam	Do. ..	St. Mary's Industrial School, Kumbakonam.
14. P Kalandi	Do. ..	Do.
15 Ameerulla Baig	Do. ..	Anjuman-I-Islia A Thal Hasanath, Vellore.
16. Abdul Majid Khan	Do. ..	Do.
17. Saiyid Habib Ali	Do. ..	Do
18 Arumainayagam	Do. ..	A A.M. Industrial School Katpadi.
19. Paul Jayaraj	Do. ..	D.M. Industrial School, Tiruvananmalai.
20. J. Devaraja	Do.	Do.
21 Paul Chandian	Do. ..	Do.
22. Nallathambi	Do. ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Trichinopoly.
23. Ambu	Do. ..	Do.
24 Soosai Marian	Do. ..	Do.
25. Devasagayam	Do. ..	Do
26. Paulus	Do. ..	Do.
27 Francis	Do. ..	Do
28. M. Soosai	Do. ..	Do
29. D Arulanandu	Do. ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore.
30. Mian Jan	Do.	Anjuman-I-Ahle-Islam, Madras.
31 Mahammad Yakoob	Do. ..	Do.
32. V. Kalandiswami	Do. ..	St. Francis Xavier's Industrial School, Tanjore.
33 S Gopala Rao	Fitting	Andhra Jathoeya Kalasala, Masulipatam.
34. M. Sobha Rao	Do. ..	Do.
35. K. Hanumantha Rao	Do. ..	Do.
36. A. S. Raj	Do ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Trichinopoly.
37 S. Joseph	Do. ..	Do
38. T. Anandapuranthan	Do ..	Do.
39. K. Ratnaswami	Do ..	Do.
40 M Manikkam	Do ..	Do
41. Arulnathan	Do. ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore.
42. F. Anthoni	Do. ..	Do.
43. R. Antoni	Engine-driving ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Trichinopoly.
44. L. Venkatswamia	Do. ..	Andhra Jathoeya Kalasala, Masulipatam.
45. J. Raja	Agriculture ..	U.P.G.M. Agricultural School, Mahamparam.
46. J Sulaiman	Do ..	Do.
47. J. Mathan	Carpet-weaving ..	Andhra Jathoeya Kalasala, Masulipatam.
48. J. Saiyid Abdur Rahim ..	Do ..	Anjuman-I-Ahle-I-Islam, Madras.
49. Ezekiel Devadasan	Rattan-work ..	Wesleyan Mission Industrial School, Karur

TENABLE FOR FIVE YEARS—VALUE RS. 1—8—0, 2, 3, 5 AND 7-8-0, RESPECTIVELY

1. Thangayya	Cabinet-making ..	S.P.G. Art Industrial School for Boys and Girls, Nazareth.
2. P. Samuel	Do. ..	Do.
3. Gnanamuthan	Do. ..	Do.
4 D. K Avanah	Do. ..	Do.
5. P. S Devadasan	Do. ..	Do.
6. S. Sesudasan	Do. ..	Do.
7. I. Dasarvadhanam	Do ..	Do.
8. C. Dewadasan	Do. ..	Do.
9. S. U. Devasirvadham	Do. ..	Do.
10. S. Jacob	Do. ..	Do.
11. P. Ayyathsami	Do. ..	Do,
12. Y. Muniswami	Do. ..	Do.
13. Nicholas	Do. ..	Do.
14. S. Savarayadu	Do. ..	Andhra Jathoeya Kalasala, Masulipatam.
15. Venkatrathnam	Do ..	Do.
16. C. Thomas	Do. ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Trichinopoly.
17. S. Moradoss	Do. ..	Do.
18 T Pathmanathan	Do. ..	Do.
19. A. Irudayaswami	Do. ..	Do.
20. D. Soosai Durairaj	Do. ..	Do.
21. A. Antoniswami	Do. ..	Do.
22. S. R. Antony	Do. ..	Do.
23. S. Gnanaprakasam	Do. ..	Do.
24. S. Maria John	Do. ..	Do.
25 N Prakasam	Do. ..	Do.
26. S. Marayyan	Do. ..	St. Mary's Industrial School, Kumbakonam.
27. I. Rathnam	Do. ..	Do.
28. Mahammad Mustapha	Do. ..	Do.
29. Saiyid Mahmood	Do. ..	Anjuman-I-Islia A Thal Hasnath, Vellore
30. Shaik Dawood	Do. ..	Do.
31. Md. Abul Gaffar Baig	Do. ..	Do.
32. A Wilham	Do. ..	Do.
33. Backiyathan	Do. ..	A.A.M. Industrial School, Katpadi
		Do.

TENABLE FOR FIVE YEARS—VALUE Rs. 1-8-0, 2, 3, 5 AND 7-8-0, RESPECTIVELY—*contd.*

Number and name.	Subject.	Institution in which tenable.
36. Marianna	Cabinet-making ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Tindivanam.
37. Gabriel	Do. ..	Do.
38. L. Joseph Frans	Do. ..	Do.
39. Abel	Do. ..	Do.
40. K. S. Sinnappan	Do. ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore.
41. M. Antony	Do. ..	Do.
42. S. Joseph	Do. ..	St. Francis Xavier's Industrial School, Tanjore.
43. B. Ragunadha Rau	Metal work (turning and fitting).	Andhra Jathiya Kalasala, Masulipatam.
44. D. Ayyaswami	Do.	Do.
45. J. Veeraswami	Do.	Do.
46. M. Lakshmada	Do.	Do.
47. J. Ramaswami	Do.	Do.
48. K. Saverimuthu	Do.	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Tiruchirapoly.
49. M. Viswanna	Do.	Do.
50. G. Veerasami	Do.	Do.
51. K. Anjaneyulu	Do.	Do.
52. A. Seshagiriahary	Do.	Do.
53. P. Amirtham	Do.	Do.
54. K. Duraiswami	Do.	Do.
55. A. Durairaj	Do.	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore.
56. Mary Johannesy ..	Weaving ..	S.P.G. Art Industrial School for Boys and Girls, Nazareth.
57. Suriahsapetnam	Do.	Do.
58. Soundaram	Do.	Do.
59. Rajamoni	Do.	Do.
60. Thayanmal	Do.	Do.
61. Rangalai	Do.	St. Francis Xavier's Industrial School, Tanjore.
62. K. Venkataramayya ..	Do.	Andhra Jathiya Kalasala, Masulipatam.

2. The above scholarships are debitable to the head "Government Scholarships in Industrial Schools" under "24-E. Scientific, etc., Departments—Miscellaneous—Development of Industries."

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Director of Industries.

Madras, 19th January 1921.

GOVERNMENT LOWER ELEMENTARY GRADE TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MUHAMMADAN WOMEN, GUNTUR.

Application for admission to the above Training School should be sent before 31st March 1921 to the Headmistress of the school in the prescribed form which will be supplied on request. The candidates for admission must sit for a selection examination in Hindustani, Arithmetic, Geography and Nature Study in the Government Training School for Muhammadan Women, Guntur. Those who obtain the required number of marks will be selected.

Those who have no promise of appointments must bind themselves to go wherever they are sent as per proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction. Preference will be given to those who have completed the course of standards higher than the fifth, which is the minimum qualification required for admission into the school. A stipend of Rs. 10-8-0, and a guardian allowance of Rs. 5 will be given to those who come from outside Guntur. All students from outside receiving guardian allowance must join the hostel.

The Government pays the rent of the hostel building, the allowance of the warden and the wages of the waterman. All other charges, such as the pay of the cook, lighting charges and other contingencies, should be borne by those who join the hostel; these will not exceed Re. 1 per head. The following certificates must be sent along with the applications:—

(1) Educational certificate.

(2) Conduct certificate.

(3) Age and health certificate from a registered medical practitioner on behalf of the selected candidates only.

M. C. E. KARNEY,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Circle.

Bellary, 21st January 1921.

SECONDARY TRAINING CLASS ATTACHED TO THE CEDED DISTRICTS COLLEGE, ANANTAPUR.

Applications are invited from teachers residing or serving in the Ceded districts for admission into the above class for the year 1921-22.

2. The Matriculation or the S.S.L.C. Examination is the minimum general education qualification required for admission. Holders of Secondary School-Leaving Certificates should attach copies of their school and public examination records to their applications, the originals being produced on the date of admission.

3. The ordinary rate of provincial stipends is Rs. 12 per mensem.

4. In addition to the provincial stipendiaries the undersigned will be prepared to admit candidates whose stipends are paid from local, municipal or private funds and also candidates as free students.

5. Applications should invariably be countersigned by the manager of a recognized institution or by an inspecting officer, and should be accompanied by a medical certificate issued by a competent Medical officer of the Madras Government. Teachers in local fund or municipal service should clearly give in their applications information as to whether they hold permanent or sub *pro tem.* or acting appointments in the schools to which they are employed and whether they have permanent lien on any other appointments in case they are sub. *pro tem.* or acting.

6. Every candidate should submit with his application copies of his conduct certificates, the originals being produced on the date of admission

7. Every student will be on probation for fifty working days.

8. Applications for admission should reach the Principal not later than the 15th March 1951 and must be made on printed forms which can be obtained from this office or from the office of the Inspector of Schools, Fourteenth Circle, Anantapur, or from the office of the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, Bellary.

9. The period of training will be for two years In the case of students who have passed the late F.A. Examination or the present Intermediate Examination in Arts, the period will, however, be only one year.

A. ARULANATHAM,
Principal

Anantapur, 20th January 1951.

QUEEN MARY'S COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, MADRAS.

Queen Mary's College for Women is a Government college which prepares students for the Intermediate Examination of the University in the compulsory subjects and in the subjects required for Group III, and also for the B.A. Degree Examination (Pass course) in Part I and Group V of Part II.

At present students taking Groups I and II of the Intermediate course attend lectures at the Presidency College. Conveyance is provided.

The college is affiliated to the University of Madras in Group III of the Intermediate course and in Group V of the B.A. Pass course.

The aim of the college is education in the widest sense of the term. The Principal and staff reside in the College Hostel, and exercise watchful care over the moral and physical welfare of the students.

The practice of their own religious observances by students of all creeds is encouraged by the college.

The Principal of the college is Miss D. de la Hey (History Hons.-Oxford, Teachers' Diploma—London).

Professors—
Miss G. C. McCormick (M.A.—Dublin, Teachers' Diploma—London).
Miss K. Myers (B.A.—Honours, English Literature Hons.-Oxford, Teachers' Diploma—London).

Assistant Professors—
Miss I. Gunther (B.A., L.T., Teachers' Diploma—Cambridge)
Miss T. Joseph (B.A.—Honours)
Miss M. Tomlinson (M.A., L.T.).
Miss C. N. Nallamutto Ammal (B.A.—Honours).

The fees are levied at the following rates :—

	For the long term.		For the short term	
	If paid in advance.	By five equal instalments.	If paid in advance.	By five equal instalments
		Intermediate.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Either part	25 0 0	15 0 0	5 0 0	3 0 0
Whole course	26 0 0	27 0 0	15 5 0	10 5 0
		B.A. Pass Course.		
Part I	15 2 0	17 3 0	10 2 0	10 0 0
Each group of Part II ..	30 0 0	17 3 0	10 0 0	10 0 0

The college offers a certain number of scholarships—
Hindu widow scholarships at Rs. 26 per mensem.
College scholarships at Rs. 9 per mensem for Intermediate course and Rs. 14 for the B.A. course.
Scholarships taking the form of whole remission of fees and other special scholarships.

In all cases these scholarships can be awarded only to applicants who have good qualifications and who are genuinely in need of such assistance.

The college is located on the Marina. New buildings have been constructed, which provide comfortable hostel accommodation for students.

The Hostel.—Hostel accommodation is organised in three sections—
(a) European—(1) Rs. 24 per mensem; (2) Rs. 15 per mensem
(b) Indian Christian—(1) Tamil-Telugu food; (2) Malayali food. About Rs. 12 per mensem.
(c) Caste Hindu—(1) Brahmin and vegetarian. Tamil-Telugu food.
(2) Malayali vegetarian.
(3) Malayali non-vegetarian.
(4) Non-vegetarian—Tamil-Telugu food.
About Rs. 15 per mensem.

Games fee Rs. 1 per term.

These charges cover all necessary items of board and lodging, except dhobi and hot baths. All necessary furniture is provided, including cot and mattress. Rooms are allotted according to seniority.

Each hostel resident must, on arrival, give to the Principal a deposit advance of Rs. 25, or Rs. 18, or Rs. 12 according to section.

Hostel bills are presented for payment at the end of each month.

Applications for admission should be addressed to the Principal, Queen Mary's College for Women, Mylapore Post Office, Madras. Printed forms of application can be had from the Principal. They should give the full name, age, caste or creed of the applicant, information as to previous education (if possible a secondary school-leaving certificate should be attached) and the course of study desired. If this is for the Intermediate examination, the group chosen should be stated with the language for Part I-B and the subjects for Group III, if this is selected. *They should also state whether hostel accommodation is required, and if so, in what section.*

Applications should be signed by a parent or guardian who should indicate his official position or social status.

The college will reopen after the ensuing summer vacation on Monday the 4th July 1921.

Queen Mary's College for Women, Mylapore,
Madras, 20th January 1921.

D. DE LA HEY,
Principal.

FINAL EXAMINATION FOR THE DIPLOMA OF L.M.P.—DECEMBER 1920.

It is hereby notified that the undermentioned medical pupils have been declared to have passed the final qualifying examination for the Diploma of L.M.P. conducted by the Board of Examiners, Medical College, in December 1920 :—

No.	Name of the pupil.	School from which passed out.
1.	K. V. Ramanayya	Vizagapatam.
2.	P. E. Rajaratnam	Tanjore.
3.	L. Viraswami	Vizagapatam.
4.	H. Ameria Raj	Rayapuram.
5.	T. O. S. Iyerman	Madura.
6.	T. K. Gopala Rao	Tanjore.
7.	R. Varaha Narasimham	Rayapuram.
8.	R. Krishnamurthi	Vizagapatam.
9.	M. Ekambaram	Rayapuram
10.	T. Challapathi Rao	Do
11.	V. N. Sankaran	Do.
12.	S. Narayanan	Do.
13.	T. Duraiswami	Do.
14.	S. Natarajan	Do.
15.	K. T. Varga	Do.
16.	P. Sekharan	Do.
17.	T. R. Jagannathan	Tanjore.
18.	S. J. Rangachari	Rayapuram
19.	Miss E. A. Santhanmal	Do.
20.	P. V. Narasinga Rao	Madura.
	D. Williams	Do.
21.	M. Jagga Rao	Rayapuram.
22.	P. K. Rajagopal Nayudu	Do.
23.	P. Sirish	Do
	P. K. Sanjeevarayan	Do.
24.	N. Soundarapandian	Tanjore.
	S. Natarajn Arunalalar	Rayapuram.
25.	M. Gopala Menon	Madura.
26.	A. V. Suryanarayanan	Nayapuram.
27.	R. Anantakrishnan	Do.
28.	M. Venkata Rao	Do.

Madras, 17th January 1921.

NOTIFICATIONS.

With reference to the notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 16th November 1920, Part I-B, page 745, inviting candidates for the grade of private L.M.P. pupils, the undermentioned candidates have been selected for admission as private pupils and posted to Rayapuram Medical School for training. They should join the Medical School, Rayapuram, at once.

Name.	Address.
K. S. Vaithinathan	Care of K. S. Subramonian, 302, Linga Chetti Street, Georgetown, Madras.
T. K. Rameshandran	16, Vachatarayar Street, Park Town, Madras.

Madras, 18th January 1921.

With reference to the notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 16th November 1920, Part I-B, page 743, inviting candidates for the grade of private L.M.P. pupils, the undermentioned candidates have been selected for admission as private pupils and posted to Medical School, Tanjore / Rayapuram for training. They should join the Medical School, Tanjore / Rayapuram, at once :—

Name.	Name of School.	Address.
David Paul	Tanjore	Y.M.C.A. Lodge, Chintadripet, Mount Road, Madras.
K. Suryaprakasa Rao	Rayapuram	328, Thambu Chetti Street, Georgetown, Madras.
Ch. Satyanarayana	Do.	Yazali, Chandole Post, Guntur district.
M. Y. Thiagarajan	Do.	20, Narayana Mudali Street, Georgetown, Madras.
A. Chakrapani	Do.	28, Krishnappa Street, Sowcarpet, Madras.

Madras, 19th January 1921.

With reference to the notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 16th November 1920, Part I-B, page 743, inviting candidates for the grade of private L.M.P. pupils, the undermentioned candidates have been selected for admission as private pupils and posted to Tanjore Medical School. They should join the Medical School, Tanjore, at once:—

Name.	Address.
Dronam Raju Ramachandra Rao ..	Tanuku, Kistna district.
Ch. K. Durga Prasada Rao ..	Morsepet, Tenali.
K. Kalyanasundaram ..	Son of V. Krishnamurti Ayyar, Senior grade Sub-Assistant surgeon, Tirupanandal, Tanjore district.
T. E. Sundaresan ..	Do.

Madras, 14th January 1921.

With reference to the notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 16th November 1920, Part I-B, page 744, inviting candidates for the gradeof private L.M.P. pupils, the undermentioned candidates have been selected for admission as private pupils and posted to Medical School, Rayapuram, for training. They should join the Medical School, Royapuram, at once.

Name.	Address.
C. Pushpavela ..	C/o C. Loganatha Mudaliyar Avargal, Pleader, Ponneri.
P. James Bhashyam ..	1/13 St. Xavier Street, Georgetown, Madras.
G. V. Krishnamurthi ..	Student of Intermediate arts, Kalikota College, Berhampur, Ganjam district.
P. Thiruvengadam ..	C/o P. Thanpavelu Mudaliyar, No. 8 Naitapillaiyar Coil Street, Georgetown, Madras.
T. N. Vathimathan ..	2/113 Ramaswami Street, Georgetown, Madras.
M. V. Krishna Rao ..	Masulakanti Venkata Krishna Rao, Masulakantivari lane, Chatrapur, Ganjam district.
Makarla Muralidhara Rao ..	302 Trivatiyar High Road, Tondiarpet, Madras.
B. Tej Singh ..	Vinchpet, Berwada, Kistna district.
M. Satyanarayana ..	C/o M. B. Madhavaswami, Bazaar Street, Parlakimedi, Ganjam district.
Pantapati Peddayya ..	Kattamuru, Peddapuram taluk, Godavari district.
J. O. Babu Rau ..	45 Malayappan Street, Mannady, Georgetown, Madras.
Duvvuri Suryanarayana ..	C/o M.R.Ry. Peri Narayanamurthi Avargal, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil, Madhava Bagh, Mylapore.

Madras, 17th January 1921.

With reference to the notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 16th November 1920, Part I-B, page 743, inviting candidates for the grade of private L.M.P., pupils the undermentioned candidate has been selected for admission as a private L.M.P., pupil and posted to Medical School, Royapuram, for training. He should join the Medical School, Royapuram, at once.

Name.	Address.
K. Vasudevan ..	94, Coral Merchant Street, Georgetown, Madras.

(By order)

A. C. INGRAM, Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 21st January 1921.

The managers, correspondents and head teachers of all girls' schools in the Trichinopoly and Madura districts are hereby informed that all their correspondence should be addressed to the "Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Trichinopoly Girls' range, Teppakulam."

The portion of the Tanjore district which was included in the Trichinopoly girls' range has been annexed to the new Tanjore girls' range and all correspondence should be addressed to that range officer.

P. L. TREMENHEERE,
Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools.

Trichinopoly, 7th January 1921.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Chirakkal taluk has been included in the Malabar Girls' range and that therefore all communications and inquiries relating to the Elementary Girls' schools in that taluk should henceforward be addressed to the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Malabar Girls' range, Calicut.

S. V. RAMANATHA AYYAR,
Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Malabar Girls' Range.

Calicut, 17th January 1921.

The South Arcot district having been constituted into a separate Circle styled the Fifteenth Circle, with headquarters at Cuddalore, Inspecting Officers and Headmasters and managers of schools are requested to address all communications to the Inspector of Schools, Fifteenth Circle, Cuddalore. The office of the Assistant Inspector of Schools, South Arcot district, has been kept in abeyance with effect from the 22nd December 1920.

T. S. KRISHNAMURTI,
Inspector of Schools, Fifteenth Circle.

Cuddalore, 25rd December 1920.

A pupil by name Mantha Sitaramayya who sought admission into the IV Form of the P.R. College, Cocanada, by false representation, is expelled for the school year 1920–21 in Proceedings Dis. No. 8321, dated 14th December 1920 of the Director of Public Instruction, Madras. He shall not be admitted into any recognized school during the period.

K. GURUSWAMI REDDIYAR,
Inspector of Schools, Second Circle.

Rajahmundry, 4th January 1921.

The Managers, Correspondents, Headmasters and Headmistresses of all girls' schools, Inspecting Officers and Presidents of Local Boards are hereby informed that a new office of the Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools styled as Tanjore Girls' range having jurisdiction over the whole of Tanjore district, with headquarters at Tanjore, has been formed with effect from 27th December last.

Communications and inquiries relating to the education of girls so far as it relates to Tanjore district may be kindly addressed to the Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Tanjore Girls' range, Tanjore.

N. GOVINDA AYYANGAR,
Sub-Asst. Inspector of Schools, Tanjore Girls' Range.

Tanjore, 6th January 1921.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that, with effect from 7th January 1921, a new circle styled the Fourteenth Circle has been formed, comprising the districts of Anantapur and Cuddapah, with headquarters at Anantapur. All communications relating to the two districts should be addressed to the Inspector of Schools, Fourteenth Circle, Anantapur.

C. T. PARTHASARATHI MUDALIYAR,
Inspector of Schools, Fourteenth Circle.

Camp Cuddapah, 10th January 1921.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that a new office styled "The Office of the Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Palghat Girls' Range" comprising the following taluks, Palghat, Walavanad, Ernad, Ponnani, Cochin and Anjengo in the Malabar district with headquarters at Palghat, has been formed with effect from the 4th of January 1921.

Managers and correspondents and heads of elementary girls' schools and presidents of taluk boards and chairmen of municipal councils in these taluks are requested to correspond with the undersigned in all matters concerning elementary girls' schools.

E. VINCENT,
Sub-Asst. Inspectress of Schools, Palghat Girls' Range.

Palghat, 10th January 1921.

Managers, Correspondents and Heads of Girls' Schools in the South Arcot district are hereby informed that all correspondence relating to girls' schools in the South Arcot district should in future be addressed to the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

M. A. SHREENIVASA,
Acting Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Southern Circle.

Trichinopoly, 10th January 1921.

It is hereby notified for the information of the Managers and Head Teachers of all Girls' schools, Presidents of Taluk Boards, Chairmen, Municipal Councils and all those who are interested in the education of girls that a separate Girls' range was opened for all the Girls' schools in the Kistna district with headquarters at Bezwada. All communications relating to the Elementary Girls' schools in the Kistna district should hereafter be addressed to the Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kistna Girls' range, Bezwada.

P. S. RAMA SARMA,
Sub-Asst. Inspector of Schools, Kistna Girls' range.

Bezwada, 18th January 1921.

The public, the departments of Government other than Educational, and local bodies are hereby informed that there are two Government Training schools in Guntur (excluding the Muhammadan Training School) one Secondary and the other Higher Elementary and that to ensure correct delivery of letters, the Headmaster should be addressed:—

Headmaster, Government Secondary Training School, Guntur

or

Headmaster, Government Higher Elementary Training School, Guntur

as the case may be.

W. B. BRIERLEY,
Inspector of Schools acting in Fifth Circle.

Guntur, 23rd January 1921

ERRATUM.

In the Gazette Notification dated 5th January 1921 inviting applications for admission into the Manual Training Class, in paragraph 3, lines 1 and 2, *omit* 'The selected candidates. . . . Secondary grade teachers,' and the word 'also'

T. V. SIVAKUMARA SASTRIYAR,
Acting Principal, Teachers' College.

Saidapet, 17th January 1921.

VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS stating age, qualification (both general and professional), present appointment and pay and previous experience as teacher are invited from Muhammedan candidates for appointments to teachers' posts in the Government Islamich Secondary School, Trichinopoly, on Rs. 35, 30, and Rs. 25 plus usual temporary additions to pay. The applications should reach this office on or before 1st February 1921 and should be submitted through present employers.

T. K. VENKATARAMAN,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Ninth Circle.

Salem, 10th January 1921.

WANTED a trained and certificated Instructor in Shorthand and Typewriting for the Central High School, Mercara, from 1st June 1921. Salary Rs 60. The post is a permanent one. Applications should be sent to the Headmaster.

M. S. H. THOMPSON,
Acting Headmaster, Central High School.

Mercara, 14th January 1921.

WANTED immediately a qualified S.S.L.C. holder with experience of accounts to act as second clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Fifteenth Circle (Temporary), pay Rs. 25+10. Apply to the Inspector of Schools, Fifteenth Circle, Cuddalore N.T., before 31st January 1921.

T. S. KRISHNAMURTI,
Inspector of Schools, Fifteenth Circle.

Cuddalore, 14th January 1921.

WANTED for the Government Training School for Mistresses, Bellary, two trained women teachers of the Secondary grade on a salary of Rs. 60 + 12 per mensem each. Applications stating age, present employment, together with testimonials of good conduct and character, should be sent to this office before the 15th February 1921.

WANTED for the Government Secondary School for Mistresses, Anantapur, two trained Mistresses of the Secondary grade on Rs. 40 + 12 per mensem each. Applications stating age, present employment, together with testimonials of good conduct and character, should be sent to this office before the 16th February 1921.

M. C. E. KARNEY,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Circle.

Bellary, 14th January 1921.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 4] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25, 1921. [Price, 2 as. 6 p.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS. NOVEMBER 1920.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Government Technical Examinations held in November 1920 in the subjects under which their names appear:—

A notice will be published in Part I B of the *Fort St. George Gazette* in the month of March stating when and to whom applications should be made for certificates.

[*N.B.—Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer papers will not be attended to.*]

MUSIC (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

Second Class.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3052 K. Zachariah	Madras.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

First Class.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	1619 S. Ayyaperumal Asari	Trivandrum.
2	2360 G. R. Krishnaswami	Mysore.
	2382 T. Balaji Lal ..	Madras.
	44 Patnala Appa Rao ..	Chicacole.
	880 Lella Kota Subba Rao ..	Rajahmundry.
4	1170 R. S. Rangappa ..	Karur.
	1821 P. C. Maryamma ..	Trivandrum.
	2066 A. K. Gopala Pillai ..	Ernakulam.
	2089 Ignatius ,, ..	Do.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
	2170 T. S. Venkataroma Ayyar ..	Ernakulam.
	2191 C. Illathiri Variyar Ammal ..	Do.
	2040 Vadasseri Narayanan Nayar ..	Palghat.
4	3798 Pavanji Bijanga Rao ..	Bangalore.
	2826 Ourpur S. Narayana Rao ..	Do.
	2072 Kaviyuri Balasundaram Pillai ..	Madras.
	2077 A. Rajabhadhar Mudali ..	Do.
	2081 F. John Devasrvadam ..	Do.

Second Class.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
15 Binayak Misra	Berhampur
34 Markando Rai	Do.
24 Jagannatha Panda	Do.
26 Lingaraja Misra	Do.
27 Bhima Behera	Do.
30 Kunisetti Appalaswami ..	Do.
40 Godavarish Mahapatro ..	Do.
66 Bhanam Satyanarayana ..	Chicacole.
67 Tirupati Appalaswami ..	Do.
68 Bhagirathy Maharti ..	Do.
70 Dasarathi Mahapatro ..	Do.
83 Chilukuri Jagga Rao ..	Do.
85 Alavilli Kalidas ..	Do.
100 J. A. Abdul Mojid ..	Parvatipore.
112 Asuri Tandava Krishna Ramanajeyya.	Do.
119 Bhadrigiri Jagannatham ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
134 Kanri Narasaiah ..	Vizianagaram
136 Mantenda Lakshma Narasimham ..	Do.
136 Koka Chiranjeevamma ..	Do.
137 Kattula Appalaswamy ..	Do.
138 Pulagurla Chalapati Alfi ..	Do.
139 Kasanga Gudigna ..	Do.
140 T. E. Konjar Guri	Do.
160 Gorigami Satyanaryana ..	Do.
178 Bhagavatula Venkataramanayya ..	Vizagapatam.
179 Nemani Appalanarasimham ..	Do.
181 Gertrude Sundaram ..	Do.
189 Sivasamayya Dinavahi ..	Do.
191 Patamata Lakshmanasimham ..	Cocanada.
206 Bhamidimarri Kameswara Rao ..	Do.
207 Brahmarayala Krishnamurti ..	Do.
212 Mahadhara Sitaramayya	Amalapuram.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE)—*cont.*

Second Class—cont.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
223 Gollavilli Venkata Narasimha Acharlu	Anakapalle.
224 Vadapalli Raghava Acharlu ..	Do.
225 Gautam Satyanarayana	Do.
246 Kambhatla Satyanarayana	Do.
261 Vadali Satyamurty	Do.
282 Karipeddi Venkatalingam	Rajahmundry.
283 Vakkalanka Satyanarayana ..	Do.
338 Muhammad Qamaruddin	Do.
384 Muhammad Ayteeduddin	Do.
337 Pattabhiram Suryanarayanamurti ..	Do.
338 Malapaka Satyanarayanamurti ..	Do.
341 Gopalapuram Venkatanarasimhayya	Do.
342 Varada Venkata	Do.
343 Ayyagari Venkata Gopalakrishna Rao.	Do.
344 Vangari Venkatanarasimham ..	Do.
345 Mulagapati Suryanarayana Raju ..	Do.
346 Tummuri Sriraya	Do.
347 K. Samuel Palmer	Do.
348 Pandrala Seshagiri Rao	Do.
352 Kushiboina Venkatasubba Rao ..	Narsapur
381 Sripada Subba Rao	Do.
394 Muhammad Gulab Ali	Do.
395 Jakkaraju Jagannadham	Do.
429 Repaka Satyanarayanamurti ..	Do.
439 Gadapalli Venkatarayana	Ellore.
444 Kandi Kanakayya	Do.
447 Ejaja Ramamurti	Do.
449 Pinedari Somayya	Do.
480 Chaverdra Gopalakrishnayya ..	Masulipatam.
481 Walundoora Anjaneyulu Aryulu ..	Do.
482 Vedula Venkata Sastri	Do.
483 Pardam Sankara Ramanatham ..	Do.
492 Somarti V. Nageswara Rao ..	Do.
493 Bhattiprolu Perumbadevi	Do.
511 Jasti Narayana Asari	Bezwada.
541 Kristada Simharaju	Do.
547 Varsha Narasimha Rao	Guntur.
577 Kondana Venkataramanna Rao ..	Do.
581 Bandarupalli Hanumanta Rao ..	Do.
582 Dasuja Lakshmiramanna Rao ..	Do.
603 Yelaswarapu Venkateswaram Sastri	Do.
624 Ata Subbaharayam	Do.
638 Annaswarapu Venkata Ramayya ..	Do.
642 Nandiraju Subba Rao	Do.
645 Kanuri Rangunatham	Do.
697 Kamtheria Sesavatarcharlugam ..	Do.
679 Gariam Venkata Gopal Rao ..	Bapatla.
682 Gutla Venkata Subbayya	Do.
709 T. John Elisha	Ongole.
723 Tummuri Venkateswarulu ..	Nellore.
724 N. S. Rangaswami	Do.
740 Tupili John	Do.
751 Randam Venkata Subba Rao ..	Do.
758 Muramalla Hanmayya	Do.
780 Maddinapalli Viswanatham ..	Karnool.
781 Kalvala Chavan Subba Rao ..	Do.
788 Nathanpati Samuel	Do.
796 Kanasan Subba Rao	Do.
797 Cherpalli Malayya	Nundyal.
792 P. Mirza Nahiuddin Khan	Do.
793 K. S. Narayana	Do.
816 Korapati Jacob	Bellary.
831 Gunti Ramachandrayya	Do.
835 Kattar Pam Sastri	Do.
836 M. Lakshmana Rao	Do.
837 Kornetti Sagappa	Do.
850 Kuku Sreramulu Nayudu	Cuddapah.
861 A. Nattuvakshayya Nayudu ..	Do.
862 Shaick Fakir Sahib	Do.
863 Syed Shah Badruddin Sahib Khadri	Do.
868 Kanakadi Pethanna	Do.
870 Mysura Varahanna Asari	Do.
871 Chin-na Syed Hussain	Do.
878 Mutyala Subbayya	Do.
901 Alamkonam Srinivasayya	Chittoor.
902 K. Hanumantaya Pillai	Do.
904 R. Anjaneyulu Naydoo	Do.
905 Parvur Changanna Nayudu	Do.
906 Pandiamuri Viswanathayya ..	Do.
907 Arni Chandrakanayulu Naydoo ..	Do.
908 Mangapatam Ramakrishna Pillai ..	Do.
917 L. Kuppuswamy	Do.
918 Pattur Nandabalu	Do.
919 Vavilala Muniappa Chetti ..	Do.
920 Kotamu Raghava Acharlu	Do.
931 Atharaju Venkatanarasimha Rao ..	Do.
932 Gambiram E. Solomon	Do.
934 G. Jayaram Pillai	Do.
935 G. A. Ratnam Pillai	Do.
936 D. Kuppuswami Pillai	Chingleput.
939 A. G. Lakshminarasimha Acharlu.	Chingleput.
1009 S. Rajagopala Ayyangar	Kumbakonam.
1010 S. Venkatesam	Do.
1016 A. Gurudaswami	Do.
1044 E. Kuppuswami Ayyar	Do.
1075 V. Venkataramam	Do.
1076 S. Sankarlal	Do.
1077 D. S. Krishnaswami	Do.
1078 G. Perumal Nayudu	Do.
1079 V. Kalyanaraman	Do.
1080 P. V. Rajagopalan	Do.
1081 K. Balasubrahmanya Ayyar ..	Do.
1082 K. Ranga Achari	Do.
1083 K. Kamaswami Ayyangar ..	Do.
1124 K. V. Narayanaswami Ayyar ..	Tanjore.
1128 K. V. Ramaswami Ayyangar ..	Do.
1129 K. Nateen Ayyar	Do.
1137 G. V. Sattiswami Ayyar ..	Do.
1138 S. Pichamutha	Do.
1139 K. Ramaswami Ayyangar ..	Do.
1150 S. Ramachandra Ayyar	Do.
1151 T. C. Swaminatha Rao	Do.
1156 V. Arjunam	Karur.
1157 K. S. Jyanandam	Do.
1158 J. Manoah	Do.
1159 M. Gompon	Do.
1160 P. David	Do.
1161 D. Samuel	Do.
1162 S. Tambidorai	Do.
1163 J. Jonas	Do.
1174 K. V. Palaniahmanyam	Do.
1175 V. I. James	Do.
1214 H. D. Dora Raj	Trichinopoly.
1240 K. V. Sundram Ayyar	Madura.
1241 S. Subrahmanya Ayyar	Do.
1269 K. Ramanjulu	Do.
1270 K. Tirumalaswami Ayyangar ..	Do.
1272 G. Ramanatha Ayyar	Do.
1273 R. Balasubrahmanyam	Do.
1278 K. Sankaran	Do.
1274 T. S. Duraiswami	Do.
1276 S. Malayappa	Do.
1276 L. Kuppi	Do.
1278 A. Pakkiasami	Do.
1268 S. Jesu Maria Athanayam ..	Negapatam.
1269 S. Paul Raj	Do.
1241 V. Devadas Tyagaraj	Tirunevelly.
1242 Ram Sreenivasa	Do.
1313 M. Sivagnani	Do.
1345 T. S. Anantakrishna Ayyar ..	Do.
1346 M. Kandaswami Odhuver ..	Do.
1342 N. Raja Nayudu	Do.
1345 M. Kantal Subladram	Do.
1366 N. Subba Rao	Do.
1367 R. S. Vaidyanatha Sarma ..	Do.
1368 V. P. Pichchayya	Do.
1369 T. S. Nagayya	Do.
1370 P. Muthayan Pillai	Do.
1372 J. Joseph	Do.
1366 Mallula Subbaji Asaluri ..	Palamcottah.
1317 M. Kannan Pillai	Travandrum.
1374 Sriram-akrishna Ayyar	Do.
1377 P. G. Narayan	Do.
1378 T. M. Mathew	Do.
1379 M. P. Somman	Do.
1380 K. O. John	Do.
1381 M. M. Abraham	Do.
1382 K. Govinda Pillai	Do.
1384 G. Padmanabha Pillai	Do.
1385 M. Achi	Do.
1386 M. Akka	Do.
1385 V. K. Kanjamma	Do.
1386 M. K. Murikutti	Do.
1703 J. E. George	Do.
1741 V. Jacob	Do.
1719 A. M. Chidambaram Asari ..	Do.
1738 G. Ramachandra Ayyar	Do.
1734 Subbiyanna Ponnayya	Do.
1742 P. N. Nayanan	Do.
1743 V. A. Sankaran Asari	Do.
1744 V. C. Varki	Do.
1779 C. Chariamkin Pillai	Do.
1783 N. Sulapani Wariyar	Do.
1784 T. K. Mathew	Do.
1783 D. Vedamani	Do.
1849 K. Velappan Pillai	Do.
1845 R. Kolappan Asari	Do.
1428 P. G. Krishnan Nayar	Do.
1831 Chennan Thoppan Nambadi ..	Do.
1832 A. V. Narayanan	Do.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE)—cont.

Examn Centre—cont.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1938 P. Narayanan	Trivandrum.
1939 N. Ramakrishna Pillai	Do.
1941 M. A. Kumaraswamy Pillai	Do.
1943 G. Krishna Pillai	Do.
1947 M. K. Nilakanta Pillai	Do.
1948 K. C. Janaki Ammal	Do.
1951 A. K. Kunjuraman	Do.
1959 K. C. Nilan	Do.
1959 K. C. Natti	Do.
1965 J. Parudisam	Do.
1966 N. T. Thomas	Do.
1975 K. Sankara Pillai	Do.
1976 S. Kanagaba	Do.
1977 T. Cherian	Do.
1978 Mary Benedict	Do.
1980 A. P. Kuttappa	Do.
1981 N. Lakshmi	Do.
2015 N. P. Pattan	Do.
2063 P. C. Chacko	Do.
2078 K. G. Ravi Varma	Trichinopoly.
2079 M. P. Raman Pillai	Do.
2084 Lagatha	Do.
2087 K. S. Krishnan	Do.
2088 K. Kunjan	Do.
2089 Pyidherpheyd F. Krishnan	Do.
2090 Pushkaranil Raman	Do.
2091 Parukal Ayyapphetti	Do.
2092 Vallappillil Sridhara Menon	Do.
2100 M. K. Krishna Pillai	Do.
2101 T. M. Gopala Kurup	Do.
2130 Mary Magdalen	Do.
2131 Augus	Do.
2133 Barbara	Do.
2134 Cecilia	Do.
2135 Seraphina	Do.
2136 Teresa	Do.
2178 Ganapati Ayyar	Do.
2179 K. K. Narayana Pillai	Do.
2181 K. P. Kunjan	Do.
2182 P. Kunjan Pillai	Do.
2183 M. V. Kesavan Nayar	Do.
2184 K. Gopalan Nayar	Do.
2185 K. P. Nilakanta Pillai	Do.
2189 K. P. Sridharan Pillai	Do.
2187 P. R. Raman Nayar	Do.
2188 P. Rama Pankhay	Do.
2190 G. V. Ravi Varma Raja	Do.
2192 K. I. Cheeka Kuttagal	Do.
2195 E. Joseph	Do.
2196 A. C. Varki	Do.
2197 Gnanaraj, John Thomas	Do.
2198 S. R. Mary	Do.
2199 K. A. Varki	Do.
2201 P. R. Velayan Menon	Do.
2203 K. Narayana Pillai	Do.
2204 Chan Cherian	Do.
2205 K. Sankrishna Ayyar	Do.
2206 K. Kunjan Pillai	Do.
2207 Thomas Vathukunnan	Do.
2208 P. Krishna Pakki	Do.
2209 M. P. Sridhara Menon	Do.
2210 N. Madhavi Ammal	Do.
2211 K. Gopala Pillai	Do.
2212 A. M. Rosa	Do.
2213 K. M. Chakko	Do.
2214 C. K. Joseph	Do.
2268 R. V. Subrahmanya Ayyar A.	Trichur.
2269 K. Kerala Varma Thirupad	Do.
2270 C. J. Joseph	Do.
2271 W. F. Mary	Do.
2272 J. Jetmanna	Do.
2273 N. M. Mathimmal	Do.
2274 C. F. Lydia	Do.
2276 T. E. Narayana Ayyar	Do.
2277 M. K. Sankaran	Do.
2278 V. K. Ramachandran	Do.
2279 M. J. Teresia	Do.
2280 K. S. Anantaraman	Do.
2281 Edwana Madhavan	Do.
2282 Kattakkitodath Raman Menon	Do.
2284 Ballali Damodara Menon	Do.
2431 C. Narayana Nayar	Do.
2412 M. Sankara Menon	Do.
2313 K. Raman Pillai	Do.
2314 Varanseri A. Kumaran	Do.
2315 Kuttani Raman Nayar	Do.
2317 V. K. Kutta	Do.
2319 Panakal C. Pylonni	Do.
2320 V. Parameswaran Nemburi	Do.
2321 D. Narayanan	Do.
2322 T. G. Raghava Pulaval	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2323 V. Gopala Pillai	Trichur.
2337 C. Lingayya	Mysore.
2343 Y. Subrahmanya Raja	Do.
2344 Thimmakadla Shamanna	Do.
2346 Appayya	Do.
2347 R. Rangaswami Ayyangar	Do.
2348 K. Sankara Reddy	Do.
2349 V. Prathamiah	Do.
2351 B. S. Channa Ramappa	Do.
2352 K. Chik Nanjappa	Do.
2611 Basavaji Sivanabhai	Do.
2379 Malakte K. Narayana Ayyangar	Do.
2385 Virathappala Lingappa	Do.
2388 Jnanavilabha Rangaswami Ayyangar	Do.
2392 S. Abdul Rahim	Do.
2402 Rayadrug Ramachandra Rao	Bangalore.
2478 K. Suryanarayana Setty	Do.
2483 Kunnur Subba Rao	Do.
2484 Tambur Siddalingayya	Do.
2485 Tambur S. Venkateswara	Do.
2486 Tambur Munuswami	Do.
2487 M. Muhammad Ali	Do.
2517 C. Hanumantha Achar	Do.
2518 Nagapalli Chakravarti Seshu Acharlu	Do.
2520 C. M. Ramachandra Mudali	Do.
2521 Bangalore K. Munjappa	Do.
2522 N. Ramayya	Do.
2523 Nalband Niyaz Sahib	Do.
2524 M. Kesavabhyam Nayudu	Do.
2525 M. S. Gopalaswami Mudali	Do.
2537 Sellakattara M. Chengappa	Mercara.
2543 K. G. Subrahmanya Ayyar	Salem.
2560 K. R. Narasinga Rao	Do.
2576 P. Somasundaram	Do.
2571 K. Venkatrama Nayudu	Do.
2572 K. Nanjayya Pillai	Do.
2592 N. Subrahmanyam	Calculators.
2594 G. Dandasam	Do.
2596 Samuel Arulappan	Do.
2598 P. A. Subrahmanyan	Do.
2597 S. Gopalan	Do.
2598 K. Tirumalai Venkatachalam	Do.
2611 K. Mariaswami	Do.
2612 V. G. Ramanujam	Do.
2615 Tathamaral S. Ramaswami Ayyar	Palghat.
2632 P. A. Venkatarama Ayyar	Do.
2633 K. V. Vaidyanathan	Do.
2634 R. S. Anantarayan	Do.
2637 Kanguvath Achyuta Menon	Do.
2639 Manikath Kelikrishna Menon	Do.
2640 Mannath Kalyan Ammal	Do.
2708 A. D'Cua	Calicut.
2724 E. Kalu Nambiyar	Do.
2739 G. K. Pavanya Ayyar	Do.
2740 Pashu Krishnan	Do.
2741 Madathara Cheria Kannan	Do.
2743 K. Cherukoran	Do.
2749 P. C. Srinivasyan alias Kanhiya-nayan Rank.	Do.
2747 Pathavath Chanda	Do.
2748 Chemjula Kunnan	Do.
2753 Myra Vernam	Mangalore.
2764 Gertrude Pinto	Do.
2765 Winifred Mary Rosebhurst	Do.
2766 Jessie Carreya	Do.
2767 M. Teresa John	Do.
2768 Appoline Pinto	Do.
2769 F. M. Nawyani Ammal	Do.
2773 Caroline Susan	Do.
2780 Raman Gojar	Do.
2781 Rosalia Satyavratha	Do.
2782 Thayapala Kunder	Do.
2783 I. M. Ebenezy Philip	Do.
2797 Ekbal Gopal	Do.
2817 K. Muhyaprana Upadya	Do.
2818 Appanjala Kamanayya	Do.
2819 K. B. Shaikh Hamad	Do.
2820 John G. Rego	Do.
2821 Katil Ramakrishnayya	Do.
2822 M. Sankaranarayana Rao	Do.
2824 M. Narasayya	Do.
2197 Allaj Rajaratnam Narayana Rao	Madras
2804 R. T. Jivanatnam	Do.
2805 Gertrude Clara Thomas	Do.
2806 Gnana Nagyam	Do.
2854 S. Panarattha Raba	Do.
2856 V. A. Jagadeswara Pillai	Do.
2857 M. S. Duraiswami Naycdu	Do.
2858 Kathleen Cecelia Chetty	Do.
2861 Ivy Gladys Browne	Do.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE)—*cont.*

SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2860 Winifred Vandepatt ..	Madras.
2861 Mama Hoha Ispatl ..	Do.
2862 Devayya Naimpon ..	Do.
2863 P. D. Philip Pillai ..	Do.
2865 P. S. Sesha Ayyar ..	Do.
2866 K. S. Iswara Rao ..	Do.
2867 A. Gangadi Mudali ..	Do.
2868 G. Qadir Hussain ..	Do.
2869 Payanam Sangabhaiyan ..	Do.
2870 M. Saleem Nayakar ..	Do.
2871 Kamavarapu Venkata Krishna Rao ..	Do.
2872 P. Subrahmanyam Pillai ..	Do.
2876 S. Mahadeva Asari ..	Do.
2876 P. Gunnayya Nayudu ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2878 Kakular Balasundara Mudali ..	Madras.
2879 E. Gangadharam Nayakar ..	Do.
2880 P. Chanchayya Nayudu ..	Do.
2883 L. Subbakrishna Ayyar ..	Do.
2891 Haffar Hussain ..	Do.
2892 Jaffer Hasan ..	Do.
2893 T. Muhammad Ali ..	Do.
2877 D. Sankaranarayanan ..	Do.
2879 V. Padmanabha Rao ..	Do.
2885 Rahyya Solomon ..	Do.
3113 I. Syed Akbar Sahib ..	Do.
3114 Syed Khaja Mesh ..	Do.
3134 Chavan Krishnaji Rao ..	Do.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (ADVANCED GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2815 Kilikkapparambil Cooby Joseph ..	Madras.
2845 Benjamin Ommen ..	Do.
2847 Kavaripakkam Matam Mudali ..	Do.
2863 B. M. Parameswaran ..	Do.
2869 Joseph Dawson ..	Do.
2896 K. Venkatasubba Ayyar ..	Do.
2901 Dasarlapudi Virabhadram Nayudu ..	Do.
2902 K. Ganga Reddi ..	Do.
2904 P. S. Padmanabhan ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2924 T. V. Annamalai Asari ..	Madras.
2943 M. Kirban Moses ..	Do.
2951 R. Padmanabha Pillai ..	Do.
2952 K. Padmanabha Pillai ..	Do.
2110 Udumalpet V. Krishna Rao ..	Do.
3123 M. L. Thiruvengadam ..	Do.
3131 A. Palani Chetlayya ..	Do.
3133 Kommadura Narasimha Asharl ..	Do.

DESIGN (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	208 Nagabatula Duvvasadam ..	Cocanada.
	2748 Kanyarathal Damarikutti ..	Calicut.
2	209 Tammalapalli Venkataratnam ..	Cocanada.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	2353 H. G. Karumanal ..	Mysore.
2	2873 S. A. Gurupadam Pillai ..	Salem

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
42 Gilali Somanath Asharl ..	Bezwada.
42 Mandava Seshaiya Rao ..	Do.
44 Challa Balasamyamma ..	Do.
46 Kyamsender Mann ..	Do.
47 Kshatriyan Achara ..	Do.
72 Kuna Chenchu ..	Chicacole.
85 Alavilli Kshtdi ..	Do.
119 Pasi Apanna ..	Parvatipur.
142 Chilkuri Venkataswami ..	Vizianagram
183 Vajhala Annayya Sastri ..	Vizagapatam
222 Mahalinga Sitaramayya ..	Amalapuram
225 Gudiwarti Venkata Narasimha Asharl ..	Do.
227 Sangala Ramamurta ..	Do.
240 Kandhagla Satyanarayana ..	Do.
241 Vadali Sitayya ..	Do.
242 Kurra Krishnamurti ..	Do.
272 Kasa Pandirikshdi ..	Ellore.
271 Jeeyala Singayya ..	Do.
273 Malagala Ranga Rao ..	Do.
276 Kalangi Balasundaram ..	Do.
279 Kavuta Ramamurtu ..	Masulipatam.
280 Chevendra Gopalakrishnayya ..	Do.
281 Miryala Suryanarayana Rao ..	Penumda
278 Gampapalli Subbamma ..	Do
284 Pottaru Vira Anjaneyulu ..	Guntur
289 Peter Solomon ..	Nellore.
759 Gummineni Subbayya Nayudu ..	Do
780 Polukompalli Venkata Ranga Rao ..	Do.
781 K. Muhammad Farhar Babjee ..	Kurnool.
782 Shaikh Ahmad ..	Do.
784 Afghan Muhabab Khan ..	Do
807 Nissa Rangappa ..	Bellary
906 K. Anjaneyulu Nayakar ..	Chittoor.
908 Bandlamudi Viswanathayya ..	Do.
907 Arni Chandrasekharulu Nayakar ..	Do.
909 Chittoor Ananda Rao ..	Do.
911 Vavilala Mangapa Chetti ..	Do.
926 P. Chakravarti Pillai ..	Chingleput.
2071 M. Dasarathi ..	Kumbakonam
2082 K. Ranga Asharl ..	Do.
2085 K. Tiruvenkata Asharl ..	Do.
2086 D. Muttaramal Appatham ..	Do.
2087 S. Venkataraman ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1132 S. Viraraghava Ayyangar ..	Tanjore.
1133 O. S. Duraipram ..	Do.
1209 S. Pani Raj ..	Nazareth
1311 A. I. Nammasi ..	Do
1312 M. Lazar ..	Do.
1350 N. Subba Rao ..	Tinnevelly.
1520 Ernestus J. Lopez ..	Trivandrum.
1529 K. Mathayan Asari ..	Do
1647 S. Nataraja Pillai ..	Do.
1692 P. Srinivasan Potti ..	Do.
1693 D. K. Govinda Kartha ..	Do.
1694 V. N. Thomas ..	Do.
1748 N. Velu ..	Do.
1750 S. Narayanan ..	Do.
1735 Sankaralinkam Ori ..	Do
1739 Vedakkan Kalyanam ..	Do.
1745 T. E. Varghese ..	Do.
1747 K. Narayanan Thambi ..	Do.
1760 T. Velayudhan Chetti ..	Do
1779 R. Parameswaran Pillai ..	Do.
1796 A. Raghavan ..	Do.
1787 S. Palapani Wariyar ..	Do.
1788 A. K. Narayana Karup ..	Do.
1792 D. Vedamani ..	Do.
1810 D. Thomas ..	Do
1917 K. Ranga Ayyangar ..	Do.
1971 M. Sankara Pillai ..	Do.
1983 A. Shanmugam Pillai ..	Do
1997 L. Nilakantan ..	Do.
2001 Samuel Joseph ..	Do.
2003 T. C. Sarah ..	Do.
2004 P. P. Chacko ..	Do.
2005 K. C. Vargese ..	Do.
2006 R. Bhargavan Pillai ..	Do
2008 K. Parman Pillai ..	Do.
2012 V. G. Vargese ..	Do.
2016 V. Parameswaran Ayyar ..	Do.
2018 K. K. Thomas ..	Do.
2022 K. C. Chacko ..	Do.
2024 Abrata Jesanadanam ..	Do.
2026 T. Thomey ..	Do.
2111 C. S. Madhavan Nayar ..	Ernakulam.
2113 K. R. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Do.

DESIGN (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*concld.*

SECOND CLASS—*concld.*

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
2204 Ouse Cherian	Ernakulam.
2216 K. Krishna Pillai	Do.
2232 T. Krishna Nayar	Do.
2233 M. T. Raghavan Pillai	Do.
2239 T. K. Kesavan	Do.
2231 P. Cheekoo	Do.
2222 V. V. Joseph	Do.
2276 K. Valu	Trichur.
2275 V. P. Narayana Ayyar	Do.
2240 K. Minakshi Ammal	Do.
2261 T. J. John	Do.
2262 K. K. Kelunny	Do.
2263 K. Krishnakutti Menon	Do.
2264 C. A. Muhammad Hassan	Do.
2266 Edumana Muthavan	Do.
2244 Thiruvadulla Shivarama	Mysore.
2246 Appayya	Do.
2245 Mysore N. Kesavajayya	Do.
2254 M. Channabasappa	Do.
2266 G. S. Chokkanna	Do.
2267 Mysore P. Vasudeva Amrit	Do.
2244 Mysore S. Sadguna Das	Do.
2426 Bangalore S. Narasimha Rayudu	Bangalore.
2458 Bayapiyag Rathnachandra Rao	Do.
2469 Karkatte Venkataramba Setti	Do.
2458 K. Sitarama	Do.
2464 K. Lakshmi Ammal	Do.
2026 Bangalore K. Chikkarajulu Nayudu	Do.
2041 K. Kalvan	Salem.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
3014 Sanur Jambulingam Mudali	Coimbatore.
2701 Annaswami Sarma	Calicut.
27 0 Purushottapuli Reddi	Do.
2718 Palpuramadil Parakkal Ammal	Do.
2717 Puliparambil Kuiyan Ammal	Do.
2756 C. T. Ashwoian	Do.
2761 Madayyil Gopalan	Do.
2648 P. Nalla Rao	Madras
2658 C. Venugopal	Do.
2667 A. Ganapati Madan	Do.
2668 G. Guru Rosan	Do.
2748 Kayanna Ringshanayim	Do.
2378 M. Nanda Nay kar	Do.
2411 Kavarapu Venkata Krishna Rao	Do.
2974 P. Subrahmanyam Pillai	Do.
2981 K. Balagiri Chetti	Do.
2986 N. Alexander Nayudu	Do.
2987 P. Tirthagiga Rao	Do.
2988 S. Parthasarathi Reddi	Do.
2990 K. Govindayalu Nayudu	Do.
2991 C. S. Saminatha Mudali	Do.
3002 M. Subbarayan Mudali	Do.
3054 P. S. Ganapati Nayakan	Do.
3005 A. Devaraj Sayakar	Do.
3006 A. Jesudas Pillai	Do.
3124 S. Tyagarajan	Do.
3126 C. Abdul Rahman	Do.
3130 D. Gunga Ratnavathi Ammal	Do.

DESIGN (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
344 Velleyil Kondala Rao	Vizianagram.
369 Muhammad Ghanoodin	Rajahmundry.
299 K. Jagannayakulu Nayudu	Do.
356 Takala Sukla Rao	Do.
360 Ketagiri Uma Satyanarayanasarma	Do.
361 Lakkoju Narasimha Achari	Do.
1370 P. Madhava Pillai	Tinnevelly.
1378 V. Vaidyanthan Nayar	Do.
1384 G. Mi hail	Do.
1774 N. S. Narayana Ayyar	Trivandrum.
1809 A. John	Do.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
1810 V. K. Raman Pillai	Trivandrum.
2020 V. Kunjunarayan	Do.
2068 G. Achuten Pillai	Ernakulam.
2233 C. S. Sundaram Ayyar	Do.
2 36 S. Sivaramakrishna Nayar	Do.
2647 M. V. Narasimha Ayyangar	Bangalore.
3007 P. T. Daood Pillai	Madura.
3008 S. Kilalimuruti	Do.
3009 D. Ramanadam Naykar	Do.
3010 S. S. Ramaswamy Pillai	Do.
3023 Vangur Ram swami Mudali	Do.
3137 K. V. Pudyanathan	Do.

DESIGN—WALL AND WINDOW DECORATION (ADVANCED GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit	Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
1	3133 A. Palani Chariyar	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
3140 A. Kazin Joseph	Madras.

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit	Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
1	2786 Puthiyatetan Krishnan Nayar	Calicut.
2	2045 M. P. Kunja Mazhkar	Trivandrum.
3	952 N. Raja-ratnam	Chittoor
4	2 04 K. Perumpi Pillai	Trivandrum.
5	98 Akella Lakshmanarayana	Chicacole.
	3093 D. Subramanya Pantulu	Tanjore.
6	1868 Desiraju Jaggannatha Rao	Bangalore.
8	746 Cherukuri Sitaramayya	Kurnool.
	81 6 Kattuta Kuppuswami Nayudu	Madras.
	12 6 A. Pethiraj ami	Madura.
10	1099 V. K. Cheriyan	Trivandrum.

Number in order of merit	Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
11	73 Nimmala Venkata Rao	Chicacole.
12	374 Ghanta Pattiyya Rahasam	Rajahmundry.
	473 Anjugula Kanya Rao	Kistna
14	1478 C. S. Somaiswami	Madura.
	887 V. N. Rangan tha Pillai	Chingleput.
16	2252 Puliparambil Antony Sahaya Padan	Ernakulam.
17	1100 V. Narayana Pillai	Trivandrum.
18	830 W. S. Silas	Nagapatam.
	3151 P. Sundaraja Ayyangar	Madura.
21	958-A Kodakala Peraiya Sastri	Guntur

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
49 Hanumantha Panigrahi	Berhampur.
85 Kuppada Venugopalam	Do.
92 Tanuduna Kotha	Do.
91 Pakalapati Venkata Rathnamurti	Chicacole.
152 Lanka Venkataramana Prasada Rao	Vizianagram.
572 Ramawarapu Narayanamyamurti	Rajahmundry.
573 Kanchanala Venkata Subbayya	Do.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
599 Pamula Venkateswarulu	Narasapur.
4 6 Manga Radhakrishnamurti	Do.
617 Kakku Venkateswarulu	Bezwada.
648 Undavarapu Suryanarayana Rao	Guntur.
733 Koppala Gudoon	Do.
757 Uppalapati Lakayya	Nandyal.
796 C. Raja Sastri	Do.
938 K. Raja Ayyar	Chittoor.

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE)—cont.

SECOND CLASS—cont.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
995 P. Chakrapani Pillai	Chingleput.	1015 S. Kolappan Asari	Trivandrum.
1013 G. Lakshmanan	Kumbakonam	1027 T. Chenna	Do.
1035 V. Palaniswami	Do	2008 R. Bhargavan Pillai	Do.
1139 S. Anjam Rao	Tanjore.	2010 M. Lazarus	Do.
1140 M. Rangaswamy Pillai	Do.	1820 T. O. Joseph	Do.
1143 T. R. Balakrishna Pillai	Do.	2035 Pattanaswami Ayyar	Do.
1144 A. Jnanasundaram	Do.	2036 S. A. Venkatachalam Ayyar	Do.
1161 S. Ramaswami Pillai	Trichinopoly.	2038 K. N. Kesavan Asari	Do.
1195 T. Subrahmanyam	Do.	2047 Ummati Thomas	Do.
1196 T. Rukmini	Do.	2048 S. M. Chacko	Do.
1218 A. K. Sethuraman	Do.	2051 Thomas G. Sharam	Do.
1220 P. S. Varadarajan	Do.	2120 M. K. Krishna Pillai	Trivandrum.
1270 S. Malayappan	Madura.	2226 K. P. Rachal	Do.
1276 J. Essaki	Do.	2247 S. Krishna Pillai	Do.
1277 M. Ramaiah	Do.	2251 Angelina Mary	Do.
1311 A. I. Nesamani	Namakkal.	2276 V. R. Narayana Ayyar	Tellicherry.
1312 M. Louis	Do.	2281 Mysore S. Sadgara Das	Mysore.
1340 P. Subramania Asari	Tinnevelly.	2101 P. G. Krishnan	Do.
1361 N. Vedia Asari	Do.	2 78 J. Mahadevan	Salem.
1364 G. Michael	Do.	2014 Sayed Jamboolinga Mudali	Coimbatore.
1381 M. M. Abraham	Trivandrum.	2028 Leo S. Dias	Mangalore.
1403 D. K. Govinda Kartha	Do.	2011 M. Kandaswami Mudali	Madras.
1404 V. K. Thomas	Do.	2004 Al K. Pangavala Nayanar	Do.
1507 C. John Abraham	Do.	2030 G. R. Nalan Ayyar	Do.
1508 S. Ala Sankara Pankar	Do.	2031 Alla edu Doreiyala Nayudu	Do.
[illegible] Asari	Do.	2089 P. Kolandaswami Pillai	Do.
1745 T. S. Varghese	Do.	2145 S. Sadhanandam	Do.
1780 N. Velayudam Pillai	Do.	2102 Vellore S. Muthumani Mudali	Do.
1810 V. K. Raman Pillai	Do.		

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING (ADVANCED) GRADE.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1827 T. M. Ekanatha	Tinnevelly.	2269 N. Ramaswami Nayudu	Mysore.
1829 C. K. Lakshmana Ayyar	Trivandrum.	2288 B. M. Parameswaran	Madras.
1865 P. Narayana Pillai	Do	2316 C. Venkatachala Ayyar	Do.
28 A. G. Aaliyarpan Pillai	Ernakulam.	2160 P. L. Nagesa Rao	Do.
2268 Y. Nagaraja	Mysore.		

PAINTING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	1314 P. Isaac Mathayya	Namakkal	2	2981 Duvvuluparti Viswanadha Nayudu.	Madras.
2	441 Nand m Sahkara Ramachandra	Mangalapuram		2068 S. Krishnamurti	Do.
	2464 K. G. Jacob Asari	Mysore.		2069 G. Sambandam Nayakar	Do.
	2981 T. Balaji Lal	Madras.			

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
295 S. Jagannayakulu Nayudu	Rajahmundry.	2080 C. Joseph	Trivandrum.
319 Pulla Satyanarayana Murti	Do.	2044 Manikath Madhavan Nambiar	Ernakulam.
350 Vaniamati Venkata Rao	Do.	2210 Elenkuyan ambal Geeby Joseph	Do.
356 M. Moosa	Do.	2458 S. K. Kesava Pillai	Do.
381 Tamada Narayanayya	Do.	2032 V. R. Gopalakrishna Ayyar	Tellicher.
371 Alaka Pattaya Brahmam	Do.	2534 C. Narayana Menon	Do.
373 Sripada Jagannatha Rao	Do.	2816 Mysore N. Somasundaraya	Mysore.
702 Pala-amalli Venkata Ranga Rao	Bellary.	2570 Malaya Venkatakrish naya	Bangalore.
903 D. Gangatharan	Chingleput.	2746 Palpu Sankal Parambil Ammal	Calicut.
1011 M. Devanthi	Kumbakonam.	2917 Pulparambil Kalyani Ammal	Do.
1018 G. Lakshmanan	Do.	2788 Shenbagode Parambil tanna Rao	Mangalore.
1048 K. Lakshmipal	Do.	2793 ravanya Bhanga Rao	Do.
1084 S. Natesan	Do.	28 6 Gangai K. Narayana Rau	Do.
1130 Ramanujam Ayyar	Tanjore.	2871 Kasaraja Venkata Krishna Rao	Madras.
1208 A. Gopalarama	Tinnevelly.	1473 P. Subbarayan Pillai	Do.
1264 J. Nagamuthu Pillai	Madura.	2010 S. Venkatachala Ayyar	Do.
1276 A. Gopalarama	Do.	2013 T. K. Dasathayala Nayudu	Do.
1279 V. Kalyanam Nayar	Do.	3001 C. R. Gurudevaraja Mudali	Do.
1285 T. S. Viswanathan	Do.	3010 S. R. Kuppuswami Pillai	Do.
1319 C. K. Lak hmana Ayyar	Trivandrum.	3012 P. V. Krishnan Nayar	Do.
1383 S. Velayudhan Asari	Do.	3011 R. Padmanabha Pillai	Do.
1384 Mary Julia	Do.	3012 K. Padmanabha Pillai	Do.
1721 N. S. Kuppuswami Ayyar	Do.	1353 Kongadam Narasimha Achari	Do.
1782 S. Venkatachalam Ayyar	Do.	2145 M. Sridharam Lal	Do.
2042 V. Kuppuswamiar	Do.	3178 Mu anattakam V. Rajagopala Varma.	Do.

PAINTING (ADVANCED GRADE)

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2991 K. Ganga Reddi	Madras.	2918 M. Sundara-natha Nayakar ..	Madras.
2993 P. S. Peda-nandiar	Do.	2917 Mir Basharat Ali	Do.
3002 C. S. Selvaraja Mudali	Do.	2946 K. Rama Menon	Do.
3054 Cavaipakkam Valyam Murgabhandu Ayyar	Do.	2915 P. V. Paty	Do.
		2955 C. Gangaya Acharya	Do.

MODELLING (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	3018 Maryappa	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3053 T. Dhanvijaya Pillai	Madras.	3131 A. Pitchi Chetty	Madras.

MODELLING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	3134 T. V. Annamalai Asari	Madras.
	3047 P. Kandaswami	Do.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3054 E. Dhanvati Pillai	Madras.

WOOD-ENGRAVING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	3004 P. S. Ganpati Nayakar	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1997 P. Tholasinga Rau	Madras.	3005 R. Sambandam Mudali	Madras.
2018 S. Parthasarathi Mudali	Do.		

COPPER-PLATE-ENGRAVING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	3006 A. Jeevaka Pillai	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3005 A. Devaraja Nayakar	Madras.	3012 G. Devaraja Pillai	Madras.

COPPER PLATE-ENGRAVING (ADVANCED GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	3038 O. Munuswami Mudali	Madras.
	3013 S. Raja Nayakar	Do.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3018 K. Venugopal Pillai	Madras.

JEWELLER'S WORK (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2952 S. P. Rudraian	Madras.

JEWELLER'S WORK (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3038 M. S. Arunagam Mudali	Madras.

(By order)

D. A. HOSDAY,
Secretary.

Office of the Comm. for Govt Exams.,
Madras, 18th January 1921.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1920.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS held in November 1920 in the subjects under which their names appear :—

A notice will be published in Part I-E of the *Fort St. George Gazette* in the month of March stating when and to whom application should be made for certificates.

[N.B.—*Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer papers will not be attended to.*]

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

First Class.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	1358 M. P. Samuel	Karur.
2	1161 S. K. Moses	Do.
3	3142 Dhavaprasam David	Do.
4	864 C. N. Alexander	Salfapet.
5	865 David Abraham	Do.
6	1686 S. Guruswami	Kumbakonam.
7	1030 R. Nagarajan	Kumbakonam.
8	1378 Evelyn Mathuram	Palamcottah.
9	1614 K. Sockalinga Pillai	Trivandrum.
10	1775 V. Venkatarama	Do.
11	1814 M. Muhammad Ali	Do.
12	2012 Thayil Ousaki	Madras.

Second Class.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1 Narasimha Parishka	Bezhampur.
3 Govinda Pandu	Do.
4 Gopal Rama Pati	Do.
5 Nataram Pathi	Do.
6 Jagannath Pandu	Do.
9 Khalil Saha	Do.
10 Seeri Reddy	Do.
18 Nanda Venkataramana	Do.
19 Lakshmana Patra	Do.
21 Lakshmanarayana Panigrahi	Do.
32 Mahantha Singh	Do.
36 Bimayka Mahanti	Do.
38 Subananda Maharana	Do.
37 Radhakishna Maharana	Do.
79 Isaiyanarayanlu	Do.
72 Narayana Pannah	Do.
82 Mridata Padhi	Chicacole.
75 Pallaja Pidda Rao	Do.
70 Raghupatinni Appalaswami	Do.
92 Sathana Venkata Rao	Do.
94 Tenneti Satyanarayana	Parvatipur.
97 Mudal Parahari	Do.
98 Adhikari Sarupa Nayudu	Do.
101 Nutala Appala arudiahan	Do.
116 Vadli Sannaswami	Do.
125 Vadlamani Annapa Sastri	Do.
136 Akasapu Appalaswami	Vizianagram.
153 Vemulakonda Sitaramaswami	Do.
157 Nemila Kameswa	Do.
168 Orugonti Krishnaprabhum	Vizagapatam.
180 Pakki Venkata Ramanayya	Do.
183 Kakita Venkataswami	Do.
200 Gorla Jivaratnam	Do.
187 Chittilla Ramamurti	Do.
171 Baru Seshu Rao	Do.
172 Chinna Virabhadra Rao	Do.
176 Gollapalli Mangayya	Do.
178 Lanpa Somayajulu	Do.
177 Karampu Narasimham	Do.
187 Kayapu u Lakshmanarayana	Cocanada.
194 Chennakhi Ila Sumbangulu	Do.
195 Gutala Viswanatham	Do.
199 Alluru Narasabhamurti	Do.
201 Kachipudi Appa Rao	Do.
203 Pathapati Samuel	Do.
210 Bendada Ramalingam	Do.
212 Sunnala Sitaramayya	Amalapuram.
213 Nidamarnuvulu Ranga Rao	Do.
214 Godavarti Purushottam Rao	Do.
218 Dongabanda Rama Rao	Do.
219 Kambhatla Appalaraju alias Appalaraju	Do.
220 Devibha i Satyanarayanamurti	Do.
231 Irukil Soma anna Rao	Do.
233 Vadlamudi Satyanarayana	Do.
243 Sista Venkata Satyanarayana	Do.
247 Pasapala Tatayya Nayudu	Do.
258 K.V. Virabhadra Rao	Do.
260 Rekha Gopala Rao	Do.
264 Ashanla Radhakrishnamurti	Do.
259 Chakamuri Chinna Narayana Ashanla.	Rajahmundry.
263 Durba Venkataramanayya	Rajahmundry.
250 Pulavi Ramamurti	Do.
261 Chavali Viswanatham	Do.
264 Nitala Seshannadham	Do.
281 Mandapati Narayanagadi Achari	Do.
285 Kopparti Venkanna	Do.
288 Subbath Venkatayyami	Do.
271 Ishata Sitaramayya	Do.
272 Venkatkanda Appa Rao	Do.
273 Gangamla narayya	Do.
276 Ibata Sriramula	Do.
277 Pharavajjhu Venkatarayya	Do.
278 Diptimohan i Bhadrachala Ramamurti.	Do.
279 Kota Peddayya	Do.
280 Chengalkhi Suryanarayana Raju	Do.
285 Syed Yahindadin	Do.
290 Muhammad Ismail Khan	Do.
294 Nittala Somasundaram	Do.
295 K adapadi Viyanna	Do.
296 Chennamla Vira Subrahmanyam	Do.
297 Durbha Venkata subramanyya	Do.
298 Abulla Satyanarayanamurti	Do.
300 Chennamla Venkata subba Rao	Do.
302 Deva patli Anantham	Do.
303 Boddapati Suryanarayanamurti	Do.
305 Vanamali Venkata Avadhani	Do.
306 Mukka Ramamurti	Do.
307 Pidaparthi Venkata Sitarama Sastri	Do.
308 Cherukupati Venkatarama Sastri	Do.
311 Kasinambatti Ramabhadra Rao	Do.
312 Pilleramati Srimanula	Do.
313 Allam Narayana Raju	Do.
310 Vasa Surayya	Do.
315 Nagireddi Chokampati	Do.
316 Dasari Satyanarayana	Do.
324 Gorsam Viranamal	Do.
312 Mahamayabu Venkata Krishnadurga Rao	Do.
326 Pasapatli Emmanuel	Do.
325 Kakarapati Ramamurti	Do.
321 Tadapalli Lakshmanayya	Do.
329 Venkata Nagaraju	Do.
331 Bera Raja Rao	Do.
332 Medavarapu Nageswara Rao	Do.
336 Kanagala Ayyanna Sastri	Do.
339 S. Appalli Satyanarayana	Do.
341 Pavilimarri Venkata Subbarayudu	Narsapur.
342 Tolati ramaswami	Do.
343 Narangunti Raghava Achari	Do.
345 Bathiboina Venkatanarayya	Do.
347 eripada Rammurti	Do.
350 Kampati Satyanarayana	Do.
360 Kota Venkataswamulu	Do.
401 Vajrapayanula Virabhadrudu	Do.
402 Pulabhatlam Viswanadh	Do.
404 Addepalli Sarvi Chetti	Do.
411 Chavali Sitarammurti	Do.
417 Dasina Satyanarayanamurti	Do.
419 Medapati Ve Reddi	Do.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*cont.*

SECOND GRADE—*cont.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
425 Chennavenda Parmeswaram ..	Ellore.
430 Sadhu Anantaramayya ..	Do.
431 Salbiraju Venkatramayya ..	Do
435 Kandadai Vydula Desika Acharyulu	Do
439 Thattagam S. Krishnamurthi ..	Do
445 Gurugantipalle Sarvaiya ..	Do.
446 Kandi Satyanarayana ..	Do.
451 Muhammad Akbar ..	Do.
467 Cherukuvada Tatalava Patti ..	Do.
466 Gudavalla Ramayya ..	Do
492 Bommi Venkata Nayudu ..	Do
494 Abdul Razak ..	Do.
495 Gouti Zahan ..	Do
473 Mavalanadi Parameswara Rao ..	Masulipatam.
476 Ammetti Venkata Subba Rao ..	Do.
477 Kachakalla Sitlikharyana Rao ..	Do.
478 Samarapalle Ramalakshman ..	Do.
483 Venkatam Narayana Acharj ..	Do.
495 Mandigi Gopalakrishnayya ..	Do.
504 Y. Elizabeth ..	Do.
497 Gorada John Devanathan ..	Do
498 Manaalag si Viranghavayya ..	Narsapur
523 Maryala Sarvanarayana Rao ..	Do
524 Kanda Raghavayya ..	Guntur.
538 Tellaprasada Gopalakrishna Rao ..	Do.
536 Chemperi Venkata Subba Rao ..	Do.
546 Krishnaswghala Venkatanarasimham.	Do
548 Salabhu Sitamayya ..	Do.
550 Vendapalli Subbarama Sastri ..	Do.
551 Chinta Lakshmayya ..	Do.
548 Tallapu Ramayya ..	Do.
546 Manchalla Kanakayya ..	Do
554 Talluri Kotayya ..	Do
547 Gandori Narayanna ..	Do.
569 Velagapalle Swarna Ratnam ..	Do.
577 Kanduri Pani Sastri ..	Do.
580 Kanchibhatla Kamalambayya ..	Do.
581 Hanumanta Vajhala Narasimham ..	Do.
583 Pasupati Subba Rao ..	Do.
595 Subbaya Venkata Hanumanta Rao ..	Do.
598 Lella V Rama Sastri ..	Do.
605 Nagam Rajagopayadu ..	Do.
602 Cheruvu Subrahmanyam ..	Do.
603 Jasan Paramboddam ..	Do.
606 Kakarapurti Sarveswa Rao ..	Do.
612 Shaikh Mohammad Sahib ..	Do.
618 Dingi Doramadam ..	Do
623 Yakala George ..	Do.
624 Madasi Prabasa Rao ..	Do.
629 Bhogavalla Mallikarjuna Rao ..	Do.
635 Pisapati Raghavayya ..	Do.
669 Pelamuru Sivaswayya ..	Do.
668 Aduri Paparya ..	Do.
681 Manchalla Venkata Parmayya ..	Do.
684 Mandava Subbarao ..	Do.
686 Pasumarti Ramakotiswara Rao ..	Do.
691 Pelaru Subba Rao ..	Do.
670 Thumati Jnanamandram ..	Do.
675 Kallepalli Manikhyhana Amri ..	Do.
677 Mangalagiri Durga Amri ..	Do
518 Kinjia Venkatswarlu ..	Do
697 Mannepalli Jallamma ..	Ongole.
704 Parri Salomu ..	Do
731 Gada Sukrabramayam ..	Do
734 Mungala Ramachandrayya ..	Nellore.
736 Haddala Rukmini Ammal ..	Do.
737 Kanuparti Subbammal ..	Do.
726 Avvari Abraham ..	Do.
721 Nanabhalapati Subba Singh ..	Do.
742 Kanchi Ramachandra Rao ..	Do.
743 Yelaswaram Palagiranabham ..	Kurnool.
781 Bhanu Abdul Nabi ..	Do.
782 Syed Abdul Qadir Sahib ..	Do.
783 Dudekula Chhavi Sahib ..	Do.
784 Bhatla Gajaraja Seshama Raju ..	Do.
786 Mushanta Venkataswayya ..	Do.
787 Gari Ramachandrayya ..	Do
771 M. Viraya ..	Nandyal.
772 M. P. Jambulayya ..	Do.
781 A. Isak ..	Do.
795 M. J. John ..	Do.
796 R. T. V Raghava Ankaya ..	Do.
800 Dhavur Tirumal Rao ..	Do.
801 Gosavaram Kanama ..	Do.
801a Appaji Venkatakshamayya ..	Do
807 Sangitam N. Lakshman ..	Bellary
803 Tapal Govindappa ..	Do.
804 Pedimadla Chandla Sesha Acharlu ..	Do.
818 Panchanam Narasappa ..	Do.
825 Tadpatri Venkata Rao ..	Do.
826 Mudunapalli Veda vyasa Acharlu ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
844 M V Sabhayya ..	Cuddapah.
848 S E Venkatanarasayya ..	Do.
849 Syed Imam ..	Do.
862 Syed Ahmed ..	Do.
858 Nallaka Narayana ..	Do.
859 Mayana Yusuf Ali Khan ..	Do.
857 Ramanarasa Venkatasubbayya ..	Do.
853 Chennakeshta Venkatanarayana ..	Do.
864 Middhala Venkataramanayya ..	Do.
868 Shaik Sanjivayya ..	Do.
868 Solomon Jagajivadas ..	Do.
871 Syed Mohd Ali ..	Chittoor.
877 Chowdoor Sambaramayya ..	Do.
878 Dandampakam Chinnaswami Ayyan ..	Do.
879 Kanuru Pratabiramayya ..	Do.
880 Kanubotham Venkatasubbaraman-yam.	Do.
881 Ongonda Krishnayya ..	Do.
883 Bhupal Aramaya Pillai ..	Do.
884 Abburaju Anjaneyarazu ..	Do.
886 Velkur Karuna Murugesami Pillai ..	Do
887 Karnam Subbaraya Pillai ..	Do.
888 Aray Kanakayya Nayudu ..	Do.
890 Giriyapatti M. Gopal Nayudu ..	Do
891 G. Ramanmal ..	Do
892 N. Narasimhaju Nayudu ..	Do.
893 Yallala Adinarayana Chetti ..	Do.
894 A. Krishna Pillai ..	Do.
895 Nemmal Esma Nayudu ..	Do
896 Syed Dastgir Sahib ..	Do.
897 Syed Shahbaz Mahmuddin Sahib ..	Do.
898 V. Hebar ..	Do.
899 Nagaram John ..	Do.
910 Jivarajna Krishnamurti ..	Do.
913 Dandredigari Narayana Reddi ..	Do
910 Karanu Viteraghava Pillai ..	Do.
914 Imam Khan ..	Do.
925 T. C. Sundaresan ..	Do.
926 W. G. Dhanakotti ..	Do.
927 V. I. Jayaratnam ..	Do.
937 Sethumanjari V. Krishnamurti ..	Sindapet.
940 V. P. Anamanabhanayya (alias) .. P. P Velumani.	Do.
943 K Mahavishnakar Rao ..	Do.
944 R. S Subba Rao ..	Do.
948 Onur D. Varada Iohari ..	Do.
945 Guruyogay Lakshmanarishnam ..	Do.
915 Udamalpet S Alagiswami Nayudu ..	Do.
950 Muhammad Habibullah ..	Do.
951 Muhammad Kaibudin ..	Do.
952 S. F. Andrews ..	Do.
957 Pachiral V. Subrahmanyan ..	Do.
958 M. Muttu Nayakar ..	Do.
961 T. S. Balasundaram Pillai ..	Do.
963 K Ramayyan Nawlar ..	Do.
968 Rangayari Muthukrishnayya ..	Do
967 Bella Sesi Rao ..	Chingleput.
9 8 Bahanji Rao ..	Do.
971 Subbala ..	Do.
972 Maryamma ..	Do.
984 V. Parthasarathi Ayyar ..	Do
989 V. Ramanarasami Ayyar ..	Do.
1000 S. Ramaswami ..	Kumbakonam.
1014 K. Rajakanl ..	Do
1017 K. Venugopalan ..	Do.
1018 K. R. Kuppuswami ..	Do.
1019 R. Srinivasan ..	Do.
1021 S. Narayanaswami ..	Do.
10 2 5 Sabanatan ..	Do.
1033 A. G. Chandra Mouli ..	Do.
1034 S. Tadayanakkanami ..	Do.
1046 T. R. Kodandaraman ..	Do.
1050 S. R. Venkatarama Ayyar ..	Do.
1057 K. Krishnaveti ..	Do.
1028 J. S. Gandhetar ..	Do.
1037 N. Samarnathan ..	Do.
1016 S. Ramam ..	Do.
1047 T. R. Mahalingam ..	Do.
1018 V. R. Venkataramah ..	Do.
1048 N. R. Ramakandran ..	Do.
1060 K. Natarajan ..	Do.
1061 G. Venkataraman ..	Do.
1052 V. Nagalingam ..	Do
1053 V. Ramaswami ..	Do.
1054 D. Mankhan ..	Do.
1057 S Jivaharanan Pillai ..	Do.
1060 C. V Kappa Rao ..	Do
1061 P Somasundaram ..	Do
1064 S Sambaviti ..	Do.
1067 K Dandayani ..	Do.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*contd.*

SECOND CLASS—*contd.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1093 C. Rayana Bapiah ..	Kumba-konam.
1071 Rayappan John ..	Do.
1072 G. Muniswami ..	Do.
1074 S. V. Muttayya Mudali ..	Do.
1107 S. S. Srinivasa Ayyangar ..	Tanjore
1108 A. Ramappala Ayyar ..	Do.
1109 S. Subrahmanyam ..	Do.
1110 T. V. Kumaraswami Pillai ..	Do.
1111 G. Purushottaman ..	Do.
1114 S. Sivachidambaram Pillai ..	Do.
1118 K. V. Sabanayagam ..	Do.
1116 E. Rajagopalan ..	Do.
1121 M. Ulaganathan ..	Do.
1123 T. M. Viraswami Pillai ..	Do.
1124 P. S. Sivarama Chetti ..	Do.
1125a J. S. Sivarama Chetti ..	Kasar.
1149 M. Arumugam ..	Do.
1153 S. Tambuswami ..	Do.
1154 P. Edward Samuel ..	Do.
1155 Henry Johnson ..	Do.
1190 D. V. Gopalakrishnayya ..	Tenkasi.
1189 V. Lakshmanan ..	Do.
1205 S. Vira Ayyar ..	Do.
1208 A. Sangaralu ..	Do.
1210 A. Lazarus ..	Do.
1211 Shaikh Abdul Hadi alias Sahib Jan Sahib.	Do.
1222 A. Lakshmana Ayyangar ..	Madura.
1221 S. N. Sankaranarayana Ayyar ..	Do.
1229 M. Ramaswami Pillai ..	Do.
1231 M. Perumal Karuppan ..	Do.
1231 V. Narayanaswami Kayada ..	Do.
1233 M. L. Arunachala Ayyar ..	Do.
1247-11 M. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Do.
1250 M. Ramaya Ayyar ..	Do.
1251 B. E. Pichchumuthu Ayyar ..	Do.
1252 Tirupati by Muralidharan ..	Do.
1253 S. Ramanatha Ayyar ..	Do.
1254 N. Ramakrishnan ..	Do.
1255 M. Venkataramana Ayyar ..	Do.
1258 V. L. Thottekkat ..	Do.
1258 V. Raghunathamuri ..	Do.
1259 V. Velu Nagalamuthu ..	Do.
1261 A. Kuttayyan Pillai ..	Do.
1263 G. Kamayyamal Pillai ..	Do.
1263 A. Parthasarathi Pillai ..	Do.
1264 E. Nilakantha Amari ..	Do.
1265 L. Narayanan ..	Do.
1265 J. Israel ..	Do.
1267 A. Isaiyarumthu ..	Nazareth.
1268 Joseph Israel ..	Do.
1269 P. M. Syed Jamaldin ..	Do.
1297 K. Rajendiran ..	Do.
1330 Syed Jahan Sahib ..	Tinnevelly
1331 V. K. Tirumalai Ayyangar ..	Do.
1334 S. Sankarakumara Pillai ..	Do.
1336 S. Seshappa ..	Do.
1339 K. Pichaswami Kone ..	Do.
1361 T. Subbaswami Ayyar ..	Do.
1359 N. Sriniwasa ..	Do.
1358 S. Ramaswami Ayyar ..	Do.
1360 S. Subbayya Pillai ..	Do.
1361 V. Samuel Jathanandi ..	Do.
1362 K. M. Subba Rao ..	Do.
1338 S. Thangamal ..	Pudukottah.
1337 D. Dasaratham ..	Do.
1340 Joy Susanna Daniel ..	Do.
1341 Mary Grace Selvanayagam ..	Do.
1342 J. Mary Selvam ..	Do.
1343 Mary Thangatal ..	Do.
1606 K. P. Krishnan ..	Tirvandrum.
1607 K. Kalyanam Amari ..	Do.
1610 P. Madhavan Amari ..	Do.
1616 S. Shanmugham ..	Do.
1612 P. Madhavan Pillai ..	Do.
1613 K. Nana ..	Do.
1634 G. Tangamma ..	Do.
1637 K. Mathai ..	Do.
1644 V. S. Chakrapani Wariyar ..	Do.
1645 K. Pantaraval ..	Do.
1650 V. Madhavan Nayar ..	Do.
1651 K. K. Amanuthi Ammal ..	Do.
1656 S. Kuttappan Tampan ..	Do.
1657 K. Kanya Pankhar ..	Do.
1640 K. Nilakantha Pankhar ..	Do.
1670 J. Janaki Ammal ..	Do.
1671 K. G. Chacko ..	Do.
1672 V. C. John ..	Do.
1674 R. Papu Pillai ..	Do.
1616 P. Marani Ammal ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1700 J. Chelamayagam ..	Trivandrum
1702 S. Israel ..	Do.
1714 K. Kanjakrishna Pillai ..	Do.
1715 K. Tangappan Pillai ..	Do.
1716 M. Kattukkaran Sahib ..	Do.
1720 Arumugandham ..	Do.
1740 T. K. Cherian ..	Do.
1741 A. S. Govindan Nayar ..	Do.
1746 K. Johnbe ..	Do.
1757 C. Narayanan Asari ..	Do.
1759 L. Tangamma ..	Do.
1760 N. Narayan Potti ..	Do.
1767 D. Muthaiya Pillai ..	Do.
1770 K. C. Benaki ..	Do.
1776 M. Jayardanan ..	Do.
1777 J. J. Perera ..	Do.
1778 K. Velayudhan ..	Do.
1781 Kanjakan Kesavan ..	Do.
1789 V. Swaminathan ..	Do.
1790 J. Antai ..	Do.
1791 Lily J. Cornelius ..	Do.
1794 Y. D. Appala ..	Do.
1797 P. U. Ramachandra ..	Do.
1803 S. Krishna Pillai ..	Do.
1814 V. S. Sundaravara Ayyar ..	Do.
1805 S. Nilakantha Ayyar ..	Do.
1813 V. Nachiyan Pillai ..	Do.
1813 P. Nilakantha Pillai ..	Do.
1818 N. P. Varghese ..	Do.
1819 K. G. Kuruvilla ..	Do.
1820 P. K. Krishna Panikkar ..	Do.
1826 Ramal Ammaraj ..	Do.
1830 B. Kuchappa ..	Do.
1832 R. Kanjakrishna Panikkar ..	Do.
1835 K. Chandhara Krishna Ayyar ..	Do.
1838 K. Parameswaran Nayar ..	Do.
1841 D. Ramamal ..	Do.
1842 K. M. Parameswaran Pillai ..	Do.
1844 N. P. Vasu Pillai ..	Do.
1846 G. Damayanti ..	Do.
1849 B. Gopala Pillai ..	Do.
1840 M. Chellappan Asari ..	Do.
1851 A. Ramakrishnan ..	Do.
1852 B. Sankutti Ampal ..	Do.
1858 A. Velu Nadar ..	Do.
1865 C. K. Padmanabha Kurup ..	Do.
1861 P. N. Velayudhan Pillai ..	Do.
1846 K. Rayi Ammal ..	Do.
1864 K. Kanjalakshmi Ammal ..	Do.
1810 J. Arumugathi Ammal ..	Do.
1874 K. Narayana ..	Do.
1877 P. Kalyani ..	Do.
1879 K. K. Chellappan Pillai ..	Do.
1883 A. Lakshmi ..	Do.
1887 D. Nesamani ..	Do.
7891 M. G. Mariyan ..	Do.
1892 P. E. Varghese ..	Do.
1893 Kanjakumara Varghese ..	Do.
1895 V. Krishna ..	Do.
1896 M. Thomas ..	Do.
1903 Vedanayakam Isaac ..	Do.
1904 K. M. Mathai ..	Do.
1905 K. M. Thomas ..	Do.
1908 I. Magani ..	Do.
1909 Hadiati Kuruppa ..	Do.
7912 David Joseph ..	Do.
1915 M. Aleya ..	Do.
1911 Israel John ..	Do.
1920 P. N. Lakshmikutti Ammal ..	Do.
1922 V. Chellappan Pillai ..	Do.
1923 P. Krishna Pillai ..	Do.
1924 N. Padmanabha Pillai ..	Do.
19.8 A. Subbiyan ..	Do.
1926 T. K. Varghese ..	Do.
2083a P. K. Avira ..	Do.
2084 K. Kanjuvan Kanjiyan ..	Ernakulam.
2070 K. Sivasakthi Pillai ..	Do.
2071 M. G. Kumara Pillai ..	Do.
2072 P. S. Velayan Pillai ..	Do.
2073 K. N. Parameswara Pillai ..	Do.
2074 P. K. Gopalan Nayar ..	Do.
2076 K. P. Padmanabha Pillai ..	Do.
2078 G. Velayudhan ..	Do.
2077 K. Appa Panikkar ..	Do.
2083 Pandarapathi Kunnakkatan Pillai ..	Do.
2084 Matathiparambil Rama Menon ..	Do.
2090 C. Ankuyan ..	Do.
2097 K. Kunnalan ..	Do.
2100 V. Chakrapani ..	Do.
2101 P. V. Thomas ..	Do.
2102 A. J. Francis ..	Do.

FREE-HAND OUTLINE DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*contd.*

SECOND CLASS—*contd.*

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined
2130 C. A. Raman	Ernakulam.
2108 V. A. Kanna	Do.
2110 C. G. Gautrikutti Ammal	Do.
2123 K. V. Arunachalam	Do.
2124 V. J. Thomas	Do.
2133 Anandan	Do.
2134 R. Krishna Rao	Do.
2120 C. R. Venkatarama Ayyar	Do.
2142 K. M. Kannadiga Pillai	Do.
2143 K. S. Nilakantha Nayar	Do.
2148 K. M. Kesavanni	Do.
2151 A. R. Velayudhan Nayar	Do.
2153 Panakkal Antony Alexander	Do.
2158 V. T. Anda	Do.
2161 P. T. Kurian	Do.
2148 K. P. Paman	Do.
2165 A. K. Aram	Do.
2162 Moulas	Do.
2163 Appu-nan	Do.
2164 Paulina	Do.
2166 Jana	Do.
2158 A. Varghese	Do.
2175 P. N. Raman Pillai	Do.
2176 C. J. Vasudevan Pillai	Do.
2180 M. Narayana Menon	Trichur
2182 M. V. Govindan	Do.
2185 C. P. Achuta	Do.
2195 K. S. Anoah	Do.
2200 M. Kochuvel	Do.
2201 Kadavarmun Kunja Menon	Do.
2203 P. P. Raman Nambiyar	Do.
2204 M. N. Raman Pillai	Do.
2206 P. R. Subbarmayya	Mysore
2236 B. Venkatanayya	Do.
2238 M. C. Appajayya	Do.
2240 R. Rangayya	Do.
2241 Vinayaga Ganesha Joshi	Do.
2242 Richard Theophilus Dove	Do.
2274 Alakundachalli Rama Gowda	Do.
2275 Hanumasa Subrahmanya Shastry ..	Do.
2260 A. Mahomed Khan	Do.
2261 Garudan Devapriyan	Do.
2286 S. Ramakrishnan	Do.
2291 P. S. Krishnan	Do.
2294 Thandantotam S. Duraiswami ..	Bangalore.
2297 Kalkunte D. Somyaya Achari ..	Do.
2299 Kengalbira K. Chinnappa	Do.
2302 Trichinopoly M. Natarajan	Do.
2403 Pankaj Chakke Mathew	Do.
2404 R. Shamanna	Do.
2407 Mathrubutti N. Ramaswami	Do.
2408 Mashahalli V. Narasimhaya	Do.
2410 Yelimali A. Vasudeva Ashari	Do.
2411 Bangalore K. Govinda Rao	Do.
2413 Bangalore N. Gangayya	Do.
2414 Budiguru M. Dhenpa Chetti	Do.
2418 Budiguru K. Munuswami Chetti ..	Do.
2413 Bangalore B. Eyyappa	Do.
2419 Sriramula V. Nanjangappa	Do.
2429 Bangalore T. Hanumanayya	Do.
2371 Bangalore D. Thimmanna	Do.
2426 Nanadawadi K. Channarajaia Nayudu.	Do.
2427 Gaddehosur P. Siva Ram	Do.
2438 Evelyn Plummer	Do.
2441 Jessie Smith	Do.
2442 Olive Mum	Do.
2443 Doris Olwin Clarke	Do.
2444 Ethel Norma Clarke	Do.
2445 Jutta Ida Gilby	Do.
2446 Hazel Hilda Holmes	Do.
2447 Hilda Kate Woods	Do.
2448 Winifred Marguerite Hanney	Do.
2449 Ethna Nancy Heaney	Do.
2450 Lilian May Hansbergh	Do.
2452 Doris Rose Scott	Do.
2453 Doris Violet Mathews	Do.
2454 Irene Gladys Weir	Do.
2455 Xaida Alice Elizabeth Mathews	Do.
2448 Phyllis Reed	Do.
2459 V. N. Parameswara Rao	Do.
2459 D. Krishnamurti	Do.
2462 Kolar Shama Rao	Do.
2464 Thalya V. Rama Rao	Do.
2466 Kyatagere Rangaswami	Do.
2467 Irnjala Rajagopalan Nadali ..	Do.
2473 Kanaga Eshwara Achari	Do.
2476 Tadayar Muddaliyar Asari	Do.
2477 S. Rangadhamayya	Do.
2480 Tankal K. Puttaswami	Do.
2481 Tatapur N. Srikantayya	Do.
2501 Nandakalli Narayana Rao	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2503 Chikmagalur L. Lakshmikantayya ..	Bangalore.
2402 Cauli Satyanarayana Rao	Do.
2504 D. Gangadi Nagesamoorti Rao ..	Do.
2505 T. Subramanya Sastri	Do.
2508 Magadi Narayana Rao	Do.
2509 Kankanahalli M. Suryanarayana Sastri ..	Do.
2511 Po-Govinda Rao	Do.
2512 P. Lakshmanaswami	Do.
2513 Pattamadai Madhavayya	Do.
2515 P. Abdulkasim Sait	Do.
2520a V. Subrahmanyam	Do.
2540 S. A. Ranganayaki	Salem.
2544 S. K. Raghavulu Ayyangar ..	Do.
2545 V. A. Sriniwasa Achari	Do.
2551 P. N. Ganapati Ayyar	Do.
2548 K. V. Lakshmana Ayyar	Do.
2561 N. Angatarama ayyar	Do.
2562 S. Venkatesa Ayyar	Do.
2568 K. S. Venkatarama Ayyar	Do.
2564 N. Venkatachala Ayyar	Do.
2547 T. Nityanandam	Do.
2558 R. Rajagopal Raja	Do.
2562 V. Krishnaswami	Do.
2566 M. Abdul Aziz Sahib	Do.
2580 S. N. Ramaswami	Coimbatore.
2585 S. Gulam Qadir	Do.
2587 V. Ramachandran	Do.
2588 K. Subbanna Pillai	Do.
2589 P. K. Mattukutappan	Do.
2590 Y. Channappa Chetti	Do.
2591 P. T. Batra	Do.
2606 Manjeshwar Sadasiva Rao ..	Do.
2609 C. K. Nagappan	Do.
2610 K. Nanchalaiah	Do.
2617 Tasur S. Rama Ayyar	Palghat.
2618 Mariapattu Pattoli Narayana Nayar.	Do.
2621 K. G. Venkatanchi	Do.
2623 Manjeri R. Narayanaswami ..	Do.
2724 K. A. Duraiswami	Do.
2624 Anthulath Balakrishna Menon ..	Do.
2625 Kavasseri Pulapatta Kesava Mullia ..	Do.
2627 K. Kanja Achan	Do.
2628 C. V. Abdul Razack	Do.
2648 Damayanti Muttannal	Calicut.
2650 Neelakka Mangoni	Do.
2653 Chengalvarayathi Madhavi ..	Do.
2655 A. Ibrahimma	Do.
2658 Alathu Urikath	Do.
2661 Agra Richards	Do.
2662 Ambalan D'Cruz	Do.
2663 Puthuthurri Hamsa	Do.
2664 Koyyattupra Mathia	Do.
2667 Mary Cyres	Do.
2669 Sathuja Hythali	Do.
2670 Kesu Vargalat	Do.
2674 Kalur kattail	Do.
2674 Thadathil Pythel	Do.
2676 Nayally Mary	Do.
2678 Mariam Kurd	Do.
2686 Mathai Kuriyani	Do.
2688 P. Kalyani	Do.
2690 Cheruvathayil Pazu	Do.
2701 Kattatta Kochumani	Do.
2721 I. Appukutti Nayar	Do.
2922 K. K. Kanakkiniam Nambiyar ..	Do.
2713 P. P. Govindan Nambiyar ..	Do.
2717 Puthuvadath Chathukutti ..	Do.
2731 Vengeretta Krishna Menon ..	Do.
2734 P. Parameswaran Nambiyar ..	Do.
2737 Mullerkandi Asuti	Do.
2737a K. V. Krishna Ayyar	Do.
2744 Ch. Krishta Bhat	Mangalore.
2746 K. Krishta Bhat	Do.
2747 K. Gopalakrishna Prabhu ..	Do.
2750 M. Shaika Dawood	Do.
2125 Kaiyar Venkat Rao	Do.
2705 Khandige Krishna Bhat	Do.
2491 K. Raghavendra	Do.
2501 K. Kunhikidan Pattaraya ..	Do.
2804 M. Appunnayya	Do.
2802 T. Vasudeva Moyya	Do.
2801 S. Chandappa Nayak	Do.
2806 Kalia Ramappayya	Do.
2808 U. Parameshwara Rao	Do.
2811 Hampankatta Lakshmana	Do.
2812 Theodore Alvas	Do.
2813 Albert Nathan	Do.
2814 Fatik Mathew	Do.
2815 Kankal Ramayya Shetti	Do.
2816 Sankal Srinivasa Rao	Do.
2823 Balwantdwa Rao	Do.

FREEHAND OUTLINE DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*contd.*

SECOND CLASS—*contd.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2831a K. P. Narayanan Nambiyar	Mangalore.
2845 Lenga Lamaro	Madras.
2846 Esmeralda Hassan	Do.
2848 Linda Sigts	Do.
2851 Sayna Jan	Do.
2852 Ba Jan Bee	Do.
2853 Anna Sigamthani Devadasai	Do.
2854 Victoria S Royal	Do.
2875 Priyambi Devadattan	Do.
2876 Grace Winnie Jeyaratnam	Do.
2877 M. V. Christopher	Do.
2878 Muthuram Saravanan	Do.
2881 S. James Jnanadasan	Do.
2882 G Paikkiam	Do.
2886 Jnanatesan Gurusamy	Do.
2887 Hilda Samuel	Do.
2888 Saramai Devasahayam	Do.
2890 V. S. Karuppusamy	Do.
2909 M. Narayana Rao	Do.
2910 V. Nallamuthu Chetti	Do.
2911 A. M. Venugopal Mudali	Do.
2912 M. S. Appaswami Mudali	Do.
2913 C. Ramadas Nayudu	Do.
2914 C. Rajagopal Chetti	Do.
2915 M. R. Nadadura Pan	Do.
2916 C. Paramasivan Naidu	Do.
2917 T. P. Kasalingam Mudali	Do.
2918 P. R. Nanchikasaram Nayudu	Do.
2919 A. Murugesa Mudali	Do.
2920 A. Adinarian Nerakar	Do.
2921 S. R. Pitambara Rao	Do.
2923 S. Vijayam Nayudu	Do.
2924 K. Janaki Rai	Do.
2925 M. Rathnambapati Nayakar	Do.
2926 P. S. Kandaswami Nayakar	Do.
2931 A. K. Dasodaram Mudali	Do.
2932 S. Pitchairam	Do.
2933 A. Valamathi Chetti	Do.
2934 N. Rangakkishnam Nayudu	Do.
2936 J. Sampatham Mudali	Do.
2937 E. Kamakshi Pillai	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2939 D. Amgyadas	Madras.
2940 Thomas Pandiyar	Do.
2941 L. Peter	Do.
2943 Charlotte Gem Evana Moses	Do.
2944 Enid Grace Pietsch	Do.
2946 Norah Kathleen Mahoney	Do.
2947 Gertrude Mildred Gregory	Do.
2948 May Bessie Lenton	Do.
2949 P. Rama Rao	Do.
2960 C. Venugopal	Do.
2961 P. T. Radhakrishna Nayudu	Do.
2962 Joseph Sugamma	Do.
2963 S. P. Rathnam	Do.
3023 G. Sanjivi	Do.
3025 T. Kannabiran	Do.
3026 V. K. Thagavela Nayakar	Do.
3027 V. Govindarajulu Chetti	Do.
3034 Syed Khaja Mubandin	Do.
3035 Muhammad Ebrahim	Do.
3036 Akbar Hamja	Do.
3037 Ambalitti Subba Bhatta	Do.
3038 Saiyed Abdus Rasul	Do.
3056 M. Mahbub	Do.
3057 Muhammad Shujaulla Asad	Do.
3058 Saiyed Muhammad	Do.
3059 Mir Afzal Khan	Do.
3060 Syed Maqbadoom Albas	Do.
3067 A. V. Rangachari	Do.
3068 K. Viraraghavulu	Do.
3069 T. Jayaram	Do.
3071 G. Srinivasulu Chetti	Do.
3072 Gurrimalla Subbayya	Do.
3085 T. Kolandaiswami Pillai	Do.
3092 Tiruvalore Ramapalli Raghava Rao	Do.
3094 S. Zedrahmam	Do.
3096 S. Natesan	Do.
3097 L. Madurai Mudali	Do.
3104 S. Ramiumbapati	Do.
3105 Muhammad Abdul Qadir Alias	Do.
3109 C. S. Kumaraswami	Do.

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	39 Kasireddi Appalaswami	Berhampur.
2	1049 S. Sundaram	Kumbakonam
3	3135 C. Abdul Rahman	Madras.
4	14 Chittaya Naiki	Berhampur
	144 Valmalli Kandala Rao	Vizianagram.
	1036 K. Lakshmikantam	Kumbakonam.
	1200 S. Sivaramam	Trichinopoly.
	2117 Bangalore A. Panchapakesa	Bangalore.
	2719 M. K. Srinivasa Ayyar	Palghat.
	3049 M. Rajamanikkam Pillai	Madras.
	276 Chittari Sanyasya	Rajahmundry
	442 Chenkampalli Tandava Sastri	Ellore.
	683 Vasalapu Ramayya	Bapatla.
11	807 Pathanetla Gajadhara Sastri Achanta.	Bellary.
	906 Bandlamudi Viswanadhayya	Chittoor

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
908 Margayarasa Ramakrishna	Chittoor.
Pillai.	
1164 E. J. Bazil	Karur.
1201 Bhagavatula Radhakrishnamurti	Trichinopoly.
1213 V. Viswanatha Ayyar	Do.
1359 T. S. Narayya	Tinnevelly.
1361 G. Nallanya Pillai	Do.
2321 D. Narayanan	Tanjore
2725 K. J. Abraham	Do
2133 Byrakoor S. Ranga Rao	Bangalore.
2387 V. Ramachandra	Chittoor.
2396 K. Tirumalai Venkatanarasu	Do
2400 C. R. Venkatanarasanya Ayyar	Do.
2704 Shaviadu Purushottama Rau	Nilgiris.
2713 Kuriyal Rajagopalaram Pillai	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
12 Yanni Kotlo	Berhampur.
45 Jayakrishna Patnaik	Do.
48 Rameswar dar Khare	Do.
51 Udayanath Nayak	Do.
62 P. Jagannatha Rao	Do.
71 Sudu Narayanaswami	Chittoor.
72 Kappa Chenchu	Do.
86 Vempati Suryanarayana	Do.
87 Manda Ramalinga Sastri	Do.
88 Pappala Krishna Rau	Do.
156 Chala Ganapati	Do.
156 Bhamidiwarapu Adinarayana	Do.
116 Aryasomayajula Lakshmi Ganapatha	Do.
120 Narala Peddi Narasimham	Do.
124 Valla Satyanarayana	Do.
137 Vavilikolanda venkatanarasayya	Do.
138 Pothgadu Chelapati Rao	Do.
145 Narasa Venkadu Rau	Do.
149 Dasyam Rajagopalam	Do.
147 Appanadu Sita Rao	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
163 Yekula Sanyasirayam	Vizagapatam
163 Vajhula Anjanya Sastri	Do.
205 Bhamidimuri Kameswara Rao	Cocanada.
209 Tammukapalli Venkatarathnam	Do.
213 Nidadavolu Ranga Rao	Amalapuram.
214 Undavalli Prabhakara Rao	Do.
216 Upadrasta Sahi Rao	Do.
218 Dwarakonda Ram Rao	Do.
222 Mahidhara Suryanarayya	Do.
225 Godavarti Venkata Narasimha Ashtu	Do.
214 Inturi Viraghadra Rau	Do.
272 Vemulakonda Appa Rau	Rajahmundry.
276 Gangavala Sitarayya	Do.
276 Pedi Appa Rau	Do.
283 Kompalli Venkatarathnam	Do.
321 Kakarapalli Ramamurti	Do.
326 Oruganti Lakshmanarathnam	Do.
329 Veeraddu Nagaraju	Do.
356 Chekuri Chandrasekharam Rau	Do.

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*contd.*

SECOND CLASS—*contd.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
486 M. Macandie	Rajahmundry.
488 Ramaprogada Narayana Rao ..	Do.
490 C. G. Narasinga Rao	Do.
492 Annapalli Bullayi	Do.
497 Sripada Ramamurti	Narsapur.
504 Sripada Subba Rao	Do.
506 Muhammad Galeb Ali	Do.
508 Mukkamala Jagannadham	Do.
497 Sripada Rama Sastri	Do.
464 Peddadi A. Suryanarayana Dikshitulu	Do.
467 Chilakamarri Bonga Achari	Do.
458 Gudivada Ramayya	Eluru.
468 Chitti Narayanamurti	Do.
473 Kam Papakshshudu	Do.
478 Somayajula Ramabrahmam	Masulipatam.
486 Kavalacolla Ramachandra Rao ..	Do.
487 Kavalacolla Satyanarayana ..	Do.
489 Bhagavatula Narayana Rao	Do.
491 N. Balaji Rao	Do.
498 Kommaduri Ranga Achari	Do.
503 Bhattiprolu Parvathiswarudu ..	Do.
505 Nidamarti Rama Kotewara Rao ..	Do.
507 Kancharla Venkatarathnayya ..	Bezwada.
508 Chilakalapudi Sakhiti Subrahmanyam	Do.
509 Mangalagiri Viswanadayya ..	Do.
510 Pamidimukkala Venkata Rao ..	Do.
511 Jajali Narayana Achari	Do.
521 Mayuda Suryanarayana Rao ..	Do.
524 Mallachervu Chandramurayya ..	Do.
550 Jammalamadaka Kodanda Ramayya.	Guntur.
561 Pallipragada Bhaskara Rao ..	Do.
562 Mallachervu Chandramurti ..	Do.
564 Malapati Babu Rao	Do.
627 T. Suryanarayanamurti	Do.
632 Chandramouli Sri Krishnamurti ..	Do.
634 Bhagavatula Mallikarjuna Rao ..	Do.
649 Acota Raghupati Rao	Do.
653 Nynapalli Anjaneyulu	Do.
654 Potturu Vira Anjaneyulu ..	Do.
668 Davuluri Venkata Bala Ramayya ..	Do.
683a Cumbala Gangayya Rao	Do.
760 Mukkalola Venkataramayya ..	Kurnool.
762 Rashid Ahmad	Do.
782 S. T. Ismail	Nandyal.
796 K. S. Samad	Do.
806 Goddimarri Hanumanta Rao	Bellary.
839 L. Krishna Sastri	Do.
903 Chittoor Ananda Rao	Chittoor.
1001 Thupal B. S. Gopala Achari ..	Chingleput.
1011 M. Dasarathi	Kumbakonam.
1012 H. Krishna Rao	Do.
1013 J. S. Purushottcher	Do.
1016 A. Krishnamurti	Do.
1072 G. Narasimhi	Do.
1082 K. Ramaswami Ayyangar	Do.
1087 S. Venkataramana	Do.
1088 T. Ramaswami	Do.
1089 V. Chinnaswami Pathar	Do.
1092 P. S. Balasubrahmanyan ..	Do.
1113 E. V. Subbanayya	Tanjore.
1153 b Viraraghava Ayyangar	Do.
1154 b Raghavan Ayyar	Do.
1156 B. Subrahmanya Pillai	Do.
1166 D. William	Karur.
1168 V. Varadachi Ayyar	Trichinopoly
1170 S. Ramaswami Pillai	Do.
1173 T. D. Sundaresayyam	Do.
1176 D. V. Gopalakrishnayya	Do.
1179 V. Lakshmanan	Do.
1202 T. R. Panduranga Rao	Do.
1208 T. M. Veluswami	Do.
1211 Shaikh Abdul Hadi alias Sahib Jan Sahib.	Do.
1236 B. Ganapati	Do.
1263 M. V. Chokkalingam Pillai ..	Madura.
1265 A. Subbayya	Do.
1331 V. N. Uramalai Ayyangar ..	Tinnevelly.
1333 Sankaran Pillai	Do.
1336 A. Sachidanandha Ayyar	Do.
1339 K. Mahaswami Kone	Do.
1342 K. M. Subba Rao	Do.
1363 S. Vaidyanatha Ayyar	Do.
1371 M. K. Krishna Ayyar	Do.
1380 Vedamuttu Edward Chelliya ..	Do.
1614 K. Kochukrishna Pillai	Trivandrum.
1618 Mary Gomez	Do.
1618 T. K. Subrahmanya Pillai ..	Do.
1619 H. Janardana Ayyar	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1620 Sambat J. Lopez	Trivandrum.
1621 M. E. Justus	Do.
1636 T. Gopalan	Do.
1637 S. Kataya Pillai	Do.
1638 B. Matthevan	Do.
1639 A. Devadas	Do.
1640 V. Annakutti Ammal	Do.
1641 P. Achyuta Menon	Do.
1642 N. M. Mathew	Do.
1679 M. P. Somma	Do.
1695 N. Lakshmikutti Ammal ..	Do.
1696 N. Kesava Pillai	Do.
1705 M. Joseph	Do.
1707 S. Joseph	Do.
1718 K. Thangayyan Pillai	Do.
1720 C. Veriamanikam Tevan	Do.
1730 Vadakkan Satyanesan	Do.
1716 K. Kumara Pillai	Do.
1737 K. Narayana Thilal	Do.
1740 K. Subrahmanya Asari	Do.
1760 A. Raghavan	Do.
1794 Y. B. Appala	Do.
1795 P. H. Ganapathara	Do.
1491 V. Srikantheswara Ayyar ..	Do.
1511 A. Krishnan Asari	Do.
1512 P. Madhavan Pillai	Do.
1528 Wilfred Gomez	Do.
1574 S. Kangabee	Do.
1257 K. S. Bhagavati Pillai ..	Do.
20?? K. C. Chakko	Do.
2022 K. G. Gomez	Do.
2031 B. Subramanian Pushkar	Do.
2039 G. Chellayya	Do.
2044 B. Gowada Pillai	Do.
2092 Vellipallil Sridhara Menon ..	Ernakulam.
2117 K. Kochuni Kurup	Do.
2128 P. Krishna Pillai	Do.
2207 Thomas Vakkalam	Do.
2221 K. M. Joseph	Do.
2223 M. P. Raghavan Pillai	Do.
2227 V. Gopalakrishna Rao	Do.
2236 K. B. Gopala Pillai	Do.
2241 T. Rocky Varkey	Do.
2243 Mary Teresa	Do.
2289a K. Lakshmikutti Amma	Do.
2280 K. Minakshi Ammal	Trichur.
2281 T. J. John	Do.
2282 K. K. Ratnam	Do.
2287 Kadathiparambil Sridhara Menon ..	Do.
2351 Vinayaga Ganesha Joshi	Mysore.
2345 Richard Theophilus Dora	Do.
2347 N. Rangaswami Ayyangar	Do.
2348 K. Seshara Sastri	Do.
2349 V. Pandhasayya	Do.
2350 G. R. Krishnaswami	Do.
2351 E. S. Chama Basavayya	Do.
2355 G. S. Chalikuna	Do.
2358 M. S. Chinnaswamy Jetti	Do.
2361 S. Rangaswami	Do.
2364 P. Doraiswami Asari	Do.
2368 Parthasyamma T. Krishnaswami ..	Do.
2429 Somanathan S. Ramachandra Rao ..	Bangalore.
2430 Co-ulatore R. Seshadri Ayyar ..	Do.
2431 Bangalore V. Srinivasa Rao ..	Do.
2434 Kalyanahalli L. Lakshmipati ..	do.
2159 Kasarattur Venkatasubba Chetti ..	Do.
2437 Kallanattura M. Changappa ..	Mercara.
2512 H. S. Madhava Rao	Salem
2545 K. Dasappa Nayudu	Do.
2557 K. Seshu Ayyar	Do.
2574 K. R. Narayana Rau	Do.
2578 K. Kattanda Ayyar	Do.
2576 T. S. Sahib Singh	Do.
2577 Abdul Rasool Khan	Do.
2516 V. Narasimhayya	Coimbatore.
2518 S. Sankaran Pillai	Do.
2539 P. K. Muthukrishna	Do.
2550 V. Chinnappa Chetti	Do.
2551 P. T. Raju	Do.
2552 K. Gopalan	Do.
2561 R. V. Palaniswami Pillai	Do.
2562 P. Anantaswamy	Do.
2563 S. Somasundaram Pillai	Do.
2565 K. Pichumuttu	Do.
2544 C. P. Achyuta Menon	Palghat.
2737 Mallapanadi Andi	Cuddapah.
2128 A. J. George	Mangalore.
2951 P. T. Madhavankutty Nayudu ..	Bimlipatam.
2976 S. Mahadeva Asari	Do.
3064 Syed Abdul Gaffoor	Do.

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*contd.*

SECOND CLASS—*contd.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3026 Mahammad Ali Khan	Madras.
3027 D. Sankaranarayanan	Do.
3028 V. Padmanabha Rao	Do.
3029 P. Viswanatha Ayyar	Do.
3030 Andrew Mattaswami	Do.
3031 T. Arjuna Mudali	Do.
3032 Nafeesuni B., Sadia Ashari	Do.
3106 B. Ranganathan	Madras.
3104 M. D. Jayaram	Do.
3105 C. S. Kumaraswami	Do.
3143 Gangunta Govindarajulu Nayudu	Do.
3114 Conjeevaram S. Ambaleswara Mudali.	Do.
3145 G. Balakrishna	Do.

PAINTING (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	2227 N. Sekharan Asari	Ernakulam.
2	2240 Mahyath Kalyani Ammal	Palghat.
3	2242 Chelangat P. Kannan Menon	Do.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
45 Syamasundar Misra	Berhampur.
47 Kshetrabasi Behara	Do.
52 S. Jagannatha Rao	Do.
72 Kanja Chenchu	Chicacole.
100 Patnana Satyanarayana	Parvatipur.
110 Vadde Ramaswami	Do.
118 Aryasomayajula Chinna Somayajulu	Do.
218 P.-ri Appanna	Do.
130 Kasampa Guddiah	Vizianagram.
142 Chittoori Venkataswami	Do.
153 Gollapalli Venkateswalu	Do.
208 Tammisetti Venkataratnam	Cocanada.
213 Nidamarrmetla Ranga Rao	Amalapuram.
214 Dasyrakuma Rama Rao	Do.
218 Jonnala Venkataratnam	Do.
217 Kowkuntla Appalanarasimha	Do.
225 Gunturi Satyanarayana	Do.
242 Khandigalli Venkata Dikshitulu	Do.
275 Challuri Sangayya	Rajahmundry.
276 Thota Srimanulu	Do.
277 Dharmadas Venkataswami	Do.
279 Bodi Paniayya	Do.
282 Kaipa[illegible] Venkataratnam	Do.
283 Vakkalanka Satyanarayana	Do.
284 Addanki Chinnayya	Do.
324 Jaladarapu Nageswara Rao	Do.
346 Kavuripalli Ayyanna Sastri	Do.
348 Tammeti Sitayya	Do.
349 Pandala Seshagiri Rao	Do.
356 Vira Krishnamurti	Do.
367 Atagapalli Subbaraj	Do.
376 Mahadeva Kumaswara Rao	Do.
378 Surakanti Venkataramayya	Do.
382 Kuchibotla Venkateswara Rao	Narsapur.
383 Vadapalli Surya Rao	Do.
394 Sripada Subba Rao	Do.
396 Mulukutla Jagannatham	Do.
399 Potula Venkatasastulu	Ua.
406 Sankaranarayanam Rao	Bo.
407 Chikkarani Ranga Achari	Bo.
409 Andra Sadagiri Rao	Do.
416 Phanikanam Bhadya Achari	Do.
457 Chennupalli Tatdiva Sastri	Ellore.
458 Gudivada Ramayya	Do.
460 Matadana Somayya	Do.
474 Kalangi Rajamundaram	Do.
482 Vadula Venkata Sastri	Masulipatam.
504 Sajana Sivayya	Do.
506 Pedapa Maniyamma	Do.
511 Javaji Narayana Asari	Bezwada.
521 Miryala Suryanarayana Rao	Do.
539 Kakara Venkatalakshmi Rao	Do.
542 Nanda Narayanamurti	Do.
548 Gadiparthi Suryanarayana Rao	Guntur.
572 Vira Subhadramahayanamma	Do.
573 Kavuru Jaloiah	Do.
584 Pattura Vara Anjaneyulu	Do.
603 Pemmaraju Subbayya	Do.
616 M. Punduriahanda	Do.
617 Kanakala Ramana Sarmalingam	Do.
655 Chibolu Gangaiah Rao	Do.
677 Mangalagiri Ganga Asary	Do.
678 Kuppa Venkataswamy	Do.
682 Gotti Venkata Subbayya	Do.
721 Mutukisalapati Sahib Singh	Nellore.
724 Mantrapalli Nanayya	Do.
735 Kandiah Iswaraya	Do.
736 Varikuntam K. Ranga Rao	Do.
747 Gari Ramachandrayya	Kurnool.
750 Gosavarsu Balayya	Kurnool.
753 Shaikh Ahmad	Do.
766 Afghan Mahaboob Khan	Do.
780 N. Subbayya	Nandyal.
793 K. S. Narayana	Do.
832 L. Krishna Sastri	Bellary.
853 Syed Shah Hafeeuddin Sahib Khadri	Cuddapah.
860 Arali Govindappa	Do.
872 Matyala Subbayya	Do.
904 Chittoor Ananda Rao	Chittoor.
926 Kalatur Raghava Achari	Do.
971 Subbaiah	Chingleput.
972 Marimuthu	Do.
1000 Daniel Mattayya	Do.
1010 S. Venkatesan	Kumbakonam.
1074 S. V. Mattayya Mudali	Do.
1112 T. M. Viswanatha Pillai	Tanjore.
1115 K. Manguswami	Do.
1118 S. Saroja Saswami Nayudu	Do.
1146 Coast A. M. Arnott	Kurnool.
1211 Shaikh Abdal Hafiz alias Sahib Jan Sahib	Palakunpaly
1212 K. M. Kandaswami Pillai	Do.
1220 T. S. Varadarajan	Do.
1221 M. Maria Saluai Mudali	Do.
1254 A. Kakhi	Madura.
1279 Rajamannan Daniel	Do.
1285 S. Sundararaja Ayyangar	Do.
1300 K. Paul Raj	Somaveth.
1312 D. Charles Arulanandam Pillai	Do.
1324 S. Sethuchannam Pillai	Tinnevelly.
1344 M. Kandaswami Odhavar	Do.
1349 V. Sankara Rao	Do.
1381 G. Nallaya Pillai	Do.
1414 K. Krishnakrishna Pillai	Do.
1415 Mary Gomez	Trivandrum.
1419 M. Janardana Ayyar	Do.
1423 Barcelina J. Lopez	Do.
1424 M. E. Jusan	Do.
1427 Clara Thomas	Do.
1432 B. Madhavan	Do.
1434 M. Padmanabhan Asari	Do.
1437 P. M. Ankamma	Do.
1445 K. Ponnammal	Do.
1447 P. Bhagirathi Ammal	Do.
1448 K. Parameswaran Pillai	Do.
1449 L. Ponnamal	Do.
1450 V. Madhavan Nayar	Do.
1451 K. K. Annakutti Ammal	Do.
1452 K. Gopalan Nayar	Do.
1455 M. Tne ammal	Do.
1474 K. Papa Pillai	Do.
1d 6 P. Bhavani Ammal	Do.
1480 K. C. Jahn	Do.
1481 M. M. Abraham	Do.
1482 K. Govinda Pillai	Do.
1483 G. Padmanabha Pillai	Do.
1484 K. Vasu Pachiher	Do.
1nd M. Asari	Do.
1486 M. Abba	Do.
1487 K. I. Sosa	Do.
1488 C. Nanya	Do.
1489 V. K. Kanjamma	Do.
1490 M. K. Marikutti	Do.
1495 N. Lakshmikutti Ammal	Do.
1110 S. Narayanan	Do.
1111 K. Kocha Pillai	Do.
1116 K. Thangappan Pillai	Do.

PAINTING (ELEMENTARY GRADE)—*cont.*

SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1718 A. Chandrasekhara Pillai	Trivandrum.
1723 A. Keshavji	Do.
1747 C. Narayanan Asari	Do.
1748 N. K. Govindan Nayar	Do.
1750 L. Thangamma	Do.
1760 T. Velayudhan Chetti	Do.
1778 K. Velayudhan	Do.
1782 N. Sakapani Variyar	Do.
1784 P. K. Mathew	Do.
1788 A. K. Narayana Kurup	Do.
1795 E. K. Janaki Ammal	Do.
1804 V. Sabharathnavara Ayyar	Do.
1808 S. Nilakantha Ayyar	Do.
1806 K. Parameswara Nayar	Do.
1807 H. Kochunnaman Asari	Do.
1808 K. Velayuda Pillai	Do.
1812 P. Nilakantha Pillai	Do.
1814 M. Mahomed Ali	Do.
1815 S. Kalappan Asari	Do.
1819 Govindan Patri	Do.
1820 P. N. Lakshmikutti Ammal	Do.
1821 T. Janardana Pillai	Do.
1824 K. Vaikuntha Pillai	Do.
1825 A. Rahaliyan	Do.
1826 S. Kanagarai	Do.
1829 Mary Benedict	Do.
1830 C. V. Alphose	Do.
1831 K. O. Ramen	Do.
1832 L. Gowri Kutti Ammal	Do.
1833 D. Dorairaj	Do.
1834 K. Lakshmi	Do.
1835 Mary Scholastica	Do.
2012 V. G. Varghese	Do.
2015 S. Venkatachalam Ayyar	Do.
2016 V. Parameswara Ayyar	Do.
2018 D. Narayana Pillai	Do.
2017 M. P. Gopalan Nayar	Do.
2018 J. Ponnammal	Do.
2019 K. K. Thomas	Do.
2024 Ahana Jnanabhanam	Do.
2033 Mary Matilda Mazza	Do.
2063 S. Ch Sankaran	Do.
2064 B. Govinda Pillai	Do.
2067 S. Sathyanatha Ayyar	Do.
2068 R. Kanjan	Do.
2084 P. Gopalan	Do.
2089 P. Madhavan Pillai	Do.
2086 V. M. Mathew	Do.
2087 Swaminathan Daniel	Do.
2088 Arulanandan Manasch	Do.
2093 Nelamgarath K. Gopala Kurup ..	Ernakulam.
2166 K. P. Ponnu	Do.
2170 P. N. Ramen Pillai	Do.
2204 Clara Charles	Do.
2209 P. Krishnan Patti	Do.
2205 M. P. Sridhara Menon	Do.
2210 N. Madhava Ammal	Do.
2211 K. Gopala Pillai	Do.
2212 A. M. Rose	Do.
2213 E. M. Chakku	Do.
2214 C. K. Joseph	Do.
2224 V. C. Rajatta Ayyar	Do.
2228 P. K. Sankaran	Do.
2229 T. K. Kesavan	Do.
2230 William A. Gomes	Do.
2231 P. Chakko	Do.
2232 V. V. Joseph	Do.
2234 P. J. Abraham	Do.
2235 N. Venkateswara Ayyar	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2236 R. Sankara Pillai	Ernakulam.
2237 N. D. Kathrina	Do.
2238a K. Lakshmikutti Ammal	Do.
2276 V. K. Narayana Ayyar	Trichur.
2277 M. R. Sankaran	Do
2278 V. K. Ramachandran	Do.
2279 M. J. Tereza	Do.
2282 K. K. Raman	Do.
2283 Edayana Madhavan	Do.
2291 Nellat Damodara Menon	Do.
2292 Pallathparambil Sridhara Menon ..	Do.
2293 K. Sankaran	Do.
2296 Vallarpattanapalli Pathiwattil Mani.	Do.
2344 K. J. Abraham	Do.
2326 L. T. Joseph	Do.
2444 B. S. Channa Basavappa	Mysore.
2262 K. Chik Nanjappa	Do.
2261 Mysore P. Vasudevaraiya	Do.
2264 Mysore S. Sadashiva	Do.
2325 Malapura S. Narayana Ayyangar ..	Do.
2270 T. Srikantayya	Do.
2292 S. Abdur Rahim	Do.
2430 House S. Venkatachala Rao ..	Bangalore.
2435 Bangalore S. Nanjundappa ..	Do.
2437 Bangalore M. Gurjarao ..	Do.
2439 Somanahalli V. Mara Chetti ..	Do.
2501 K. Lakshmi Ammal	Do.
2520a M. Ayyamperi	Do.
2535 Mayavaram Mahaiya	Mayavaram.
2670 S. M. Ponnuswami Pillai	Salem.
2695 K. Tirumalai Venkatarathna ..	Coimbatore.
2564 M. Pichumuttu	Do.
2640 Kant Raghava Menon	Palghat.
2705 Annamuberri Kunhan	Calicut.
2714 Elizabeth Alan Arangadan ..	Do
2748 Chowbala Kunnaran	Do.
2751 Mathen Gopalan	Do.
2770 Mary Shakespeare	Mangalore.
2743 Lalita Jalkamba	Do.
2731 Thyagaja Kunder	Do.
2732 L. M. Ferrao Philip	Do.
2814 Kaikal Narayya Shetti	Do.
2816 Surjakal Srinivasa Rao	Do.
7871 Kaki Ramakrishnayya	Do.
8620 M. Sankaranarayana Rao	Do.
1820 Balavanthava Rau	Do.
2610 C. Venugopal	Madras.
2318 Priyanka Mangalabhiyan	Do.
2970 M. Ratna Nayakar	Do.
2974 M. Sivambrahmanyam Mudali ..	Do.
2976 S. Mahadeva Asari	Do.
2975 P. Ganapayya Nayudu	Do.
2977 A. Rajabadur Mudali	Do.
2978 Kakalur Balasundara Mudali ..	Do.
2979 S. Gangadharam Nayakar	Do.
2980 P. Chenchayya Nayudu	Do.
3001 P. Jana Devanarthana	Do.
3008 N. Alavandar Nayudu	Do.
3007 P. Thulasinga Rao	Do.
3006 S. Partasarathi Mudali	Do.
3009 G. Devarajulu Asari	Do.
3011 M. Kandaswami Mudali	Do.
3012 G. Munuswamy Mudali	Do.
3013 S. Raja Nayakar	Do.
3093 K. Rajagopal	Do.
3097 Sadasivam R. Gosha Ashari ..	Do.
3116 Chavan Sankaraji Rao	Do.
3135 C. Abdul Rahiman	Do.
3140 M. Rajamanikkam Pillai	Do.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Government Technical Examination held in December 1920 in the subject under which their names appear:—

MINOR SANITARY ENGINEERING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE)

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	5 T. V. Subrahmanyam ..	Madras.
	9 S. Parameswara Ayyar ..	Do.
	91 K. G. Ramalingam ..	Do.
1	42 R. Warada Asari ..	Madras
	44 Vedula Venkata Rao ..	Do.
	48 Puri Nagabhushana Rao ..	Do.

MINOR SANITARY ENGINEERING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE)—*contd.*

Excess Class.

Register number and name of candidates.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidates	Where examined.
1 C. S. Muthuswamiyan	Madras.	34 Tavarnatti Paramasayya	Madras.
10 Tatavarti Viswanatha Rao ..	Do.	37 P. Venkatasubbara Chetti	Do.
13 V. Vaidyanathan	Do.	38 P. V. Ramanujam Mudali	Do.
13 C. Krishnan	Do.	41 Delhi Rao Pantulu	Do.
14 S. V. Venkatakrishna Ayyar ..	Do.	51 M. V. Krishnaswami	Do.
14 K. P. Narayana Ayyar	Do.	55 Kanchibhatla Parvatesam	Do.
16 Vajjavarthula Ashyuthamayya ..	Do.	60 V. Subrahmanya Ayyar	Do.
17 Tratury Krishnayya Rao	Do.	62 Bapu Narasimhaswami	Do.
21 N. Suryanarayana Ayyar	Do.	64 S. Durgaswami Pantri	Do.
23 G. Vasudevan	Do.	37 D. Subrahmanyam	Do.
26 A. V. Nagantha Ayyar	Do.	68 K. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Do.
26 Kanchi Rangaswami Ayyangar ..	Do.	69 Abhanapragada Adi Narayana Rao ..	Do.
32 M. Sankaralingam	Do.	72 G. A. Ramaswami	Do.
33 Marmat S. Subrahmanya Mudali ..	Do.	74 M. Sivasubrahmanyam	Do.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 20th January 1921.

D. A. HOBDAY, *Secretary.*

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS—OCTOBER 1920.

FAILURE LIST.

[*Notes* 1.—Candidates who were absent from part of the examination are regarded as having failed in the subject or subjects from which they absented themselves.

2.—Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer-papers will not be attended to.]

THE REVENUE TEST.

Revenue Acts and Regulations	a	Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts and the ..	c
Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue ..	b	Special Funds Code	d
The Stamp, Income-tax and Excise Manuals ..	e	Deficiency of total marks	e

Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.
4	a e d	213	a	270	a b e d	345	a b e	430	b
61	a	214	e	274	a	347	a	432	a e d
43	e d	215	e	274	a e	348	a	434	e
46	a e	216	a e	280	a b e d	350	a e d	435	a
47	b e d	217	e	281	d	354	a e	436	e
48	e	218	e b	282	a	135	a e	437	a
49	a	221	e	283	a d	153	e	439	e d
70	a b e d	222	a	285	b e	360	a	440	a e
71	a b e d	227	a e	289	b e d	361	a b e d	701	b
73	a	230	a	294	a b	363	a	713	a e
74	a	232	a	295	e	366	a b e	744	a
75	a b e d	236	a b	303	a e d	369	e	747	e
77	a b e d	236	a	306	a	370	a b e	748	e
78	a b e d	237	a e	309	a e	378	a e	749	a b c
79	e	238	a	313	e	372	b	753	a
81	e d	240	e	316	e	381	e	755	a b e
86	a	241	b	319	a	382	a	756	c
88	a	245	a b	319	b d	385	e	761	a
89	e	248	e	412A	e	387	a	762	a
90	a b d	249	a	412	a d	393	e	764	a b e
92	a e	250	d	415	a e d	394	a b e	768	a b e
93	a	264	a e d	416	a	400	a e	769	a b e
94	a	265	a	417	e	407	e	769	e
98	a	266	a b e	418	e	408	a	770	a b e
154	a b e d	267	a b e	419	a b e d	410	e	771	a
200	d	268	e	421	a b e d	420	e d	772	a b e
201	e d	269	a	424	a	421	a	785	b
202	b	281	a d	427	a b e d	422	b	787	e d
204	a	282	a b e d	428	a	425	a	812	a
206	b e d	283	a b e d	429	a	427	a	814	e
208	b e	284	e	431	a b e d	428	a b e	818	a
110	e d	286	a	432	a e	429	a b e	816	b e
111	a b e d	272	a b e	435	e	472	a	819	a b e d
218	a	273	e	437	e	431	a	820	a b e d
214	b e d	274	a	438	a b e d	474	a	822	a e
216	d	243	a b e d	443	e	373	b	824	a b e d
218	b e d	284	b a	444	a a	476	e	825	a
217	e	286	e	447	a b	481	a b	826	a
218	e	287	e	448	a d	482	a b e d	828	a d
242	a	301	a b e	449	a e d	484	a	829	b e
243	e d	302	b e d	241	a	486	a	830	a b e d
244	e	304	e	442	e b d	487	a	431	e
244	e d	307	a e	462	a	488	e e	846	b e
313	a	309	e e d	444	a	264	a b e d		

Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.
837	a	1103	a	1174	a b a	1447	b a	2297	a
838	a	1104	a c	1175	a a	1448	a b a	2298	a
840	a b c d	1105	c c	1176	a	1449	a a	2299	a
843	a	1106	a	1177	c	1471	a b c	2301	a b a
844	a b a	1107	a b a	1178	a	1473	a	2302	b a
845	a a	1108	c	1179	a	1474	c	2304	a a
846	b	1171	a b c d	1180	a	1475	a b c	2305	a a
847	a a	1180	a	1181	c	1476	a	2306	c d
848	a	1189	a a	1184	c	1477	c b a	2307	a
849	a b a	1188	b	1185	a a	1478	a	2308	a
850	a a	1187	c	1186	a	1479	b	2309	c
870	c a	1190	a	1186	b	1481	a c	2311	b
871	A	1192	b a	1191	a	1482	a	2313	a c
892	a a	1193	a	1228	a b c	1483	a c	2314	c
893	a	1194	a a	1231	a b a	1484	a	2315	a
897	a b a d	1196	c	1232	a	1485	a b a	2316	a b c
898	b	1197	c	1236	a	1487	a a	2316	a b a
899	a	1198	a a	1239	c b c	1488	a c	2318	a
900	a a	1199	a a	1240	a b c	1492	a	2321	a b c
901	a b c	1201	a c	1241	a b c d	1494	a b	2322	c
902	a c	1202	a	1244	a a	1507	a b c	2325	a b c
904	c	1220	a	1245	c	1508	b c	2346	b
905	a b c d	1271	a b c	1247	c	1509	a	2345	a a
909	c	1275	a a	1264	a	2004	a	2347	a
915	a b a d	1277	a	1264	a a	2001	a a	2348	a b
915	c d	1278	a b c	1265	a b a	2002	a	2349	c
914	a	1290	a	1268	a b c	2005	c	2351	b a
915	a b a d	1291	a	1265	b c	2006	a	2352	a a
917	a	1292	c	1269	a	2007	a b	2355	a b c
921	c	1293	a b c d	1451	c	2010	b	2322	c
922	a	1294	c	1723	b	2076	c	2330	b
923	a b d	1295	a b a	1724	b a	2076	a b a	2345	a
924	a b d	1296	a b	1725	a b a d	2079	a b c	2342	a b a
930	a	1295	c d	1726	a b a	2080	c	2344	a b c
931	c	1294	a	1730	c	2081	c	2345	a b a d
933	a a	1295	c	1731	c	2082	b c	2347	b
934	a b c	1297	a b a	1736	b c	2083	a	2348	a
936	c	1298	a b a	1733	a b a d	2084	a b a	2349	a b c
941	a	1299	a	1734	c	2085	a b	2351	a a
914	a .	1300	a	1735	a b a	2087	c .	2352	a a
947	a a	1302	c .	1736	b a	2048	c d	2340	a b a
946	c	1303	b .	1737	a c	2089	a	2356	b
947	b a	1304	b a	1738	a c	2090	a b a	2357	c
951	a a	1305	b	1744	a	2092	a b c	2358	a b
959	a c	1306	b a	1741	a a	2093	c	2359	a c
961	a b a	1311	a b	1749	a a	2094	a a	2361	a c
963	a b a	1312	a	1744	a b a	2095	a c	2362	a c
969	a	1318	a b c	1747	a d	2096	c	2364	a a
7b17	a	1314	c	1748	a c	2100	b a	2365	c
1018	a c	1315	b	1749	a	2101	a a	2367	a b a d
1019	a	1315	a c d	1750	a	2102	b a	2368	c
1021	a c	1320	a b a d	1751	b a	2102	a a	2370	a b a
1022	b	1321	a	1754	b a	2104	c	2378	a d
1023	a b d	1324	a c d	1747	c	2105	a	2374	a a
1024	a b c d	1324	a c	1750	a b	2107	a b a d	2377	b
1025	a a	1325	a	1752	b c	2108	c	2376	a b
1030	a	1327	a b a	1756	a	2105	b a	2380	a b a d
1031	a c	1328	a	1744	a c	2110	b	2400	c
1039	a b a d	1331	a	1760	a b	2108	a b	2503	a
1034	b	1332	a a	1762	a b a	2109	a	2507	c
1038	a a	1335	a a	1768	a b a	b173	a	2508	r
1022	a a d	1337	b a	1768a	a a b	2174	a	2509	a
1038	a b a	1344	b	1820	a b c	2115	c	2510	a
1039	a	1340	b c	1818	c	2176	a	b015	a b c
1040	c	1343	a a	1815	a b a	b177	b a d	2516	a b a
1041	a	7344	a b c d	1817	a	9178	a b c	2511b	c
1042	c	1347	a b a	1818	a b a d	2181	a c	2519	a a
1044	a b a d	1339	c	1822	c	2184	a a d	9024a	c
1046	c	1341	b	1824	a	2185	a c	2525	a d
1047	a a	1342	a c	1825	a	b186	b	2527	c
1048	a a b	1343	a a	1826	a b a	2188	a a	2528	a b a
1054	c	1344	a b c	1827	a	2192	c	2529	a
1055	a	1345	a b a	1828	a b a	2193	a	2531	a d
1056	c	4449	a	1829	a	4194	a c	27.1	c
1058	c	1452	a b c	1838	c	2194a	a	2715	a
1124	a	1454	b c	1831	b	2232	c b	2714a	b a
1106	a b a d	1455	c	1834	b a	2237	a	2715	b
1107	c	1456	a b c	1841	a	2237	c	2716	b
1108	a	1457	a b a	1844	a b a	2275	a b c d	2717	a
1118	a b	1458	a c	1846	a b a	2280	a a	2718	a b c d
1111	a b c d	1455	a	1847	a b	2281	a c	2.30	a c
1118	a b	1460	c	1848	c	2282	b a	2722	b c d
1115	a b	1461	a c	2042	a b a	2286	a a	2723	a
1116	a b	1462	b	1852	a b c	2286	b	2727	a
1117	a	1464	b	1850	b c	2283	c	2728	a
1116	a c	1466	a c d	1867	a	2290	b	2729	a a
1121	b	1467	c	1868	a	2291	c c	2741	a b
1122	a	1469	b c	1869	a b a d	2292	b	2736	a c
1125	b c	1470	a	1900	a b c	b295	a a	2735	c b
1129	b a	1471	a b c	1901	a b c	2294	b a	2737	c
1127	c	1475	c	1902	c	2298	a c	2740	b d
1128	a b c	1476	a	1906	c .	2300	a		

Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.
2744	a	2760	b	2791	a	2806	a d	2817	b
2745	a b	2761	b	2792	a	2807	a	2819	a
2747	b c	2774	a c	2794	b	2808	b c	2821	a
2750	a	2776	c	2795	a	2810	a	2822	a b c
2751	a b c d	2777	d	2797	a	2812	c	2823	a b c
2753	a	2780	a	2798	c	2814	c	2826	c
2747	a b	2783	a c	2801	b c	2815	a b c	2825	c
2769	a b c d	2789	a	1804	a c				

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 19th January 1921.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary.

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Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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Supplementary—

Abstract of season reports for week ending 22nd January 1921.

Notice of Sale of Abkari and Opium privileges—English, Tamil and Telugu.

Notice of conditions of issue of fixed fee foreign liquor licences—English, Tamil and Telugu.

Sale Notice of Arrack, Ganja and Opium shops in the Madras Town Circle—Tamil.

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras Presidency for the month of November 1920

APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

Judicial.

Appointments and Postings.—M.R.By. Virinjipuram Subbaraya Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., Head Clerk, City Civil Court, Madras, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Pennkonda. To join forthwith.

M.R.By. Cattamanchi Bhaskara Reddi Avargal, B.A., B.L., First-grade Pleader, Chittoor, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Kovvur. To join forthwith.

M.R.By. Ramanath Sujir Avargal, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil practising in Madras, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Udipi, *vice* M.R.By. M. Manjunatha Rao Avargal on leave or until further orders. To join expeditiously.

High Court, Madras,
17th January 1921.

No. 6, Commutation of leave.—The privilege leave on half salary granted to M.R.By. Tirukudi Sundaram Ayyar Avargal, District Munsif, in the High Court notification No. 36, dated the 9th July 1920, published at page 1204 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 13th July 1920, is hereby commuted into privilege leave on full salary for the first ten days and on half salary for the remaining twenty-five days under articles 272, 274 and 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

High Court, Madras,
21st January 1921.

No. 7, Appointment and Posting.—M.R.By. Vaikakkal Tirumalayappa Palaniyappa Mudaliyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil practising at Tinnevelly, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Manamadura (Principal). To join on the forenoon of the 1st February 1921.

R. H. COURTENAY,
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
22nd January 1921.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Postings.—Mr. George Oswald DeSouza, Inspector, on return from leave, to the Karnool Circle.

M.R Ry. Narasimha Garu Rao Avargal, Inspector, from the Karnool to the Morakolam Circle. To join on relief.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
17th January 1921.

D. N. STRATHIE,
Acting Secretary.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. Krishna Ayyar Ranga Ayyar Avargal, B.A., Inspector, third grade, sub *pro tem*, Salt and Abkari, Kasaragod Circle, is granted privilege leave for three weeks from the date of avail.

The Inspector, Mangalore Circle, will be in dual charge of the Kasaragod Circle during the period.

Trichinopoly, 14th January 1921.

G. E. JOHNSTON,
Deputy Commissioner, Southern division.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Posting.—M.R Ry. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Overseer, first grade, permanent, and Supervisor, first grade, temporary. Koraput division, is posted for charge of the Jeypore subdivision of the same division, *vice* M.R.Ry. K. C. Sobhayya Chetti, Assistant Engineer, suspended.

Waltair, 20th January 1921.

G. T. MULLINGS,
Superintending Engineer, I Circle.

Leave.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No. 177, Financial, dated 7th March 1919, M.R Ry. A. R. Subbuswami Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Engineer, Madras Engineering Service, transferred to this Circle in Public Works Department Notification No. 8164-C, dated 16th December 1920, is granted privilege leave for four months with effect from the date of relief in the VII Circle.

Bezwada, 22nd January 1921.

L. D. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, II Circle.

Reposting.—Mr. Frank Edward Schumbry, Assistant Engineer posted to this circle in Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 134-C, dated 7th January 1921, is reposted to Coorg division for charge of No. 2 Subdivision, headquarters, Virajpet.

Transfers.—(1) Staff Sergeant W. H. Donald, Supervisor, first grade, and Sub-Engineer, temporary, from the Coorg division to the West Coast division for charge of Calicut subdivision—Headquarters, Calicut. To join on relief by Mr. F. E. Schumbry, Assistant Engineer.

(2) M.R.Ry. A. L. Gnanadikam Pillai, Assistant Engineer, from the Calicut subdivision to Cannanore subdivision. To join on relief by item (1).

Coimbatore, 18th January 1921.

Transfer.—Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary M. Power, Assistant Engineer, from the Coorg division to the West Coast division for charge of No. 1 subdivision, Cannanore.

To relieve M.R.Ry. S. Adaikalaswami Pillai, Sub-Engineer, temporary, transferred to the II Circle.

Cancelment of transfer.—The transfer of Staff Sergeant W. H. Donald, Sub-Engineer, temporary, to the West Coast division and that of M.R Ry. A. L. Gnanadikam Pillai Avargal, Assistant Engineer, to Cannanore subdivision ordered in the Superintending Engineer's No. 106-M, dated 18th January 1921, are hereby cancelled.

Reposting.—Mr. Frank Edward Schumbry, Assistant Engineer, posted to this Circle in Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 134-C., dated 7th January 1921, is reposted to Coorg division for charge of No. 1 subdivision, *vice* Lieutenant M. Power transferred to West Coast division. This cancels Mr. Schumbry's transfer to No. 2 subdivision ordered in this office No. 108-M, dated 18th January 1921.

Coimbatore, 22nd January 1921.

R. N. AROGYASWAMI MUDALIYAR,
Offg. Superintending Engineer, IV Circle.

Leave.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations privilege leave for three weeks from the 24th of January 1921 or date of relief is granted to M.R.Ry. T. R. Narasimhachari Avargal, Assistant Engineer, Madras Engineering Service, South Presidency division.

Madras, 21st January 1921.

M. BROWN,
Superintending Engineer, V Circle.

Transfers and Postings.—(1) M.R.Ry. D. S. Sankara Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Engineer, on the expiry of the privilege leave granted to him, is transferred from the Madura Special division to the Tank Restoration Scheme division for charge of No. II subdivision, Palamcottah.

(2) On relief by item (1) M.R.Ry. N. Kandaswami Pillai Avargal, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Tank Restoration Scheme division to the Tinnevelly division for charge of the Srivaikuntam subdivision.

G. S. RAMA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

Trichinopoly, 18th January 1921.

Reporting.—Mr. A. V. Raman, Municipal Engineer, Salem, who has been appointed in Public Works Proceedings No. Mis. C. 25-W., dated 6th January 1921, as the Fourth Assistant Sanitary Engineer, Madras, is reported for charge of the Northern Circle in the first instance. He should, on arrival, report himself for duty to the Deputy Sanitary Engineer, Northern and Central Circles, Madras.

F. W. IRELAND,
Offg. Sanitary Engineer to Government.

Madras, 19th January 1921.

MEDICAL.

Leave.—Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon M. V. Subrahmanyan, L.M.S., attached to Cholera Party "G," is hereby granted privilege leave for one month from 1st December 1920 or date of relief.

Madras, 17th January 1921.

Services placed.—Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon R. Subrahmanyam, L.M.S., Acting Assistant to District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kistna, is placed at the disposal of the Chairman, Municipal Council, Ongole, Guntur district, *vice* Civil Assistant Surgeon G. L. Kantha Rao, L.M.S.

Services replaced.—Civil Assistant Surgeon P. M. Varughis, L.M.S., on return from leave, is replaced at the disposal of the President, District Board, Ramnad, *vice* Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon A. R. Lobo, L.M.S.

Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon A. R. Lobo, L.M.S., on relief at Local Fund Hospital, Sivagangai, Ramnad district, is posted to Government General Hospital, Madras, on reserve duty.

Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon A. R. Lobo, L.M.S., from reserve duty, Government General Hospital, Madras, is posted to Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras, on reserve duty.

Postings.—Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon A. V. Kamath, L.M.S., on relief at Municipal Hospital, Tenali, Guntur district, is posted to reserve duty Headquarter Hospital, Guntur, until further orders.

Appointments.—Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon A. V. Kamath, L.M.S., from reserve duty Headquarter hospital, Guntur, is appointed to act as Assistant to Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Madras, *vice* temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon V. K. Narayana Menon, M.B., B.S., proposed to be granted one month's privilege leave.

Madras, 18th January 1921.

Civil Assistant Surgeon G. L. Kantha Rao, L.M.S., on relief at Municipal Hospital, Ongole Guntur district, is appointed as Assistant to District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kistna, *vice* temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon R. Subrahmanyam, L.M.S., transferred.

Madras, 19th January 1921.

Posting.—Mr. G. D. Gnanamuthu, L.M.S., entertained as a temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon in the department on Rs. 200 per mensem plus allowance attached to the appointment, is posted to Government Royapetta Hospital, Madras, on reserve duty until further orders.

Madras, 19th January 1921.

Services placed.—Captain F. F. R Carrack, I.M.D., on the expiry of his special duty under the Health Officer, Corporation of Madras, in connexion with the visit of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, is posted to the Government General Hospital, Madras, as Senior Assistant Surgeon, *vice* Military Assistant Surgeon W. S. Martin, I.M.D.

Military Assistant Surgeon W. S. Martin, I.M.D., on relief at the Government General Hospital, Madras, is placed at the disposal of the Chairman, Municipal Council, Kodaikanal, *vice* Major F. D. Deoras, I.M.D., granted leave.

Reporting.—Civil Assistant Surgeon S. Venkatasubba Rao, L.M.S., on return from leave, is reported to Medical School, Vizagapatam, as Assistant Superintendent and Lecturer.

Posting.—Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon D. V. Appa Rao, L.M.S., Lecturer, Medical School, Vizagapatam, on relief, is posted to Medical School, Madura, as Lecturer, *vice* temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon P. N. Ramasubrahmanyam, B.A., M.B., B.S., permitted to resign.

Madras, 20th January 1921.

Appointment.—M.R.Ry. B. Shankara Rao, L.M.S., entertained as a temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon in the department on Rs. 200 per mensem plus allowance attached to the appointment, is appointed to act as Senior Assistant Surgeon, Government General Hospital, Madras.

Madras, 21st January 1921.

Postings.—Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon A. Narasinga Rao, L.M.S., on the expiry of the period of training at the King Institute, Guindy, is posted to Medical College, Madras, on reserve duty until further orders.

Civil Assistant Surgeon U. Annayya, M.B., B.S., on the expiry of privilege leave, is posted to the Medical College, Madras, on reserve duty until further orders.

(By order)

A. C. INGRAM, Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 22nd January 1921

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PATENTS.

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 5 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act of 1911, have been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Record Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1 Council House Street, Calcutta, at the price of eight annas per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price ten annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price two annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

4518. U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co. Improvement in process of producing liquid fuel and product thereof.
4833. George Kent, Ld., and A. D. Deane-Butcher. Improvements in or relating to means for electrically signalling the movements of recording instruments.
4912 A. Watkinson. Improved indicator means for use on recreation grounds or race courses.
5243 Universal Wheel Co., Ld. Improvements in road tractor and other wheels and pulleys.
5277. K. Earl and I. J. Stewart. Improved dye-stuffs and mode of producing them.
5305 Concrete Dwellings, Ld. and H. Eden-Brown. Improvements relating to moulds for casting hollow concrete and like structures such as walls.
5356. Blue Bird Manufacturing Co. Improvements in tighteners for motor driven belts.
5366 Vickers, Limited Improvements in or relating to winding devices for sewing machines and other purposes.
5402. P. W. Sieurin. Improvements in friction couplings.
5436. Lackawana Steel Co. Improvements in and relating to inter locking sheet piling
5462 H. Tindale. Improvements in the distillation of coal tar and products derived therefrom.
5467. L. Eagis and Dorman Long & Co., Ld. Improvements in or relating to steel framed cottages.
5476. De Trey & Co., Ld. Improvements in or relating to chairs.
5489. F. C. Tilley. Improvements in or connected with vapour burners and lamps.
5505 E. C. Leachman. Improvements in or relating to advertising devices.
5509. G. A. Julius. Apparatus for printing and issuing totalisator tickets and for electrically controlling totalisator indicators.
5545. A. J. Norton. Improvements in or relating to circular knitting machines and articles produced therefrom.
5556. F. Jallings. Improvements in or relating to couplings for railway and like vehicles.
5584. Burn & Co., Ld. Improvements in the manufacture of wheels for railway vehicles and the like and apparatus to be employed therefor.
5585. Burn & Co., Ld. Improvements in the manufacture of railway and like buffer casings and other elongated hollow objects and in means to be employed in such manufacture.
5617. L. O Hengel. Improvements in rail-anchoring devices.
5634. J. Perkins-Murray and J. Robinson Method of comparing sounds.
5645. Syracuse Washing Machine Corporation. Improvements in a washing machine.
5722. Titan Co., A/S. Improvements in or relating to titanic oxide pigments and the production of the same.
5742. K. Gouldie. Improvements in apparatus for measuring forces and the like.
5810. The Barber Asphalt Paving Co. Improvements in fibred asphalt.
5829. F. Badelot and E. Bonnet. Improvements in or relating to splices and screws for rails.
5883 T. H. Whalley. Improvements in loom shuttles.
5877. Jessop & Co., Ld. Improvements in and relating to loss of head gauge for filtration plant.

A. R. KNAPP,
Chief Secretary.

Fort St. George, 25th January 1921.

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J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

ELECTION OF A MEMBER FOR THE MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Whereas a vacancy has occurred among the elected members of the Madras Legislative Council by the acceptance of the resignation of M.R.Ry Chaipet Pattabhirama Ayyar Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal who was elected by the Madras City Non-Muhammadan Urban Constituency, it is hereby notified under regulation 5 (i) Section I of the regulations for the conduct of elections for the General Constituency of the Madras Legislative Council, that an election for filling up the above mentioned seat (unreserved) will be held on Saturday the 26th February 1921, between the hours of 7 a.m., to 12 noon and from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m. at the places mentioned in the final electoral rolls.

2. The nomination papers should be presented to the Returning Officer at his office in Ripon Buildings, Corporation of Madras, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon on Wednesday the 26th January 1921 and they will be taken up for scrutiny at 12 noon on Friday the 28th January 1921.

3. The Returning Officer will commence the counting of the votes at the Council Chamber in the Ripon Buildings, Corporation of Madras, at 12 noon on Monday the 28th February 1921.

M BAZL-UL-LAH,
Commissioner, Corporation of Madras,
Returning Officer for the Non-Muhammadan
Constituency, Madras City-Urban.

Corporation of Madras,
19th January 1921

மதராஸ் சட்டசபை சபைக்கு ஒன்பதாக தெரிந்தெடுப்பதற்கு நடைபெறவுள்ள தேர்தல்.

சென்னை சட்ட சபையில் (மதராஸ் சென்னைநகர வருவில) சென்னை நகர முசல்மான்களல்லாத மேலிடவாசனைகளை தெரிந்தெடுக்கப்பட்ட ஒரு மெம்பரில் வசமாகி ராவ்பஹதூர் ராமசாமி ஐயர் அவர்கள் ராஜினாமா கடிதத்தை ஒப்புக்கொண்டபடியால், மேலும் நோட்டீசு பிரசுரமாக தெரிந்தெடுப்பதற்கு ஏற்பாடு நடத்தும்படி மதராஸ் சென்னைநகர முசல்மான்களல்லாத மேலிடவாசனைகளை தெரிந்தெடுக்கும் விதிகளில் 3 (1)-வது பிரிவின்படி இதனால் தெரிவிப்படுகிறதாவது:—

1. சென்னை நகர முசல் சமஸ்தானங்களில் மேலிடவாசனைகளை தெரிந்தெடுக்கும் ஒரு மெம்பரை (சீரான இவரை) தெரிந்தெடுக்க 1921-வது பிப்ரவரி மாதம் 26-வது தேதி சனிக்கிழமை காலை 7 மணி முதல் 12 மணி வரைக்கும், பகல் 1 மணி முதல் மாலை 6 மணி வரைக்கும் இந்த சமஸ்தானங்களுக்கு முடிவான மெம்பரை நியமிக்கும் குறிப்பிட்ட போலிங் பிரதேசங்களில் வோட்டுகள் எடுக்கப்படும்.

2 நாமினேஷன் பேப்பர்கள் மாலி மாதம் 26-வது தேதி புதன்கிழமை பகல் 11 மணிமுதல் 12 மணிக்குள்ளாக ரிப்பன் பில்டிங்குகளில் சிட்டி சிவில் கட்டளைத் தலைவர் (Returning Officer) ஆபிஸ் கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அவைகள் மாலி மாதம் 28 வது தேதி வெள்ளிக்கிழமை பகல் 12 மணிக்கு பரிசோதிக்கப்படும்.

3. 1921-வது மாலி மாதம் 28-வது தேதி திங்கள்கிழமை 12 மணிக்கு சபைகள் நடக்கிற சென்னை மாநகராட்சி ரிப்பன் பில்டிங்குகளில் வோட்டுகள் எண்ணப்படும்.

எம். பஸ்லுல்லா,
கமிஷனர், சென்னைநகர் ஆட்சிமுறை,
சென்னை நகர (நகர்) முசல்மான்களல்லாத
சமஸ்தானங்களுக்கு தலைமை ஆபீசர்.

மதராஸ் சென்னைநகர்,
1921-வது மாலி 19வ.

TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles valued, approximately at Rs 17-3-0 was found by Mondikai Avanashi Mudali and seven others in the puttam poramboke of Periyapalayam, hamlet of Palangarai village, Avanashi taluk on or about the 15th November 1920.

2 All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office on the 15th June 1921 with a view to the matter being inquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act:—

Description of treasure. Name of articles.	Approximate value. Rs. A. P.
5 East India Company 1 rupee silver coins	5 0 0
11 Muhammadan 1 rupee silver coins	11 0 0
1 half and 1 quarter rupee Muhammadan silver coins	0 12 0
1 gold Virarayan panam	9 7 0
19	17 3 0

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
15th January 1921.

F. R. EVANS,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on 7th September 1920, one Siva Pilai made of copper, valued at Rs. 100, was found in S. No. 190-1 village-site poramboke of E har village, Cheyyar taluk, North Arcot district.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of North Arcot at his office at Vellore on the 10th day of June 1921, when the matter will be inquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

North Arcot Collector's Office,
15th January 1921.

P. SITARAMAYYA,
Collector.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned articles of treasure were found on 6th December 1920 by Pal Nadan, son of Mookan of Krishnapuram village, Tenkasi taluk, while he was herding cattle in the vacant Government Nathan S. No. 234-3 near the village cattle-pound.

Name of articles	Description of treasure.	Estimated value. Rs. A. P.
1. Eight Gold male earrings of which 2 set with ruby	.. ..	7 0 0
2. Two Gold thalis	.. ..	1 8 0
3 Five Gold female earrings	.. ..	5 0 0
4 Twenty-nine Gold (coin) kasu	.. ..	7 0 0
48		20 0 0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tinnevelly at Kuttalam on 4th July 1921 in view to the matter being inquired into and determined according to law

Tinnevelly, Collector's Office,
13th January 1921.

E. A. DAVIS,
Collector.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS.

GINGELLY CROP OF 1920-21 - THIRD REPORT.

(On an average of the five years ending 1918–19 the area under gingelly in the Madras Presidency has represented some 19·5 per cent of the total area under gingelly in British India.)

The area sown with gingelly up to 1st January 1921 is estimated at 484,200 acres which is 83 per cent below the estimate of 688,100 acres made on the corresponding date last year. This excludes the late crop which is sown in March-April, mainly in the Circars and the South. This late crop will be included in the final estimate next April. The general decrease is due to the failure of the second half of the South-West Monsoon. The decrease is proportionately larger in the Carnatic, Central and South where the crop now dealt with is sown later than in the North.

2. Yields are well below normal in the Circars, but elsewhere yields are normal or slightly above, the crop having been helped by the excellent North-East Monsoon rains. The seasonal factor is calculated at 92 per cent of an average crop for the Presidency, and this works out to a yield of 87,600 tons as against 90,800 tons estimated on the corresponding date last year.

3. Details by districts are given in the statement appended.

(Area in hundreds of acres i.e., 00 being omitted; yield in hundreds of tons, i.e., 00 being omitted.)

Group.	Estimate of area sown with gingelly up to		Increase (+) or decrease (—) of column (2) as compared with column (3)	Percentage of the estimated yield per acre of the area in column (2) to the average yield per acre (100)	Estimated yield of the area in	
	1st January 1921.	1st January 1920.			column (2) 1920-21	column (3) (1919-20)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	acs.	acs.	acs.		tons.	tons
Ganjam	56,0	60,0	— 4,0	50	3,0	3,5
Vizagapatam	100,0	150,0	— 50,0	50	15,0	22,5
Godavari	60,0	60,0	— 10,0	90	4,5	9,0
Kistna	60,0	70,0	— 10,0	80	7,2	10,5
Guntur	5	1,3	— 8	163	1	2
Total, Circars	281,5	221,3	— 74,5	82	32,7	46,0
Kurnool	3,0	3,0	+ 2	80	3	3
Bellary	13,5	14,0	— 1,5	110	1,4	1,4
Anantapur	21,0	20,0	+ 1,0	100	2,1	1,7
Cuddapah	3	3	Nil.	100	Nil.	Nil.
Total, Deccan	40,5	36,3	— 8	103	3,7	3,9
Nellore	1,2	2,0	— 7	105	2	‡
Chingleput	17,0	34,0	— 16,5	100	2,2	4,2
South Arcot	13,0	30,0	— 18,0	100	1,4	2,8
Total, Carnatic	30,2	66,0	— 36,2	100	3,5	6,3
North Arcot	13,0	66,0	— 52,0	105	1,7	8,1
Chittoor	2,0	4,0	— 2,0	100	2	5
Salem	21,0	63,0	— 42,0	80	2,4	8,5
Coimbatore	23,0	20,0	+ 3,0	110	3,1	2,6
Trichinopoly	30,0	33,0	— 3,0	110	5,0	5,0
Total, Central	89,0	186,0	— 97,0	104	13,6	32,6
Tanjore	4,0	10,0	— 6,5	100	5	1,3
Madura	22,0	20,0	+ 2,0	100	2,0	2,0
Ramnad	10,0	20,0	— 10,0	100	1,3	2,6
Tinnevelly	11,0	17,0	— 6,0	90	1,9	2,1
Total, South	87,5	67,0	— 20,5	99	8,5	8,0
Malabar	15,0	12,0	+ 4,0	110	1,7	1,8
South Kanara	1,1	1,5	— 4	100	1	2
Total, West Coast	16,1	13,5	+ 2,6	100	1,8	1,9
Grand total	484,3	688,1	— 223,9	92	87,4	90,8

Madras, 12th January 1921.

Statement showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 15th January 1921.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	For the corresponding week of previous year.		For the current week			Total from 2nd February to the corresponding week of previous year.		For the current year from 1st February to date.			Exports by rail from the Madras Presidency from 1st January to 15th June 1920 (both months inclusive).	Imports by rail into Madras Presidency from January to December 1920 (both months inclusive).	(Total of columns (11) and (12) minus column (13))
	Despatched at mills(a)	Exported by sea	Received at mills(b)	Exported by sea(c)	(Total.	Received at mills.	Exported by sea.	Received at mills	Exported by sea.	(Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Tinnevelly	76	3,028	18	93	184	26,809	41,719	1,626	102,589	170,134			
Salems	Nil.		Nil.			1,454							
Cambodia	2851		68			24,276		25,892					
Northern and Westerns..	249	1,299	142	Nil.	142	23,701	26,787	37,418	84,786				
Ceconadas	3		Nil.			600	(f)593						
Cuddapah	468	Nil.	171	Nil.	171	16,668	Nil.	16,700	Nil.	11,706			
Total ..	1,030	4,321	394	93	475	181,709	198,430	117,629	199,388	317,857	(d) 140,196	(e) 12,764	389,261

(a) Returns have been supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by 12 mills.
(b) Do. in the current week by 6 mills.
(c) Exports by sea in the current week are—Madras nil; Tuticorin not received, Calicut 93.
(d) Exports to the Bombay Presidency—to places on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway line 136,284; to places on the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway line 137; exports to Pondicherry 7,256, to Bengal including Calcutta 5,811.
(e) Imports to places in the Madras Presidency on the South Indian Railway line—from the Bombay Presidency 6,157; from the Hyderabad State 6,813; imports into the Madras Presidency from the Hyderabad state (via Wadi and Secunderabad) not recorded by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway 1,270.
(f) Includes 15 bales not reported before

Quantity of cotton pressed at the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 15th January 1921.

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				Director's estimate of the 1919-20 crop
	Number pressed during the week ending 17th January 1920.	Number pressed from 2nd February 1919 to 17th January 1920.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 2nd February 1919 to 17th January 1920.	Total cotton consumed for 2nd February 1919 to 17th January 1920.	Number pressed during the current week.	Number pressed from 1st February to date.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February to date.	Total cotton consumed for from 1st February to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tinnevelly	862	101,494	4,116	105,606	Nil	(a)122,688	21,416	115,092	100,000
Salems	Nil.	2,919	6,916	9,746	Nil	642	3,273	3,915	30,000
Cambodia	1,334	172,931	16,269	187,596	627	(b)101,711	5,243	106,954	101,000
Northern and Westerns	574	157,965	Nil	157,965	466	121,343	(c) 99	121,442	161,700
Ceconadas	702	25,305	287	25,592	37	29,365	447	29,701	28,200
Total ..	3,372	475,614	15,074	493,389	1,190	356,620	29,477	377,104	421,000

(a) Includes 130 bales not reported before. (b) Includes 251 bales not reported above.
(c) Includes 14 bales not reported before.

G. A. D STUART,
Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 20th January 1921.

TRANSFER OF HEADQUARTERS.

It is hereby notified that the headquarters of the office of the Inspector of Salt and Abkari of Godavari Agency Circle have been transferred from Polavaram to Rajahmundry.

K. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Inspector, Godavari Agency Circle.

Rajahmundry, 11th January 1921.

NOTIFICATION.

Intending pilgrims to Srisailam for the next "Sivaratri" festival are hereby warned that the tank at Fatehoruvu is likely to dry up by the beginning of March and that there will be scarcity of water there.

J. C MOLONY,
Collector.

Kurnool, 30th December 1920.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Return showing the Births and Deaths registered in the Municipalities of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 23rd October 1880.

District.	Municipal towns.	Population according to the Census of 1871	BIRTHS. Class. Europeans &c.	Eurasians.	Christians.	Hindus	Mahomedans.	Other classes.	BIRTHS. Total. M.	F.	Total.	DEATHS. Class. Europeans &c.	Eurasians.	Christians.	Hindus	Mahomedans.	Other classes.	DEATHS. Total. M.	F.	Total.	DEATHS. Cause. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Diarrhœa and Dysentery.	Bronchitis, Pneumonia.	Injuries.	All other causes.
Ganjam	Chicacole	17,852	..	..	..	6	..	..	3	2	5	..	..	..	7	..	..	2	5	7	..	..	2	1	..	..	4
	Berhampur	31,456	..	..	..	7	2	1	5	4	9	..	..	..	6	..	1	6	4	10	..	..	5	..	..	..	5
	Parlakimedi	18,870	..	..	..	11	..	..	6	5	11	..	..	..	7	..	..	4	3	7	..	..	2	1	..	..	4
Vizagapatam	Vizagapatam	48,473	..	..	..	10	1	..	10	11	21	..	..	..	23	1	..	13	11	24	..	..	9	10	2	..	3
	Bimlipatam	9,311	..	..	..	7	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	2	1	3	..	..	1	2	..	..	..
	Vizianagram	37,160	..	..	..	14	3	..	10	7	17	..	..	..	21	..	..	8	13	21	..	..	6	4	1	..	7
	Anakapalle	20,625	..	..	..	10	..	..	8	2	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	6	4	10	..	..	6	..	..	..	4
Godavari	Cocanada	54,110	..	..	..	54	1	..	19	16	35	..	..	..	22	1	..	9	14	23	..	..	4	2	3	..	14
	Rajahmundry	46,417	..	..	3	12	..	..	8	6	14	..	..	..	18	1	..	9	10	19	..	..	8	1	1	..	12
	Peddapuram	15,438	..	..	..	7	1	..	2	3	5	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	2	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	1
Kistna	Ellore	42,531	..	..	..	21	2	..	9	14	23	..	..	1	17	1	..	8	12	18	..	1	3	1	..	..	14
	Masulipatam	42,123	..	..	..	21	2	..	10	11	23	..	..	..	23	..	..	12	13	25	..	..	11	1	..	..	13
	Bezwada	32,867	..	..	..	27	4	..	15	16	31	..	..	..	28	6	..	16	19	34	..	..	1	2	2	1	27
	Palkole	12,058	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	5	..	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	5
	Guntur	46,013	..	..	2	22	11	..	18	21	39	..	..	3	26	10	..	13	12	25	..	..	4	1	..	..	20
	Ongole	16,280	..	..	..	7	1	..	4	4	8	..	..	..	6	2	..	3	3	6	..	..	3	1	..	..	2
Guntur	Tenali	18,195	..	..	..	4	..	..	2	2	4	..	..	..	10	1	..	9	10	19	9	..	3	1	..	..	6
	Narasarapet *	8,743	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	Nellore	23,248	..	..	2	23	2	..	11	16	28	..	..	..	19	2	..	10	11	21	..	..	4	2	..	..	15
Madras	Madras	316,660	2	7	11	331	36	..	202	185	387	..	4	14	292	40	..	168	184	350	..	1	48	75	61	7	158
Chingleput	Conjeveram	53,881	..	..	..	37	..	..	19	18	37	..	..	..	22	..	..	12	10	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	12
	Chingleput	11,627	..	..	..	7	2	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	5	..	..	3	2	5	..	..	..	3	..	..	5
South Arcot	Cuddalore	54,673	..	..	1	38	..	..	14	23	37	1	..	..	32	..	..	11	15	26	..	..	2	2	3	1	18
	Chidambaram	31,327	..	..	..	12	2	..	8	6	14	..	..	..	6	1	..	4	3	7	..	..	..	1	..	..	6
	Villupuram	16,157	..	..	..	6	1	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	3	..	..	0	3	3	1	..	4	1	..	..	2
Trichinopoly	Trichinopoly	123,512	..	..	14	55	13	7	52	37	89	..	2	7	53	3	2	43	41	84	..	..	16	19	10	1	38
	Srirangam	24,709	..	..	..	7	..	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	14	..	..	10	4	14	..	..	4	..	1	..	9
	Karur	17,674	..	..	1	6	1	..	6	3	9	..	..	..	6	..	..	5	1	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	4
Tanjore	Tanjore	60,341	..	..	3	34	..	..	16	21	37	..	..	4	24	1	..	13	16	29	..	..	3	8	3	1	13
	Kumbakonam	54,047	..	..	1	23	2	..	15	9	28	..	..	..	25	..	..	10	15	25	..	1	6	4	2	1	10
	Mayaveram	27,121	..	..	1	18	..	..	9	8	17	..	..	1	15	..	..	8	7	15	..	..	2	2	..	..	12
	Negapatam	30,189	..	..	2	22	5	1	13	17	30	..	1	2	19	7	..	12	17	29	..	..	1	3	2	..	23
	Mannargudi	31,398	..	..	..	12	..	..	7	5	12	..	..	..	7	2	..	6	3	9	..	..	3	..	..	..	6
	Tiruvaur	21,000	..	..	..	7	..	..	4	3	7	..	..	..	4	1	..	3	3	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	5
Madura	Madura	134,130	..	2	4	88	6	..	60	61	121	1	..	1	74	6	..	51	32	83	..	..	16	6	5	..	63
	Periyakulam	18,710	..	..	6	16	1	..	11	7	18	..	..	2	3	1	..	4	3	7	..	..	1	..	..	..	6
	Dindigul	26,852	..	..	7	31	4	..	10	12	22	..	..	1	18	1	..	11	9	20	..	..	2	7	..	2	9
	Palni	13,211	..	..	1	9	2	2	8	6	14	..	..	..	4	1	1	2	1	3	..	..	1	2	..	..	3
	Kodaikanal	2,908	..	..	3	..	..	..	1	2	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	1	2	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Sedimayakanur.	20,183	..	..	..	7	..	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	23	..	..	10	15	25	..	..	1	1	..	..	2

* Not received.

RETURN showing the BIRTHS and DEATHS registered in the MUNICIPALITIES of the MADRAS PRESIDENCY for the week ending 23rd October 1920—*cont.*

District.	Municipal towns.	Population according to the Census of 1911.	BIRTHS									DEATHS.																
			Class.						Total.			Class.						Total.			Causes							
			Europeans.	Eurasians.	Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Others.	M.	F.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Others.	M.	F.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Bowel complaints.	Injuries.	All other causes.
Ramnad	Srivilliputtur ..	23,056	..	..	..	10	..	..	7	9	16	..	..	..	13	..	..	10	6	16	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	12
	Virudupatti ..	21,356	..	..	..	11	..	..	4	7	11	..	..	..	10	1	..	8	11	20	..	..	..	1	6	..	1	13
Tinnevelly	Tinnevelly ..	44,805	..	..	2	21	6	..	19	21	40	..	..	..	18	3	..	8	14	22	..	..	..	6	4	1	..	12
	Palamcottah ..	44,908	..	..	..	21	7	..	12	25	38	..	..	1	7	6	..	10	6	14	..	..	..	2	6	1	..	5
	Tuticorin ..	40,184	..	..	7	16	8	..	18	7	26	..	..	2	15	1	..	6	12	18	..	..	..	10	2	..	..	6
Kurnool	Kurnool ..	23,010	..	..	..	5	3	..	6	11	17	..	..	..	8	6	..	9	4	12	..	..	..	6	2	1	..	4
	Nandyal ..	16,930	..	..	1	4	2	..	4	3	7	..	..	..	3	3	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	2
Cuddapah	Cuddapah ..	17,807	..	..	..	3	10	1	11	3	14	..	..	..	8	4	3	7	4	11	..	..	..	2	3	1	..	5
	Proddatur ..	15,716	..	..	..	3	3	..	4	4	8	..	..	..	6	..	..	4	2	6	..	..	..	2	4	..	..	2
Bellary	Bellary ..	54,656	..	..	..	18	12	..	14	12	26	..	..	2	19	4	..	12	13	25	..	..	..	3	4	3	..	13
	Adoni ..	31,648	..	..	..	6	4	..	5	5	10	..	..	..	7	1	..	5	4	9	..	..	..	1	5	..	..	1
Anantapur ..	Hospet ..	17,871	..	..	..	11	1	..	6	6	12	..	..	..	5	3	..	3	5	8	..	..	..	2	4	..	..	2
	Anantapur ..	8,467	..	..	..	3	3	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	6	2	..	3	2	5	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	2
North Arcot	Vellore ..	48,746	..	..	..	35	6	..	16	25	40	..	..	..	12	1	..	7	6	13	..	..	..	1	5	..	..	12
	Gudiyattam ..	23,390	..	..	..	8	2	..	8	3	11	..	..	..	13	3	..	8	8	16	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	5
	Walajapet ..	9,962	..	..	..	10	1	..	6	5	11	..	..	..	8	..	..	3	2	5	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	2
	Tiruvannamalai.	21,244	..	..	..	17	8	..	12	11	23	..	..	..	11	2	..	3	5	8	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	6
	Tirupattur ..	10,470	..	..	..	9	3	..	4	8	12	..	..	..	14	3	..	3	10	13	..	..	..	3	6	..	..	4
	Vaniyambadi ..	20,408	..	..	..	7	10	..	11	6	17	..	..	..	5	4	..	8	8	16	..	..	..	8	1	1	1	5
Chittoor ..	Tirupati * ..	18,701	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem ..	Chittoor ..	18,708	..	..	..	2	3	..	7	5	12	..	..	..	6	4	..	3	7	10	..	..	..	1	4	..	..	4
	Salem ..	59,103	..	..	1	32	1	..	18	21	39	..	..	..	25	5	..	25	15	40	..	3	..	4	6	1	..	26
Coimbatore.	Coimbatore ..	47,007	..	..	..	11	1	..	8	10	18	..	..	2	31	4	..	33	54	87	..	47	..	2	10	..	1	18
	Tharapuram .	17,928	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	4	5	..	..	..	4	2	..	4	7	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4
	Erode ..	16,781	..	..	..	11	..	..	7	4	11	..	..	..	12	..	..	6	6	12	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	6
	Udumalpet ..	10,445	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruppur ..	9,426	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	28	2	..	13	17	30	..	29	..	..	1	..	..	2
Nilgiris, The.	Ootacamund ..	19,829	..	..	..	4	..	..	1	3	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
South Kanara.	Coonoor ..	9,338	..	..	3	1	0	3	11	6	18	..	..	1	4	1	2	5	3	8	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	5
	Mangalore ..	43,412	..	..	5	2	..	..	3	4	7	..	..	1	6	..	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	3
	Tellicherry ..	28,258	..	..	2	8	3	..	13	8	21	..	..	6	10	..	..	13	7	20	..	..	..	2	4	1	..	13
Malabar ..	Calicut ..	76,417	..	..	1	8	11	..	12	8	20	..	..	..	10	6	..	10	8	18	..	..	..	4	3	4	..	7
	Palghat ..	44,318	..	..	1	26	18	1	21	27	48	..	..	3	18	18	1	2	17	37	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	29
	Cochin ..	20,023	..	..	..	28	2	..	14	16	30	..	..	1	20	3	..	10	13	23	..	1	..	4	2	..	..	15
	Cannanore ..	28,067	..	..	4	4	2	..	7	7	14	..	..	5	2	5	..	8	4	13	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	8
			..	..	..	12	6	..	7	13	26	..	..	1	2	7	..	5	6	10	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	8
	Total ..	2,812,489	2	0	69	1,429	253	61	912	892	1,804	3	7	63	1,383	208	13	827	811	1,638	12	4	185	297	859	149	18	338

* Not received.

Return showing the Births and Deaths registered in the Municipalities of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 30th October 1920.

Districts	Municipal towns.	Population according to the Census of 1911.	BIRTHS. Class. Europeans.	Eurasians.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total. M.	F.	Tot'l.	DEATHS. Class. Europeans.	Eurasians.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total. M.	F.	Total.	Causes. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.
Ganjam	Chicacole	17,863	..	..	..	8	..	..	5	3	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	3	5	8	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	3
	Berhampur	31,484	..	..	..	24	1	9	19	19	38	..	..	..	33	1	..	12	22	34	..	..	..	15	2	..	..	17
	Parlakimidi	18,310	..	..	..	15	..	..	8	7	15	..	..	..	7	..	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	3
Vizagapatam	Vizagapatam	43,418	..	..	..	31	..	..	13	21	34	..	..	..	14	..	..	8	6	14	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	2
	Bimlipatam	8,514	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	6	2	..	4	4	8	..	..	..	2	4	..	1	1
	Vizianagram	27,850	..	..	..	37	4	..	18	24	42	..	..	..	34	..	..	17	18	35	..	..	..	11	8	2	..	12
	Anakapalle	20,825	..	..	..	10	..	..	6	4	10	..	..	..	8	..	..	3	6	9	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	6
Godavari	Cocanada	54,116	..	..	..	27	1	..	15	13	28	..	..	..	37	2	..	15	14	29	..	..	..	5	6	3	..	15
	Rajahmundry	65,417	..	..	..	23	4	..	14	13	27	..	..	2	21	2	..	17	8	25	..	..	..	8	3	1	..	13
	Peddapuram	15,430	..	..	..	7	..	..	1	6	7	..	..	..	6	1	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	2
Kistna	Ellore	42,631	..	..	..	21	6	..	14	10	24	..	..	..	32	3	..	17	8	25	..	..	1	8	..	1	..	15
	Masulipatam	42,125	..	..	1	85	6	..	21	18	37	..	..	1	38	8	..	18	27	45	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	18
	Bezwada	32,367	..	..	1	17	8	..	9	14	23	..	..	..	27	10	..	16	16	37	..	1	..	4	..	1	..	18
	Palakole	12,251	..	..	1	8	..	..	3	6	9	..	..	..	6	..	..	4	3	8	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1
Guntur	Guntur	43,012	..	..	2	10	13	..	12	11	23	..	..	6	44	6	..	30	26	56	1	1	..	4	2	..	..	30
	Ongole	18,296	..	..	..	18	2	..	10	8	18	..	..	..	6	1	..	3	4	8	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	3
	Tenali	18,195	..	..	..	15	1	..	4	12	16	..	..	..	14	2	..	10	8	18	1	..	..	7	2	..	..	8
	Bezwada*	8,743	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	Nellore	53,248	..	..	..	11	2	..	5	8	13	..	..	2	17	2	..	7	11	18	2	..	..	4	3	..	..	13
Madras	Madras	518,660	7	7	28	806	37	..	351	238	589	..	7	23	328	37	..	209	186	395	1	1	..	42	51	20	6	175
Chingleput	Conjeveram	83,814	..	..	..	36	1	..	23	14	37	..	..	..	31	1	..	19	16	35	..	..	..	1	6	12	..	16
	Chingleput	11,026	..	..	..	8	1	..	5	4	10	..	..	..	11	..	..	6	5	11	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	8
	Cuddalore	80,574	..	..	1	31	4	1	12	21	40	..	..	..	28	..	..	12	16	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	27
South Arcot	Chidambaram	21,327	..	..	..	8	2	..	2	8	10	..	..	..	9	1	..	4	6	10	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	9
	Villupuram	18,167	..	..	..	7	3	..	4	6	10	..	..	..	12	3	..	6	8	14	..	..	..	6	..	..	1	6
Trichinopoly	Trichinopoly	123,512	..	..	8	56	13	1	35	42	77	2	..	6	50	11	2	38	37	75	..	..	..	10	16	19	..	30
	Srirangam	24,759	..	..	..	7	..	..	5	2	7	..	..	1	7	..	..	3	5	8	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	6
	Karur	17,874	..	..	..	8	..	..	4	4	8	..	..	..	14	..	..	7	7	14	..	..	..	7	5	..	..	2
Tanjore	Tanjore	80,341	..	..	4	28	6	..	21	17	38	..	..	5	42	5	..	22	20	42	..	..	..	4	11	11	..	16
	Kumbakonam	54,347	..	..	..	33	..	..	15	18	33	..	..	..	31	2	..	21	13	34	..	..	..	3	3	3	..	25
	Mayavaram	27,193	..	..	1	14	7	..	10	4	14	..	..	..	23	..	..	8	15	23	..	..	..	3	6	..	..	14
	Negapatam	60,188	..	1	1	15	6	..	13	13	26	..	..	3	14	7	2	13	14	27	..	..	..	4	3	3	..	17
	Mannargudi	21,388	..	..	1	6	..	..	3	2	5	..	..	..	9	1	..	5	5	10	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	8
	Tiruvalur	21,000	..	..	..	4	1	1	4	2	6	..	..	..	7	3	3	6	7	13	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	11
Madura	Madura	134,130	..	1	6	112	6	..	58	71	127	..	..	2	71	1	..	34	42	76	..	..	..	6	6	3	..	61
	Periyakulam	18,717	..	..	..	11	1	..	5	7	12	..	..	1	6	..	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	2	3	1	..	3
	Dindigul	26,052	..	..	6	12	4	..	7	10	23	..	..	3	11	1	..	9	6	15	..	..	..	2	6	3	..	4
	Palni	13,211	..	..	..	15	6	..	7	11	18	..	..	..	8	1	..	4	4	10	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	3
	Kodaikanal	2,966	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bodinayakkanur	20,193	..	..	..	8	..	1	3	6	9	..	..	..	23	..	..	9	14	23	..	..	15	1	1	..	..	6

* Not received

RETURN showing the BIRTHS and DEATHS registered in the MUNICIPALITIES of the MADRAS PRESIDENCY for the week ending 30th October 1930—*contd.*

Districts.	Municipal towns.	Population according to the Census of 1921.	BIRTHS.									DEATHS.																			
			Class.						Total.			Class.						Total.			Cause.										
			European.	Eurasian.	Christian.	Hindu.	Mahomedan.	Other classes.	M.	F.	Total.	European.	Eurasian.	Christian.	Hindu.	Mahomedan.	Other classes.	M.	F.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Hospital Mortality Returns.	Injuries.	All other causes.
Ramnad	Sivilliputtur	29,986	..	..	1	18	..	..	10	7	17	..	..	..	14	..	..	10	6	16	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	11
	Virudupatti	21,353	..	..	..	20	4	1	16	15	25	..	..	..	18	..	2	8	7	15	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	13
Tinnevelly	Tinnevelly	44,636	..	..	3	43	2	..	25	22	47	..	..	..	25	3	..	14	14	28	..	..	..	6	6	..	..	24
	Palamcottah	44,109	..	..	3	17	12	..	12	19	31	..	..	..	14	3	..	8	19	23	..	..	..	1	8	4	..	12
	Tuticorin	40,183	..	..	7	28	1	..	15	29	37	..	..	..	30	1	..	28	14	67	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	21
Kurnool	Kurnool	24,040	..	..	..	3	0	..	8	4	12	..	..	..	10	3	..	10	8	18	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	6
	Nandyal	16,230	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	3	3	..	..	..	6	3	..	6	3	9	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	3
Cuddapah	Cuddapah	17,807	..	..	..	6	10	..	7	6	13	..	..	..	6	0	..	8	6	14	..	..	..	1	6	..	..	6
	Proddatur	16,786	..	..	..	4	2	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	6	5	..	5	6	11	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	8
Bellary	Bellary	94,856	..	..	2	7	6	..	8	7	15	..	..	8	14	6	..	14	4	23	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	17
	Adoni	31,043	..	..	..	12	4	..	12	4	16	..	..	..	6	2	..	5	7	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
	Hospet	17,871	..	..	..	6	2	..	4	7	11	..	..	..	4	2	..	4	2	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	5
Anantapur	Anantapur	5,457	..	..	..	6	1	..	7	3	9	..	..	..	6	2	..	2	3	7	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6
North Arcot	Vellore	49,746	..	..	..	29	10	..	14	18	33	..	..	..	17	3	..	8	11	20	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	16
	Gudiyattam	23,390	..	..	..	..	5	..	4	1	5	..	..	..	..	0	1	6	2	10	..	..	..	1	4	..	..	5
	Walajapet	9,982	..	..	..	7	1	..	3	6	8	..	..	..	7	..	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	2	1	..	2	3
	Tiruvannamalai	21,244	..	..	2	18	6	..	14	6	26	..	..	..	9	3	..	6	6	12	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	8
	Tirupputtur	10,470	..	..	..	6	2	..	4	6	10	..	..	..	12	2	..	8	13	21	..	..	..	4	4	..	..	13
	Vaniyambadi	10,486	..	..	..	6	6	..	2	8	10	..	..	..	9	7	..	7	5	12	..	..	..	1	1	4	..	7
Chittoor	Tirupati *	18,791	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chittoor	13,709	..	..	..	12	1	..	4	9	13	..	..	..	9	..	..	4	5	9	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	6
Salem	Salem	89,155	..	..	..	60	1	..	38	31	70	..	..	1	36	3	..	18	22	40	..	..	..	7	3	2	..	25
	Cuddalore	47,087	..	..	..	31	2	..	11	22	33	..	..	2	30	5	..	10	17	27	..	43	..	1	26	1	..	22
	Dharapuram	17,920	..	..	..	10	2	..	6	8	14	..	..	..	3	2	..	5	3	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
Coimbatore	Erode	16,761	..	..	1	19	2	..	9	13	22	..	..	..	12	2	..	11	4	15	..	..	..	6	4	1	1	7
	Udumalpet	10,445	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	32	6	..	10	28	38	..	34	..	..	1	..	..	1
	Tirupur	8,629	..	..	..	3	..	..	4	1	5	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	0	..	..	1
Nilgiris, The	Ootacamund	15,838	..	..	3	4	..	10	8	13	22	..	..	..	6	7	4	8	8	17	..	..	..	1	2	7	1	6
	Coonoor	9,093	..	..	1	3	..	..	2	2	4	..	..	..	6	..	..	1	2	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	2
South Kanara	Mangalore	46,419	..	..	14	10	3	..	17	16	33	..	..	13	22	10	..	20	18	45	..	..	1	8	19	2	..	24
Malabar	Tellicherry	29,256	..	..	2	15	11	..	9	19	28	..	..	3	9	0	..	11	4	15	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	12
	Calicut	78,417	..	..	2	32	28	..	33	29	62	..	..	1	19	17	..	18	16	34	..	..	..	6	5	1	..	25
	Palghat	44,319	..	..	..	26	0	..	15	25	41	..	..	2	20	1	..	6	17	23	..	1	..	2	..	..	2	17
	Cochin	20,023	..	1	0	3	0	..	10	5	15	..	..	7	4	3	..	6	8	14	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	8
	Cannanore	28,857	..	..	1	11	7	..	4	16	20	..	..	1	4	3	..	3	6	9	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	6
	Total	2,842,483	2	10	113	1,473	233	19	1,018	1,087	2,105	1	7	109	1,539	276	13	979	969	1,941	5	4	99	314	187	214	21	1,017

* Not received.

Madras, 22nd January 1931.

M. ANNAJI RAO,
for Sanitary Commissioner to the Government of Madras.

Statement showing PLAGUE ATTACKS AND DEATHS in each district of the Madras Presidency from August 1898 to 22nd January 1911

(D = Deaths : S = Seizures.)

—		Anantapur.	Bellary.	Chingleput.	Chittoor.	Coimbatore.	Cuddapah.	Cuddalore.	Godavari.	Guntur.	Kistna.	Kurnool.	Madras City.	Madura.	Malabar.	Nellore.	Nilgiris, The	North Arcot.	Ramnad.	Salem.	South Arcot.	South Kanara.	Tanjore.	Trichinopoly.	Tinnevelly.	Vizagapatam.	Cocanada Distt.	Rajahmundry Distt.	Tuticorin Port.	Rajahmundry Port.	Vizagapatam Port.	Total
First period (August 1898 to June 1899).	S	238	338									155	57																			6,708
	D	164	277									88	57																			5,005
Second period (July 1899 to June 1900).	S		150																													8,419
	D		93																													154
Third period (July 1900 to June 1901)	S																			1,346												1,349
	D																			1,175												1,175
Fourth period (July 1901 to June 1902)	S	11	5,870			388														1,906												9,210
	D	10	3,548			388														1,370		32										6,154
Fifth period (July 1902 to June 1903).	S	146	9,284			738						816								8,706		1,119										17,810
	D	108	5,848			698						577								4,557		309										14,000
Sixth period (July 1903 to June 1904).	S	1,397	6,488			4,967						1,016								1,889												15,751
	D	1,305	5,084			3,178						1,016								615		853										12,211
Seventh period (July 1904 to June 1905).	S	3,791	15,271			8,978						1,245								8,254		719										19,278
	D	1,346	8,209			3,115						1,245								1,600		563										14,849
Eighth period (July 1905 to June 1906.	S	7	8,990			815						1,245								196		1,119										9,553
	D	4	4,139			348						1,245								196		309										9,547
Ninth period (July 1906 to June 1907).	S	17	998																	397												951
	D	4	375																	201												579
Tenth period (July 1907 to June 1908).	S	261	3,196			909														1,304												6,672
	D	179	3,001			149														976												5,499
Eleventh period (July 1908 to June 1909).	S	54	810			1,184														836												5,818
	D	38	147			1,208														981												3,494
Twelfth period (July 1909 to June 1910).	S	1	1			4,311														178												4,705
	D	1	1			3,973														146												3,548
Thirteenth period (July 1910 to June 1911).	S	19	1,109			6,081														6,176												19,547
	D	11	656			1,893														1,870												7,569
Fourteenth period (July 1911 to June 1912).	S	854	10,807			6,648														1,497												19,756
	D	466	10,240			1,788														1,311												14,005
Fifteenth period (July 1912 to June 1913).	S	307	636			1,316														1,810												4,069
	D	304	596			1,316														1,724												4,030
Sixteenth period (July 1913 to June 1914).	S	90	240			1,830														1,370												3,530
	D	88	240			1,830														1,370												3,528
Seventeenth period (July 1914 to June 1915).	S	625	1,525			1,967														1,146												5,263
	D	306	1,010			1,967														914												4,197
Eighteenth period (July 1915 to June 1916).	S	305	1,804			2,370														5,435												9,914
	D	144	1,013			1,440														3,038												5,635
Nineteenth period (July 1916 to June 1917).	S	110	1,297			2,971														9,645												14,023
	D	22	1,009			1,701														5,716												8,448
Twentieth period (July 1917 to June 1918).	S	3,854	20,675			1,200														2,400												28,129
	D	2,346	14,882			1,056														2,210												20,494
Twenty-first period (July 1918 to June 1919).	S	892	8,243			1,015														2,000												12,150
	D	304	5,763			1,015														1,000												8,082
Twenty-second period (July 1919 to June 1920).	S	276	4,200			1,014														1,000												6,490
	D	187	1,200			1,014														1,000												3,401
Twenty-third period (1st July 1920 to 22nd January 1921).	S	60	3,000			3,701														3,000												9,761
	D	58	1,000			3,701														3,000												7,759
Grand Total	S	13,813	98,951	155	884	60,272	1	101		1		3,241	579	1	1	1	5	1	1	5,740	1	1,119	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	139,197
	D	10,150	90,331	90	563	50,301	1	88		1		3,156	195	1	1	1	5	1	1	1,840	1	1,119	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	121,540

Statement showing PLAGUE SEIZURES AND DEATHS in each infected place in the Madras Presidency for week ending 22nd January 1921 as compared with two previous weeks.

District, town and port.	Reported during the week ending 8th January 1921.						Reported during the week ending 15th January 1921.						Reported during the week ending 22nd January 1921.					
	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.	attacks.	deaths.
Ganjam district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	16	17	16	2	2	4	4	6	6
Vizagapatam district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Godavari district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kistna district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nellore district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuddapah district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kurnool district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bellary district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Anantapur district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chingleput district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chittoor district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Arcot district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Arcot district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tanjore district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trichinopoly district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Madura district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ramnad district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tinnevelly district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coimbatore district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nilgiri district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Kanara district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Kanara district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Malabar district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Anjengo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tellicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cannanore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Calicut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Palghat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ponnani	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cochin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trichur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ernakulam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alleppey	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quilon	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trivandrum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Negapatam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Karaikal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pondicherry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuddalore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Porto Novo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chidambaram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vriddhachalam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tirukoilur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Villupuram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tindivanam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gingee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vellore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arcot	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ranipet	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tirupattur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vaniyambadi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ambur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salem district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salem town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Namakkal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erode	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coimbatore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pollachi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dharapuram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Karur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erode	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tiruchengode	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Namakkal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rasipuram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salem	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Attur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mettur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Omalur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trichinopoly district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trichinopoly town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Srirangam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Manapparai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Musiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lalgudi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thanjavur district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thanjavur town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kumbakonam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mayavaram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Negapatam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tiruvarur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pattukottai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Madura district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Madura town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Melur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dindigul	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Periyakulam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ramnad district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ramnad town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paramakudi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tirumangalam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tinnevelly district	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tinnevelly town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Palamcottah	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tuticorin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coimbatore district

NOTIFICATION.

By virtue of the provisions of section 79 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920, and of all other powers thereunto enabling, the High Court of Judicature at Madras has with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor in Council, made the following additions to the "Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908":—

Add the following as Rule XXVIII :—

Proceedings by or against a firm.

1. When any petition, notice or other document is signed by a firm of creditors or debtors in the firm's name, the partner signing for the firm shall add also his own signature in the following manner, "B and Co., by A.B., a partner in the said firm."

2. Any petition or notice of which personal service is necessary shall be duly served on all members of the firm, if it is served at the place of business of the firm in India upon any one of the partners, or upon any person having at the time of service the control or management of the partnership business there.

3. When a firm of debtors file an insolvency petition, the same shall contain the names in full of the individual partners, and, unless it is signed by all of them, it shall be accompanied by the affidavit of the partner signing it that all the partners concur in the filing of the same.

4. When a creditor files an insolvency petition against a firm, the same shall state the names of the individual partners so far as the same are known to the petitioner, and the debtors shall together with their schedule of affairs file an affidavit setting out the names in full of the individual partners.

5. An order of adjudication shall be made against the partners individually.

6. The debtors shall submit a schedule of their partnership affairs and each debtor shall submit a schedule of his separate affairs.

(Signed) J. E. P. WALLIS, *Chief Justice.*
" W. S. ATLING.
" F. D. P. OLDFIELD.
" T. SADASIVA AIYAR.
" C. G. SPENCER.
" V. M. COUTTS TROTTER.
" W. W. PHILLIPS. } *Judges.*
" C. NAPIER.
" C. V. KUMARASWAMI SASTRI.
" G. KRISHNAN.
" V. RAMESAM.
" C. E. ODGERS.

High Court, Madras,
17th January 1921.

His Excellency the Governor in Council having sanctioned in G.O. No. 1050, Home (Judicial), dated the 10th May 1919, the establishment of an Additional District Munsif's Court for the Guntur district, the High Court hereby directs under sections 5 and 11 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, as amended by the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1885, that the said Court shall continue to hold its sittings at Guntur and shall be styled "The Court of the First Additional District Munsif of Guntur".

2. The High Court further directs, in supersession of all previous notifications in so far as they relate to the local jurisdiction of the Courts of the Principal and First Additional District Munsif of Guntur, that the following District Munsifs' Courts in the Guntur district shall have local jurisdiction as follows with effect from the 1st February 1921:—

Name of Courts	Jurisdiction.
1. The Court of the Principal District Munsif of Guntur	.. Guntur taluk.
2. The Court of the First Additional District Munsif of Guntur	.. Sattenapalli taluk.

High Court, Madras,
21st January 1921.

E. H. COURTENAY,
Registrar.

APPRENTICES' EXAMINATION.

Notice is hereby given that candidates for the ensuing Apprentices' Examination are required to file their applications with the necessary enclosures in the office of the Deputy Registrar, Appellate Side, not later than the 15th February 1921.

2. The fee of Rs. 25 should be paid into the Bank of Madras or the local treasuries and the receipt should be submitted along with the application.

3. Forms of application can be had from the Head Clerk, Correspondence, Administrative Branch.

High Court, Madras,
6th January 1921.

G. S. WHITE,
Deputy Registrar, Appellate Side.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Mangalagiri Parthasarathi, at present a first-grade process-server of the District Court, Kistna, is permitted to call himself as Chirakuri Parthasarathi.

C. R. TIRUVENKATA ACHARI,
District Judge.

Masulipatam, 8th January 1921.

ADJOURNMENT OF COURTS.

Notice is hereby given that the Courts of this district will be closed for the annual recess as follows:—

(1) The District and Sessions Court and the Subordinate Judge's Court, Anantapur	For two months from Monday the 21th April to Saturday the 11th June 1921 (both days inclusive).
(2) The District Munsifs' Courts of Anantapur, Gooty and Penukonda.	For six weeks from Monday the 2nd May to Saturday the 11th June 1921 (both days inclusive).

2. During the adjournment no plaints, petitions or other papers will be received.

3. Arrangements will, however, be made for granting copies of decrees, judgments and other papers, provided that applications for such copies have been made before the recess.

4. Urgent applications for bail during the Sessions Judge's absence from the station should be made to the High Court, Madras

A. G. CURGENVEN,
District Judge.

Anantapur, 17th January 1921.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

(IN INSOLVENCY.)

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court, and all persons indebted to the said insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of petition.	Date of filing.	Name, address and description of insolvent.	Date of adjudication.	Date of public examination.
178 of 1920..	25th November 1920.	P. V. C. Sivasankaram Pillai residing at 69, Peter's Road, Royapetta, Madras	25th November 1920.	28th January 1921
184 of 1920..	1st December 1920.	V. N. Sama Rao, of the firm of V. N. Sama Rao & Co residing at 297, Thambu Chetti Street, Georgetown, Madras.	1st December 1920.	4th February 1921.
190 of 1920..	11th December 1920.	K. S. S. Doraisyappa residing at 73, Armenian Street Georgetown, Madras	13th December 1920.	18th February 1921.
148 of 1919..	16th December 1920.	Kathiresan Chettiyar residing at 84, Coral Merchant Street, Georgetown, Madras.	11th December 1920.	Nil.
1 of 1921 ..	4th January 1921	M Ramkarumalayya and M Thayarmalayya together carrying on business under the name and style of M. Arumugayya and Sons at 146 and 147, Divaraja Mudali Street and residing at 27, Rapa Venkatachala Ayyar Street, Madras.	4th January 1921.	11th March 1921.
2 of 1921..	5th ,,	V. E. P. C. T. Muruvarka Modaliyar and Brothers, merchants carrying on business at 131, Achuruppan Street, Madras.	17th ,,	Nil.
3 of 1921..	8th ,,	Abba Chetti residing at 45, Thelusinga Mudali Street, Perambore, Madras	6th ,,	11th March 1921.
4 of 1921..	17th ,,	M. Narayanaswami Modaliyar residing at 19, Kistappa Nayak Tank Street, Georgetown, Madras.	17th ,,	Nil.

High Court, Madras.
20th January 1921.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 9 OF 1927 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, BELLARY.

Matada Veerabhadrayya .. .. *Petitioner.*
Madegal Rudamma and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that all the creditors of the insolvent are required to prove their claims according to insolvency rules before the receiver within 13th February 1921, that if they do not prove their claims before that date, the receiver will proceed to make a final dividend without regard to other claims.

S. NARASAPPA.
Receiver.

Hospet, 8th January 1921.

No. 8 OF 1920 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, BELLARY.

In the matter of Eadiga Bhimayya (Insolvent)

Eadiga Bhimayya, son of Eadiga Raghavendrayya, resident of Rampuram, Adoni taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Tumbalam Gooty Narasayya of Adoni, Earamma, wife of Settibalaja Buddayyappa of Adoni, Kumaraveedu Ramappa of Kasabaveedu, Adoni taluk, Sarla Somappa of Nandaramm, Adoni taluk, and Seemji Tankajee of Adoni .. .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner (debtor) has been adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this court, dated the 10th day of January

1921, that this court has ordered that the debtor (petitioner) should apply for discharge in six months from this date, and that the creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the court an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920.

No. 11 of 1920 (I.A. No. 1 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, Bellary.

Banagar Medsen Sab, aged about 40 years, son of Fateh Sab, Muhammadan, cultivator, residing in Chitwadigi, Hospet taluk .. *Petitioner (Debtor and Insolvent).*

Basappa Mahaboob Sahib of Hospet, Ullegaddi Kallumanteppa of Chitwadigi, Hospet taluk, Khadakhadi Mohammad Ghouse of Bruceopetta, Bellary, Moku Hussain Sahib of Bruceopetta, Bellary, Arabjinad Hussin Sahib of Chitwadigi, Hospet taluk, and Erappa Rajya Sahib of Hospet .. .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the insolvent above named has put in a petition to this court praying that he may be discharged under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 and that the hearing of the petition is fixed for the 16th day of March 1921.

No. 13 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, Bellary.

In the matter of Pinjari Nadipanna,

Pinjari Nadipanna, son of Sakanna, resident of Nemakal, Alur taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Mahantayya of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Thippanna of Sangala, hamlet of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Doddana Gowd and Langana Gowd of Sidaragadda, Bellary taluk, Narayana Reddi of Degulapad, Alur taluk, Karibasavana Gowd of Etur, Alur taluk, Bogana Gowd, Chinna Bhogana Gowd, minors, by guardian Chippigiri Timma Reddi of Bantanahal, Alur taluk, Nagardona Hanumantha Reddi of Nagardona, Alur taluk, Virapakshi Reddi and N. Subba Reddi of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Bangappa of Sangala, hamlet of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Perappa of Sangala, hamlet of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Karabenchappa of Nemakal and Talari Lingappa of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Guntakal Adappa of Guntakal, Gooty taluk, Lakshmamma and P. Subbayya and T. Ramappa and A. Sanjivappa of Nemakal, Alur taluk, Pola Iswarayya of Molagavalli, Alur taluk, Chitambarayya of Lotchumpalli, hamlet of Yadugana, Gooty taluk, Pakasappa of Chinnaholiti, Pattikonda taluk, Thogamma of Baldona, Alur taluk, and Eranna of Chabal, Gooty taluk .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner (debtor) has been adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated the 11th day of January 1921, that this court has ordered that the debtor (petitioner) should apply for discharge in six months from this date, and that the creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the court an affidavit in Form No. 8 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920.

D. G. WALLER,
District Judge.

Bellary, 18th January 1921.

No. 9 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, Chittoor.

Rao Subba Narasimha Varu, son of Rao Narasimha Nayanim Varu of Kalahasti .. .. *Petitioner.*

A. P. R. S. C. Chinniah Chettiyar and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 10 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (Act V of 1920), that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this court to be declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 21st day of February 1921 at 10-30 a.m. for hearing.

M. G. SYKES,
District Judge.

Chittoor, 11th January 1921.

No. 44 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

In the matter of Abbay Nayudu, son of Gurumurthi Nayudu, and Balakrishna Reddi, son of Gopalaswami Reddi, merchants, residing at Erode .. .. *Debtors.*

Seth Chellasing carrying on business under the style of Mangoomal Chellasing by agent Parasram, residing at Calicut .. .. *Creditor (Petitioner).*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner above named has applied to this Court praying that the debtors may be adjudged insolvents. Hearing—15th February 1921.

No. 1 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

In the matter of Kuppanda Kavandan, son of Palani Kavandan, residing at Varunavasipalayam, hamlet of Kalipalayam, Palladam taluk *Debtor (Petitioner).*

Nattukottai Virappa Chettiyar and seven others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the debtor above named has applied to this court praying that he may be adjudged insolvent. Hearing 15th February 1921.

No. 2 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

In the matter of Abbay Nayudu, son of Guramurthi Nayudu, and Balakrishna Mawth, son of Gopalaswami Mawth, merchants, residing at Erode .. .. *Debtors.*

Muthuveerappa Chettiyar, son of Balagurumurthi Chettiyar, by agent Muthurama Chettiyar residing at Karur, Trichinopoly district .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner above named has applied to this Court praying that the debtors may be adjudged insolvents. Hearing—15th February 1921.

J. J. COTTON,
District Judge.

Coimbatore, 14th January 1921.

No. 2 of 1918 in the Court of the District Judge, Cuddapah.

Jambapuram Subbayya and others .. .. *Petitioners (Creditors).*

Chinna Subbadu and another .. .. .. *Respondents (Debtor, 1st Respondent).*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed respondent was adjudicated insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 2nd December 1920. The creditors of the said insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver at Cuddapah by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

A. FOTHERINGHAM,
District Judge.

Cuddapah, 21st January 1921.

No. 2 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, North Malabar.

Nalakath Randuparali Kunhi Sau of Kottayam amsam, Kottayam taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Parambethkandi Malakothaya Mammad and twenty-one others .. *Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the aforesaid petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and that his petition has been posted for hearing to the 22nd day of February 1921.

V. P. RAO,
District Judge.

Tellicherry, 17th January 1921.

No. 42 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, South Malabar.

N. Dwarakadas Santhu, Calicut .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*

V. Narahari Prabhu and two others, Calicut Nagaram .. .. *Debtors (Petitioners).*

In cancellation of the notification on page 1980, *Fort St. George Gazette*, notice is hereby given that the counter-petitioners have been adjudged insolvents under section 30 of Act V of 1920, and their property vested in Official Receiver, South Malabar. Time for discharge, six months.

No. 54 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, South Malabar.

Valiyaparambil Moviladath Moothorakutti, Calicut .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given that the said petition presented under section 7 of Act V of 1920 will be heard at 11 a.m. on 14th March 1921.

No. 4 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, South Malabar.

Thazayil Assankutti, Beypore, Calicut .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given that the said petition presented under section 7 of Act V of 1920 will be heard at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1921.

No. 5 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, South Malabar.

Karuthedath Abdulla Kutti, Pirayiri, Palghat .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*
Thayithottathil Kurambil Thanha Moidu .. .. .. *Debtor (Counter-petitioner).*

Notice is hereby given that the said petition presented under section 7 of Act V of 1920 will be heard at 11 a.m. on 17th February 1921.

No. 20 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, South Malabar.

M. S. Ennappayan alias Narayanayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
V. Mayuranathayyar and others .. .. *Respondents.*

Take notice that the above-named petitioner's application for discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1920 is posted for hearing to 23rd February 1921.

G. H. B. JACKSON,
District Judge.

Calicut, 19th January 1921.

Summary Case.

No. 1 of 1920 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, The Nilgiris.

Pumayya Nayakan, son of Venkatarama Nayakan, aged about 40 years, residing at Kandal, Ootacamund .. .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
P. S. Mohammad Alla-ud-din Rawuthar & Co. and twelve others .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the order dated 28th August 1920, adjudicating the said petitioner an insolvent has been annulled under section 18 (1), Act V of 1920, by an order of this court, dated 10th January 1921.

No. 1 of 1921 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, The Nilgiris.

In the matter of the insolvency of En. Naina Muhammad Sahib, son of Rudiman Rawuthar, Muhammadan, aged about 40 years, residing at Coonoor .. .. *Petitioner.*
O. M. Muhammad Meera Rawuthar & Co. and nine others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner above named has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 16th February 1921. All creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by pleader.

C. D. J. PINTO,
Subordinate Judge.

Ootacamund, 15th January 1921.

No. 1 of 1921 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Vizagapatam.

Pusula Kameraju .. .. *Petitioner.*
Dara Peda Raju Lingam and six others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has made an application to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 14th February 1921 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date

P. NARAYANA RAO,
Subordinate Judge.

Vizagapatam, 13th January 1921.

No. 1 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Madanapalle.

Sankala Venkatappa .. .. *Petitioner.*
Aswartha Narayana Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 41 (1) Insolvency Act V of 1920, take notice that the above-named insolvent has applied to this Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 21st day of February 1921 at 11 o'clock for hearing of the said petition.

M. V. HAYAGREEVA RAO,
District Munsif.

Madanapalle, 19th January 1921.

No. 16 of 1920 in the Court of the District Munsif, Manjeri.

Parakkal Kumaran .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kizhakkumpattiletli Narayanan Nambudripad and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 5th February 1921.

P. KUNDU PANIKKAR,
District Munsif.

Manjeri, 17th January 1921.

No. 1 of 1921 in the Court of the District Munsif, Nandyal.

Yeruva Chinna Bali Reddi, son of Pedda Linga Reddi of Masaodupuram in Nandyal taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Vaikuntam China Sanjeevarayudu and seventeen other creditors .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 19 of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to declare him an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing on 15th February 1921. Any person wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

M. BALARAM REDDI,
District Munsif.

Nandyal, 21st January 1921.

No. 18 of 1920 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Nellore.

Thikkavarapu Rami Reddi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Manumala Ramachandra Reddi .. .. *Judgment debtor.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner who is the creditor applied in this Court to have the judgment-debtor adjudged an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 5th February 1921 for disposal.

T. M VENKATARAGHAVA ACHARIYAR,
District Munsif.

Nellore, 14th January 1921.

No. 3 of 1920 in the Court of the District Munsif, Walavanad.

Vellanchseri Avaran Kutty's son Koya of Thankara amsom and desam in Walavanad taluk .. .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chakalakkar Kanchi Ravathan's son Chinnappayan Nayattan of Arakurussi amsom and desam in the said taluk .. .. *Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 10th February 1921 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear in this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

K. M. KRISHNA KURUP,
District Munsif.

Walavanad, 5th January 1921.

No. 57 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

Venkatesa Mudali, son of Perumal Mudali, residing in Pillaipalayam, Conjeevaram .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kachi Ekambara Mudali and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that, under section 64 of Act V 1920, the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent who have not yet proved their debts should do so on or before 15th March 1921, failing which a dividend will be distributed without regard to their claims.

No. 17 of 1920 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

Jayagopala Nayudu, son of Perumal Nayudu, residing at Cholaveram, hamlet of Sholipalayam, Ponneri taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Jayaramula Nayudu and three others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that, under section 64 of Act V of 1920, the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent who have not yet proved their debts should do so on or before 4th February 1921 failing which a dividend will be distributed without regard to their claims.

No. 32 of 1920 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

Sabhapati Mudali *alias* Kannappa Mudali, son of Doraisami Mudali, residing in Venkatesaperumal Koil Street, Big Conjeevaram .. *Petitioner.*
Abimana Nayakan and others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent on 13th December 1920. The petitioner has been directed to apply for his discharge before 13th August 1921 and after 13th July 1921. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering by registered post to the Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules

No. 41 of 1920 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

Nagappa Nayudu, son of Vengama Nayudu, residing in Chandrasekarapuram, Tiruvallore taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Karuiappa Nayudu and others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that, under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920, the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 4th February 1922 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

Chingleput, 17th January 1921.

No. 12 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Kaliyappa Kavandan .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Ayyaswami Kavandan and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 28 (4) of Act III of 1907 that the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their claims in accordance with form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules of 1908 on or before 21st February 1921; also a final dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

No. 39 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Soliya Kavandan, son of Poosai Kavandan, Vadasithur, Pollachi taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Soundararaja Ayyangar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, dated the 20th day of December 1920, on the application of the abovenamed debtor; that all the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 21st March 1921, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Time for discharge one year.

No. 2 of 1920 in the Court of the Additional District Munsif, Erode.

Sinnappayen .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Rameswami Kavandan and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 (4) of Act III of 1907 that the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their claims in accordance with form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules of 1908 on or before 21st February 1921; also final dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

No. 7 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Sinnappa Chetti, son of Kuppan Chetti, Suler, Palladam taluk .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
M. M. Em. Meyyappa Chettiyar and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Official Receiver, dated the 21th day of January 1921, on the application of the abovenamed debtor; that all the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 21st March 1921, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Time for discharge nine months.

No. 9 of 1920 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore.

Mahadeva Ayyar, son of Venkatasubba Ayyar at Erode .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Ananthanarayana Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Official Receiver, dated the 5th day of January 1921, on the application of the abovenamed debtor; that all the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 21st March 1921, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Time for discharge nine months.

No. 18 of 1920 in the Court of the District Munsif, Tiruppur.

Palani Kavandan, son of Kaliyappa Kavandan of Parappolem, Tiruppur .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 24th February 1921.

No. 18 of 1920 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore.

Subbaroya Chettiyar, son of Krishna Chettiyar, Andhiyur, Bhavani taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 21st February 1921.

No. 18 of 1920 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore.

Venguturamappa Nayakan, son of Perumal Nayakan, Appanaickempatti, Palladam taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 24th February 1921.

No. 22 of 1920 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore.

Boyappa Kavandan, son of Ponnee Kavandan, Kalipoliem, Avanashi taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 24th February 1921.

No. 22 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Haji Noor Mahamed Osman Sait and Company of Madras and three others .. .. *Petitioners (Creditors).*

C. R. Krishnaswami Nayudo .. .. *Debtor.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the District Judge, dated the 16th day of October 1920, on the application of the abovenamed creditors; that all the creditors of the above named debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 21st March 1921; and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. Time for discharge one year.

No. 41 of 1920 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Sadasiva Kavandan, son of Kovie Kavandan, Karoppa Kavandan Street, Coimbatore .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor)*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 24th February 1921.

No. 41 of 1920 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Coimbatore.

Basuvish Nayakan, son of Gooli Nayaken, Thorayar Street, Coimbatore .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 21st February 1921.

K. RAGHAVENDRA RAO,
Official Receiver.

Coimbatore, 14th January 1921.

No. 195 of 1920 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Masulipatam.

Thatha Venkatarataam and other .. .. *Insolvents (Petitioners).*

Majety Venkatakrishna Rao and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners have applied for being declared insolvent and that their application is posted for hearing to 25th February 1921.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this court either in person or by pleader at 2 p.m. on the said date.

BH. SRIRAMULU,
Official Receiver.

Masulipatam, 22nd January 1921.

No. 61 of 1919 (*No.* 6 of 1919 on the file of the Temporary Sub-Court, Vellore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

A. R. Ebrahim Khan Sahib, son of Rasool Khan Sahib, Tirupattur .. *Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).

Under section 27 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 2nd December 1920 and the debtor shall apply for his discharge within 2nd July 1921. The creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to me by an affidavit in form *No.* 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

No. 19 of 1920 (No. 1 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Sholinghur)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Dammaraju Chengalraju, son of Chengalraju Patharkad. Tiruttani taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Under section 27 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 20th December 1920 and the debtor shall apply for his discharge within 20th June 1921. The creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

No. 45 of 1920 (No. 2 of 1920 on the file of the Temporary Sub-Court, Vellore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Ellappa Vadali *alias* Subraya Mudali, son of Nagappa Mudali, Sengadu, Cheyyar taluk .. .. *Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).

Under section 27 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 22nd December 1920 and the debtor shall apply for his discharge within 22nd June 1921. The creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

No. 46 of 1920 (No. 20 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Vellore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Govindaraju Chetti, son of Ramaswami Chetti, Vellore .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 48 of 1920 (No. 7 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Rangaswami Chetti and Munuswami Chetti, sons of Munuswami Chetti, Poondi village, Polur taluk .. .. *Petitioners* (*Insolvents*).

Under section 27 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 20th December 1920 and the debtor shall apply for his discharge within 20th June 1921. The creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

No. 50 of 1920 (No. 6 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Arni)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Hanumanthiah, son of Darmiah Bagavathar, Vandipalaiyam, Arni .. *Petitioner* (*Insolvent.*)

Under section 27 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 22nd December 1920 and the debtor shall apply for his discharge within 22nd June 1921. The creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

No. 55 of 1920 (No. 11 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Aramuga Asari, son of Sundara Asari, Tiruvannamalai .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 56 of 1920 (No. 12 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, North Arcot.

Gurunatha Chetti, son of Bishanna Chetti, Mangalam, Tiruvannamalai taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 57 of 1920 (No. 13 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, North Arcot.

Kapuswami Ayyar, son of Lakshmana Ayyar, Mangalam village, Tiruvannamalai taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 61 of 1920 (No. 5 of 1920 on the file of the Sub-Court, Chittoor) in the Court of the Official Receiver, North Arcot.

Vijianagaram Narasimhulu, son of Venkatasami, native doctor, Tirupati .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 1 of 1921 (No. 17 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, North Arcot.

Krishnappa Chetti, son of Seshachala Chetti, Sadar street, Tiruvannamalai .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 5 of 1921 (No. 6 of 1920 on the file of the Sub-Court Chittoor,) in the Court of the Official Receiver, North Arcot.

Peddineni Linganna Nayuda, son of Gurappa Nayuda, Gadithirvipalli, hamlet of Patala, Chandragiri taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 7th day of February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date.

G. SRINIVASACHARI,
Official Receiver.

Chittoor, 19th January 1921.

No. 54 of 1920 (No. 22 of 1920 on the file of the Tinnevelly Principal District Munsif's Court) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

Periannyakam Pillai, son of Chitraputra Pillai, residing at Mathavarichi, Tinnevelly taluk .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 15th September 1920 to Tinnevelly Principal District Munsif's Court for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 and the same has been transferred to me for disposal. The same is fixed for hearing before me on 17th February 1921, 4 p.m. or adjourned day thereof. Creditor's objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

No. 55 of 1920 (No. 7 of 1920 on the file of the Subordinate Judge's Court, Tinnevelly) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

Nainar Chettiyar, son of Nagapootham Chettiyar, Ayan Surandai, Tenkasi taluk .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 2nd November 1920 to Tinnevelly Subordinate Judge's Court for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 and the same has been transferred to me for disposal. The same is fixed for hearing before me on 17th February 1921 at 4 p.m. or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

Vannarpet, 19th January 1921.

No. 97 of 1920 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly

Sri Hari Nayudu, son of Ramaswami Nayudu, Tadayar, Lalgudi .. *Petitioner*

Pattakudi Asari and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 15th January 1921 and he is directed to apply for discharge within 15th April 1921. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908

No. 21 of 1912 on the file of the Sub-Court, Trichinopoly, in the Court of the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly.

Ekambaram Pillai .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Narayanaswami Raja and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent are required to tender proof of their claim on or before 28th February 1921. If they fail to do so a final dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

T. S. PALANISAMI PILLAI,
Official Receiver.

Trichinopoly, 15th January 1921.

No. 67 of 1916 (No. 28 of 1916 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Gurnaswami Nayudu .. .. *Insolvent.*

Kannayya Nayudu and eighteen others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 24 of Act V of 1920, that the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent, who have not yet proved their debts, should do so on or before 15th February 1921 at 7 a.m. failing which a final dividend will be distributed without regard to their claim.

No. 172 of 1919 (No. 13 of 1919 on the file of the Sub-Court, Cuddalore) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Velayudn Padayachi .. .. *Petitioner.*

Govinda Reddi and eleven others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that Velayudn Padayachi, son of Arumukka Padayachi, residing at Elandurawanankuppam, Chidambaram taluk, the petitioner above-named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 17th December 1920 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 15th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909 The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 79 of 1920 (No. 13 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Villupuram) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Kuppuswami Reddi .. .. *Petitioner.*

Viswanatha Reddi and seven others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920, that Kuppuswami Reddi, son of Narayana Reddi, residing at Solavanur, Villupuram taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 17th December 1920 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 12th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 24 of 1920 (No. 22 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Cuddalore) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Chinnaswami Pathan .. .. *Petitioner.*

Minor Narasasabapathi Chetti and five others.. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Chinnaswami Pathan, son of Venkatachala Pathan, residing at Tirupapuliyur, Cuddalore taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 15th December 1920 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 12th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 26 of 1920 (No. 21 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Perumal Chetti .. .. *Petitioner.*

Irusammal and eighteen others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Perumal Chetti, son of Muthayya Chetti, residing at Vasudevanpalayam, Cuddalore taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged

insolvent by this court on 16th December 1920 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 13th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 97 of 1920 (No. 7 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Vriddhachalam) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Krishnaswami Nayakan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chinnaswami Chetti and nineteen others .. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Krishnaswami Nayakan, son of Duraiswami Nayakan, residing at Vriddhachalam, Vriddhachalam taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 16th December 1920 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 12th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for his discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 118 of 1920 (No. 18 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Panruti) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Pattuswami Kavandan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Vythilinga Chetti and thirteen others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Pattuswami Kavandan, son of Peradai Kavandan, residing at Thorapadi, Cuddalore taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 23rd December 1920 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 18th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 122 of 1920 (No. 11 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Vriddhachalam) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Nalla Padayachi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Narayana Reddi and nine others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Nalla Padayachi, son of Sellamuthu Padayachi, residing at Mouravalmallore, Vriddhachalam taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 7th January 1921, and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 21st February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 124 of 1920 (No. 24 of 1920 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Kuppuswami Chetti .. .. *Petitioner*
Annamalai Chetti and six others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Kuppuswami Chetti, son of Ayyaswami Chetti, residing at Lingarpalayam, Cuddalore taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 17th January 1921 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 24th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 129 of 1920 (No. 16 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Villupuram) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Duraisami Chetti .. .. *Petitioner.*
Masilamani Pillai and five others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Duraisami Chetti, son of Kappu Chetti, residing at Kollencor, Villupuram taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 5th January 1921 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 20th February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication.

No. 131 of 1920 (No. 10 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tirukkoyilur) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Thirumala Acharyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kannappa Chetti and five others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that Thirumala Acharyar, son of Perie Sadhadri Acharyar, residing at Aviyur, Tirukkoyilur taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 6th January 1921 and the creditors are called upon to pro-

their debts on or before the 22nd February 1921 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The insolvent should apply for discharge within one year from the date of adjudication

No. 160 of 1920 (No. 2 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Gingee)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Abdul Karim Sahib .. .. *Petitioner.*
Vasudeva Reddi and seven others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 of Act V of 1920, that Abdul Karim Sahib, son of Dastagir Sahib, residing at Ethappai, Gingee taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing on 15th February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

No. 172 of 1921 (No. 19 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Vriddhachalam)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Duraisami Padayachi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ramammal and three others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 of Act V of 1920, that Duraisami Padayachi, son of Lakshmana Padayachi, residing at Melur, Vriddhachalam taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 14th February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

No. 165 of 1920 (No. 2 of 1920 on the file of the Sub-Court, Cuddalore)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Naga Manicka Udayan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ruthnam Pillai and seven others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19 of Act V of 1920, that Naga Manicka Udayan, son of Nagappa Udayan, residing at Thiruvati, Cuddalore taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 24th February 1921. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

Cuddalore, 15th January 1921.

P. B. RANGA ACHARI,
Official Receiver.

No. 44 of 1917 (No. 22 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mangalore)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

George Herbert, son of K. Herbert, resides at Palmir street in Mangalore town .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Cyprian D'Souza and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 15th August 1917. As per order, dated 10th October 1920 passed on I. A. No. 58 of 1920 filed by creditors, insolvent was directed to apply for discharge within six months from 20th October 1920.

No. 18 of 1920 (No. 2 of 1920 on the file of the Subordinate Court, South Kanara),
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Palmar Ramachandra Rao, son of Narasinga Rao, residing at Ramyabigudda, Mangalore town .. .. *Petitioner.*
Padda Bailal and twenty others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made on the above matter on 17th December 1921, and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 24th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post as a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 26 of 1920 (No. 4 of 1920 on the file of the Subordinate Court, South Kanara)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Pashappaya Hubbara, son of Rama Hubbara, residing at Airodi village in Udipi taluk .. .. *Insolvent (Petitioner).*
Mahabala Alse and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 27, clause (2) of Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that as per order passed on I. A. No. 121 of 1920, dated 22nd December 1920, filed by the insolvent, time is extended by three months from 3rd January 1921 to 3rd April 1921 for filing petition for discharge.

No 37 of 1920 (No. 1 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Coondapoor) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Ummer Saiba, Hammad Saiba and Ismail Saiba, sons of Makkidande Pakeere Saiba, residing at Gaadimi village in Udipi taluk .. *Petitioners.*

Hasan Saiba and fifteen others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 18th December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 28th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Petitioners are directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 42 of 1920 (No. 4 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Puttur) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Manta alias Ammanna Gowda, son of Thyampa Gowda, resides at Kaboka village of Uppinangadi taluk .. .. .. *Petitioner.*

Doraiswa Hengsu and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 24th December 1921 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 28th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 79 of 1920 (No. 38 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Udipi) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Ramakrishna alias Kuppanna Acharya, son of Ananthe Acharya, resides at Marne in Mouroor village, Udipi taluk .. .. *Petitioner,*

Akka alias Seshamma Heggadthi and six others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 17th December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 28th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 51 of 1920 (No. 8 of 1920 on the file of the Subordinate Court, South Kanara) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Ignatious Salvadore D'mello, son of Francis D'mello, resides in Bolar, Mangalore town .. .. *Petitioner,*

The Mangalore Tile Company and seventeen others .. .. *Creditors,*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 20th December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 28th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 100 of 1920 (No. 49 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mangalore) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Sayid Imam Sahib, son of Sayed Abdulla Sahib, resides in Mangalore town .. .. *Petitioner.*

Sheik Ismail Sahib and five others .. .. *Creditors,*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 9th January 1921 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 2nd March 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of adjudication.

No. 103 of 1920 (No. 10 of 1920 on the file of the Subordinate Court, South Kanara) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Kanara.

Ullal Aithappa, son of Semaya Baidyar, residing at Ullal Kasba in Mangalore taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Ullal Laxmanan Naik and twenty-five others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 17th December 1920 and that creditors

should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 26th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 111 of 1920 (No. 56 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mangalore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, SOUTH KANARA.

J. B. Lobo, son of Manuel Lobo, resides at Kudembikatthin in Mangalore town .. .. *Petitioner*
P. F. B. Albuquerque and others .. .. *Creditors*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 17th December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 26th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 112 of 1920 (No. 21 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Kasaragod)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, SOUTH KANARA.

Subraya Bhatta, son of Venkatesh Bhatta, residing at Koipadi village in Kasaragod taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Narasina Bhatta and eight others .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 15th December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 26th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 121 of 1920 (No. 7 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Karkal)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, SOUTH KANARA.

Muthaya Shetti, nephew of Veera Shetti, residing at Bola village in Karkal taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Bola Dasappa Kamthi and another .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 5th January 1921, and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 2nd March 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of adjudication.

No. 124 of 1920 (No. 64 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mangalore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, SOUTH KANARA.

Salvadore Rodrigues, son of Jacob Rodrigues, resides at Falnir in Mangalore town .. .. *Petitioner.*
Fund Machado and another .. .. *Creditors.*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 17th December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 26th February 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of order.

No. 126 of 1920 (No. 69 of 1920 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mangalore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, SOUTH KANARA.

Dora Kondo, nephew of Mare Chowta resides at Mannoor village in Mangalore taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chennappa Mestri and three others .. .. *Creditors*

Under section 30 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter on 22nd December 1920 and that creditors should prove their claims before this Court on or before the 2nd March 1921. Claims may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter to the said Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. Petitioner is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of adjudication.

Mangalore, 10th January 1921.

B. M. HEGDE,
Official Receiver.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 247 (4) OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.

Whereas there is reasonable cause to believe that the affairs of the Vizagapatam Commercial Mining Syndicate, Limited, are fully wound up, and the returns required to be made by the liquidator have not been made for a period of six consecutive months after notice by the undersigned demanding the returns has been sent by post to the liquidator at his last known place of business, notice is hereby given pursuant to section 247 (4) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that at the expiration of three months from the date of this notice the name of the said company will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the register and the said company will be dissolved.

Vizagapatam, 18th January 1921.

Y. VENKATESWARUDU,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

TREASURY BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

(*In thousands of rupees.*)

	On the last day of Sep. 1920.	On the last day of Oct. 1920	On the last day of Nov. 1920.	On the last day of Dec. 1920.
In reserve treasuries at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras	1,84,67	97,54	1,58,62	79,88
In other treasuries	5,55,39	5,38,10	5,26,68	5,33,18
At credit of Government at the head offices of the Presidency Banks.	13,78,92	10,10,87	3,91,47	6,18,29
At credit of Government at branches of the Presidency Banks.	3,01,27	2,49,43	2,47,87	2,94,43
Total ..	24,20,65	18,95,94	13,23,40	15,17,71

Madras, 21st January 1921.

W. D. WOOLLAM,
Offg. Accountant-General.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 22ND JANUARY 1921.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up	10,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	45,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office .. Rs. 66,74,621 11 1	1,24,25,235	8	1
Public Deposits at Branches 57,50,614 11 0			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	15,28,68,441	10	10
Bank Post Bills, etc.	14,516	7	10
Sundries	30,76,348	13	10
Total ..	18,04,14,537	10	6

ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.
Government Securities	7,66,24,703	6	5
Other authorised Investments ..	4,94,462	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorised Securities	4,58,56,889	1	7
Amounts at credit on Government and other authorised accounts ..	4,64,63,812	12	4
Bills discounted and purchased ..	1,85,52,163	0	0
Balances with other Banks	32,42,061	0	6
	79,415	9	7
Bullion .. .	26,89,188	4	8
Dead Stock	23,886	12	9
Mint	86,992	8	5
Sundries	13,40,31,726	3	9
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches *	4,55,02,951	6	8
Total ..	18,01,34,657	10	6

* Includes all Sovereigns.

(By order of the Directors)

A. FULLARTON,
Chief Accountant.

W. LAMB,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans, 7 per cent.

Percentage of Cash to Liabilities payable on demand, 55·8.

Bank of Madras, Madras, 22nd January 1921.

List of Government Promissory Notes and other Securities in the custody of the Accountant-General, Madras, on the 31st December 1929, published under paragraph 74, Government Securities Manual.

Serial number.	Name of person in fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK.			
	PART I.			
	Public Endowments and Investments.	Rs.		
	ANANTAPUR—			
1	Savaram Guruswami Naydu Prize ..	100	3½ % of 1865..	Director of Public Instruction and Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Northern Circle.
2	Local Fund Provident Institution, Anantapur.	6,000	Do. ..	President, District Board, Anantapur.
	BELLARY—			
3	Municipal Provident Institution, Bellary.	4,400	3½ % of 1895..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Bellary.
4	A. Bhima Rao Prize, Hospet	100	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Hospet.
5	Dambadum Endowment Fund, Adoni ..	5,700	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Adoni.
6	Local Fund Provident Institution, Bellary.	2,500 2,000	Do. .. 5½ % of 1922 ..	President, District Board, Bellary.
	CHINGLEPUT—			
7	Municipal Hospital, Chingleput ..	97,800	3½ % of 1865 ..	Credited to XII. Interest.
8	Kalvanaya Mutlah Choultry	9,350	Do. ..	Collector and Treasury Officer, Chingleput.
9	Patua Unan's Charity for the Marmalong Bridge.	9,200	Do. ..	President, District Board, Chingleput.
10	Ramasami Mudaliyar's Choultry at Anunjikaral	1,100	Do. ..	Do.
11	Kumpattur Choultry	2,200	Do. ..	Do.
12	Virigambakkam Choultry	1,200 200	Do. .. 5½ % of 1923 ..	Do.
13	Local Fund Provident Institution, Chingleput.	3,000 3,500	3½ % of 1865.. 6½ % of 1929-47	Do.
14	Walhjabad Market	2,100	3½ % of 1865 ..	Do.
15	Anunjikaral Choultry	200	Do ..	Do.
16	Pulicatcheppan water pandal	100	Do. ..	Do
17	Anunjikara Market	100	6½ % of 1923..	
18	Sriperumbadur Market	200	Do ..	Presidents, District Board, Chingleput.
19	Elementary School, Anunjikaral ..	9,000	5½ % of 1923 ..	
20	Municipal Provident Institution, Conjeveram	3,300	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Conjeveram.
	COIMBATORE—			
21	Coimbatore District Board Railway ccss.	3,49,700	3½ % of 1865 ..	President, District Board, Coimbatore
22	Local Fund Provident Institution, Coimbatore.	3,42,000 37,100 45,700	5½ % of 1929-47. 3½ % of 1865 .. 5½ % of 1929-47.	Do. do.
23	Pollachi Dispensary	11,700	3½ % of 1865 ..	Collector and District Surgeon, Coimbatore.
24	Municipal Provident Institution, Erode ..	800	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Erode.
25	Robertson Prize	350 3,500	Do .. 5½ % of 1929 ..	Director of Agriculture and the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.
26	Diwan Bahadur P. Raghunatha Rao Prize.	700 50	5½ % of 1929-47. 5½ % of 1946-56.	Do. do.
27	Clogston Prize	1,400	3½ % of 1865 ..	Do. do.
28	Kesu's memorial	700	Do. ..	Director of Agriculture, Madras.
29	Peatland Scholarship	2,000	5½ % of 1929 ..	Do. do.
30	Colonel Campbell Walker's Prize ..	600	3½ % of 1865..	Principal, Madras Forest College, Coimbatore.
	CHITTOOR—			
31	Civil Dispensary, Madanapalle.. ..	18,500	3½ % of 1865 ..	Collector and District Surgeon, Chittoor.
32	Salary Results Mahammadan School, Madanapalle.	200	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Madanapalle.
33	B. Krishna Ayyar's School at Bommasamudram.	6,300 100	Do. .. 5½ % of 1930-47.	President, District Board, Chittoor.
34	Local Fund Provident Institution, Chittoor.	30,000	3½ % of 1865 ..	Do.
	CUDDAPAH—			
35	Smith, M. G. Prize	1,400	5½ % of 1929-47	Director of Public Instruction and Inspector of Schools, IV Circle.
36	Civil Dispensary, Cuddapah	12,800	3½ % of 1865 ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Cuddapah.
37	Palakondayya, M., for M. Seshu's Choultry.	24,800	Do. ..	Collector and Treasury Officer, Cuddapah.
38	Municipal Provident Institution, Cuddapah.	9,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Cuddapah.
39	Cuddapah District Board Railway ccss.	49,800 37,000 71,700	6½ % of 1922 .. 5½ % of 1929 .. 6½ % of 1930 ..	President, District Board, Cuddapah
40	Local Fund Provident Institution, Cuddapah.	3,500 9,700 4,000	6½ % of 1929-47 3½ % of 1865 .. 5½ % of 1929-47.	Do.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—*cont.*			
		Rs.		
	GANJAM—			
41	Civil Dispensary, Berhampur	2,000	3½% of 1915 ..	Collector and District Surgeon, Ganjam.
42	Do. Chinnoie	2,000	Do. ..	Do. do.
43	Srinivasa Rao (late Headquarters) fee charitable	11,100	Do. ..	Collector and Treasury Officer, Ganjam.
44	T. Sivaramayya Pantulu Garu on account of the charitable at Chatrapur and Native College, Berhampur	100 10,000	Do. .. Municipal Debentures,	President, District Board, Ganjam.
45	Ganjam District Board Railway cess	83,800	6% of 1930 ..	President, District Board, Ganjam.
46		67,100	5½% of 1928 ..	
47	Local Fund Provident Institution, Ganjam.	65,200	5% of 1928–47.	
48		8,800	6% of 1928 ..	
49	Johnson's Scholarship	4,800	5% of 1928–47.	Do.
50	Vyasa's Chetti Endowment	95,400	Do	Do.
51	J. G. Horsfall's Scholarship Fund	2,500	Municipal Debentures.	Do.
		200	5% of 1928–47.	
52	Kallikota College, Berhampur	1,90,800	2½% of 1865 ..	President, District Board, Ganjam, and the Raja of Kallikota and Atagada
53	Municipal Provident Institution, Berhampur.	2,100	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Berhampur.
54	Municipal Provident Institution, Parlakimedi.	1,400	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Parlakimedi.
55	Kanchili Chatram	500	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Berhampur.
	GODAVARI—			
56	Civil Dispensary, Rajahmundry .	5,500	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Rajahmundry
57	Acquisition of house-sites at Tirumalayapalem	1,100	Do. ..	Do. do.
58	Amalapur Taluk Jubilee Fund ..	1,158	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Rajahmundry.
59	Kruthivennu Choultry, Dowlaiswaram. .	2,500	Do. ..	Do.
60	Local Fund Provident Institution, Godavari.	82,000 11,000 72,900	Do. .. 5½% of 1920 .. 4½% of 1916–18	President, District Board, Godavari.
61	Godavari District Board Railway cess	3,10,300	6% of 1920.	Do.
62		12,000	5½% of 1923 ..	
63	Vinsellingam Prize Government Girls' School, Innampet.	300	3½% of 1866 ..	Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Northern Circle, and the Headmaster, Government Girls' School, Innampet.
64	Municipal Hospital, Coconada.	200	Do. ..	XII Credited to Interest.
65	Lower Secondary School, Pittapuram	300 9,500	3% of 1925–55 3½% of 1865 ..	President, Taluk Board, Coconada.
66	Jagannadagiri Choultry	500	Do. ..	Do
67	Ramalingal Choultry	750	Do ..	Do.
68	Municipal Provident Institution, Coconada.	4,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Coconada.
69	Municipal Provident Institution, Rajahmundry.	4,563	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Rajahmundry.
70	Dharbhavati Choultry	4,000	Do. ..	Do do.
71	Peddapur Choultry	8,600	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Peddapur.
72	Nallaboyuru Choultry	10,600	Do. ..	Do.
73	Kathipudi Choultry	10,200	Do. ..	Do.
74	Kottageswaraswami Temple at Cocada	800	Do ..	Treasury Officer, Godavari.
75	Pallagallapalle Choultry	6,200	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Rajahmundry.
76	Rajanagaram Choultry	7,200	Do. ..	Do. do.
77	Razole Choultry	1,000	Do. ..	Do do.
78	Ramiyapeta Choultry	2,000	Do. ..	Do do.
	GUNTUR—			
79	Guntur District Board Railway cess	21,000 3,76,200	5% of 1925–55. 6% of 1929–47.	
80	Local Fund Provident Institution, Guntur.	100 840 66,300	3½% of 1865 .. Do .. 5% of 1929–47.	President, District Board, Guntur.
81		8,100	6% of 1930 ..	
82	Pallipalem Choultry, Tenali taluk ..	1,900	3½% of 1865 ..	President, District Board, Guntur, and President, Taluk Board, Tenali.
83	Taluk High School, Repalle	600	Do. ..	President, District Board, Guntur.
84	Board High School, Nagaulu	100	Do ..	Do.
85	Karamanchili tope	100	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Ongole.
86	Tennur School	200	Do. ..	Do. Repalle.
87	Doddaker water-pandal	400	Do ..	Do. Ongole.
88	Charitable tope at Kollipara	1,800	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Tenali.
89	Inter tank	800	Do. ..	Do.
90	Modukur tank	400	Do ..	Do.
91	Yeddavarru well	200	Do. ..	Do.
92	Vellatur Choultry	100	Do. ..	Do.
93	Pidaparru well	500	Do. ..	Do.
94	Chandur tank	900	Do ..	Do.
95	Manubu Kalagadu well	100	Do. ..	Do.
96	Municipal Provident Institution, Guntur.	2,200	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Guntur.

Serial number.	Nature of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is remitted.
	STOCK—*contd.*			
	PART I—*contd.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—*contd.*	Rs.		
	GUNTUR—*contd.*			
95	Ellamanda Watershed fund	440	3½% of 1869 ..	President, Taluk Board, Narasaraopet.
96	Ellamanda Chantry at Kottapakonda ..	100	Do. ..	Do.
97	Kondakur tope	200	Do. ..	Do.
98	Kuntalagunta rest-house	200	Do. ..	Do.
99	Rajathpuram tank ..	200	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Guntur.
100	Watershed between Lam and Nidamanlla tank	200	Do. ..	Do.
99	Vasudla tank	100	Do. ..	Do.
100	Mandadagu tank	200	Do. ..	Do.
101	Taler tank	100	Do. ..	Do.
102	Peddapuram tank	100	Do. ..	Do.
103	Venugopala tank	100	Do. ..	Do.
104	Podayalmhalur tank	200	Do. ..	Do.
105	Manigalla tank	100	Do. ..	Do.
106	Gandipalu tank	500	Do. ..	Do.
107	J. Venkatappayya's endowment for a cattle ward in Government new Hospital, Guntur.	2,000	3½% of 1923 ..	Credited to XII. Interest
	KISTNA—			
108	Albert Edward Scholarship in the Hindu High School, Masulipatam.	2,000	3½% of 1915 ..	Collector of Kistna and Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
109	Victoria Jubilee Scholarship in the Hindu High School, Masulipatam.	1,000	Do. ..	Do. do.
110	Peddapatnam Chantry	1,000	Do. ..	Collector and Treasury Officer, Kistna.
111	Kistna District Board Railway case ..	15,10,000 1,50,000 1,60,000	Do. 4%, of 1915-16. 3½%, of 1925 ..	President, District Board, Kistna.
112	Kistna District Board Railway case (Special).	50,700	4%, of 1915-16.	President, District Board, Kistna.
113	Local Fund Provident Institution, Kistna	93,250 14,800 33,800	3½% of 1905 .. 4% of 1915-16. 4% 1922-47.	President, Taluk Board, Gudivada.
114	Lower Secondary School, Gudivada ..	500	3% of 1906 ..	President, Taluk Board, Gudivada.
115	Taluk Board, Gudivada	2,000	3% of 1923 ..	Do.
116	Taylor Fateh Fund	9,000	3½% of 1900 ..	Collector of Kistna.
117	Sathuvolu Tope on account of a watershed.	1,200	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Gudivada.
118	Gudivada Market	2,200	Do. ..	Do.
119	Municipal Provident Institution, Masulipatam.	2,200	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Masulipatam.
12a	Municipal Provident Institution, Bezwada	1,100	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Bezwada.
121	Municipal Provident Institution, Ellore	1,600	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Ellore.
122	Peace Memorial Poor Pauper Fund ..	1,000	3% of 1935-36.	Tahsildar, Nandigama.
	KURNOOL—			
123	Municipal Dispensary, Karnool ..	5,078 750 750	Do. .. 3½% of 1922 .. 3½% of 1923 ..	Credited to XII. Interest.
124	Karnool District Board Railway case ..	4,50,100	4% of 1926-47.	President, District Board, Karnool.
125	Local Fund Provident Institution, Karnool	70,000 22,500	3½% of 1923 .. 3½% of 1940 ..	Do.
126	Municipal Provident Institution, Nandyal	1,800	Do. .	Chairman, Municipal Council, Nandyal.
	MADRAS—			
127	Arbuthnot Prize	3,100	Do. ..	Director of Public Instruction and the Principal, Presidency College, Madras.
128	Beaufilon Prize	1,550	Do. ..	Do. do.
129	Maharaja of Travancore's Prize ..	200	Do. ..	Do. do.
130	Maharaja of Vizianagram's Prize ..	500	Do. ..	Do. do.
131	Bharati Lakshmi Scholarship and Gold Medal.	5,300 500	Do. .. 3% of 1948-55.	Surgeon-General and the Principal, Medical College, Madras.
132	Blechlock Memorial	1,700 510	3½% of 1897 .. 3% of 1923-47.	Do. do.
133	Bradfoot Memorial	700 40	3½% of 1903 .. 3% of 1946-55.	Do. do.
134	Chipperfield Memorial ..	1,600 800	3½% of 1905 .. 3% of 1923-47.	Do. do.
135	Green Memorial	1,500	3½% of 1905 ..	Do. do.
136	Johnston Memorial	1,000	Do. ..	Do. do.
137	Madras Medical Book Society ..	1,300 250	Do. .. 3% of 1879-63.	Do. do.
138	McNally Hygiene Prize	700	3½% of 1905 ..	Do. do.
139	The G. Holt Durhati Prize	1,000	Do. ..	Do. do.
140	Raja Sir Savalai Ramaswami Mudaliyar's Gold Medal.	1,300 100	Do .. 4% of 1916-17.	Do. do.
141	Sitherge Prize	2,200 750	3½% of 1905 .. 3% of 1923-47.	
142	Thompson Memorial of Travancore Prize	500 100	3½% of 1905 .. 3% of 1923-47.	Do. do.
143	Smith, George Memorial	500	3½% of 1905 ..	Do. do.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—cont.			
	MADRAS—*cont.*	Rs.		
144	Grigg Memorial	400	3½% of 1846-48.	Director of Public Instruction, Madras, and Collector of Madras.
145	Roger Prize	7,000	3½% of 1895 .	
		755	Do. .	Director of Public Instruction, and the Principal, College of Engineering, Madras.
146	Raja Sir T. Madhava Rao Prize	100	Do. ..	Director of Public Instruction, Principal, College of Engineering, and Accountant-General, Madras.
147	Wenlock Scholarship	1,250	5% of 1929-47	
		10,106	3½% of 1865 .	Director of Public Instruction, Principal, Medical College, and Principal, Engineering College, Madras.
148	Stanton Scholarship . ..	2,700	Do ..	Director of Public Instruction and Engineer, Madras Army.
149	Tirumala Acharyar's Institution and Scotland Prizes.	1,400	5½% of 1865 .	Director of Public Instruction and Inspector of Schools, IV Circle.
150	Surplus Funds of the Hubert Muhammadan Girls' School, Royapetta	100	3% of 1860 ..	Credited to H.H. Interest.
151	Hubert Muhammadan Girls' School Endowment, Royapetta.	2,400	3½% of 1865 ..	
		9,600	Do. ..	Do.
		5,00,000	Do. ..	
152	University Fee Fund . ..	5,54,200	5% of 1926-47.	Registrar, Madras University.
		60,000	5½% of 1926 ..	
153	Wesley's Bequest to the Male and Female Orphan Asylums	66,250	3½% of 1865 ..	Chief Secretary to Government and Accountant-General, Madras
154	Wesley's Bequest to the Bishop Corrie's Grammar School.	55,250	Do. ..	Do. do.
155	Wesley's Legacy to the Fort School.	5,700	Do ..	Do. do.
156	St. Mary's Church Fund	2,05,500	Do. ..	Chief Secretary to Government and the Garrison Chaplain, Fort St. George.
157	Disabled Seamen's Fund	25,103	6½% of 1865 ..	Chairman, Madras Port Trust.
158	Civil Orphan Asylum	99,109	Do ..	Collector of Madras and the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
		12,87,200	Do. ..	
159	Madras Water-supply and Irrigation Estimates.	47,000	3% of 1926-47.	Commissioner, Corporation of Madras
		14,100	6% of 1930 ..	
		56,400	5½% of 1929 ..	
		5,100	5½% of 1931 ..	
		2,000	5½% of 1939-47.	
		19,500	5½% of 1933 ..	
160	Sivaganga Chatrams	47,000	Municipal and Port Trust Debentures.	Secretary to the Court of Wards, Madras.
		30,000	5% of 1946-56.	
		395	3½% of 1865 .	
		30,000	6% of 1945-55	
161	Sivaganga Devastanam ..	70,800	Municipal and Port Trust Debentures.	Do. do.
		81,300	5½% of 1926 ..	
162	Soytur Devastanam ..	1,700	5½% of 1950 ..	Do do.
		905	6% of 1916-34.	
		15,300	5½% of 1945 .	
163	Urbain Endowment	1,500	6% of 1916-36	Do. do.
		1,000	5% of 1929-47	
164	Uthamalai Devastanam	1,500	6% of 1916-36.	Do. do
165	Bullibola and Singain Devastanam	3,300	3½% of 1865 .	Do do.
166	Arunachalesha Iruthalai Endowment at Manamadura.	500	3½% of 1865 .	Do. do.
167	Sivaganga Chatram A. F. Miller's School	2,900	6% of 1950	Do. do.
168	Gurumurpur Devastanam estate ..	1,00,000	5% of 1929-47.	Do. do
169	Iullaram kattalai in Pandani Eswaran Kovil (Sivaganga estate).	10,000	5½% of 1933 ..	
		7,200	3½% of 1865 ..	Do. do.
170	Kalpatur Devastanam estate ..	7,000	5½% of 1929	Do. do.
171	Grant in the Raja's High School, Sivaganga	2,100	6% of 1926-47.	
		60	3½% of 1924 .	Do. do.
172	Rajakumar College Fund	1,000	Post-office Cash Certificate.	
		1,000	Municipal Debentures	Do. do.
		5,000	6% of 1930 ..	
		3,000	5½% of 1933 ..	
		7,500	3½% of 1865 ..	
173	Hostel for Raja's High School, Sivaganga.	1,025	5½% of 1933 ..	Do do
		10,200	6% of 1930 ..	
174	Gosha Widow's Aid Charity .	6,000	3½% of 1865 ..	Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, Madras.
175	Minor Ports Fund	4,30,000	3½% of 1900 ..	Credited to the Fund.
		9,77,700	3½% of 1865 ..	

Serial number.	Name of person on fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—cont.			
	MADRAS—*cont.*	Rs.		
176	Pilotage Fund, Cochin ..	11,100	4½% of 1950 ..	Credited to the Fund.
		400	4% of 1916-18	
		3,200	3½% of 1945-50	
177	Do. Paumben and Silakkaral ..	1,85,700	3½% of 1945 ..	Do.
178	Landing and Shipping Dues Fund, Vizagapatam.	9,14,600	Do. ..	Do.
		2,100	3½% of 1948-50	Do.
		6,000	4½% of 1930 ..	Do.
179	Do. Coconada ..	40,800	Do.	Do.
180	Do. Mangalore ..	60,000	Do. ..	Do.
181	Do. Tellicherry .	12,000	3½% of 1955 ..	Do.
182	Madras Coast Lights Fund ..	10,000	6% of 1930	Do.
183	Madras Port Fund . ..	24,200	3½% of 1955	
184	Landing and Shipping Dues Fund, Porto Novo.	1,200	3½% of 1945-50	
		37,700	4½% of 1930 .	
185	Do. do. Pamban.	1,000	3½% of 1945-50	
		19,000	3½% of 1950 .	
186	Do do. Mutlupettai..	10,500	Do ..	
		1,050	3½% of 1945-50.	
187	Do do. Cuddalore.	3,000	4½% of 1930 .	Do.
		16,900	4½% of 1930 ..	
188	Do do. Hangarikota	2,100	3½% of 1945-50	
		2,000	3½% of 1950 ..	
		600	4½% of 1916-18	
189	Do. do. Calicut.	1,050	3½% of 1948-55	
		36,800	3½% of 1955 ..	
		15,200	3½% of 1948-55.	
190	Do. do. Cochin	30,000	3½% of 1950 ..	
		6,75,700	4% of 1916-18.	
		12,60,600	4% of 1916-17	
		26,50,300	Municipal and Port Trust Debentures.	
191	South Indian Railway Provident Institutions.	2,32,200	3½% of 1929	Agent and the General Traffic Manager, South Indian Railway Company, Limited.
		2,000	3½% of 1923..	
		1,400	3½% of 1923..	
		1,300	3½% of 1928 .	
		3,24,400	3% of 1948-60.	
		20,400	4½% of 1930 ..	
192	Maharaja of Travancore Prize in the Medical School, Rayapuram.	2,000	3½% of 1955..	Superintendent, Rayapuram Medical School.
193	Raja of Pithapuram Cot in the Rayapuram Hospital	850	5% of 1939-41	Corrected to XIX Interest.
194	Maintenance of Beds in the Children's Wards of the Rayapuram Hospital.	7,400	5% of 1939-47.	
		1,200	5% of 1945-55.	
		700	3½% of 1960 ..	
		5 400	3½% of 1960 ..	
195	Drainage Loan of 1867 ..	2,200	4% of 1916-17.	
		3,201	5% of 1939-47.	
		36,200	Municipal Debentures.	
		1,200	3½% of 1923.	
		1,100	3½% of 1960 ..	
		26,100	3½% of 1955 ..	
196	Do. of 1868 ..	1,800	4% of 1916-17.	
		3,000	5% of 1939-47.	
		7,900	5% of 1939-47	
		19,700	Municipal Debentures	
		1,700	3½% of 1923 ..	
		1,100	3½% of 1960 ..	
		24,500	3½% of 1955 ..	
197	Do. of 1869 ..	1,800	4% of 1916-17.	Chief Secretary to Government and the Accountant-General, Madras.
		3,000	5% of 1939-47.	
		80,700	Municipal Debentures	
		1,100	3½% of 1945-55.	
		1,700	3½% of 1923 ..	
		2,900	3½% of 1960 ..	
		2,100	3½% of 1955 ..	
198	Do. of 1870 ..	600	4% of 1916-17.	
		900	5% of 1939-47.	
		5 100	Municipal Debentures	
		600	3½% of 1948-58	
		600	3½% of 1923 ..	
		2,000	3½% of 1960 ..	
		26,400	3½% of 1955 ..	
199	Do of 1888	4,100	4% of 1916-17.	
		6,200	5% of 1939-47.	
		6,700	5% of 1945-55.	
		2 300	3½% of 1923..	
		40,100	Municipal Debentures	

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is paid.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—*cont.*			
	MADRAS—*cont.*	Rs.		
		9,500	3½ % of 1930..	
		71,100	3½ % of 1865..	
		7,500	4 % of 1914-17.	
202	Drainage loan of 1900	9,700	5 % of 1926-47.	
		6,800	6½ % of 1923..	
		97,800	Municipal Debentures.	
		11,500	5 % of 1945-55.	
		900	3½ % of 1900..	
		14,650	3½ % of 1865..	
		1,900	4 % of 1914-17.	
203	Do. of 1901-1902	2,000	5 % of 1926-47.	
		3,900	5 % of 1945-55.	
		1,400	3½ % of 1923..	
		16,050	Municipal Debentures.	
		2,200	3½ % of 1900..	
		14,100	3½ % of 1865..	
		4,500	4 % of 1914-17	
203	Do. of 1903	5,900	5 % of 1945-55.	
		5,800	5 % of 1950-67	
		9,400	6½ % of 1923..	
		84,900	Municipal Debentures.	
		300	3½ % of 1900..	
		4,700	3½ % of 1865..	
		300	4 % of 1914-17.	
208	Water-works Loan of 1880	200	5 % of 1923.	
		400	5 % of 1926-47.	
		300	5 % of 1945-55	
		9,600	Municipal Debentures.	
		2,100	3½ % of 1900	
		14,000	3½ % of 1865 ..	
		4,000	4 % of 1914-17.	
204	Do of 1891	6,400	5 % of 1926-47.	
		7,600	5 % of 1945-55.	
		2,500	5½ % of 1923 .	Chief Secretary to Government and the Accountant-General, Madras.
		99,000	Municipal Debentures	
		200	3½ % of 1900..	
		5,300	3½ % of 1865..	
		400	4 % of 1914-17.	
205	Do. of 1902	700	5 % of 1926-47.	
		400	5 % of 1945-55	
		4,700	Municipal Debentures.	
		400	3½ % of 1923..	
		100	3½ % of 1900..	
		13,600	3½ % of 1865..	
		1,300	4 % of 1914-17.	
		1,200	5 % of 1926-47.	
206	Do. of 1900	1,200	5 % of 1945-55.	
		18,800	Municipal Debentures	
		1,400	3½ % of 1923..	
		500	3½ % of 1900..	
		3,500	3½ % of 1865..	
		1,000	4 % of 1914-17.	
		1,200	5 % of 1926-47.	
207	Market Loan of 1907	900	5 % of 1945-55.	
		31,300	Municipal Debentures.	
		1,000	3½ % of 1923..	
		600	3½ % of 1900 .	
		14,400	3½ % of 1865 .	
		1,400	4 % of 1914-17.	
208	Do. of 1909	2,000	5 % of 1926-47.	
		1,200	5 % of 1945-55	
		18,800	Municipal Debentures	
		1,200	3½ % of 1923..	
		1,000	3½ % of 1900..	
		9,500	3½ % of 1865..	
		1,200	4 % of 1914-17	
209	Plague Loan of 1899	2,200	5 % of 1926-47.	
		1,800	5 % of 1945-55	
		1,900	5½ % of 1923 .	
		21,200	Municipal Debentures.	

Serial number	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—cont.			
	MADRAS—*cont.*	Rs.		
		500	3½ % of 1900..	
		2,300	3½ % of 1865..	
		500	4 % of 1918-17.	
210	Plague Loan of 1900	1,400	5 % of 1923-47.	
		500	5 % of 1945-65.	
		2,600	Municipal Debentures.	
		900	3½ % of 1923 ..	
		500	3½ % of 1928.	
		500	3½ % of 1900..	
		3,500	3½ % of 1865 ..	
211	Sewer Loan of 1901–1902	1,100	4 % of 1918-17	
		1,300	5 % of 1923-47.	
		1,000	5 % of 1945-65.	
		9,900	Municipal Debentures.	
		2,200	3½ % of 1900 ..	
		2,200	4 % of 1918-17.	
		2,000	5 % of 1923-47.	
		1,800	5 % of 1945-65.	
213	Special Building Loan of 1907 ..	10,200	Municipal Debentures	
		1,000	3½ % of 1928..	
		20,200	3½ % of 1900..	
		3,500	4 % of 1918-17.	
213	Do. of 1909 ..	9,400	5 % of 1923-47.	
		12,500	5 % of 1945-65.	
		2,000	5½ % of 1928..	
		55,800	Municipal Debentures.	
		2,400	3½ % of 1900..	
		2,600	3½ % of 1900..	
		5,500	4 % of 1918-17	
214	Do. of 1910-1912	6,200	5 % of 1923-47.	
		4,400	5 % of 1945-65.	
		4,200	5½ % of 1928..	
		28,800	Municipal Debentures.	
		1,000	3½ % of 1900..	
		2,800	4 % of 1918-17.	
215	Do. of 1913 ..	3,000	5 % of 1923-47.	
		5,500	5 % of 1945-65.	Chief Secretary to Government and the Accountant-General, Madras.
		3,100	5½ % of 1928..	
		5,800	Municipal Debentures	
		2,000	3½ % of 1865 ..	
		6,000	4 % of 1918-17.	
216	Do. of 1913 ..	5,400	5 % of 1923-47.	
		4,600	5 % of 1945-65.	
		4,300	5½ % of 1928 ..	
		26,200	Municipal Debentures.	
		1,100	3½ % of 1865 ..	
		3,500	4 % of 1918-17.	
217	Do. of 1914 ..	3,800	5 % of 1923-47.	
		3,600	5 % of 1945-65.	
		2,400	5½ % of 1928..	
		14,300	Municipal Debentures	
		300	3½ % of 1865 ..	
		900	4 % of 1918-17.	
218	Electric Light Loan of 1914 ..	900	5 % of 1923-47.	
		1,400	5 % of 1945-65.	
		700	5½ % of 1928..	
		7,600	Municipal Debentures.	
		700	3½ % of 1865 ..	
		2,800	4 % of 1918-17	
219	Do. of 1913 ..	2,300	5 % of 1923-47.	
		2,400	5 % of 1945-65.	
		1,600	5½ % of 1928 ..	
		9,200	Municipal Debentures	
		1,400	5 % of 1923-47.	
220	Do. of 1913 ..	2,500	5 % of 1945-65.	
		1,100	5½ % of 1928..	
		5,000	Municipal Debentures	
		5,800	3½ % of 1865 ..	
		2,900	4 % of 1918-17.	
221	Napier Bridge Loan of 1879 .	3,200	5 % of 1923-47.	
		1,500	5½ % of 1928..	
		13,500	Municipal Debentures	
		1,900	5 % of 1945-65.	

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is remitted.
	STOCK—*contd.*			
	PART I—*contd.*	Rs		
	Public Endowments and Investments—*contd.*			
	MADRAS—*contd.*			
		3,300	3½% of 1865 ..	
		900	4% of 1916-17	
		1,100	5% of 1939-47.	
4-2	Napier Bridge Loan of 1910-1911 ..	800	5% of 1945-55	
		700	5½% of 1948 ..	
		6,500	Municipal Debentures.	
		21,500	5% of 1939-47.	
225	Water and Drainage Loan of 1930	12,000	5½% of 1952 ..	
		60,500	Municipal Debentures.	
		91,400	6% of 1915-16.	
	MADURA—			
214	Cumbum Union Panchayat, Periyakulam unit.	4,200	5½% of 1954 ..	
227	Sedapatti Union Panchayat ..	6,160	Do. ..	
228	Local Fund Provident Institution, Madura	53,750	Do. ..	
		6,000	3½% of 1906 ..	President, District Board, Madura.
		4,91,000	3½% of 1905 ..	
225	Madura District Board Railway Cess	81,000	5% of 1939-47.	
		42,700	5% of 1936 ..	
		30,000	5½% of 1923	
229	Headquarters Hospital, Madura ..	40,400	6% of 1922 ..	Crediting to XII. Interest.
229	Municipal Provident Institution, Madura.	13,700	3½% of 1906 ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Madura.
230	Compensation on account of Park Lands, Madura.	2,000	Do ..	Do do
231	Municipal Provident Institution, Periyakulam	1,160	Do. ..	Do. Periyakulam.
232	Do. Dindigul ..	6,300	Do. ..	Do. Dindigul.
233	Do. Kodaikanal ..	1,700	Do. ..	Do. Kodaikanal.
234	Do. Palni ..	800	Do. ..	Do. Palni
235	Chatrapatti Water-shed	850	Do	President, Taluk Board, Madura.
236	Tirupparam Water-shed	150	Do.	Do.
	MALABAR—			
237	Brennan's Endowment for a Free School at Tellicherry	8,300	Do. ..	Credited to X. I. Interest.
238	Civil Dispensary, Cochin	4,100	Do. ..	Collector and District Surgeon, Malabar.
239	Do. Tellicherry	5,000	Do. ..	Do.
240	Free School, Cochin	7,000	Do ..	Collector of Malabar
241	Local Fund Provident Institution, Malabar.	98 100	Do. ..	President, District Board, Malabar.
242	Brennen's Endowment for a Protestant Chapel at Tellicherry.	14,000	Do ..	Lay Trustee, St. John's Church, Tellicherry
243	Muyan Endowment	50	6 % of 1905-25 ..	President, Taluk Board, Palghat.
		14,100	3½ % 1910 ..	
244	Tellicherry Poor Fund	6,000	Do. ..	District Judge, North Malabar, and the Divisional Officer, Tellicherry.
245	Municipal Provident Institution, Cannanore	2,900	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Cannanore.
246	Woman's Victoria Memorial Fund, Calicut	3,600	Do ..	Credited to XII. Interest.
247	Dunsdings Rose Endowment Fund ..	5,100	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Cochin.
248	Municipal Provident Institution, Cochin.	2,050	Do. ..	
249	Do. Calicut.	3,800	Do. ..	Do Calicut.
		28 150	Do. ..	
250	Calvetty Canal Toll Fund, Cochin ..	1,700	2½ % of 1906..	Do. Cochin.
		1 000	5½ % of 1920	
		7 000	5% of 1915-35.	
251	Edward VII Memorial Prize Endowment.	3,200	3½% of 1935 ..	Secretary, Edward VII Memorial Fund Committee, Calicut
252	Edward VII Memorial, Calicut	50	6% of 1910-35.	Do.
	NILGIRIS, THE—			
253	Lawrence Memorial School	4,56,700	4½ % of 1935..	Collector of The Nilgiris and the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
		41,400	Miscellaneous Government Securities	
254	Do Brennen's Legacy.	3,100	3½ % of 1935..	
255	Do. Sir Hope Grant's Bequest.	2,700	Do ..	
256	Local Fund Provident Institution, The Nilgiris.	20,900	Do. ..	President, District Board, The Nilgiris
257	Sinking Funds of Doddabetta and Tiger Hill Reservoir Loan, Ootacamund.	19,400	Do. ..	
258	Sinking Funds of the Marlimund Reservoir Loan, Ootacamund.	40,700	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Ootacamund.
259	Sinking Funds of the Tiger Hill Reservoir Loan, Ootacamund.	6,020	Do. ..	
		100	Municipal Debentures etc.	
260	Municipal Provident Institution, Coonoor.	4,150	3½ % of 1935..	Do. Coonoor.

Serial number	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*	Rs.		
	Public Endowments and Investments—cont.			
	NELLORE—			
261	Municipal Provident Institution, Nellore.	2,200	3½ % of 1865	Chairman, Municipal Council, Nellore.
262	Local Fund Provident Institution, Nellore.	12,810	Do.	
		8,37,300	4½ % of 1923 ..	
		40,000	4 % of 1918-19.	President, District Board, Nellore.
263	Nellore District Board Railway-cess ..	25,800	3½ % of 1865 .	
		1,02,000	5½ % of 1922..	
264	Nallamudi Tope and Water-pandal Inam	250	4½ % of 1905..	
265	Pottapalem Water-pandal Inam ..	250	Do ..	
266	South Anakar Tope Inam	600	3 % of 1929-47.	President, Taluk Board, Nellore.
267	Suvanasapalli Tope Inam	500	Do. ..	
268	Ellarum Choultry	150	2½ % of 1858 ..	
269	Pavayapa Chattram Endowment ..	1,500	Do ..	
270	Pattipada Shrotriem	1,500	Do. ..	
271	Maintenance of Choultries at Padiseya-Lorum and Pachilapeta at Kapur taluk	2,400	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Gudur
272	Maintenance of Water Pandals at Duggarajapatnam, etc.	75	Do. ..	
273	Maintenance of Avenues at Gudur ..	75	Do. ..	
274	Assessment on Inam lands for sinking wells etc	460	Do. ..	
	NORTH ARCOT—			
275	Munga Bhay Ammal's Choultry at Dharapadavedu.	1,000	3½ % of 1865..	President, Taluk Board, Tirupattur.
276	Mahammadan Scholarship, North Arcot ..	6,000	Do. ..	Collector of North Arcot and President, Taluk Board, Ranipet.
277	Muhammadan Orphan School, Arcot ..	2,000	Do. ..	
278	Local Fund Provident Institution, North Arcot	26,700	5 % of 1923-47.	President, District Board, North Arcot.
279	Vellore Municipal Langarkhana ..	2,300	3½ % of 1865..	Collector of North Arcot.
280	Municipal Provident Institution, Vellore.	3,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Vellore.
281	Municipal Provident Institution, Walajapet.	1,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Walajapet.
282	Municipal Provident Institution, Vaniyambadi.	700	Do. .	Do. Vaniyambadi.
	RAMNAD—			
283	Vaikuya Servey's Chattram at Tirupalani.	5,100	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Ramnad.
284	Malaippatri Sari Water-pandal at Paramagudi	1,000	Do. .	Do. do.
285	Nammal Viraraghava Ayyar's Chattram at Sattur	4,000	Do. ..	Do. Sattur.
286	Sattur Lighting Fund	100	Do. ..	Do. do.
287	Municipal Provident Institution, Srivilliputtur	1,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Srivilliputtur.
288	Muthedi and Muthupandal Chattrams ..	5,100	Do. ..	President, District Board, Ramnad.
289	Srinivasa Ayyangar's Water-Pandal at Sivaganga.	3,000	3½ % of 1865..	Do.
290	Ramnad District Board Railway-cess ..	1,03,300	5½ % of 1924 ..	Do.
		4,25,700	3½ % of 1865..	
		1,41,200	4 % of 1916-18.	
		10,000	5½ % of 1928 ..	
291	Local Fund Provident Institution, Ramnad	30,400	3½ % of 1865..	Do.
292	Ponnammal's Endowment at Mannadore.	1,400	Do. ..	Collector, Ramnad.
	SALEM—			
293	Minor Vaccination Fund	6,000	Do ..	Collector of Salem and the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.
294	Krishnagiri Vaccination Fund	2,700	Do. ..	Do do.
295	Minor Charitable Dispensary	5,400	Do. ..	Collector and District Surgeon, Salem.
296	Sorpim Pagoda Fund	43,000	Do. ..	Do.
297	Minor Hospital	300	Do. ..	President, District Board, Salem.
298	Prize Fund for the Krishnagiri School ..	500	Do. ..	Do.
299	Salem District Board Railway-cess ..	27,800	4 % of 1918-19,	Do.
		25,000	5 % of 1930 ..	
		9,100	3½ % of 1865..	
300	Local Fund Provident Institution, Salem.	5,000	4 % of 1918-19.	Do.
		8,000	4 % of 1918-37.	
		2,500	5 % of 1930 ..	
301	Prize Fund, Local Fund School, Hosur ..	500	5 % of 1928-37	Do.
302	Tata Prize Municipal College, Salem ..	100	4 % of 1918-19.	Do.
303	Municipal Council Salem	400	3½ % of 1865..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Salem.
		400	5 % of 1930 ..	Do.
	SOUNDERARAJAN—			
304	Sidhanth Water-works	2,500	3½ % of 1899..	
		50,000	3½ % of 1905 ..	Credited to the fund.
		2,500	5% of 1904-05.	

Serial Number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—cont.			
	SOUTH ARCOT—			
305	Civil Dispensary, Cuddalore	12,000	3½ %, of 1886.	Credited to XII. Interest.
306	Old Town Dispensary, Cuddalore ..	12,000	Do.	Chairman, Municipal Council, Cuddalore.
307	Tyaga Mudaliyar's Choultry	4,500	Do.	Collector and Treasury Officer, South Arcot.
308	K. Krishna Ayyar's Girls' School, Pudupalayam, Cuddalore	2,800	Do.	Collector of South Arcot and Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.
309	Tirukkoyilur and Kallakurichi Middle School Prizes.	400	Do.	President, District Board, South Arcot and Assistant Inspector of Schools, South Arcot.
310	Elia Choultry at Chittoor ..	2,000	Do	President, District Board, South Arcot.
311	Endowment for the Board Incomplete Secondary School, Porto Novo.	10,000	Do	Do.
312	South Arcot District Board Railway-cess.	3 38,400 26,500 1,56,400 1,17,400	4 %, of 1928-47. 6 %, of 1930 .. 4½ %, of 1926 .. 5½ %, of 1928.	Do.
313	Local Fund Provident Institution, South Arcot.	2,000 40,193	3½ %, of 1929 .. 5 %, of 1928-47.	Do.
314	Marungandakuppam Watershed	100	½ %, of 1906	Do.
315	Tirukkoyilur School, Endowment	80	3½ %, of 1925 ..	Do.
316	Mandarpet Poultry, Tirukkoyilur ..	600	4½ %, of 1906..	President, Taluk Board, Tirukkoyilur.
317	Muvarasanur Choultry ..	180	Do.	President, Taluk Board, Chidambaram.
318	Shantatope Choultry	200	Do.	Do
319	Kannagudam Choultry ..	500	Do	Do.
320	Hydos' Poultry	1,000	Do	Do.
321	Vellar Ammet Choultry ..	300	Do.	Do.
322	Mankanam Watershed	100	Do.	President, Taluk Board, Tindivanam
323	Elia Choultry	200	Do.	Do.
	SOUTH KANARA—			
324	Mangalore Jubilee Scholarship ..	21,000 1,000	Municipal and Port Trust Debentures 4 %, of 1929-47	District Judge, South Kanara; President, District Board, South Kanara; Chairman, Mangalore Municipal Council; and Inspector of Schools, XIth Circle.
325	Krishnayya Prize in the Government College, Mangalore.	60 200	5 %, of 1918-30. 3½ %, of 1865.	Director of Public Instruction, and Principal, Government College, Mangalore.
326	Mangalore Provincial School Endowment.	46,700	Do.	Credited to XII. Interest.
327	Mangalore Municipality	6,450 100	Do. 3½ %, of 1923.	Chairman, Municipal Council, Mangalore.
328	Municipal Provident Institution, Mangalore.	650	3½ %, of 1865.	Do.
329	Municipal Office Building Fund, Mangalore.	490 700	Do. 3½ %, of 1923.	Do.
330	Sanskrit and Marathi Girls' School Endowment Fund, Mangalore.	150	3½ %, of 1865.	Do.
331	Legadera Poor Fund	8,200	Do.	Collector and Treasury Officer, South Kanara.
332	Local Fund Provident Institution, South Kanara.	12,810	Do.	President, District Board, South Kanara.
333	South Kanara District Board Railway-cess.	1,11,300	4 %, of 1915-16	Do.
334	Poor Fund, etc., Mangalore Municipality.	150	3½ %, of 1865.	Chairman, Municipal Council, Mangalore.
335	Headquarter Hospital, Mangalore ..	1,050	Do	Credited to XII. Interest.
	TANJORE—			
336	Civil Dispensary, Tiruttaraipundi ..	5,500	Do.	Collector of Tanjore.
337	Do. Tranquebar ..	20,000 2,661	Do. 5 %, of 1918-17.	Do.
338	Civil Dispensary, Saiyali	600	4 %, of 1918-17.	Do.
339	Kannagudi Chattram	500	3½ %, of 1865.	Do.
340	Thathur Perumal Chattram ..	500	Do	Do.
341	Tiruvanam Chattram	500	Do.	Do
342	Valiam Chattram	500	Do.	Do.
343	Muktambalpuram Chattram	1,400	5 %, of 1918-19.	President, District Board, Tanjore.
344	Railway Guarantee Fund	30,000 31,45,500 32,100 10,000	3½ %, of 1900. 3½ %, of 1895. 5 %, of 1918-36. 5 %, of 1930 ..	Do
345	Surplus in the Railway Guarantee Fund.	5,58,100 1,400	3½ %, of 1906. 3½ %, of 1908.	Do.
346	Surplus General Funds of the District Board, Tanjore.	10,000 10,000 25,000 10,000 10,000	5½ %, of 1921 5½ %, of 1920 5½ %, of 1922. 5½ %, of 1923. 5½ %, of 1924.	Do.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund to whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments—*cont.*	Rs.		
	TANJORE—*cont.*			
347	Civil Dispensary, Kumbakonam ..	20,000	5½ %, of 1909.	Collector and District Surgeon, Tanjore.
348	Do. Mannargudi	27,300	Do.	Do.
349	Local Fund Provident Institution, Tanjore.	15,000 9,900 1,02,858 20,700 10,000 10,000	4%, of 1916-17. 4%, of 1919-20. 3½%, of 1905 5%, of 1925-47. 5%, of 1928. 5%, of 1926.	President, District Board, Tanjore.
350	Kalyanambal Chattram	350	3½%, of 1906 ..	Do.
351	Girls' School, Pattukkottai	2,000	3½%, of 1905 .	Credited to XII. Interest.
352	People's Park, Tanjore	2,600	Do. ..	Collector, and Treasury Officer, Tanjore.
353	Branch Dispensary, Kumbakonam .	6,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council Kumbakonam.
354	Municipal Provident Institution, Kumbakonam.	500	4%, of 1916-17.	Do.
355	Negapatam Municipality (Water-supply and Drainage Scheme).	7,500 500	3½%, of 1906 .. Do	Chairman, Municipal Council, Negapatam.
356	Municipal Provident Institution, Negapatam.	5,000	Do. ..	Do.
357	Bensonsmp Medal	100	5%, of 1944-66.	Director of Public Instruction, and Principal, Kumbakonam College.
358	Edward Bird Scholarship .	1,100 110 1,000	3½%, of 1905 5%, of 1915-65. 3½%, of 1905 ..	Do.
359	Chandrasekara Mupanar's Medal and Scholarship.	2,100 150	Do .. 5%, of 1946-65.	Do.
360	Mutt of Essay Prize	1,225 50	3½%, of 1905.. 5%, of 1945-66.	Do.
361	Sundaresvara Rayi Ammal's Charity..	5,700	3½%, of 1905 ..	President, Taluk Board, Tanjore.
362	Grand Anicut Chattram .	500 200 1,200	4%, of 1916-17 5%, of 1920-47. 3½%, of 1905 ..	Do
363	Ramachandra Mota Chattram .. .	1,000 3,400 2,000	5%, of 1929-47.. 4%, of 1916-16. 5%, of 1926 ..	Do.
364	Perumanal Board, Elementary School Patini.	600	5%, of 1929 ..	Do.
365	Municipal Provident Institution, Tanjore.	2,000	3½%, of 1906 ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Tanjore.
366	Kallimedu Chattram	4,000 1,15,100	4%, of 1916-17. 3½%, of 1905 ..	President, Taluk Board, Mannargudi.
367	Municipal Provident Institution, Mannargudi.	1,500	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Mannargudi.
368	Municipal Provident Institution, Mayavaram	4,500	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Mayavaram
369	Rajakrishna Ayyar's Endowment .	500	Do. ..	Principal, Government College, Kumbakonam.
370	Local Fund Dispensary, Vythiswaran Kovil.	7,500	4%, of 1916-17.	President, Taluk Board, Mayavaram.
371	Kuttalam and Anikkuram Chaultries ..	2,100	4%, of 1926-16	Do.
372	Kuttalam Dispensary .. .	2,5.5	5%, of 1930 ..	Do.
	TINNEVELLY—			
373	Civil Dispensary, Ambasamudram ..	4,200	3½%, of 1946 ..	Collector and District Surgeon, Tinnevelly.
374	Do. Ottayideram ..	1,100	Do. ..	Do.
375	Do. Palamcottah ..	21,500	Do. .	Do.
376	Do. Tenkasi	2,500	Do. ..	Do.
377	Local Fund Provident Institution, Tinnevelly.	32,760	Do. ..	President, District Board, Tinnevelly.
378	Scholarship in the Tinnevelly District Board Technical Institute.	5,100	Do. ..	Do.
379	Ambasamudram Bridge Lighting Fund	1,700	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Sermadevi.
380	Nanguneri Lower Secondary Salary Revolta School.	900	Do. ..	Do.
381	Ka lakkurichi Sanskrit School .	600	Do. .	Do.
382	Water-supply Scheme, Tinnevelly Municipality.	44,450 1,000 1,400 1,450	Do .. 3½%, of 1909 .. 5%, of 1928 . 5%, of 1945-65.	Chairman, Municipal Council, Tinnevelly
383	Municipal Provident Institution, Tinnevelly.	4,000	3½%, of 1905 ..	Do.
384	Municipal Provident Institution, Tuticorin	8,765	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Tuticorin.
385	Water-supply Scheme, Tuticorin ..	13,650	Do. ..	Do.
386	Municipal Provident Institution, Palamcottah.	1,100	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Palamcottah.
387	Tankasi Water-pandal ..	500	Do ..	President, Taluk Board, Tenkasi.
388	Dispensary building, Vilathikulam ..	5,300	Do. ..	Do Sankarankoil.
	TRAVANCORE—			
389	Vanita Sahai Fund of 1913	2,400	Do ..	Resident, Travancore and Cochin.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART I—*cont.*			
	Public Endowments and Investments*—*cont.	Rs.		
	TRICHINOPOLI—			
390	Municipal Dispensary, Trichinopoly ..	12,000	3½% of 1864 ..	Collector of Trichinopoly
391	Local Fund Provident Institution, Trichinopoly	31,700	Do. ..	President, District Board, Trichinopoly.
392	Trichinopoly District Board Railway Cess.	1,86,185	Do. .	Do.
393	Lower Secondary School, Kulittalai ..	3,200	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board Kulittalai.
394	Sinking Fund Water-works Loan, Trichinopoly.	23,000 4,700	Do. .. 5½% of 1928 ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Trichinopoly.
395	Drainage Scheme, Trichinopoly ..	73,400	5½% of 1928 ..	Do.
396	Water-supply Scheme, Trichinopoly ..	2,100	Do. ..	Do.
397	Municipal Provident Institution, Trichinopoly	7,200	Do. .	Do.
398	Municipal Provident Institution, Srirangam.	1,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Srirangam.
399	Drainage Scheme, Srirangam .	82,300	Do ..	Do
400	Water and Drainage Tax Fund, Srirangam	21,900	Do. ..	Do .
	VIZAGAPATAM—			
401	Tummaraju Venkatasiva Rao's Scholarship.	21,100 100	Do. . 6% of 1926-27.	Collector of Vizagapatam, Inspector of Schools, First Circle, and M.R.Ry. T. V. Suryanarayanamurti Pantulu.
402	Mrs. A. V. Narasinga Rao College at Vizagapatam.	1,00,000	3½% of 1865 ..	Collector of Vizagapatam and Inspector of Schools, I Circle.
403	Local Fund Provident Institution, Vizagapatam.	32,600 54,700 24,500	Do. .. 5% of 1929-47 Do. ..	President, District Board, Vizagapatam.
404	Vizagapatam District Board Railway Cess.	1,18,100 1,27,500	5½% of 1923 .. 5% of 1946-66	Do.
405	Male and Female Hospitals at Bobbili.	4,100 5,000	3½% of 1865 of Rangoon Port Trust Debentures.	Do
406	Sinking Fund, Kuvvakonda Municipality, for paying the Vizagapatam District Board Loan.	10,000	5½% of 1928 .	President, District Board, Vizagapatam.
407	Jallari Narasimhamurti Chetty ..	1,300	Do. ..	President, Taluk Board, Vizagapatam.
408	Jubilee Gold Medal in the Municipal High School, Bimlipatam.	600	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Bimlipatam,
409	Jagannadha Rau Endowment for feeding the poor.	5,000	Do. ..	Do. Vizianagram.
410	Municipal Provident Institution, Vizagapatam.	8,800	Do. ..	Do.
411	Arbuthnot Jubilee Endowment	8,700	Do. ..	The Senior Missionary, Canadian Baptist Mission, Vizagapatam, Inspector of Schools, I Circle, and M.R.Ry. Rao bahadur K. S. Narasimha Rao, Retired Deputy Collector, Vizagapatam.
412	John Hay Scholarship	2,400	Do. ..	Do.
413	V. N. Appa Rao Naydu's Scholarship in the London Mission High School, Vizagapatam.	1,400	Do ..	Inspector of Schools, I Circle, Principal, Canadian Baptist Mission High School, Vizagapatam, and M.R.Ry. A. Narayanaswami Naydu.
414	Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund ..	3,200	Do. ..	Collector, and Treasury Officer, Vizagapatam.
415	Local Fund Provident Institution, Korapat.	10,500	Do. ..	President, District Board, Korapat.
416	Municipal Provident Institution, Vizagapatam	2,400	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam.
417	Muhammadan Charity Fund	7,100	Do. ..	Do.
418	Municipal Provident Institution, Anakapalle.	1,900	Do ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Anakapalle.
419	Provident Fund, Mrs. A.V.N. College ..	10,900	Do. ..	Chairman, Mrs A.V.N. College Committee, Vizagapatam
	PART II.			
	Other Investments.			
	ANANTAPUR—			
420	Rangayya, M., Arcade Contractor ..	7,000	3% of 1926 ..	Collector of Anantapur.
421	S. Venkatanarayana Chetti, Second Shrotf.	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
422	Syed Shahabuddin, Head Shrotf ..	2,000	Do ..	Do
423	S. Parthasarathi Rao, Taluk Shrotf, Tadpatri	500	Do ..	Do.
424	K. Satyanarayya Chetty, Huzur Treasurer ..	5,000	5½% of 1923 ..	Superintendent of Police, Anantapur.
425	M. Ramaswami Ayyar, Accountant ..	500	3% of 1896 ..	District Judge, Anantapur.
426	G. O. No. 21 of 1907 (Minor Arabic Manuscripts).	7,500	3½% of 1846 ..	
	BANGALORE—			
427	Singhatatha Sahib, Treasurer, Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.	5,000	5% of 1896-97.	Resident in Mysore.*

Serial number	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—cont.			
		Rs.		
	SALARY—	1,69,600	3½% of 1855 ..	
428	Sandur State	13,300	4% 1920-47 ..	Collector of Bellary and Political Agent, Sandur. †
		9,750	6% 1946-56 ..	
		61,250	6½% of 1928 ..	
		60,500	3½% of 1860 ..	
429	Sandur Family Insurance Fund	3,200	4% of 1920-47.	
		2,200	6% 1946-56 ..	Do.
		1,000	6½% of 1928 ..	
		6,000	3½% of 1860	
430	Sandur Pension Fund	300	4% of 1920-47	
		200	6% 1946-56 ..	Do.
		100	6½% of 1928 ..	
		10,700	3½% of 1860 ..	
431	Sandur Marriage Fund ..	800	4% of 1920-47.	
		450	5½% 1946-56 ..	Do.
		350	6½% of 1928 ..	
432	G. Govinda Rau, Treasurer	1,000	3½% of 1860 ..	Collector of Bellary
433	Lingappa, Minor	17,500	Do .	District Judge, Bellary
434	Doddappa, Minor (O.P. No. 218 of 1911).	17,500	Do. ..	Do.
435	S. Krishnamurthi Rao, Accountant ..	500	3% of 1896 ..	Superintendent of Police, Bellary.
	CHINGLEPUT—			
436	Devanayagam Pillai, A., Shroff, Conjeeveram.	1,000	3½% or 1865 ..	Collector of Chingleput.
437	C. Murugesa Mudaliyar, Honor Treasurer	6,000	3½% of 1854-59	Do.
438	C. S Loganatha Mudaliyar, Contractor ..	200	3% of 1896 ..	Director, King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy.
439	S. Varadaraja Rao, Store-keeper	240	3½% of 1865 ..	Deputy Director of Agriculture, IV Circle, St Thomas' Mount.
440	P. S. Veniamal Naicker, Local Fund Overseer	500	6½% of 1931 ..	President, District Board, Chingleput.
441	C. Ratna Mudaliyar, Local Fund Assistant Engineer.	100	Do.	Do.
		400	5% of 1945-56.	
442	A. M. Rangachari, Local Fund Overseer	500	6½% of 1922 ..	Do.
443	C. Chidambara Mudaliyar, Local Fund Overseer.	600	6½% of 1930 ..	Do
444	K. S. V. Sundaravaradu Ayyangar, Local Fund Overseer.	600	6½% of 1928 ..	Do.
445	Shaw Wallace & Co.	100	4% of 1916-17.	Director, King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy.
446	Ashrafunnissa Begum, Pensioner ..	250	3½% of 1865 .	Collector of Chingleput.
447	Sangaramari, A., Head Shroff	2,000	Do. ..	Do
448	Thirumalaya Mudaliyar, W., Deputy Shroff, Conjeeveram taluk.	500	3% of 1896 ..	Do.
449	C. Arumuga Mudaliyar, Honor Treasurer.	6,000	3½% of 1860 ..	Do.
450	Campbell-Arbuthnot Reference No. 2 of 1903 ..	300	3½% of 1865 ..	District Judge, Chingleput.
451	Durga of Shaik Hamid Auliya ..	600	Do. ..	Do.
452	T. Gurusami Nadar, Contractor ..	5,100	Do. ..	Collector, Chingleput.
		2,000	6½% of 1928 ..	
	CHITTOOR—			
453	Venkataswami Mudaliyar, S. J., Head Shroff.	500	3½% of 1865 ..	Collector of Chittoor
454	S. C. Subbarayalu Chetti, Second Shroff	1,000	3% of 1896 ..	
455	S. V. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Honor Treasurer.	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
		5,000	Do. ..	Do
456	T. Venkatarama Ayyar, Treasurer ..	6,000	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
457	C. Manavala Mudaliyar, Head Shroff ..	2,000	3% of 1896 ..	Do.
458	E. S. Abraham, Minor	700	3½% of 1865 .	District Judge, Chittoor
459	C. Abraham, Minor	700	Do. ..	Do.
460	S. E. Abraham, Minor	700	Do. ..	Do.
461	Josephine Harris, Minor	700	Do. ..	Do.
462	George Harris, Minor	600	6½% of 1928 ..	Do
463	K. Gopala Rao, Local Fund Sub-Overseer.	600	Do. ..	Do.
464	C. Varadaraja Mudaliyar, Local Fund Overseer.	500	3% of 1896 ..	President, District Board, Chittoor.
		500	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
465	B. Peddanna Chetti, Local Fund Overseer	500	3% of 1896 ..	Do
466	P. S. Sankaranabha Ayyar, Accountant ..	500	3½% of 1865 ..	Superintendent of Police, Chittoor
	COIMBATORE—			
467	U. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Shroff, Taluk Office.	700	3% of 1896 ..	Collector of Coimbatore.
468	A. T. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliyar, Arrack Supply Licensee.	400	9% of 1915-16.	Do.
469	A. T. Krishnaswami Mudaliyar, Arrack Supply Licensee.	3,500	Do.	Do.
470	A. T. Thiruvengadaswami Mudaliyar, Licensee	1,400	Do.	Do.
471	G. Chinnah Pillai, Abkari Licensee ..	2,000	6½% of 1900 .	Do.
472	Venkataswami Nayudu, C., Local Fund Overseer.	5,000	3½% of 1879 ..	
		100	6½% of 1905 ..	President, District Board, Coimbatore.
473	A. Swaminatha Ayyar, Manager ..	500	3½% of 1865 ..	Superintendent of Police, Coimbatore.
474	P. Doraiswami Ayyangar, Accountant ..	500	Do ..	

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest to vest.
	STOCK—cont.			
	PART II—cont.			
	Other Investments—cont.			
	CUDDAPAH—	Rs.		
475	Abdul Shukur, Head Sheriff, Hazur Treasury	1,000	3½% of 1933 ..	Collector of Cuddapah
476	Roop Singh, R. G., Second Sheriff ..	1,000	3½% of 1930 ..	Do.
477	A. Shrynavasa Ayya, Treasurer ..	1,000	2½% of 1935 ..	Do.
478	M. S. Mahadevar, minor ..	6,000	3½% of 1923 ..	Do.
479	M. S. Narasa, minor	2,000	6½% of 1928 ..	
480	M. S. Venkataramma minor	4,000	Do. ..	District Judge, Cuddapah
481	O. P. No. 63 of 1917	4,400	5½% of 1921 ..	
482	O. P. No. 16 of 1918	1,073	5½% of 1923 ..	
		2,189	5½% of 1928 ..	
	GANJAM—			
483	Messrs. Pammarsada Saha and three others, Contractors of Country Spirits.	5,000	3½% of 1918 ..	Collector of Ganjam.
484	Venkata Reddi, E., Head Sheriff ..	2,000	3½% of 1892 ..	Do.
485	Lakshmanapathi, Hazur Treasurer ..	5,000	Do. ..	Do.
486	P. Kutumba Rao, Manager	600	6½% of 1925 ..	Superintendent of Police, Ganjam.
	GUNTUR—			
487	K. Narasinha Rao, Ramachandra Rao and Sivaramayya.	500	3½% of 1846 ..	President, District Board, Guntur.
488	B. Rameswami Nayudu, Abkari Renter ..	1,500	3½% of 1920 ..	Collector of Guntur
489	G. Jagannadham for V. Srinivasa Ayyangar, Treasurer ..	1,000	3½% of 1856-58 ..	Do
490	B. Rameswami Nayudu, Toddy Contractor.	400	3½% of 1896 ..	District Forest Officer, Guntur.
491	M. Janakiram Nayudu, Manager ..	100	4½% of 1920 ..	
492	T. Kameswara Rao, Accountant ..	500	5½% of 1923 ..	Superintendent of Police, Guntur.
			5½% of 1925 ..	Do.
	GODAVARI—			
493	M. P. Nos. 76 and 77 of 1895	900	3½% of 1895 ..	District Judge, Godavari.
494	G. V. Subba Rao, Cashkeeper	1,000	3½% of 1896 ..	Collector of Godavari.
	KISTNA—			
495	Jagannadham, G., for Gopalakrishnayya, A., Sheriff Divi taluk	500	3½% of 1905 ..	Collector of Kistna.
496	G. Jagannadham for T. Venkataratnam, Treasurer.	1,000	Do. ..	Do
497	M. Venkataratnam Nayudu, Manager ..	500	3½% of 1898 ..	Superintendent of Police, Kistna.
498	G. Jagannadham for K. Parabrahmayya Accountant.	500	3½% of 1905 ..	Do. do.
499	Ramaswami Chetti, T., Sheriff, Nizampatam Circle.	500	3½% of 1896-97.	Assistant Commissioner of Salt, etc., Masulipatam subdivision.
	KURNOOL—			
500	Shah Hydar Sahib, Hazur Treasurer ..	5,000	3½% of 1899 ..	Collector of Kurnool.
501	H. W. D. E. Abdul Rahiman Khan, Head Sheriff.	1,500	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.
502	A. Gibson, Mining Lessee	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
503	Sangamapalle State	75,500	Do. ..	Collector of Kurnool and Political Agent for Sangamapalle.
	MADRAS—			
504	Krishna Rao Nayudu, P., Cashier ..	2,000	3½% of 1905 ..	Accountant-General, Madras.
505	N. Krishna Rao Nayudu for G. Chinnaswami Sheriff.	500	3½% of 1899 ..	Do.
506	R. Seshachariya, Government Securities Clerk	2,000	Do. ..	Do
507	Best & Co., Madras, Contractors for the supply of L.F. forms.	4,000	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.
508	C. Chinnaswami, Sheriff	100	3½% of 1896 ..	Do.
509	Dhanadayalu Mudali, C., Treasurer ..	500	Do. ..	Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras.
		85,500	3½% of 1905 ..	
510	Annamalai Chetti, P., Clerk	9,000	Do ..	Treasurer, Paper Currency Dept., Madras
511	Appakanna Mudaliyar, T., Clerk ..	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
512	Appadorai Mudaliyar, T. S., Clerk ..	800	Do. ..	Do
513	Chidambara Ayyar, S., Assistant Treasurer	1,000	3½% of 1899 ..	Do.
514	Sachidananda Mudaliyar, R. S., Clerk ..	2,000	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.
515	Krishnaswami Mudaliyar, C., Clerk ..	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
516	Palanivelu Mudaliyar, C. K., Teller ..	1,000	3½% of 1899 ..	Do.
517	K. S. Krishna Ayyangar, Clerk ..	1,000	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.
518	Vasa Balisa Chetti and Vasa Varadaiah Chetti for M. Thiruvengadam Pillai, Assistant Treasurer.	500	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.
519	C. K. Umalyannaiah for C. K. Palanivelu Mudaliyar, Teller.	1,000	3½% of 1896 ..	Do.
520	T. Narasingam Pillai, Clerk	800	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.
521	V. Ralph Chetti and V. Varadayya Chetti for T. S. Appadorai Mudaliyar, Clerk.	800	3½% of 1905 ..	Do.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—*cont.*	Rs.		
	MADRAS—*cont.*			
822	Vasa Balak Chetti and V. Varadiah Chetti for T. N. Ramalinga Mudaliyar, Assistant Treasurer.	1,500 1,000	3½ % of 1898 .. 3½ % of 1895 ..	Treasurer, Paper Currency Department, Madras.
823	T. K. Natesa Ashari, Clerk	500	Do. ..	Do
824	C. Chokkalinga Mudaliyar, Clerk ..	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
825	K. A. Kumaraswami Mudaliyar, Clerk ..	1,000	Do ..	Do.
826	Diwan Bahadur M. O. Parthasarathi Ayyangar for C. Ramanuja Ashari, Clerk.	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
827	Ramalinga Mudaliyar, T. N., Assistant Treasurer.	500 2,000	3% of 1896 .. 3½ % of 1895 ..	Do.
828	Kasivisvanatha Mudaliyar for C. Krishnaswami Mudaliyar, Teller	1,000	3% of 1890 ..	Do.
829	Ramanujulu Chetti, C., Clerk	1,000	3½ % of 1895.	Do.
830	Ramanujam Pillai, C., Clerk	2,500	3½ % of 1895.	Do.
831	Rahmasabapati Mudaliyar, M., Clerk ..	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
832	K. Pranyavasi, Clerk	1,500	Do. ..	Do.
833	T. N. Doraswami Mudaliyar, Clerk ..	2,000	Do. ..	Do.
834	W. P. Ethirajulu Nayudu, Clerk ..	1,000 1,000	3% of 1896 .. 3½ % of 1895.	Do.
835	T. Natesa Mudaliyar, Clerk	500 500	3% of 1903 .. 3½ % of 1895	Do.
836	Vesya Perumal Pillai, T., Teller ..	2,000	Do.	Do.
837	Tirumalaisetum Pillai, C., Clerk ..	1,500	Do.	Do.
838	Ramanuja Ashari, C., Clerk	500	Do.	Do.
839	Narayanaswami Mudaliyar, M. K., Clerk	1,000	Do.	Do.
840	Rahmathrahmanya Mudaliyar, C., Clerk ..	1,000 1,000	3% of 1911 .. 3½ % of 1895.	Do.
841	V. Kuppuswami Nayudu, Clerk ..	1,000 500	3% of 1906 .. 3½ % of 1895.	Do.
842	Ahmed Hussain Sahib, Cummapillai, Deputy Collector's office.	500	3% of 1896 ..	Collector of Madras
843	A. Jeevaratna Mudaliyar, Tavara renter.	1,500 1,500	3½ % of 1925. 3½ % of 1923.	Do.
844	Raghava Ashari, V. V., Stamp-vendor ..	2,500	3½ % of 1895	Do.
845	C. N. Muthuswami Ayyar, Karnam ..	500	Do. ..	Do.
845a	T. P. Malhara Pillai, Karnam	500	Do. ..	Do.
846	Rangaswamy Mudaliyar, M., Stamp-vendor, Customs, Madras.	2,000	Do.	Do
847	P. N. Srinivasa Ashari, Quit-rent Karnam.	500	3% of 1926 ..	Do.
848	M. N. Subba Rao, Karnam	500	Do. ..	Do.
849	M. Rangaswami Ayyangar, Stamp Accountant.	300	3½ % of 1896.	Do
850	C. T. Narasimha, Karnam	500	Do.	Do
851	K. Kesavulu Nayudu, Shroff	500	3% of 1896 ..	Do.
852	T. Velayutha Mudaliyar, Arrack Shop Renter.	17,500	3½ % of 1895.	Do
853	A. D. Narayana Sah, Arrack Shop Renter.	18,285	Do.	Do
854	K. Ramaraochar, Stamp-vendor ..	2,000	3% of 1898 ..	Do.
855	S. K. Thirthasari, Karnam	500	Do. ..	Do.
856	L. Gurusami Nadar, Contract Supplier of Country Spirits.	1,000	Do. ..	Do
857	A. S. Palaniveln Pillai	1,500	3½ % of 1921.	Do
858	P. Nachiappa Gramany	3,500	Do	Do
859	K. Kandasami Gramany	2,000	Do. ..	Do.
860	T. Rajamanika Gramany	100	Do. ..	Do
861	P. Gurusami Gramany	400	Do. ..	Do.
862	P. M. Chinnayasundara Gramany ..	100	Do. ..	Do.
863	J. A. Davis, Abkari Contractor ..	15,200	5 % of 1935-36.	Do.
864	C. Rama Ayyangar Shroff	700	Mysore Government Bond.	Do.
865	J. David, Store-keeper	600	3½ % of 1895.	Superintendent, Kayaperum Hospital, Madras
866	T. Krishnan, Accountant	400	3 % of 1898 ..	Do.
867	M. S. Krishna Ayyar, Steward ..	300	Do. ..	Do.
868	C. Rathna Mudaliyar, Karnam ..	500	Do ..	Collector of Madras.
869	C. T. Rangaswami Ayyangar, Stamp-vendor	8,000	Do. ..	Do.
870	M. Ahmad Mahiuddin Dalvi, Shroff, Sea Customs.	500	3½ % of 1895.	Collector of Customs, Madras.
871	T. S. Gopalaswami Chetti, Shroff ..	250	Do.	Do.
872	D. Raghavendra Rao, Cashkeeper ..	6,000	3 % of 1896 ..	Do
873	Kasiaswami Chetti, J. V., Acting Shroff	500	Do	Do.
874	G. Ramanappa Chetti, Customs House Agent.	900	3½ % of 1895.	Do.
875	P. S. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Customs House Agent.	800	Do.	Do.
876	Agents, B I S N. Company, Limited ..	3,000	Do.	Do.
877	Messrs Wilson & Co.	3,000	Do.	Do.
878	T. Ranganatha Mudaliyar, Customs House Agent.	500	5 % of 1896 ..	Do.

Serial No.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	Part II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—cont.			
		Rs.		
	MADRAS—*cont.*			
879	Messrs. Gordon, Woodroffe & Co., Agents for Clan and Well Lines.	1,000	2½ % of 1885.	Collector of Customs, Madras.
880	Messrs Gordon, Woodroffe & Co., Agents for the Scandinavia India Lines.	500	Do.	Do.
881	T. A. Taylor & Co.	10,000	4 % of 1918-19.	Do.
882	Messrs. Best & Co., Agents, P. & O. S.N. Co., Limited.	500	3½ % of 1885.	Do.
883	Messrs. Finlay & Co., Agents, B.I.S.N. Co., Limited.	500	Do.	Do.
884	Messrs. Best & Co., Agents, Ellerman Lines, Anglo-Italian Line, Venice Line, and Rome Line.	1,000	Do.	Do.
885	Messrs. J. M. Joseph & Co., Clearing Agents.	500	Do.	Do.
886	D. K. Sridhara Rau Shroff	500	5½ % of 1923.	Do.
887	K. Nagiah Chetti, Clearing Agent, Customs House.	500	Do.	Do.
888	C. N. Ratnavela Mudaliyar, Clearing Agent	500	Do.	Do.
889	Messrs. Volkart Brothers, Agents Holland American Line of Steamers.	500	3½ % of 1895.	Do.
890	Bombay Co. Ltd., Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company	500	Do. ..	Do.
891	Semple-Company, Ltd., Agents United States War Emergency Corporation.	500	Do. ..	Do.
892	K. Sriramulu Nayudu, Clearing Agent ..	500	5½ % of 1919.	Do.
893	P. Duraiswami Ayyangar, Junior Supervisor.	1,500	3 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent of Stamps, Madras.
894	C. Lakshmana Rau, Cashkeeper ..	500	3½ % 1896 ..	Do.
895	V. R. Ranga Ammal, Junior Supervisor ..	2,000	3 % of 1896 ..	Do.
896	K. G. Narayana Rau, Storekeeper ..	3,000	Do. ..	Superintendent of Stationery, Madras.
897	T. Kalyanarangayya, Assistant Storekeeper	1,500	3½ % of 1895	Do.
898	Rajam Ayyangar, M. R., Cashkeeper ..	100	3 % of 1896 .	Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
899	E. G. Solomon, Cashkeeper	500	5 % of 1919-47.	Chief Secretary to Government.
900	P. S. Appadurai Mudaliyar, Cashier ..	2,000	3 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent, Government Press Madras.
901	N. Ramaswami Mudaliyar, Sale Clerk ..	300	Do. ..	Do.
902	C. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Storekeeper, Penitentiary Branch Press	500	Do. ..	Do.
903	K. A. Ranganatha Ayyangar, Clerk ..	500	Do. ..	Do.
904	C. Ratnavarum Mudaliyar, Cashkeeper ..	200	3½ % of 1895.	Secretary to Government, Home Department.
905	L. V. Krishna Ayyar, Assistant Cashier	500	3 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.
906	Gopalaswami Ayyangar, K. C., Storekeeper	500	Do. ..	Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
907	Joseph Reddi, R., Steward	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
908	Paramal Pillai, P., Contractor	3,000	3½ % of 1895.	Do.
909	Messrs. Binny & Co., Contractors ..	5,000	Do. ..	Presidency Fort Officer, Madras.
910	C. Gnanapragasam, Head Clerk and Accountant	300	Do. .	Do
911	P. S. Lakshmana Mudaliyar, Head Clerk, Fort Office, Tuticorin	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
912	T. Duraiswami Mudaliyar, Accountant, General Hospital, Madras.	1,000	3 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent, General Hospital, Madras.
913	Subrahmanya Ayyar, M. S. Second Assistant Steward, General Hospital, Madras.	1,500	3½ % of 1895	Do
914	P. S. Venkatramana Ayyar, First Assistant Steward and Cashier.	2,000	Do.	Do.
915	K. Ramanujam Pillai, Linen-keeper ..	500	Do.	Do.
916	A. G. Venkatraghavayyar, Storekeeper.	500	Do	Do.
917	T. Ramaswamy Storekeeper	500	3 % of 1895 .	Do.
917	Chockalingam Mudaliyar, V., Dharmakarta, Sala Vinayaga temple, Madras (L. C. No. 8 of 1896)	600	3½ % of 1895.	Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras.
918	Land Case No. 31 of 1913 .. .	500	Do	Do.
919	Do No. 30 of 1913	2,100	Do.	Do.
920	T. C. Adikesava Pillai, Head Clerk, Small Cause Court.	1,000	Do.	Do.
921	Land Case No. 2 of 1914	300	Do.	Do.
922	Do No. 3 of 1914	1,200	Do.	Do.
923	Do No. 15 of 1914	500	Do.	Do.
924	Messrs. V. Krishnama Acharlyar and P. Rajarattna Mudaliyar, Trustees of Hyderpet Vedanta Desikar temple (L. C. No. 7 of 1897).	1,400	Do.	Do
925	Land Case No. 23 of 1917	1,400	5½ % of 1922.	Do.
926	Do. No. 1 of 1914	400	5 % of 1926—47.	Do.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*contd.*			
	PART II—*contd.*			
	Other Investments—*contd.*			
	MADRAS—*contd.*	Rs.		
627	J. Krishna Rao, Registrar	2,000	3½% of 1896 ..	Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras.
628	Mr. A. K. Morgan, ward of Mr. G. A. Keppel of Messrs. McDowall & Co., Madras (L. C. No. 1 of 1902)	200	Do ..	Do.
629	M. Hanumantsingh Gollah	200	Do. ..	Do.
630	M. Raja Muddiyar, Gollah	100	Do ..	Do.
631	Land Case No. 2 of 1916	7,100	3½% of 1895.	Do.
632	P. K. Parthasarathi Mayadu, Assistant Treasurer.	500	3½% of 1898 ..	Do.
633	Land Case No. 1 of 1917	1,900	4½% of 1922.	Do.
634	Do. No. 6 of 1917	5,400	Do.	Do.
635	Do. No. 42 of 1918	1,800	Do.	Do.
636	Land Case No. 13 of 1908 (Dharmakartas of Kanhaipillayar and Kolar Amman temples)	806	3½% of 1886.	Do.
637	L. C. No. 17 of 1917	800	Do. ..	Do.
638	Land Case No. 40 of 1889 (C. Appa Chetti)	200	3½% of 1895 ..	Do.
639	Maragata Maisayar, C., Dharmakarta, Kanakki Vinayagar temple, Chenkai (L. C. No. 3 of 1903).	1,800	3½% of 1898..	Do.
640	Land Case No. 54 of 1914	200	Do ..	Do.
641	Do. No. 74 of 1914	400	Do. ..	Do.
642	Do. No. 11 of 1914	3,900	Do. ..	Do.
643	Do. No. 66 of 1914	15,000	Do. ..	Do.
644	Do. No. 1 of 1915	200	Do. ..	Do.
645	Do. No. 3 of 1915	300	Do. ..	Do.
646	Do. No. 34 of 1915	700	Do. ..	Do.
647	Land Case No. 3 of 1917 (Trustees of Tiruvattiswarar temple, Triplicane).	1,800	Do. ..	Do.
648	H. D. Darby, Major	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
649	Land Case No. 3 of 1913 (Trustees of Kapaleswarar temple).	2,700	Do. ..	Do.
650	Land Case No. 30 of 1913 (Trustees of Kapaleswarar temple).	600	Do. ..	Do.
651	Land case No. 19 of 1913 (Trustees of Kapaleswarar temple)	1,300	Do. ..	Do.
652	Land Case No. 2 of 1913 (Trustees of Kesaleswarar temple).	1,200	Do. ..	Do.
653	Land Case No. 1 of 1913 (Trustees of Hafiz Ahmed Khan mosque, Triplicane).	300	Do ..	Do.
654	Subbarayulu Chetti, S., and Subbarayu Chetti, C. (Trustees of Kalaivar Kasiv Nyaranswar Charity at Triplicane) (L.C. No. 1 of 1903)	641	Do. ..	Do.
655	Land Case No. 37 of 1914	2,500	Do ..	Do.
656	Do. No. 27 of 1914	5,600	Do ..	Do.
657	Do. No. 18 of 1914	700	Do ..	Do.
658	Do. No. 31 of 1916			
659	Trustees of Chennakesawar and Chennakesava Perumal temples.	1,800	Do. ..	Do.
660	Varadayya Nayudu, C., and Parthasarathi Nayudu, C., Dharmakartas of Chintadripet Adikesava Perumal and Adiparaswarar temple (L.C. No. 3 of 1902).	2,100	Do. ..	Do.
661	Rajamma (L. C. No. 2 of 1909) ..	180	3½% of 1911..	Do.
662	Land Case No. 24 of 1899	5,300	3½% of 1903 ..	Do.
663	Do. No. 14 of 1899	2,000	Do. ..	Do.
664	Do. No. 17 of 1903	300	Do ..	Do.
665	Do. No. 19 of 1903	2,200	Do ..	Do.
666	Do. No. 2 of 1913	5,300	Do ..	Do.
667	Do. No. 31 of 1903	2,400	Do. ..	Do.
668	Do. No. 43 of 1914	4,600	Do. ..	Do.
669	Do. No. 65 of 1913	400	Do. ..	Do.
670	Do. No. 26 of 1914	300	Do. ..	Do.
671	Do. No. 38 of 1914	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
672	Do. No. 12 of 1913	300	Do. ..	Do.
673	Do. No. 9 of 1919	1,100	5% of 1951-56.	Do.
674	Do. No. 10 of 1919	300	Do.	Do.
675	Do. No. 15 of 1918	3,000	Do.	Do.
676	Do. No. 3 of 1919	1,900	6% of 1930 ..	Do.
677	Do. No. 16 of 1919	2,400	Do. ..	Do.
678	Do. No. 18 of 1919	27,000	Do. ..	Do.
679	Do. No. 21 of 1918	100	Do. ..	Do.
680	Do. No. 2 of 1920	4,000	5½% of 1928 ..	Do.
681	Do. No. 20 of 1918	11,100	Do ..	Do.
682	Do. No. 22 of 1918 (Dharmakarta of Ekambaresvarar temple).	14,000	5½% of 1948..	Do.
683	Do. No. 28 of 1918 (Trustees of Ekambaresvarar devasthanam).	3,500	Do. ..	Do.
		300	Do. ..	Do.

Serial	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is remitted.
	STOCKS—*cont.*			
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—cont.	Rs.		
	MADRAS—*cont.*			
684	Land Case No. 18 of 1910 (Chellayamcum).	400	3½% of 1865 ..	Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras.
685	Do. No. 37 of 1908 (Rangamma) ..	1,800	Do. ..	Do.
686	Do. No 6 of 1910 (Dharmakarta of Tiruvatisvaranna temple).	800	Do. ..	Do.
687	Do No 10 of 1910 (Trustee of Chenkalamma Perumal koil).	1,700	Do. ..	Do.
688	Do. No. 40 of 1909	850	Do. ..	Do.
689	Do. No. 55 of 1909	400	Do. ..	Do.
690	Do. No 70 of 1909	3,400	Do. ..	Do.
691	Do. No. 9 of 1913	1,800	Do. ..	Do.
692	Thelainga Mudaliyar, P., Ponnambala Mudaliyar, P. and Vijayanandarangu Mudaliyar, Dharmakartas of Gomatiswami, Pursuer.	850	Do. ..	Do.
693	Land case No. 34 of 1914	1,800	Do ..	Do.
694	Do. No 66 of 1914 ..	800	Do. ..	Do.
695	Veddinayagar temple, Georgetown (L. C. No. 6 of 1906).	800	Do. ..	Do.
696	Land case No 12 of 1918	100	Do. ..	Do.
697	C. S. Krishnaswami Nayakar shroff ..	800	3½% of 1898 ..	Do.
698	Land case No. 10 of 1913	50	3½% of 1911 ..	Do.
699	Land Case No. 9 of 1911 (Anna-ud-dhe and Fuzul-ud-din)	3,700	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
700	S. Maruth Rao, Treasurer	5,000	Do. ..	Do.
701	M. Annamalai Mudaliyar, Cashkeeper ..	800	Do. ..	Inspector-General of Police, Madras.
702	Messrs. Parry & Co., Managing Agents of the East India Distilleries and Sugar Factories, Limited, for the Arrack Supply of South Kanara and Malabar districts	5,000	Do	Secretary, Board of Revenue (separate Revenue), Madras.
703	P. Ummakutti Raja	15,000	3½% of 1896 ..	Do.
704	S. S. Subbarama Ayyar, Cashkeeper ..	2,800	3½% of 1896 ..	Do.
705	M. V. Sambasivam, Gubbi	400	3½% of 1896 ..	Registrar, High Court, Madras.
706	T. Krishnaswami Pillai, Manager Crown estate.	8,000	3½% of 1925 ..	Do.
707	V. S. Arumugam Pillai, first plaintiff in C/S. No 161 of 1917.	2,400	3½% of 1929-47.	Do.
708	Muttuprabhoo Udayar, Cashkeeper ..	1,400	3½% of 1866 ..	Secretary, Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), Madras.
709	Chandi Estate	4,000	3½% of 1918-19	Secretary, Court of Wards, Madras.
		1,800	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
		31,000	3½% of 1930 ..	Do.
		2,400	3½% of 1929-47.	Do.
		1,800	4½% of 1918-19.	Do.
		19,100	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
710	Uttamalai (Ayan) Estate	10,000	3½% of 1930-47.	Do.
		25,000	3½% of 1923 ..	Do.
		8,300	3½% of 1950-59.	Do.
		3,000	3½% of 1931 ..	Do.
		21,800	3½% of 1948 ..	Do.
		31,000	3½% of 1929-47.	Do.
711	Urkada (Ayan) Estate	10,000	5½% of 1945-55	Do.
		5,000	3½% of 1923 ..	Do.
		21,800	5½% of 1923 ..	Do.
		8,000	5½% of 1930 ..	Do.
		26,000	Municipal and Port Trust debentures.	Do.
712	Sivaganga (Ayan)	1,50,000	5½% of 1945-55.	Do.
		1,18,200	5½% of 1948 ..	Do.
		16,100	3½% of 1930 ..	Do.
713	Shambavi Estate	7,100	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
		500	4½% of 1918-19.	Do
		2,100	3½% of 1929-47.	Do
		4,700	3½% of 1923 ..	Do.
		9,000	3½% of 1923.	Do.
714	Saptur Estate	5,000	3½% of 1930 ..	Do.
		40,000	3½% of 1865 .	Do.
		5,000	Port Trust Debentures.	Do.
		18,500	3½% of 1926 .	Do.
715	Talavankottai Estate	12,000	3½% 1923 ..	Do.
716	P. V. Srinivasa Ayyar, Manager, Ragunathapuram Estate.	100	Do. .	Do.
717	Bodikai Estate	5,000	3½% of 1918 ..	Do.
		800	3½% of 1865 .	Do.
718	Madakkur Estate	14,100	3½% of 1865 ..	Do.
		1,000	4½% of 1918-19.	Do.

Serial number.	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*	Rs.		
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—cont.			
	MADRAS—*cont.*			
716	Madagula Estate	300	3½% of 1900	Secretary, Court of Wards, Madras.
		31,000	3½% of 1903	Do.
		10,400	4% of 1928-47	Do.
		12 000	4% of 1940	Do.
720	Paddamaneg Estate	5,025	5½% of 1923	Do.
721	Contractor of Military Buildings	42,900	3½% of 1865	Interest is invested.
		1,700	3½% 1948-55	Do.
		5,400	5½% of 1923	Do.
722	Unclaimed creditors' balances transferred by the Administrator-General, Madras.	89,600	2½% of 1903	Interest credited to Government.
723	A. K. Dvaita Ashary, Assistant Cashier	500	Do	Chief Presidency Magistrate, Madras.
724	V. Kanakaratnam Mudaliyar, Cashier	300	3½% of 1890	Do.
725	M. Jagarnadha Nayakar, Cashier	500	Do.	Do.
726	G. Ramachandra Chetti, Junior Cashier	400	3½% of 1865	Do.
727	T. S. Somagopaul Reuth, Assistant Cashier	500	3½% of 1846	Do.
728	M. S. Subbaratnam Ayyar, Assistant Cashier	300	3½% of 1865	Do.
729	Fazal-ud-din Muhammad	700	Do	Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, Madras.
		650	6% of 1845-55	
730	Khair-ud-din Muhammad	700	3½% of 1865	Do.
		350	6% of 1945-55	
731	Amathulhai Zena Kadija Begam	650	4½% of 1886	Do.
732	Amathulhai Wahab Inayeh Ummah Begam	350	Do.	Do.
733	Mansur Hussain Sahib	700	6% of 1945-55	Do.
		300	3½% of 1866	Do.
		500	4½% of 1945-55	Do.
734	Nasir Ahmed	300	Do.	Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, Madras.
735	Shamir Ahmed	100	Do.	Do.
736	Shabir Ahmed	100	Do.	Do.
737	Muhammad Abd-al-qadir Ahmed	200	Do.	Do.
738	Amat-al Vali Sahibannam Begum	150	Do.	Do.
739	K. F. Nice, Jailor	1,000	3½% of 1865	Superintendent of Prisons, Madras.
740	C. Manjiah, Contractor	1,000	3½% of 1866	Executive Engineer, Tank Restoration Scheme Division, VII Circle, Madras.
741	A. B. A. R. S. M. Somasundaram Chetti, Contractor.	500	Do.	Deputy Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Central Division, Madras.
742	R. Yellareddi, N. G., Venkatasubbiah Chetti & Co.	500	3½% of 1865	Do.
743	K. C. Kandaswami Mudaliyar, Merchant	500	3½% of 1896	Do.
744	R. Sundiraja Nayudu & Son, Salt Merchants.	500	3½% of 1865	Do.
745	V. Guruvappa Chetti, Wagon Merchant.	500	5½% of 1951-56	Do.
746	P. S. Govindarajulu Naydu, Shroff, Cheyyar Circle.	600	Do.	Do.
747	A. Moragesa Nayakar, Wagon Merchant.	500	3½% of 1865.	Do.
748	P. Annachelin Nayakar, Wagon Merchant.	500	Do	Do.
749	N. Lakshmikantam, Wagon Merchant	500	Do.	Do.
750	C. U Appayya, Salt Merchant	500	3½% of 1864.	Do.
751	C. Tyagaraja Mudaliyar Salt Merchant	500	3½% of 1866.	Do.
752	S. Ghanimahamedaram Chetti, Salt Merchant.	500	Do.	Do.
753	C. Natesa Mudaliyar Salt Merchant	500	Do.	Do.
754	C. Hari Rau, Acting Assistant Shroff	400	Do.	Do.
755	N. K. Gosa, alias Mudaliyar, Contractor	1,000	3½% of 1865.	Executive Engineer, Tank Restoration Scheme Division, VII Circle Madras.
756	G. M. Ramaswami Nayudu, Manager	1,000	3½% of 1866.	Protector of Emigrants, Madras.
757	M. Viswasami Mudaliyar, Shroff	1,000	3½% of 1866.	Administrator-General, Madras.
758	A. F. C. Albuquerque, Manager	2,000	3½% of 1900.	Do.
759	K. Ethiraj, Secretary and Head Collector.	400	5½% of 1929-67	Do.
760	P. V. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Clerk	500	3½% of 1865.	Secretary to Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Survey, Land Records and Agriculture, Madras.
761	K. Sabanadhan Mudaliar, Cashkeeper.	2,000	3½% of 1865.	Commissioner of Police, Madras.
762	V. Kuma Pillai, Contractor	200	3½% of 1865	Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital Madras.
763	V. Rangayya Chetti, Contractor	1,650	3½% of 1865.	
		800	Do.	
	MADURA—			
764	K. S. Ranganatha Rao, Deputy Shroff, Tirunelveli.	500	3½% of 1865.	Collector of Madura.
765	Sesha Raja, minor son of late Venkata Narasimhulu Raju.	2,550	Do.	Do.
766	A. M. Narayana Rao, Shroff	826	3½% of 1895.	Do.
767	B. Alagirisami Chetti, Treasurer	1,000	Do.	Do.
768	O.S No 452 of 1908 (Nammatharavar temple)	600	3½% of 1866	Principal District Munsif, Madura.
769	K. Sivaram Rao, Storekeeper	300	5½% of 1912.	Executive Engineer, Madura Drainage Division
		500	3½% of 1865.	
770	T. M. Panchanadam Pillai, Deputy Jailor	500	3½% of 1894.	Superintendent, District Jail, Madura.
		200	5½% of 1921	
771	T. Kuluvaraya Ayyangar, Manager	500	3½% of 1866	Superintendent of Police, Madura.

Serial number.	Name of person or land on whose behalf paid.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—*cont.*	Rs.		
	MALABAR—			
770	G. G. Gwynn, Honor Treasurer	5,000	6½ % of 1916.	Collector of Malabar.
773	T. S. Gavin Rao, Local Fund Overseer	700	Do.	President, District Board, Malabar
774	D. Narasimha Ayyar, Local Fund Overseer	700	Do.	Do.
775	Land Case No. 126 of 1890	2,800	Do.	District Judge, North Malabar.
776	L.A.M.P. No. 27 of 1912	600	Do.	Do.
777	L.A. Case Nos. 62, 76 to 76 and 88 of 1906..	1,500	Do.	Do.
778	L.A. Case No. 173 of 1909	2,100	Do.	Do.
779	L.A. Case Nos. 84 and 88 of 1909 ..	100	Do.	Do.
780	L.A. Case Nos. 612, 612 and 636 of 1909	1,000	Do.	Do.
781	L.A.M.P. Nos. 29, 107, 108, 111 and 127 of 1909 and 232 and 252 of 1909	2,500	Do.	Do.
782	L.A. Case No. 113 of 1909	700	Do.	Do.
783	L.A.M.P. Nos. 29, 107, 108, 111 and 127 of 1909	800	Do.	Do.
784	L.A.C. No. 127 of 1909	1,200	Do.	Do.
785	L.A.M.P. No. 600 of 1913	200	Do.	Do.
786	Kain Nambiyar, P., Manager	300	6½ % of 1901 .	Superintendent of Police, South Malabar.
787	T. K. Ashuta Nayar, Accountant ..	500	6 % of 1890 .	Superintendent of Police, North Malabar.
	NELLORE—			
788	M. Venkatarathayya, Head Shroff .	2,000	5 % of 1896 .	Collector of Nellore.
789	G. Siddayya, Third Shroff	500	5½ % of 1903..	Do.
790	H. Narayanayya, Honor Treasurer ..	5,000	5 % of 1916 ..	Do.
791	Messrs. Hajee Muhammad Ibrahim Sahib & Co., Mica Miners	1,600	3½ % of 1905 .	Do.
792	K. Lakshmanarasa Reddi, Mica Miner ..	400	Do.	Do.
793	Venkatasubbayya Nayudu, K., Shroff, Trade Circle	500	6 % of 1896 ..	Assistant Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Nellore Subdivision.
794	P. Gurumurthi Chetti, Surety in O. Andalammal, next friend of her minor son Venkatramanayyan in O.S. No. 178 of 1889 and No. 102 of 1895, District Munsif's Court, Nellore	1,000	Do.	District Munsif, Nellore.
795	M. Suryanarayana, Accountant ..	600	5½ % of 1921..	Superintendent of Police, Nellore.
	NILGIRIS, THE—			
796	Ayaka Bai (O.P. No. 252 of 1921) ..	15,000	3½ % of 1895..	Sub-Judge, Ootacamund.
797	C. K. Balambramanya Ayyar, Manager.	500	5 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent of Police, Nilgiris.
798	T. K. Ramaswami Pillai, Accountant ..	500	Do.	Do. Do.
	NORTH ARCOT—			
799	S. Ganapati Mudaliyar, Head Shroff ..	2,000	6 % of 1896 ..	Collector of North Arcot.
800	S. Sivaramabha Ayyar, Honor Treasurer	5,000	2½ % of 1885 ..	Do.
801	Arumbawadivelu Mudaliyar, Local Fund Overseer.	500	6½ % of 1896 .	President, District Board, North Arcot.
802	Somasundara Mudaliyar, C., Local Fund Overseer.	500	Do.	Do. do.
803	M. R. Venkatachalam Pillai, Reserve Overseer.	500	3 % of 1899 ..	Do. do.
804	T. D. Parthasarathi Mudaliyar, Local Fund Overseer.	500	3½ % of 1903..	Do. do.
805	Rajabathar Mudaliyar, Local Fund Sub-Overseer.	400	3½ % of 1899 ..	Do. do.
806	V. Rajakrishna Mudaliyar, Local Fund Sub-Overseer	500	Do.	Do. do.
807	A. G. Venugopal Mudaliyar, Postal Gharibwood Depôt-keeper	1,000	2½ % of 1903 .	District Forest Officer, South Vellore
808	T. Muhammad Ali Sahib, Manager ..	500	3 % of 1895 ..	Superintendent of Police, North Arcot.
809	T. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Accountant ..	500	3½ % of 1905..	Do.
	RAMNAD—			
810	T. A. Govindaswami Pillai, Treasurer ..	1,000	3 % of 1896 ..	Collector of Ramnad.
811	V. R. Subba Ayyar, Shroff, Tirupattur ..	500	6 % of 1903 ..	Do.
812	Compensation in O.P. No. 237 of 1910 ..	100	3½ % of 1905 .	District Judge, Ramnad.
813	V. Ramasubramanyan, Manager ..	500	3 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent of Police, Ramnad.
	SALEM—			
814	S. Ganapathi Nayudu, Shroff ..	300	6 % of 1896 ..	Collector of Salem.
815	O.P. No. 414 of 1911 (Anantasubrahmanyam).	1,000	3½ % of 1905.	District Judge, Salem
816	T. M. Rajoo Pillai, Union clerk ..	100	6 % of 1890 ..	Chairman, Union Panchayat, Yercaud.
	SOUTH ARCOT—			
817	Messrs. Parry & Co., Managing Agents of the East India Distilleries and Sugar Factory (Limited)	10,000 6,000	3 % of 1896 .. 3½ % of 1905 .	Collector of South Arcot.
818	C. Venkatramana Rao, Honor Treasurer.	5,000	Do.	Do.
819	P. Annaswami Sudar, V., Abkari Contractor	10,100	3 % of 1896 ..	Do.
820	P. Munaswami Nayudu, Fourth Shroff ..	500	3½ % of 1905..	Do.

Serial number	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—*cont.*	Rs.		
	SOUTH ARCOT—*cont.*			
821	S. Sunkulanadi Mudaliyar, Head Shroff	2,000	4½ %, of 1909 ..	Collector of South Arcot.
822	C. S. Gopalakrishna Rao, Second Shroff	1,000	Do.	Do.
823	V. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Huzur Treasurer	5,000	Do.	District Judge, South Arcot.
824	Compromise Suit No. M. P. 30 of 1903.	500	Do.	Do.
825	O.P. No. 20 of 1906	400	Do.	Do.
826	O.P. No. 13 of 1906	700	Do.	Do.
827	A. Setu Rao, Accountant	5 0	3 ½ % of 1890 ..	Superintendent of Police, South Arcot.
828	R. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Manager ..	200	4½ %, of 1922..	Do.
	SOUTH KANARA—			
829	S. D. Gonsa, Huzur Cash-keeper ..	3,000	3½ of 1896-97	Collector of South Kanara.
830	K. Ramayya Shetti, Shroff	500	3½ of 1920-27	Do.
831	L.A. Case No. 338 of 1905	500	3½% of 1905 ..	District Judge, South Kanara.
832	M. Gopala Rao, Manager	563	4½ %, of 1912..	Superintendent of Police, South Kanara.
	TANJORE—			
833	Venkataswami Naynda, J.E., Head Shroff Taluk Office, Nannilam	500	4½ %, of 1905..	Collector of Tanjore.
834	T. S. Kuppuswami Ayyar, Huzur Treasurer.	6,000	3 %, of 1893 ..	Do.
835	N. Viswanatha Ayyar, Head Shroff ..	2,000	3 %, of 1899 ..	Collector of Tanjore.
836	K. Sankrayya Naynda, Shroff ..	1,000	Do. ..	Do.
837	A. V. Sankaranarayana Ayyar	100	Do. ..	Do.
838	O. S. No 18 of 1910 (Tanjore Palace Estate)	4,00,000 99,400 9,60,000	5½ %, of 1905.. 4 %, of 1915-16 4 %, of 1916-17.	Sub-Judge, Tanjore.
839	E. Chakrapani Chettiyar, Lessee ..	5,000	3½ %, of 1895 ..	Do
840	E. Swaminatha Ayyar, Receiver in O.S. No. 61 of 1904.	2,000	Do. ..	Do.
841	R. M. Pakir Muhammad Ravuthar, Lessee.	7,000	Do. ..	Do.
842	R. Venkatachala Chetti, Lessee, Palace Estate.	6,000	3 %, of 1896 ..	District Judge, Tanjore.
843	O.P. No. 942 of 1913	500	4½ %, of 1920 ..	Do.
844	O.P. No. 307 of 1914	100	3½ %, of 1889 ..	Do.
845	O.P. No. 413 of 1910	2,500	Do. ..	Do
846	Tanjore Palace Estate	2,900 10,07,800	3%, of 1896 .. 3½ %, of 1895..	Do.
847	O.P. No. 661 of 1908	800	Do. ..	Do.
848	O.P. No. 664 of 1908	10,500	Do. ..	Do.
849	O.P. Nos. 661 and 664 of 1908	100	Do. ..	Do
850	O.P. No. 602 of 1910 (Tamanambalyanam chetram).	1,800	Do. ..	Do.
851	O.P. No. 61 of 1910	400	5 %, of 1910 Ss.	Do.
852	O.P. No. 246 of 1910	1,000	Do.	Do.
853	O.P. No. 50 of 1910	100	Do.	Do.
854	O.P. No. 510 of 1910 (Malliam chetram) .	300	3½ %, of 1895 ..	Do.
855	Register L C. No. 1103 of 1911 ..	100	Do. ..	Do.
856	O.P. Nos. 133 to 142 of 1911 ..	3,500	Do. ..	Do.
857	Register No. 4508 of 1911, (O.P. No. 799 of 1912, I.A. No. 403 of 1912).	100	Do. ..	Do.
858	O.P. No. 143 of 1914	1,100	Do. ..	Do.
859	O.P. No. 55 of 1910 (Amirthakuchi) ..	2,700	Do. ..	Do.
860	O.P. No. 656 of 1910	500	Do. ..	Do.
861	O.S. No. 28 of 1905 (Mayaveram Sub-Court).	8,000	Do. ..	Do.
862	O.S. No. 26 of 1911 (compensation money)	77,400	Do. ..	Do.
863	Raja Krishnaswami Mudaliyar alias Chidambaranathan's Estate (O.S. No. 22 of 1904)	5,200	Do. ..	Sub-Judge, Negapatam.
864	Anandacharyar alias Samu Ayyangar, Lessee.	4,000	3½ %, of 1909 ..	President, District Board, Tanjore.
865	Kuttusami Pillai, Lessee	5,300	3½ %, of 1905 ..	Do.
866	T. S. Gopalakrishna Chettiyar, Lessee ..	10,500	3½ %, of 1903	Do.
867	A. F. Brown, Jailor	5 3	3½ %, of 1905 ..	Superintendent, District Jail, Tanjore.
868	V. Poppu-samy Nader, Lessee	1,500	3½ %, of 1901 ..	President Taluk Board, Mayaveram.
869	A. Veda-Narain Ayyar, Accountant ..	500	3½ %, of 1903	Superintendent of Police, Tanjore.
870	T. K. Krishnaswami Pillai, Manager ..	500	Do. ..	Do.
	TINNEVELLY—			
871	Ganapathi Nadar, T., Arrack Contractor.	19,500 4,000	3½ %, of 1895,.. 3 %, of 1916-17.	Collector, Tinnevelly.
872	A. Palamalainatha Pillai, Huzur Treasurer	3,000	3 %, of 1918 ..	Do.
873	T. S. S. Subrahmanya Pillai, Proprietor, Sivagnanam Press.	500	Do. ..	Do.
874	T. Muthukumaraswami Pillai, Deputy Shroff, Ambasamudram.	500	Do. ..	Do.
875	C. K. Subba Rao, Head Shroff	6,000	Do.	Do.
876	P. S. Duraiswami Ayyar, Head Shroff.	2,000	Do.	Do.
877	Janab Mir Ammal, Surety (O.S. No. 19 of 1905).	500	3½ %, of 1905 ..	Sub-Judge, Tinnevelly.

Serial number	Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	STOCK—*cont.*			
	PART II—*cont.*			
	Other Investments—cont.	Rs.		
	TRICHINOPOLY—			
878	Viraraghavalu Chetti, T. D., Sheriff	500	3½ % of 1896 ..	Collector of Trichinopoly.
879	K. Varadarajulu, Sheriff	500	3 % of 1896 ..	Do.
880	Srirangam Devasthanam	850	3½ % of 1896 ..	District Judge, Trichinopoly.
881	Jambukeswaram Devasthanam	350	Do. ..	Do.
882	O.P. No. 15 of 1910	500	Do. ..	Do.
883	O.P. No. 166 of 1909	500	Do. ..	Do.
884	O.P. No. 181 of 1911	700	3 % of 1930 ..	Do.
885	O.P. No. 119 of 1918	154	3 % of 1923-47.	Do.
886	O.P. No. 117 of 1913	2,500	Do. ..	Do.
887	O.P. No. 30 of 1914	1,400	5 % of 1939 ..	Do.
888	O.P. No. 69 of 1913	500	3½ % of 1865 ..	Do.
889	O.P. No. 107 of 1912	500	Do. ..	Do.
890	O.P. No. 118 of 1913	350	4 % of 1916-17	Do.
891	O.P. No. 117 of 1918	100	5½ % of 1929 ..	Do.
892	O.P. No. 268 of 1913	500	Do. ..	Do.
893	O.P. No. 317 of 1914	500	5½ % of 1938	Do.
894	O.P. No. 476 of 1915	400	Do ..	Do.
895	O.P. No. 597 of 1914	100	Do. ..	Do.
896	O.P. No. 52 of 1910	1,800	2½ % of 1868 ..	District Judge, Trichinopoly.
897	Minor Subrahmanya Ayyar (O.P. No. 242 of 1911).	1,300	Do. ..	Do.
898	O.P. No. 849 of 1914	1,900	Do. ..	Do.
899	T. A. Srinivasa Ayyar, Accountant ..	200 300	Do. 3 % of 1904.	Superintendent of Police, Trichinopoly.
900	O. M. Kuttiyannavan Nayak, Manager.	500	3 % of 1896 ..	Do.
901	K. Narayanaswami Ayyar, Manager ..	600	Do. ..	Superintendent Governmental Railway Police, Tuticorin.
902	V. V. Krishna Rao, Accountant ..	500	Do ..	Do.
	VIZAGAPATAM—			
903	P. Sivayya, Head Sheriff	2,000	3 % of 1896 ..	Collector of Vizagapatam.
904	Vizagapatam Commercial Corporation, Contractors for the supply of country spirits.	6,000	5 % of 1919-2947.	Do.
905	A. Peru Sastri, Treasurer	5,063	3 % of 1896 ..	Do.
906	P. Babba Rao, Clerk	200	3½ % of 1865 ..	Chairman, Mrs A. V. Narasinga Rao College Committee, Vizagapatam.
907	G. Atchayya, Peon	100	Do. ..	Do.
908	G. Satha Raju, Manual Training Instructor.	100	Do. ..	Do.
909	V. Lakshmana Rao, Librarian ..	300	3 % of 1896 ..	Do.
910	S. Raghavendra Rao, Secretary ..	300	6 % of 1930 ..	Do.
911	M. Gurunathayya, Deputy Jailor ..	500	3½ % of 1896 ..	Superintendent, Central Jail, Vizagapatam.
912	K. S. Ramanujachari, Accountant ..	500	3 % of 1896 ..	Superintendent of Police, Jeypore.
	Total ..	3,02,36,750		

INTERMEDIATE ACCOUNTS

Name of person or fund on whose behalf held	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent.
	Rs.		
Madura District Board Railway cess ..	4,200	3½ % of 1900-1901	President, District Board, Madura.
Sree Rama Electric Supply Company, Ltd., Trichy.	2,000	6½ % of 1954-1955.	Secretary to Government, P.W.D.
M. Ellappa Chetti, Rice Import Licensee ..	1,000 3,000	3½ % of 1921 .. 3½ % of 1922 ..	Director of Civil Supplies, Madras.
Messrs. Walker & Co., Madras	5,000	3½ % of 1923 ..	
Tar Mahomed Janoo Sait.	5,000	3½ % of 1921 ..	
Messrs. Kirpal Dooingeroot & Co.. ..	3,063	6 % of 1930 ..	
Hajee Jusl Nu : Mahomed Sait. ..	5,000	3½ % of 1921.	
Messrs. M. Abdul Rahiman & Co., ..	2,000	3½ % of 1921.	
Messrs. Best & Co., Madras	5,000	6 % of 1930 ..	
N. S. Ayyar's contribution for training Hindu caste nurses	10,000 2,000	3½ % of 1921 .. 3½ % of 1923	Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department.
Mangalore Municipality	500	3½ % of 1923	Chairman, Municipal Council, Mangalore.
M. P. Sivalinga Perumal Pillai, Treasurer..	200	3½ % of 1921.	Collector of Trichinopoly.
S. Jayarama Vayahar Kamath ..	500	3½ % of 1941-45	Collector, Madras.
South Indian Railway Provident Institution.	1,76,400	3 % of 1930.	Agent and the General Traffic Manager, S. I. Railway Co., Ltd.,
Scholarship in the Secondary School, Kollegal	1,000	3 % of 1930	President, Taluk Board, Kollegal.
Dwarka Bai mal's Fund	3,000	3½ % at 1942-43	Chairman, Madras Port Trust.
Madras Port Fund	20,000	6 % of 1930 ..	To
University Fees Fund	50,000	Do. ..	Registrar, University of Madras.
Light-keeper's Recreation Fund	5,000	Do. ..	Presidency Post Office, Madras.

Name of person or fund on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer to whom interest is sent
	Rs.		
Gnanayer Perumanam estate	33,000	3 ½ % of 1930 ..	Secretary, Court of Wards, Madras.
Uttamalal (Ayan) Estate	2,500	Do. ..	Secretary, Court of Wards, Madras.
Tirukkuyilur and Kollakuppli School Endowment.	100	Do. ..	President, District Board, South Arcot.
Calvetty Canal Fund	2,000	Do. ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Cocanada.
Kadavur Estate	2,000	Do. ..	Secretary, Court of Wards, Madras
A. Viraraghavachari, minor	5,000	3½ % of 1903-3	Collector of Customs, Madras.
Urkkadu (Ayan) Estate	6,000	3 % of 1930 ..	Secretary Court of Wards, Madras.
O P. No. 50 of 1917	400		
O P. No 48 of 1917	400		
O.P. No 199 of 1915	100		
O P. No 95 of 1917	400		
O P. No 238 of 1915	100		
O P. No. 294 of 1916	100	Do. ..	District Judge, Trichinopoly.
O P Nos 805 and 806 of 1918	100		
O.P. No 20 of 1918	2,500		
O P. No. 350 of 1914	100		
O P. No. 187 of 1918	1,433		
O.P No. 334 of 1915	1,350		
Amina Khadir Mohamad ophan Begum.	400		
Amatul Zohara Khadiya Begam ..	100		
Amatul Wahab Inayat-un-nisa Begam ..	200		
Mungu Ramaia	500		
Amatul Vahi Sahat-un-nisa Begam ..	200		
M. Sultan Mohiud-din Sahib	100	Do.	Paymaster, Garrison Stipends, Madras.
Amatul Vahab-un-nisa Begam ..	200		
Muhammad Abdul Qadir Ahmad ..	100		
Muhammad Muhammad Sahib	200		
Asira Begam	200		
Shookina Begam	200		
Khatra Begam	200		
Contractor of Military Buildings ..	1,600	Do. ..	Interest furnished.
Dawson Scholarship	100	Do. ..	Director of Public Instruction and the Headmaster, Madrasa-i-Azam, Madras
Drainage Loan of 1887	500		
Do 1888	1,200		
Do 1896	1,200		
Do. 1897	500		
Do. 1899	2,000		
Do. 1900	3,300		
Do. 1901-02	900		
Do. 1903	2,200		
Water-works, 1895	100		
Do 1895	2,200		
Do. 1898	200		
Do. 1899	300		
Market-works, 1897	400		
Do. 1898	700		
Plague-works, 1899	1,100	Do. ..	Chief Secretary to Government and the Accountant-General, Madras
Do 1900	500		
Sewage works, 1901-02	500		
Special Building, 1907	1,000		
Do. 1909	6,000		
Do. 1911-12	2,200		
Do 1913	2,300		
Do 1914	1,300		
Do 1916	1,000		
Napier Bridge, 1890	800		
Do. 1910-11	400		
Electric-lighting, 1914	300		
Do. 1915	600		
Do 1916	500		
Water and Drainage, 1914	7,300		
Coimbatore District Board Railway Cess ..	1,06,000	Do ..	President, District Board, Coimbatore.
N. S. Mahadeva Sastri, Sheriff	500	2 ½ % of 1930 ..	Collector, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
John Ray Scholarship	100	3½ % of 1905 ..	Senior Missionary, C.M. Mission, Walltair.
Madura District Board Railway Cess ..	1,78,300	3 ½ % of 1930 ..	President, Da rict Board, Madura.
Vizagapatam District Board Railway Cess.	84,100	Do. ..	Do. Vizagapatam.
Muhammadan Scholarship in the Madrasa-i-Islamiah Sahmi, Cuddapanbadu.	7,800	3½ % of 1900-01	Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
M. Lakshmiaranayya Pantulu ..	200	3½ % of 1921 ..	Do. do.
Pasar Municipal Poor ending Fund ..	200	3 ½ % of 1930 ..	Tahsildar, Nandigama.
Rajamundry College Fund	32,000	Do ..	Secretary, Court of Wards, Madras.
L.C. No. 16 and 17 of 1916	4,200	Do. ..	Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras.
Municipal Council, Negapatam	500	3½ % of 1905 .	Chairman, Municipal Council, Negapatam.
Local Fund Provident Institution, North Arcot	14,665	3 ½ % of 1930 ..	President, District Board, North Arcot.
Wellington scholarships, Tellicherry ..	6,250	3½ % of 1954-55	Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
A. Gomez, Mine owner	1,000	2½ % of 1963-64	Collector, Kurnool.
Water supply Scheme, Tinnevelly, Municipality	700	3 ½ % of 1930 ..	Chairman, Municipal Council, Tinnevelly.
M. Sanjeeva Nayudu, Sheriff	500	Do.	Collector, Trichinopoly.
Ganjam District Board Railway Cess ..	61,200	Do.	President, District Board, Ganjam.
Local Fund Provident Institution, Guntur ..	7,500	Do.	Do. Guntur.
Pasar Memorial High School, Devakottai ..	10,000	3½ % of 1905 ..	President, Taluk Board, Devakottai.
Free Scholarship, Teachers' College, Saidapet ..	700	3½ % of 1942-43	Director of Public Instruction, Madras.
Enyadie High School	800	3 ½ % of 1930 ..	President, District Board, Guntur.
Total ..	2,91,000		

Amount of security deposits for more than twelve months held by the Accountant-General, Madras, on the 31st December 1920 under paragraph 70, Government Securities Manual.

Number of deposit.	From whom securities were received.	Name of the fund or person.	Amount.	Total.
			Rs.	Rs.
324 A & 326 A ..	Registrar, High Court ..	Second Appeal No. 991 of 1895 ..	4,000	
71 A, 72 A, 74 A, 86A	Do. .	C. S. No. 870 of 1918	8,500	
145 A, to 148 A ..				
817 A & 818 A ..	Do. ..	Appeal No. 83 of 1899	4,000	
782 A & 783 A ..	Do. ..	Appeal No. 5 of 1901 (C.M.P. No. 841 of 1904).	4,000	
819 A & 825 A ..	Do .	Second Appeal No. 2788 of 1903 (C. M. P. No 1001 of 1922).	4,000	
859 A & 861 A ..	Do. ..	C. S. No 87 of 1905	350	
853 A & 854 A ..	Do. ..	O P. No. 99 of 1906	400	
1149 A to 1163 A ..	Do. ..	Appeal Nos. 158 to 180 of 1907 (C. M P. Nos. 429 to 431 of 1910).	6,000	
			..	30,150
1161 A to 1163 A ..	Senior Medical Officer, General Hospital, Madras	P. Perumal Pillai	..	2,500
451 A	Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes. ..	Small Causes Court Prohibitory Order No 337 of 1891 and City Civil Court Prohibitory Order Original Suit No 176 of 1892	..	300
826 A & 827 A ..	District Judge, Tanjore ..	T. F. Tillairan Rao, Contractor ..	..	850
1064 A	Subordinate Judge, Tanjore ..	R. M. P. L. V. Valliyappa Chetti (C.S. No. 33 of 1905).	..	1,000
		Total ..	..	30,500

Amount of security deposits for twelve months or less held by the Accountant-General, Madras, on 31st December 1920 under paragraph 70, Government Securities Manual.

Number of deposit.	By whom deposited.	Amount.
		Rs.
2760 and 2761	Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer, Wellington district.	200
2642 to 2644	Collector of Madras	1,000
2844, 1852 2206 to 2207, 2687, 2802, 2803, 2876, 2926 and 3136 to 3139.	Inspector-General of Police	3,200
1755 to 1756 and 2697 to 2700	Senior Medical Officer, General Hospital, Madras	2,100
1742, 1743, 1777, 1783-8, 2182, 2346-5, 2356 and 2353, 2408-10, 2447, 2448 and 2445, 2461-3, 2543 and 2546, 2597-90, 2625-8, 2680-91, 2721-42, 2760 and 2761, 2752-70, 2772-5, 2780 to 2801, 2805-25, 2856-76, 2914, 2920 and 2921, 2926-28, 2942-2, 2963-7, 2945 to 2954, 2962-2966, 3118, 3120-4, 3146-52, 3159-69, 3170, 3177-88, 3207-16, 3217-42 and 3264-7	Registrar, High Court, Madras	2,79,200
2133 to 6, 6208 and 6126	Superintendent of Prisons, Madras	1,400
6121 to 6204	Medical Storekeeper to Government	6,500
2988, 6216	Superintendent, Public Works Stores, Madras	1,500
3054 to 3065	Secretary to Government, Public Works Department ..	10,000
6217	Director of Industries	200
6174 and 4, 5963	Deputy Commissioner of Salt, etc., C Division, Madras ..	3,000
3133 to 5	Principal, Veterinary College, Madras	400
6127, ...	Superintendent, Royapuram Hospital, Madras	200
	Total ..	4,13,100

W. D. WOOLLAM,
Accountant-General.

Fort St. George, 25th January 1921.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

HEMP DRUGS RULES.

No. 1.—In virtue of the powers delegated to him in Government Notifications Nos. 485, dated 18th July 1896, and 135, dated 20th March 1919, and in exercise of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, hereby prescribes under sections 5, 7, 10 to 16, 24 and 28 of the Madras Abkari Act (I of 1886) as subsequently amended the following rules for the cultivation of the hemp plant (*Cannabis Sativa* or *Indica*) and the manufacture, storage, sale, import, export, possession and transport of hemp drugs. These rules supersede all existing rules on the subject.

I. In these rules unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) "Bhang" means the dried leaves of the hemp plant whether male or female and whether cultivated or uncultivated.

(2) "Charas" means the resinous matter formed on the flowering tops of cultivated female hemp plants, when collected separately.

(3) "Ganja" means the dried flowering tops of cultivated female hemp plants which have become coated with resin in consequence of having been unable to set seeds freely.

(4) "Hemp drugs" means any intoxicating drink or substance prepared from any part of the hemp plant and includes ganja, charas, bhang and every preparation and admixture of the same.

(5) "Licensed vendor" means a person who has obtained from the Collector a licence for the retail vend of hemp drugs.

(6) "Stockholder" means any person who holds a licence for the possession and sale of hemp drugs in a public storehouse and includes also a cultivator who holds a cultivating licence.

II. The cultivation of the hemp plant is prohibited except under a licence. Licences will be granted for cultivation only in such parts of the Espalla taluk of the Guntur district and of the Polur taluk of the North Arcot district and in such other localities as may from time to time be fixed by the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue.

III. A public storehouse will be provided in the neighbourhood of each area in which cultivation of the hemp plant is carried on for the deposit of the hemp drugs produced therein and will be in charge of an officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.

IV. The licence to cultivate will on application be issued by the officer in charge of the storehouse and will be in force for one fasli year only. No fee will be charged on the application or on the licence.

V. The officer in charge of the cultivation will grant permission to harvest. The permission granted may apply either to the whole or to a definite portion of the area cultivated by the licensee.

VI. The harvested plants must be transported under permits granted by the sub-inspector in charge of the block to the manufacturing yard where the stems will be stripped and flowering tops pressed into cakes.

VII. During the harvesting of the crop and the preparation of hemp drugs therefrom the licensed cultivator must work under the general superintendence of the officer in charge of cultivation or of the manufacturing yard as the case may be and his subordinates and shall comply with all orders given by such officer for the purpose of safeguarding the revenue.

VIII. All hemp drugs manufactured must be transported from the manufacturing yard to the storehouse under cover of permits issued by the officer in charge of the yard.

IX. On the arrival of the drugs at the storehouse, the officer in charge will at once cause them to be weighed and stored in the order of receipt and in such manner as the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, may from time to time direct and will grant a receipt for them. All ganja and bhang delivered at the Vetapalem storehouse will be examined by a Committee of officers appointed for the purpose and the quantity approved by the Committee will be purchased by Government on paying the cultivators the cost price at which they have agreed to sell the drugs to Government.

X. Any stockholder may, with the prior permission of the officer in charge of the storehouse, transfer all or a portion of his stock of hemp drugs to any other licensed stockholder whilst they are in the storehouse. A notice of the proposed transfer must be delivered in writing to the officer in charge of the storehouse who, unless he sees reason to refuse sanction, will sanction it and record the fact in his books.

XI. The officer in charge of the storehouse at Santavasal will grant stockholders and intending purchasers all reasonable facilities for inspecting the hemp drugs and transacting their business. He will also allow the owners reasonable opportunities for taking such measures as may be necessary for keeping their stocks in good condition but will not permit any manipulation of them for the purpose of making other preparations.

XII. The Assistant Commissioner of the subdivision in which the storehouse is situated will take stock of the hemp drugs in the storehouse at such intervals, not being greater than three months, and in such manner as the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, may from time to time direct. He will be authorized at the time of such stock-taking to destroy any hemp drugs that have been in stock for more than two years or that may be declared by the Board or by the owners thereof to be unfit for use.

XIII. All goods deposited in a storehouse shall be at the risk of the owners.

XIV. Unless the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, with the previous sanction of Government shall direct otherwise, duty shall be levied on all hemp drugs removed from a storehouse at such rates as may from time to time be fixed by Government.

XV. Hemp drugs may be sold from the storehouse to licensed vendors, agents of Native States and French Settlements or to other persons specially authorized by the Board at a price not exceeding the maximum price which may be fixed by the Board of Revenue from time to time.

XVI. No quantity of hemp drugs less than three seers of any one kind shall be removed from the storehouse at one time. During the month of March, however, indents from licensed vendors for quantities less than the minimum may be complied with.

XVII. The Government do not guarantee the supply of hemp drugs of any particular sort.

XVIII. A licensed vendor desiring to procure hemp drugs from a stockholder must first pay duty at the prescribed rate into the treasury in the taluk in which the shop is situated. The treasury officer will, after assuring himself that the applicant is a licensed vendor, grant him a receipt and send a letter of advice to the officer in charge of the storehouse intimating the payment of duty. The licensed vendor will make his own arrangements for the purchase of the required drugs from the stockholder. The stockholder will present the receipt to the officer in charge of the storehouse and apply for delivery of the drugs to the purchaser. The officer in charge of the storehouse will after comparing the treasury receipt with the letter of advice superintend the delivery.

XIX. A licensed vendor desiring to procure hemp drugs from the Vetapalem storehouse must pay both the duty and the cost price of the drug into the treasury of the taluk in which his shop is situated. The treasury officer will grant a receipt for the amount received and send a letter of advice intimating the payment of duty and cost price to the storehouse officer. The licensed vendor will forward his receipt to the storehouse officer, who after comparing it with the letter of advice, will make the issues from the stocks in the storehouse.

XX. Unless the Board of Revenue order otherwise, the hemp drugs purchased shall be weighed first alone and a second time after packing. Each package shall be carefully sealed by the officer in charge of the storehouse so that it cannot be opened without injury to the seals and it shall also be marked so that it can be easily identified.

XXI. A licensed vendor may sell hemp drugs to any persons in any quantity not exceeding the limits fixed for possession without a licence and to any other licensed vendor within the district in any quantity not being less than five tolas of ganja or twenty tolas of bhang.

XXII. No licenses for sale will be issued to persons interested in the cultivation of the hemp plant.

XXIII. Any person may have in his possession in the Agency tracts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari any quantity up to such limits not exceeding ten tolas of ganja and forty tolas of bhang as the Board may from time to time prescribe and elsewhere any quantity not exceeding five tolas of ganja and twenty tolas of bhang.

XXIV. The possession of preparations or admixtures containing more than the above quantities is similarly prohibited.

XXV. A Collector may with the prior sanction of the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, grant special permission to any person to possess more than the prescribed quantity of hemp drugs.

XXVI. The transport of hemp drugs in quantities above the limits of private possession is permitted under the following conditions :—

(1) Hemp drugs transported from a storehouse must be covered by a permit issued by the officer in charge of the storehouse. The permit shall allow a reasonable but not excessive time for the consignment to reach its destination. The officer issuing the permit will send a copy of the permit to the Inspector of the circle wherein the shop is situated and to the sub-inspector of the range concerned. The latter officer will without unnecessary delay proceed to verify the consignment.

(2) The permit shall accompany the consignment while in transit and shall be produced for inspection on the demand of any Abkari, Land Revenue or Police officer. On arrival at its destination the consignment must be kept with seals unbroken until verified by the sub-inspector of the range in which the shop is situated. The latter if he finds cause for suspicion will detain the consignment and report the matter without delay to the Inspector for orders. If not, he will verify the quantity of drugs entered in the permit, enter the quantity received with his own hand in the account book maintained in the depot or shop and affix his signature thereto and return the copy of the permit he received with a certificate of verification on the back to the storehouse officer who issued it.

(3) No consignment of hemp drugs may be opened by a licensed vendor unless and until it has been verified and passed in the manner prescribed in the last preceding rule.

(4) Transport of drugs from one licensed vendor to another must be covered by a permit granted by a tahsildar or deputy tahsildar in independent charge or in the absence of the tahsildar from headquarters by the taluk head accountant.

XXVII. The import of hemp drugs is prohibited except under the special sanction of the Governor in Council or the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, Madras.

XXVIII. Hemp drugs may be exported to Coorg under passes granted by the Commissioner of Coorg, and, with the special permission of the Board of Revenue to be obtained in each case, to the Native States of Mysore, Travancore and Cochin and Hyderabad under passes granted by the Residents in those States, to Sandur and Pudukkottai under passes granted by the Political officers accredited to those States respectively and to any of the French Settlements in the Presidency of Madras under passes granted by the Political Agent for such settlement.

XXIX. Licensed vendors shall maintain accounts of their purchases and sales, shall file the permits for the hemp drugs received and shall produce the same for the inspection of any officer of the Abkari and Land Revenue departments not below the rank of sub-inspector and revenue inspector respectively when called upon to do so.

XXX. Stockholders and licensed vendors shall maintain such accounts as the Collector may direct.

XXXI. The Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, will issue such subsidiary instructions as may be necessary for the carrying out of these rules.

XXXII. The applications, licenses, permits, accounts, etc., referred to in these rules must be in such form as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue.

XXXIII. Whoever, being a licensed cultivator, stockholder or licensed vendor, contravenes any of these rules or disobeys the instructions issued by any departmental officer for the purpose of carrying out these rules shall be liable at the discretion of the Collector to a penalty not exceeding the sum of Rs. 200 for every such wilful act or omission. The imposition of a fine under the last preceding clause shall not be held to bar the prosecution of such a person for any offence which he may have committed against the provisions of the Madras Abkari Act I of 1886 or any other law for the time being in force.

XXXIV. Nothing herein contained shall affect any rules or notifications at present in force so far as they are not inconsistent with the rules now published.

FORMS.

FORM H.D. 1.

Licence to cultivate the hemp plant (Cannabis Sativa or Indica) *during the fasli year.*

No.

, son of , resident in , is hereby licensed to cultivate the hemp plant (*Cannabis Sativa* or *Indica*) in an area of acres spots in survey No. situated in the village of in the taluk of in the district of and to prepare hemp drugs from the crop subject to the following conditions:—

1. The licensee shall be bound by the hemp drugs rules contained in Board's Notification No. published on pages of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated Part I, and by any additional general or special rules which may from time to time be prescribed to regulate the cultivation of the hemp plant and the manufacture, storage and removal of hemp drugs from the storehouse, and by the general conditions governing all abkari and opium licences and the special conditions applicable to ganja licences published in Board's Notification No. so far as in such case the rules and conditions may be applicable.

2. The licensee shall on demand produce this licence for inspection by any Land Revenue officer of or above the rank of village headman or accountant or by any Abkari officer of or above the rank of sub-inspector and by any other officer specially empowered in this behalf by the Collector and shall deliver it to the officer in charge of the Government storehouse on date of expiry—viz., 30th June.

3. The area to be cultivated under this licence shall not be exceeded nor shall any part of it be left uncultivated except with the permission of the Commissioner.

4. The licensee shall adopt such methods of cultivation and manufacture as the Commissioner may prescribe from time to time.

5. The licensee shall not prevent any Abkari or Revenue officer from entering his fields, or his manufacturing yards in order to survey them, to inspect the crop or to ascertain the quality of the plants or for any other purpose connected with the cultivation of the hemp plant or the manufacture of hemp drugs therefrom.

6. The licensee shall not sell or transfer in any way any hemp plants before harvesting or any part of the produce of the plants before it has been deposited in the storehouse.

7. The licensee shall cut the crop only with the permission of the officer in charge of the cultivation. The harvested plants must be tied in bundles of 100 each and must be transported to the manufacturing yard under permits issued by the sub-inspector in charge of the block.

8. All plants uprooted in the process of cultivation or of harvesting and not used for the preparation of hemp drugs shall be destroyed under the supervision of the officer in charge of cultivation or of the manufacturing yard as the case may be or under his orders by the block sub-inspector.

9. The crop shall, as soon as it is received in the manufacturing yard, be cured with the least possible delay at such hours and in such a way as may be ordered from time to time by the Commissioner. If any of the ganja or bhang manufactured is, in the opinion of the Assistant Commissioner, of inferior quality, it may be destroyed by him at any time up to three months after its delivery into store.

10. All manufactured ganja or bhang shall be transported to the storehouse under passes granted by the officer in charge of the manufacturing yard and shall be stored in the order of receipt and in such manner as may be directed by the officer in charge of the storehouse.

11. The licensee shall not have any sort of interest in any shop for the sale of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from hemp.

12. The licensee shall not have more than two baskets open for sale at any one time. If having already two remnant baskets he wishes to open an additional basket or baskets for sale, he must apply in writing to the storehouse officer stating that the stock remaining in his remnant basket or baskets is not fit for issue and that it may be destroyed by the Assistant Commissioner.

13. So long as the licensee has stock in hand he shall be bound to supply ganja to licensed vendors in the Presidency and to Agents of Native States and French Settlements and other persons specially authorized by the Board on payment in legal tender of the value thereof at a rate not exceeding Rs. 1-8-0 per seer of 80 tolas or such other maximum price as may be fixed by the Commissioner from time to time. Indents for hemp drugs received by the licensee in accordance with the rules shall be complied with in the order of their receipt and with all reasonable dispatch. The licensee shall appoint a duly empowered agent at the storehouse to act for him when he is absent. Should he fail to do so, or should an indent be received on the licensee when both the licensee and his agent are absent, the Storehouse officer may issue hemp drugs on his behalf at the licensee's risk and expense.

14. If the licensee or his agent contravenes any of the conditions of this licence or disobeys any instructions issued by an officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department in the matter of the cultivation of the hemp plant and the manufacture, storage and sale of the drugs, he shall be liable, at the discretion of the Collector, to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 200 for every such wilful act or omission. The imposition of a fine under the last preceding clause shall not be held to bar the prosecution of the licensee for any offence which he may have committed against the provisions of the Madras Act I of 1886 or any other law for the time being in force.

FORM H.D. 2.

Licence to cultivate the hemp plant in the Repalle taluk of the Guntur district during the fasli year.

No.

, son of resident in , is hereby licensed to cultivate the hemp plant in acres cents in fields No. in the village of in the taluk of the district and to prepare hemp drugs from the crop at the manufacturing yard at , and to sell the same to Government subject to the following conditions:—

1 The licensee shall be bound by the hemp drugs rules contained in Board's Notification No published on pages of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated , Part I and by any additional or special rules which may from time to time be prescribed to regulate the cultivation of the hemp plant and the manufacture and storage of hemp drugs and by the general conditions governing all abkari and opium licences and the special conditions applicable to ganja licences published in Board's Notification No, so far as in each case the rules and conditions may be applicable

2. The licensee shall, on demand, produce his licence for inspection by any Land Revenue officer of or above the rank of village headman or accountant, by any Abkari officer of or above the rank of sub-inspector and by any other officer specially empowered in this behalf by the Collector and shall deliver it to the officer in charge of the Government storehouse at the end of the manufacturing season.

3. If the licensee does not himself conduct any of the operations under this licence, he shall appoint a duly empowered agent for whose actions he shall be responsible as if they were his own. All such appointments shall be subject to the approval of the Assistant Commissioner of the sub-division who shall also have authority to require any such agent who is incompetent or otherwise unsatisfactory to be removed and replaced by a suitable person

4. The area to be cultivated under this licence shall not be exceeded nor shall any part of it left uncultivated except with the permission of the Commissioner.

5 The licensee shall adopt such methods of cultivation and of manufacture as the Commissioner may prescribe from time to time

6. The licensee shall not prevent any Abkari or Revenue officer from entering his fields or his manufacturing yards in order to survey them, to inspect the crop or to ascertain the quality of the plant or for any other purpose connected with the cultivation of the hemp plant or the manufacture of hemp drugs therefrom

7. The licensee shall provide space for patrolling round the area cultivated and shall construct watchtowers and rest huts for the patrolling officer in such places and of such dimensions as may be indicated to him by the Inspector, Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.

8. The licensee shall not sell or transfer in any way any part of his crop.

9 The licensee shall cut the crop only with the permission of the officer in charge of the cultivation. The harvested plants must be tied in bundles of 100 each and must be transported to the manufacturing yard under permits issued by the sub inspector in charge of the block.

10. All plants uprooted in the processes of cultivation or at harvesting and not used for the preparation of hemp drugs shall be destroyed under the supervision of the officer in charge of the cultivation or of the manufacturing yard as the case may be or under his orders by the block sub-inspector.

11. The plants shall be cured as they are received in the manufacturing yard be cured with the least possible delay at such hours and in such a way as may be ordered from time to time by the Commissioner.

12 All manufactured ganja or bhang shall be packed in baskets, and transported to the storehouse at the expense of the licensee under passes granted by the officer in charge of the manufacturing yard and shall be stored in the order of receipt and in such manner as may be directed by the officer in charge of the storehouse.

13. The storehouse officer will give a receipt for the quantity of ganja and bhang delivered at the storehouse. All ganja and bhang delivered at the storehouse will be examined by a committee of officers appointed for the purpose and payment will be made to the licensee at the rate of Rs per maund of ganja and Re per maund of bhang approved by the committee. If any of the ganja delivered is, in the opinion of the committee, of inferior quality, it will be destroyed by the Assistant Commissioner at any time after its delivery into store.

14. Any amount due to Government as the cost price of the ganja seed issued to the licensee will be recovered at the time of payment of the cost price of ganja and bhang purchased from him.

15. The licensee shall not have any sort of interest in any shop for the sale of ganja, bhang or other intoxicating drugs prepared from hemp.

16. If the licensee or his agent contravenes any of the conditions of this license or disobeys any instructions issued by an officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department in the matter of the cultivation of hemp plant and the manufacture, storage and sale of the drugs, he shall be liable, at the discretion of the Collector, to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 250 for every such wilful act or omission. The imposition of a fine under the last preceding clause shall not be held to bar the prosecution of the licensee for any offence which he may have committed against the provisions of the Madras Act I of 1886 or any other law for the time being in force.

FORM H.D. 3.

Fieldwise Register.

License number.	Survey number and area.	Area harvested.	Number of bundles of plants harvested and sent to the yard.	Number and date of the permit for transport of the hemp plant to the yard.	Remarks.

FORM H.D. 4.

Counterfoil.

No.

Name of cultivator.
Number of licence
Field number.
Number of bundles of plants to be transported.
Period of currency of permit.

No.

Pass not for transport of the hemp crop from the field to the place of manufacture at

Holder of cultivation licence No is hereby permitted to transport bundles of the hemp crop in field No. of village to . The permit is current for hours, must always be carried with the consignment and must be delivered to the officer supervising manufacture at before

sub-inspector in charge of the block of cultivation.

FORM H.D. 5.

Register showing the operations in the manufacturing yard No. *name of the licensee*

Month and date. (1)	Number and date of the permit with which the hemp plants were sent. (2)	Number of bundles of plant received in the manufacturing yard. (3)	Weight of ganja after pressing. (4)	Number of cakes pressed. (5)	Quantity sent to store. Date. (6)	Net weight. (7)	Nos. of empty bales. (8)	Gross weight. (9)	Dryage sanctioned (officer who allowed column (4) and (7)). (10)	Number and date of the permit with which ganja was sent to the storehouse. (11)	Remarks. (12)

COUNTERFOIL.

No.

Name of cultivator.
Number of Stocken.
Field number
Actual quantity of { Ganja. / Bhang.
Period of currency of permit.

FORM H.D. 6.

No.

Permit for transport of hemp drugs from the manufacturing yard at to the storehouse at

Holder of cultivation licence No. is hereby permitted to transport maunds seers tolas of ganja and maunds seers tolas of bhang from the manufacturing yard at to the storehouse at The permit is current for hours, must always be carried with the consignment and must be delivered to the officer in charge of the storehouse at before

Officer in charge of the manufacturing operation at

Date

REVERSE.

Details of packages.

Distinguishing marks.	Weight. MDS.	SEERS	TOLAS.

Officer supervising the manufacturing yard at

Date

Received into the storehouse the quantity mentioned above.

Initials of Storehouse Officer.

FORM H.D. 7.

No

Certified that holder of retail licence No. for sale of hemp drugs at village taluk has this day paid the sum of Rs. being the duty and cost price on maunds seers tolas of ganja and maunds seers tolas of bhang into the Taluk Treasury at and that he is entitled to issue of the same from the Government Storehouse at in accordance with the rules prescribed in Board's Notification No. , dated 19 .

	Ganja.	Bhang
Duty		
Cost price		

Date

Treasury Officer.

To

The Officer in charge of the Government Storehouse at
Issued as per H.D. 9, No.

Initials of the Storehouse Officer.

FORM H.D. 8.

To

The Officer in charge of the Government Storehouse at

SIR,

I beg to give you notice that I have sold to licensee of shop No. at maunds seers tolas of ganja and maunds seers tolas of bhang, for the purchase of which he has obtained the treasury receipt, dated , No. from the Treasury officer of , and I hereby request you to be good enough to transfer the same to his account in your books or deliver to him the same from my stock in the Government Storehouse granting him a permit at the same time for the transport of the drug.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Licensed cultivator stockholder.

Dated

Issued as per H.D. 9, No.

Transferred to the account of

Initials of the Storehouse Officer.

FORM H.D. 9.

Permit / Advice for the transport of hemp drugs

1. No. Consecutive / District number of the storehouse.
2. Particulars of packages—
   (1) No.
   (2) Kind.
   (3) Marks and seals
   (4) Contents whether ganja / bhang.
   (5) Weight of contents.
   (6) Gross weight.
3. Name of shopkeeper permitted hereby to transport.
4. Shop to which the transport is to be made.
5. Quantity of hemp drugs to be transported ganja / bhang.
6. Number of days for which the permit is current.
7. Route by which the package or packages are to be transported.

N.B.—The permit must always be carried with the consignment and must be produced to the Sub-Inspector of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department of the range before and should be filed in the shop after verification.

Officer in charge of the Storehouse at

Copy to the Sub-Inspector, Range.
Copy to the Inspector, Circle.

FORM H.D. 10.

Register showing the disposal of H.D. 7 (Advice from Treasury Officer for payment of duty and grant of receipt) and H.D. 8 (Notice of the sale of hemp drugs by cultivators / stockholders) in the storehouse at

Date of receipt of H.D. 7. (1)	Consecutive number. (2)	H.D. 7		H.D. 8.		H.D. 9			Date of verification of the consignment by Range Sub-Inspector. (10)	Quantity taken weighed by Range Sub-Inspector. (11)	Receipt(s) issued. (12)	Remarks. (13)
		Officer who issued. (3)	Number and date (4)	Date of receipt (5)	Name of stockholder. (6)	Date of issue. (7)	Number. (8)	Quantity issued. (9)				

FORM H.D. 11

Register showing the storage and outturn of ganja and bhang in storehouses.

Number.		Licence.		Number and date of the permit with which ganja was sent from the manufacturing yard.	Storage.				Removal.			Net quantity.	Quantity of rubbish powder.	Excess + or drugs — not written off	Drugs written off.	Percentage.	Initials of the Storehouse officer.	Remarks.
									Number of H.D. 9.									
Year.	Rashi.	Number.	Name.		Date	Gross weight.	Date of supply letter.	Net weight.	Date	District.	Consecutive number.							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)

Note.—Reasons for any abnormal wastage or excess should be written.

FORM H.D. 12.

Register of issue of ganja.

Duty serial number	Rashi number and year.	H.D. 8 number (consecutive number for each district).	H.D. 7 number	Issue price per seer	Quantity issued.		Residue powder.	Tare gross weight.	Remarks.
					Ganja.	Bhang.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
				Rs. a. p.	M. s. T.	M. s. T.	M. s. T.	M. s. T.	

FORM H.D. 12 (A).

Monthly statement of issues of hemp drugs submitted to Collectors by Ganja Storehouse officers.

Date of issue of hemp drug.	Name of shop to which issued.	Quantity issued.		Date of payment of duty into the treasury		The treasury into which duty was paid.	Remarks.
				Date.	Amount.		
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Mds.	Seers.		Rs. a. p.		

TAMILNADU ARCHIVES Tharangambadi Collection

XI-15

FORM H.D. 13.

Abstract stock account of ganja and bhang.

Date.	Block number	Balance in hand		Stored.		Removed.		Drugs written off.		Drugs not written off		Initials of the Storehouse officer	Remarks
		Ganja.	Bhang	Ganja.	Bhang	Ganja.	Bhang	Ganja.	Bhang	Ganja.	Bhang		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		(14)
		M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.		

Note.—A series of pages should be allotted for each block and for a total of all the blocks put together.

FORM H.D. 14

Statement showing the result of stock-taking in the Government storehouse at [Date of stock taking— *for the quarter ending* 19 -]

Name of intoxicating drug.	In hand on date of last inspection.	Stored or received during the quarter.	Total in hand and received.	Issued during the quarter.	Difference between columns (4) and (5)	Total of wastage noted by the Storehouse officer in column (11) or (12) of H.D. 13 maintained in e-store completely exhausted.		Balance according to the Storehouse officer's books.	Percentage of wastage shown in column (8) calculated on the stored contents shown in column (7).	Results of stock-taking by Assistant Commissioner.				Explanation of the Storehouse officer for any noticeable discrepancies between the percentages noted in columns (10) and (14).	Remarks of Superior officers.
						Stored contents of packets.	Wastage			Stored contents of the bulk (5 per cent of the stock) test-weighed by the Assistant Commissioner.	Actual contents ascertained by the Assistant Commissioner.	Excess or drugs (difference between columns (11) and (12))	Percentage of wastage shown in column (13) on the quantity shown in column (11).		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.		M. S. T.	M. S. T.	M. S. T.			

Office of the Assistant Commissioner of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Subdivision.

Assistant Commissioner.

FORM H.D. 15.

Wholesale licence for the storage and sale of hemp drugs in the ganja storehouse at

No.

, son of a resident in , is hereby authorized by the officer in charge of the Government storehouse at to store hemp drugs and sell them wholesale at the storehouse in the taluk of in the district of during the term of one year from 1st April 19 to 31st March 19 , both days inclusive, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) The licensee shall be bound by the hemp drugs rules contained in Board's Notification No published on pages of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated , Part II, and by any additional general or special rules which may from time to time be prescribed to regulate the storage and removal of hemp drugs from the storehouse and by the general conditions governing all abkari and opium licences and the special conditions applicable to ganja licences published in Board's Notification No. , so far as each case the rules or conditions may be applicable.

(2) The licensee shall not have in the storehouse any hemp drugs other than those manufactured by him under a licence in Form H. D. 1 or purchased by him from a stockholder with the prior permission of the officer in charge of the storehouse.

(3) The licensee shall comply with all instructions issued by the officer in charge of the storehouse for the storage and the preservation of the hemp drugs.

(4) The licensee shall not have any interest in any shop for the retail sale of intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant.

(5) The licensee shall not have more than two baskets open for sale at any one time. If having already two remnant baskets he wishes to open an additional basket or baskets for sale he must apply in writing to the Storehouse officer, stating that the stock remaining in his remnant basket or baskets is not fit for issue and that it may be destroyed by the Assistant Commissioner.

(6) So long as the licensee has stock in hand, he shall be bound to supply ganja to licensed vendors in the Presidency and to Agents of Native States and French Settlements and other persons specially authorized by the Board on payment in legal tender of the value thereof at a rate not exceeding Rs 1-8-0 per seer of 80 tolas or such other maximum price as may be fixed by the Commissioner from time to time. Indents for hemp drugs received by the licensee in accordance with the rules shall be complied with in the order of their receipt and with all reasonable dispatch. The licensee shall appoint a duly empowered agent at the storehouse to act for him when he is absent. Should he fail to do so, or should an indent be received on the licensee when both the licensee and his agent are absent, the Storehouse officer may issue hemp drugs on his behalf at licensee's risk and expense.

(7) If the licensee or his agent contravenes any of the conditions of this licence or disobeys any instructions issued by an officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department in the matter of the storage and sale of the drugs, he shall be liable, at the discretion of the Collector, to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 200 for every such wilful act or omission. The imposition of a fine under the last preceding clause shall not be held to bar the prosecution of the licensee for any offence which he may have committed against the provisions of the Madras Act I of 1886 or any other law for the time being in force.

FORM H.D 17.

No.

[*Licence granted to shopkeeper for the sale of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant.*]

I, , Collector of the district, under the provisions of Madras Act I of 1886 hereby license you, , son of residing at , to establish a shop at , in the town of , and sell ganja bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant therein from the 1st day of April 19 to the 31st day of March 19 , subject to the following conditions and stipulations to be observed by you, the said :—

General conditions applicable to all abkari and opium licenses. } As in the Board's general sale notice.
Conditions applicable to ganja licences }

Schedule showing the boundaries of the shop.

Street and door number or other particulars.	Bounded on the				Remarks.
	North by	East by	South by	West by	

Farazdar Clerk. *Head Surishtadar.* *Collector.*

FORM H.D. 13.

Counterfoil

No.

Permit for the transport of hemp drugs from the shop at to the shop at in the district of

licensee of hemp drugs shop No. at is permitted to transport the undermentioned hemp drugs to his shop by the following route :—

Particulars of packages.

Number.	Kind.	Marks and mark.	Contents (whether empty, etc.).	Weight of contents.			Gross weight.			Remarks.
				M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	

The permit is current for days

Initials of Taluklar or Deputy Taluklar.

Date 19 .

Original.

No.

Permit for the transport of hemp drugs from the shop at to the shop at in the district of

licensee of hemp drugs shop No. at is permitted to transport the undermentioned hemp drugs to his shop by the following route :—

Particulars of packages.

Number.	Kind.	Marks and mark.	Contents (whether empty, etc.).	Weight of contents.			Gross weight.			Remarks.
				M.	S.		M.	S.	T.	

The permit is current for days, must always be carried with the consignment and must be filed in the shop.

Signature of Taluklar or Deputy Taluklar.

Date 19 .

Duplicate.

No

Permit for the transport of hemp drugs from the shop at to the shop at in the district of

licensee of hemp drugs shop No. at is permitted to transport the undermentioned hemp drugs to his shop by the following route :—

Particulars of packages.

Number.	Kind.	Marks and mark.	Contents (whether empty, etc.).	Weight of contents.			Gross weight.			Remarks.
				M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	

The permit is current for days, must always be carried with the consignment and must be filed in the shop.

Signature of Taluklar or Deputy Taluklar.

Date 19

To the Inspector of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Circle.

FORM H.D. 29.

Account of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant received into and sold in the retail shop at

(1) Month and date.	(2) In hand.			Receipts.						Issues.									Total quantity issued.			(12) Number and date of permit.	Depots.			(14) Balance.			(15) Selling price per seer of 80 Rupee weight.			(16) Remarks.
				From what store-house or shop received or whether manufactured on the premises. (7)	Quantity received. (4)			Quantity issued. (5)			Number and date of permit with which removed. (6)	To whom issued. (7)	Quantity sold to licensed vendors. (8)			Quantity retailed to consumers. (9)			Quantity issued for the manufacture of hemp drugs. (10)													
	M.	S.	T.		M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.			M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	M.	P.	T.	M.	S.	T.	Rs.	A.	P.	

FORM H.D. 30.

Register showing the receipts and issues of ganja and bhang in the shop No. at in the circle of the district.

(1) Month.	Opening balance.			Receipts.						Total.			Actual issues or consumption.						Closing balance				Average retail selling price. (12)	Remarks. (13)
	(2) Ganja.			(2) (a) Bhang.			(3) Date.	(4) Source of supply.	(5) Number and date of sabrie or permit.	Quantity.			(6) Ganja.			(6) (a) Bhang.			(7) Ganja.			(7) (a) Bhang.			(8) Shop to which issued.	(9) Number and date of permit.	Quantity.					
										(6) Ganja.																					
	M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.				M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.			(10) Ganja. M.	S.	T.	(10) (a) Bhang. M.	S.	T.	(11) Ganja. M.	S.	T.	(11) (a) Bhang. M.	S.	T.	Rs.	

Note.—The figures in columns (10) and (10) (a) will represent consumption and will include quantity, if any, issued to other shops, a note of the quantity issued and the name of the shop being made in column (13).

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
6th January 1921.

D. N. STRATHIE,
Acting Secretary.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 4.—Under Rule XVIII of the Opium Rules contained in Government Notification No. 8, dated 9th July 1912, published on pages 710—714 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 16th July 1912, Part I, the Board of Revenue prescribes the following rates for the issue of opium from taluk outcherries from 1st April 1921 :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
For a full-seer cake	60	0	0
For a half-seer cake	30	0	0

Notification No. 4, dated 9th January 1919, will cease to be in force from 1st April 1921.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
20th January 1921.

Under section 3 (i) of the Madras Salt Act, IV of 1889, as amended by the Madras Decentralization Act, 1914 and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject, the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, Madras, hereby defines the limits of the undermentioned salt factory in the Madras Presidency as follows :—

Name of the factory.	Where situated.		Limits.
	Village.	Taluk.	
Calingapatam ..	Calingapatam Vemaravilli.	Chicacole ..	*North*—S. Nos. 429, 430-B, 431-B, 681, 682, 690, 699, 699 and 700 of the Calingapatam village. *East*—Portion of S. No 700, S. Nos. 701, 702, 703, 704 and 705 of the Calingapatam village, Bay of Bengal; S. No. 1181 of the Vemaravilli village; and S. Nos. 615, 614, 612, 613, 610, 609, 608, 605, 607 and portion of S. No. 616 of the Thonangi village. *South*—Portions of S. No. 610 and S. No. 612 Government casuarina tope of the Thonangi village. *West*—S. Nos. 1177, 1176, 1175, 1173, 1180 and 1172 of the Vemaravilli village, and the road running north from the north-east corner of S. No. 1172 of the Vemaravilli village to the south-east corner of S. Nos. 681-B and 682 of the Calingapatam village.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
20th January 1921.

D. N. STRATHIE,
Acting Secretary.

In exercise of the powers delegated to it under subsection 2 to section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act IV of 1897, as amended by the Madras Decentralization Act VIII of 1914, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of 1897, of the streets and roads in the unions of Musiri, Turaiyur and Kattuppattur in the Musiri taluk, Trichinopoly district.

In exercise of the powers delegated to it under sub-section 2 to section 17 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act IV of 1897, as amended by the Madras Decentralization Act VIII of 1914, the Board of Revenue hereby directs that a survey under section 17 (1) (*b*) of the said Act of 1897 be made of the streets and roads in the estate villages comprised in the unions of Musiri, Turaiyur and Kattuppattur in the Musiri taluk, Trichinopoly district.

Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement),
Madras, 21st January 1921.

P. NARAYANA MENON,
Secretary.

MINING CERTIFICATES.

The undermentioned Companies and persons have been granted certificates of approval under the mining rules :—

Name and address.	Date of order granting the certificates.	Area over which the company or person proposes to prospect or mine.
The B. S. Mining Company of Gudur, Nellore district.	18th January 1921.	Madras Presidency.
Messrs. Lakshmi Ratnam (Limited), No. 316, Thumba Chetti Street, Madras	14th January 1921 ..	Do.
The Corgaum Gold Mining Company of India (Limited), Corgaum, Mysore state.	19th January 1921.	Do.
M.R.Ry. Gunupati Venkatachalam Chetti of Sydapuram, Repur taluk, Nellore district.	28th December 1920.	Do.
M.R.Ry. Vallutur Venkatasubbayya Nayudu of Gudur, Nellore district.	30th December 1920.	Do.
M.R.Ry. K. Audinarayana Reddi Garu of Allur, Kovur taluk, Nellore district.	Do.	Do.
M.R Ry. Gudavalli Gopalakrishnayya of Gudur, Nellore district.	8th January 1921 ..	Do.
M.R.Ry. Vegaraju Venkatasubbayya of Gudur, Nellore district.	6th January 1921 ..	Do.
M.R.Ry. V. K M. K. R. Karuppan Chetti of Gudur, Nellore district.	Do.	Do
Mr. A. H. Gaston, Madras	Do.	Do.
M.R.Ry. Indar Subbarami Reddi of Kandlapudi, Nellore taluk and district.	Do.	Do.
Sayid Ahmed-ul-lah Sahib Bahadur, Collector and District Magistrate, Nizamabad.	Do.	Do

The undermentioned companies and persons have been granted certificates of approval under the mining rules :—

Name and address.	Date of order granting the certificate.	Area over which the company or person proposes to prospect or mine.
M.R.Ry. Velugeti Venkatakumara Krishna Yachendra Bahadur, Venkatagiri	4th January 1921 ..	Madras Presidency.
M.R.Ry. P. Viraraghavulu, B.A., B.L., Madras ..	5th January 1921 ..	Do.
Messrs. W. A. Beardsell & Co. (Limited), Madras.	5th January 1921 ..	Do.
M.R.Ry. Srikanti Venkataramanayya of Chelivendra, Nellore district.	18th January 1921.	Do.
Mr. H. M. A. Cooke, Superintendent, the Oorgaum Gold Mining Company of India, (Limited), Oorgaum, Mysore State.	19th January 1921.	Do.
M.R.Ry. Siddaveraju Ramabhga Reddi, Nellore.	20th January 1921.	Do.

Board (Land Revenue), Madras,
20th January 1921.

J. A. THORNE,
Secretary.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

It is hereby notified that the office of the Chief Commissioner of Income-tax, Board of Revenue, Madras, will be removed from the Bank of Madras Buildings, Mount Road, Madras, to the Chepauk Palace, Chepauk. All communications intended for the Income-tax Department of the Board of Revenue should from January 7th, 1921, be addressed as follows :—

"Deputy Commissioner and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Income-tax, Board of Revenue, Chepauk, Madras".

Bank of Madras Buildings, Mount Road,
Madras, 4th January 1921.

T. R. KRISHNAMMA,
Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

The following are the conditions of sale of the privilege of manufacture and vend of country spirits in the Agency division (Vizagapatam portion).

N.B.—In these conditions 'shop' means combined still and shop.

I. A deposit must be made by each bidder before bidding and will be received by the selling officer on the day of sale. A deposit of Rs. 50 will ordinarily be required from any person wishing to bid for any important shop or any large number of shops. This will be reduced to Rs. 20 in the case of bidders for not more than two or three shops of an aggregate monthly value of Rs. 50 or less.

II. The shops will be put up to auction in the order in which they are notified, unless the selling officer sees reason to change that order. Upset prices will be fixed at the discretion of the Agency Commissioner. The average of the previous five years' rentals will be notified by the Agency Commissioner, wherever possible, for the information of bidders.

III. No person will be allowed to bid for another unless he holds a power of attorney from him.

IV. The officer conducting the sale may, at his discretion, refuse to accept the bid of any person on the ground (1) that he has been convicted by a criminal court or has previously been guilty of such a breach of the conditions of licenses or of a contract under the Abkari Opium Act as to render him undesirable as a holder of a license; or (2) that he is insolvent or in arrears to Government; (3) that his bid is purely speculative; or (4) for any other valid reason.

V. The shops will be knocked down to the highest bidder. If for any of the reasons mentioned in the preceding clause the highest bid is rejected, the next highest shall be taken or the shop resold at the selling officer's discretion. In case of dispute, the selling officer's decision shall be final. The sale will be subject to formal confirmation of the Agency Commissioner, who shall be at liberty to accept or reject any bid at his discretion. Such formal confirmation will be tant amount to an acceptance of the bid, unless revised by the Board of Revenue for special reasons, and will be necessary whether the sale be held by the Commissioner himself or by any officer appointed by him.

VI. At the close of each day's sale, the deposits made by the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them. As the auction proceeds, each person whose bid is accepted shall at once, if so required by the selling officer, or otherwise at the close of the day's sale, make a further deposit of half a month's rent (in addition to the deposit made under clause I) for each shop or farm unless the initial deposit equals or exceeds two months' rent. Should he fail to do so, the deposit made by him under clause I will be forfeited and the shop or farm will be put up again immediately by the selling officer on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of by the Commissioner and the defaulter will be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shop or farm in the sales therein progress.

VII. Any person to whom a shop or farm has been knocked down and who has made deposits as provided in clauses I and VI shall also deposit, in cash or approved security, within ten days from the date of communication of the Commissioner's acceptance of the bid, such further sum as with the former deposits will make up two months' rent and shall without unnecessary delay take out a license in the form hereinafter set forth. In the event of the purchaser's death after issue of the license, his heirs and assigns shall be responsible for all moneys that may become due to Government under the terms of the licence as well as for the proper observance of all the conditions of the licence. Should the initial deposit exceed two months' rental, the excess will be refunded unless the purchaser is requested to deposit twice that sum under clause VIII infra.

VIII. If on inquiry subsequent to sale the purchaser shall be found to be of doubtful solvency, he may be required either to deposit two months' rental in addition to the sum prescribed in clause VII supra or to get a surety or sureties to execute a security bond for the due payment of all moneys that may become due by him under the terms of the contract. The bond shall be stamped (article 57, Schedule I, Act II of 1899) and registered at the expense of the purchaser, if the amount secured exceeds Rs. 1,000 in those tracts where the Indian Registration Act is in force. In all cases where sureties are demanded, the licensee shall be bound to execute a counterpart agreement.

IX. On the failure of any person to make a deposit or take out a licence under clause VII or to comply with any requisition or to execute any engagement under clause VIII supra, the deposits already made may be forfeited and the shop or farm may be resold under the orders of the Divisional Officer on a date to be notified by the Commissioner or may be otherwise disposed of by the latter officer. Resales under this clause will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain and, in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the resale. In the latter case, the forfeited deposits will be deducted from the loss arising from the resale, and the remainder, if any, will be recoverable in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should, however, the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits will be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder will be similarly liable if the shop or farm is disposed of otherwise than by resale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the original sale.

X. The purchaser of any abkari or opium privilege is liable to the penalties prescribed for breaches of the conditions set forth below in the licence, though a formal licence may not have been issued to him.

XI. The deposits referred to in clause VII or VIII may be made either in cash or in recognised Government, Port Trust, Municipal or Local Board securities or by depositing Postal Savings Bank pass-books. When deposits are made otherwise than in cash, the Commissioner may demand that they shall be of such higher face value than the cash deposit required, as in the circumstances of the market he may think necessary. The securities or Savings Bank pass-books deposited must be endorsed in the name of the Commissioner and Government promissory notes must be unfased for payment of interest at the treasuries at which they are deposited, if so required. Deposits in cash will be adjusted towards the instalments of rents due in the last months of the period of the lease. Deposits of securities or Savings Bank pass-books will be returned upon payment of the full amount of the rents due in cash unless the depositors wish that Government should take them over, in which case they will be taken over at the price of the day, and the balance, if any, due to Government must be paid in cash. In cases of default under clause IX of the conditions of auction sale or under conditions of the licence, all securities deposited are liable to be sold for any amount due to Government under the terms of the lease, the remainder, if any, due after such sale being recovered as arrears.

APPENDIX.

Licence for the manufacture and vend of country spirits in the Agency division.

I, , Agency Commissioner, district, under the provisions of Madras Act I of 1886, hereby license you, , son of , to manufacture and vend country spirits in the shop at , reading at in the taluk of from the 1st day of April 192 to the 31st day of March 192 subject to the following conditions and stipulations to be observed by you the said :—

CONDITIONS.

(1) The rental of the shop is payable to the Deputy Tahsildar of in the following instalments :—

1st instalment of 192	..	..	June 15th.
2nd "	..	..	September 15th.
3rd "	..	..	December 15th.
4th "	..	..	March 15th.

(2) the sale or possession (except subject to the rules applicable to unlicensed persons) of liquor outside the limits prescribed in the schedule hereto annexed is prohibited.

(3) Sale must be conducted in an approved building of which the whole or part must be entirely set aside for use as a shop. If there are means of communication between the shop and an adjoining dwelling house, they must be kept locked at night.

(4) The licence must be hung up in a conspicuous place in the shop.

(5) A signboard must be affixed to the front of the shop showing the nature of the licence, the name of the licensee and the current rate of sale. These particulars must be legibly painted in the local vernacular.

(6) The sale or transport of liquor by persons below the age of 16, or by persons suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease and the employment in any capacity of such persons in shops are prohibited. No drunkenness, disorder or gaming shall be permitted in shops.

(7) No robbers or thieves or disorderly or riotous persons shall be harboured in shops. Intimation of their resort thereto shall be given to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer.

(8) No person, except under a permit granted by the Deputy Tahsildar, shall be allowed to remove more than one Imperial quart (12 drams) of arrack at a time from the shop.

(9) No shop shall be opened before sunrise or kept open after 8 p.m. except under the special authority of the Agency Commissioner. No person shall be harboured in a shop during the night.

(10) No liquor shall be sold or given :—

(1) to Police-men, excise officers and railway servants when on duty.

(2) to any—

(a) child or young person under 18 years of age;

(b) insane person; or

(c) person known or believed to be intoxicated.

(11) Only such measures as may from time to time be prescribed by the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Department, shall be possessed and used by the shop-keeper. Until further orders a dram measure of 1/48 of a gallon shall be used.

(12) The materials used in manufacturing spirits shall be of good quality and the Agency Commissioner shall have power to direct that any material that he considers objectionable shall not be used. The spirits kept or sold in the shop shall be of good quality and unadulterated and nothing shall be added to them either to increase their intoxicating power or for any other purpose.

(13) The privilege of manufacture and vend shall not be sold, transferred or sub-rented without the previous permission of the Agency Commissioner in writing. Nor, if the Commissioner so orders, shall any agent be appointed for the management of such privilege without his previous approval.

(14) In the tracts where it is customary for the supplier of Ippa flower and the distiller to share the liquor between themselves, the practice may be allowed to continue.

(15) The possession or sale of any Liquor or intoxicants except that to which the licence relates, is prohibited.

(16) Shops situated on or adjacent to the line of march must be closed, if the Agency Commissioner so orders, while a regiment or detachment of European or Indian soldiers is passing or is encamped in the vicinity. The Agent to the Governor shall have power also to close temporarily any shop in times of disturbance or religious excitement.

(17) Licensees shall not claim remission or reduction in rents on any account.

(18) With the sanction of the Board of Revenue, any licence shall be revocable by the Agency Commissioner at his discretion on giving the licensee fifteen days' notice of such revocation, in which case a proportionate part of the fee paid will be refunded.

(19) Licensees shall be bound by any additional general rules that may be prescribed under the Abkari Laws and shall if so required by the Agency Commissioner or any officer authorized by him, deliver up their licenses for amendment or for the issue of fresh ones.

(20) Infraction of any of the conditions of the licence either by the licensee or by any person in his employment will entail on the licensee either :

(a) fine up to Rs. 50; or

(b) cancellation of the licence or other disposal of the privilege at the risk of the licensee by the Agency Commissioner. The licensee or his agent may also be prosecuted for the specific offence committed.

SCHEDULE OF BOUNDARIES.

Door number or other particulars.	North.	East.	South.	West.	Remarks.

14th January 1921.

M. SANYASI RAJU,
for *Agency Commissioner.*

NOTICE.

ABKARI—DRUGS—OPIUM—UNCLAIMED.

The Excise Inspector for Railways searched S. S. 'Tara' on 13th October 1920 and found a sealed packet said to contain 3 seers of opium and as the possession could not be established he sent it to the Commissioner of Police who has sent it to me to be dealt with under section 12 of the Opium Act 1 of 1878. It weighs 2905 tolas.

I hereby give notice that any person claiming any right or interest in opium should appear before me at my office, North Beach Road, Madras, on or before the 15th February 1921 with satisfactory evidence to prove his claim.

If there are no claimants or if the claims advanced are found to be inadmissible, the drug will be confiscated to Government after that date.

Madras, 17th January 1921.

A. R. L. TOTTENHAM,
Collector.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ARRAKI AND OPIUM PRIVILEGES IN MADRAS TOWN FOR THE LEASE 1921-22.

Notice is hereby given that the pattai arrack shops, taverns, ganja and opium shops shown in the subjoined schedules will, for the lease commencing from 1st April 1921, be put up in public auction by the Collector of Madras at his office on Friday the 11th February 1921, commencing at 12 noon.

SCHEDULE I.—PATTAI ARRACK SHOPS.

Shop No.	Locality
1.	New Washermanpet, Tiruvottiyur High Road, between Arumachalaswarenpet Annuan Coil and Venkatakrishnan's Street, 200 yards.
2.	Rayapuram, Mannarswami Coil Street, between Police Station and premises No. 60, 200 yards
3.	Old Washermanpet, Tiruvottiyur High Road, between Cemetery Road and Venkatakrishnan Street.
4.	Perambur, Perambur High Road, between the Railway Station and Perambur
5.	Georgetown, Selai Vinayagar Street, between the Broadway and Ramaswami Street.
6.	Do. [Will be published later on.]
7.	Do. Seven Wells Street, between Amman Coil Street and St. Xavier's Street, 217 yards.
8.	Do. Elephant Gate, Murugappan Street, between Wall Tax Road and Kandappa Mudali Street, 82 yards
9.	Chintadripet—(1) Cooum River Road, between Swami Naicken Street and Arunachala Naick Street or (2) Arunachala Naicken Street, between St. Andrew's Bridge and Kilava Chetti Street
10.	Choolai, between Municipal canteens in Arudappa Papaar Street and Pedchaidai Street branching from Choolai Bazaar Road, opposite to Dhanaraja coil (Mosq.—The shop should not face the Choolai Bazaar Road on which no train runs. The restrictions contained in clause 10 (3) of the general conditions applicable to all Arkari and Opium licences relating to the closure and opening of shops within three furlongs of factories, mills and other places will be enforced in the case of this shop.
11.	Purasawalkam, Venkatesa Easwari Street.
12.	Perianaik, Elavuppa Street, anywhere in the street, which is 140 yards long
13.	Pudupet, north, Harris Road, from Harris Bridge up to Madras City Police Headquarters Horse Lines; east and south, Cooum Road, west, Velayuda Chetti Street running from Harris Road to Cooum Road. The shop should be located in any unobjectionable site within the above limits but not near the Cooum market Rate or within 50 yards of the Harris Road, or Cooum Road, or the northern end of Velayuda Chetti Street
14.	Nungambakam, Agastiswaran Coil Road or Village Road, between Nungambakam High Road and the Police Station
15.	Triplicane, Tiruvateeswarenpettai Road, between Arumuga Chetti Street and Arunachala Ankari Street, 100 yards.
16.	Triplicane, anywhere in Vanian Street, Pulikonu Bazaar.
17.	Triplicane, Venkatachala Mudali Street, between Lloyd's Road and Venkatachala Mudali lane.
18.	Royapetta, High Road, between the Old Police Station and Peter's Road, 210 yards.
19.	Taramani, Mount Road, within 200 yards south of the bridge which is near the Horticultural Gardens.
20.	Mylapore, any unobjectionable site in Cutchery Road, Bazaar Road or Arundel Street.

SCHEDULE II.—FOREIGN LIQUOR TAVERNS.

1.	Rayapuram, Stanley Cotton Press Road.
2.	Georgetown, Beach Wall Street, between Anakara Kanam street, and Amman Koil Street (Pattakari Bazaar Street)
3.	Do. Arduppa Naick's Street, between Mint Street and Govindappa Naick's Street.
4.	Do. Nayanyappa Saian's Street, or Memorial Hall North Street, between Memorial Hall and Rasappa Chetti Street.
5.	Purasawalkam, in Nakkathal Street, between the burial-ground and Purasawalkam High Road.
6.	Vepery, High Road, between Fort Gate and Perianna Mantri Street
7.	Egmore, High Road, between Egmore Police Station and Post Office.
8.	Mount Road, between Round Thana and Nail's Statue.
9.	Triplicane, Pycroft's Road, between Viraraghava Mudali Street and Triplicane High Road, a distance of 200 yards.
10.	Mylapore, Cutchery Road, between Arundel Street and Bazaar Road, and the whole of Bazaar Road.

SCHEDULE III.—GANJA SHOPS.

1.	Georgetown, Mannadi Street, between Iyappa Chetti Street and Moore Street.
2.	Do. China Bazar Road, between Mint Street and Innappa Mantri Street.
3.	Washermanpet, Tiruvottiyur High Road, between Cemetery Road and Ramanuja Ayyar Street.
4.	Choolai anywhere in D'Sinlow's Road
5.	Triplicane, Pycroft's Road, between Viraraghava Mudali Street and Fakir Sahib Street.

SCHEDULE IV.—OPIUM SHOPS.

1.	Old Washermanpet, Tiruvottiyur High Road, between Cemetery Road and Venkatakrishnan Street.
2.	Georgetown, Venkatachettippan Street, between Anduppa Naick street and Arun Pillai Street, or in Arudappa Naick Street, between Govindappa Naick Street and Venkatachettippan Street.
3.	Anywhere in Karnatic Gate Street or in D'Sinlow Road between Barracks Gate Street and the lane leading to Choolai Slaughter-house.
4.	Triplicane, Pycroft's Road, between Triplicane High Road, East, and Anwar Mahal, West.

N.B.—At the auction proceeds, each person whose bid is accepted shall at once make a further deposit of half a month's rent (in addition to the initial deposit of Rs. 50) for each shop unless the initial deposit equals or exceeds two months' rent. Should he fail to do so, the initial deposit made by him will be forfeited and the shop will be put up again immediately on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of by the Collector and the defaulter will be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shop.

2. Successful bidders will be allowed to open their shops only at unobjectionable sites within the limits specified above, and at a distance of not less than 200 yards from one another.

3. Successful bidders will be required to furnish the Inspector, Madras Town Circle, with boundary lists of the particular sites selected by them *within two days from the date of sale* and immediately on the approval of the sites by the Excise Licensing Board for the City of Madras to execute the counterpart agreements where necessary.

4. Successful bidders of whose solvency the Collector is not satisfied, will immediately on notice either pay up an additional deposit of two months' kist or produce a surety of sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector and get the necessary security bonds executed and registered, failing which the issue of their licenses will be withheld.

5. Temporary licenses will not be issued except in special cases, and in no case where the issue of the annual licenses is delayed through the failure of the licensee to comply with the conditions set forth above.

6. As regards the payment of shop kist the following rules will be observed :—

(i) The kists should be paid not later than the 10th of each month.

(ii) For payments made after the 10th, interest at 6 per cent per annum will be charged from the 10th and a fine of Re 1 for each shop will be levied.

(iii) Failure to pay the kist before the 20th of the month will render the shop liable to be resold at the risk of the licensee.

A. R. L. TOTTENHAM,
Collector.

Madras, 22nd January 1921.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATION.

NOTIFICATION.

Supplemental list of tanks to be added to the list in the Notice of Drawing of tanks in the Chingleput district for repairs during the year 1921.

P.W.D. Mount Subdivision—Chingleput taluk—

Pattern Tank Impl. No. 320.

R. SAVARINAPHAN,
Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

Chingleput, 4th January 1921.

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS

RETURN OF VESSELS arrived at and departed from the PORT OF MADRAS from the 9th to the 15th January 1921.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Arrived or sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Master.	Where from.	Berth occupied
1921.							
January 10 ..	Arrived ..	S.S. "Bengala" ..	1,035	B	J. G. Kilner ..	Cuddalore..	South quay.
„ 10 „	Do. ..	H.M.S. "Malaya"*	..	..	....	..	Outside the harbour.
„ 10 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Yedda" ..	2,491	Sw	E. Norman ..	Gothenburg.	Nos. 3 and 8.
„ 12 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Thongwa" ..	3,625	B	G. E. Brooks ..	Singapore ..	West quay No. 1
„ 12 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Khedoung" ..	887	B I	A. S. Wright ..	Rangoon ..	No. 9.
„ 13 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Canton" ..	3,181	B	A. D. Hepburn ..	Calcutta ..	No. 7 and east quay.
„ 13 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Nora" ..	3,189	B	R. R. M. Collyer	London ..	No. 1
„ 13 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Ellenga" ..	2,158	B	H. Mc Clelland	Rangoon ..	No. 5.
„ 15 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Egra" ..	2,346	B	T. F. H. Whyte-head	Calcutta ..	No. 3.
„ 15 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Ogilvy"	3,240	B	R. Fyfe ..	Durban ..	West quay No. 1.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Arrived or sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Master.	Bound to	Berth occupied.
1921.							
January 9 ..	Sailed ..	S.S. "Franconia" ..	4,618	G	R. Groves ..	Calcutta ..	No. 8.
„ 10 ..	Do ..	H.M.S. "Malaya"*	..	..	....	....	Outside the harbour.
„ 10 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Kennedy"	3,193	B	C. Ferrett ..	London ..	West quay No. 1.
„ 10 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Chinkon" ..	3,295	B	A. B. R. D'Cruz	Calcutta ..	No. 8.
„ 13 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Yedda" ..			E. Norman ..	Do. ..	Nos. 3 and 8.
„ 14	Do	S.S. "Khedoung" ..	887	B I	A. S. Wright ..	Rangoon ..	No. 8.
„ 13 ..	Do.	S.S. "Nora" ..	4,189	B	R. R. M. Collyer	Calcutta ..	No. 1.
„ 14 ..	Do ..	S.S. "Bengala" ..	1,035	B	J. G. Kilner ..	Rangoon ..	No. 1 and south quay.
„ 14 .	Do .	S.S. "Thongwa" ..	3,625	B	G. E. Brooks ..	Singapore	West quay No. 1.

B = British. BI = British Indian. G = German. Sw. = Swedish.

* Other particulars are not available.

Report of Vessels arrived at and departed from the Port of Madras from the 16th to the 22nd January 1921.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Arrived.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nationality.	Master.	Where from.	Berth occupied.
1921.							
January 15 ..	Arrived ..	S.S. "Maharaja" ..	1,418	B	R. M. Dooley ..	Rangoon ..	No. 5.
.. 16 ..	Do ..	S.S. "Tosca" ..	3,020	B	A. J. Watkins ..	Singapore ..	No. 4.
.. 16 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "West Crotch" ..	3,711	A	H. Thompson ..	New York.	West quay No. 4.
.. 17 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Colne" ..	4,055	B	W. C. Morrison.	London ..	No. 6.
.. 18 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Sharata" ..	1,957	B	F. B. Egnold ..	Rangoon ..	South quay and Nos. 1 and 2.
.. 19 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Hatipara" ..	4,043	B	A. D. Kinnear ..	Calcutta ..	Fairway.
.. 19 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Matra" ..	2,476	B	G. Hamilton ..	London ..	No. 5.
.. 18 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Colaba" ..	2,899	B	D. L. Neilson ..	Hamburg ..	No. 3.
.. 18 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Nawab" ..	2,674	B	J. M. Wright ..	Samarang ..	No. 6.
.. 18 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Hwah Hsu".	885	Ch	F. H. Lacks ..	Calcutta ..	South quay and No. 1.
.. 19 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Banka" ..	4,184	D	C. J. Terriel ..	Do. ..	West quay No. 2.
.. 19 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Macleish".	2,881	B	W. P. Smith ..	Glasgow ..	West quay No. 4 and No. 5.
.. 20 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Manila" ..	1,303	B	R. M. Jackson ..	Rangoon ..	Storm'd No. 1.
.. 21 ..	Do. ..	R.I.M. "Trawler" and "Seaplane".	..	..	....	..	West quay No. 4.
.. 22 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Sumatra" ..	3,271	Sw	J. M. Sandstrom.	Rangoon ..	West quay No. 3.
.. 22 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Sirga" ..	3,913	BI	T. Taylor ..	Do. ..	No. 16 (outside the harbour).

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nationality.	Master.	Bound to	Berth occupied.
1921.							
January 17 ..	Sailed ..	H.M.S. "Highflyer".	..	..	..	..	West quay No. 3.
.. 15 ..	Do ..	S.S. "West Canada"	3,711	A	H. Thompson ..	San Francisco	West quay No. 4
.. 15 ..	Do. ..	H.M.S. "Cornelia".	..	..	..	..	West quay No. 6
.. 16 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Colne" ..	3,968	B	W. C. Morrison.	Calcutta ..	No. 6
.. 18 ..	Do ..	S.S. "Peeria" ..	3,629	B	A. J. Watkins ..	Do. ..	No. 6
.. 18 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Egra" ..	2,245	B	C. S. H. Why thead.	Singapore ..	No. 2.
.. 16 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Matra" ..	2,476	B	G. Hamilton .	Calcutta ..	No. 6.
.. 18 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Madanja" ..	1,418	B	R. M. Dooley .	Do. ..	No. 5.
.. 16 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Mackinnon".	6,049	B	W. Thomson ..	New York ..	No. 4.
.. 20 ..	Do ..	S.S "Hatipara" ..	4,040	B	A. D. Kinnear ..	London ..	Fairway.
.. 21 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Colaba" ..	2,195	B	D. L. Neilson ..	Calcutta ..	No. 6.
.. 21 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Elanga" ..	2,156	B	H. McClelland.	Rangoon ..	No. 3.
.. 22 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Sharata" ..	1,957	B	F. B. Egnold .	Negapatam ..	South quay and Nos 1 and 2.
.. 21 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Banka" ..	4,184	D	C. J. Terriel .	Antwerp ..	West quay No. 2
.. 22 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Ogilvy".	3,716	B	R. Pill .	Marseilles and London.	West quay No. 1.

A = American. B = British. BI = British Indian. Ch = Chinese.
D = Dutch. Sw = Swedish.

* Other particulars are not available.

Harbour Office, Madras,
24th January 1921.

G. H. PINNIS, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS

Report of an absentee without leave from the 67th Battery, R.F.A., dated at Bangalore, this 19th day of January 1921.

Number, rank, and name, 240649, Dr. Smith George; age, 21 years; height, 5 feet 4½ inches; colour of complexion, fresh; hair, black; eyes, brown; trade, seaman; date of enlistment, 1st March 1919; place of enlistment, Seaforth, Liverpool; parish and county in which born, Grimsby, Lincolnshire; date of desertion or absence, 24th December 1920; place of desertion or absence, Bangalore, South India; marks, tattoo marks, clasped hands, lady's head left forearm; right forearm sailing vessel; not on leave; under 2 years' service.

[Illegible],
Commanding 67th Battery, R.F.A.

No. 21694 Sergeant Plant, No. 8 Battery, R G A., absent last night. Left note saying he was going on a holiday; known to have shaved off moustache.

[Illegible],
Commandant.

Reports of absentees from Deolali camp.

No. 28478 Private Walters, A., 1st Welsh Regiment, and No. 57162 Private Walters, D., same regiment, reported absentees from this camp from 17th January.

[Illegible],
Officer Commanding, British Concentration Camp.

Report of a deserter or absentee without leave from the Royal Air Force School, India, dated at Bangalore, the 17th day of January 1921.

Number, rank and name, 340809 A.C.-2 (A/Cpl.) Fraser-Bain, I.M.(M.M.); age, 31 years; height, 5 feet 6¼ inches; colour of complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, blue; trade, clerk; date of enlistment, 25th February 1920; place of enlistment, Blandford, Dorset; parish and county in which born, Auckland, New Zealand; date of desertion or absence, 6th December 1920; place of desertion or absence, Bangalore, India; marks, walks with a short sharp step and turns his toes in, has very small feet in comparison to the size of his body; under one year's service.

[Illegible],
Flying Officer, Adjutant for Commandant, R.A.F. School, Bangalore.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF CASUARINA ROOTS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon on Monday, the 21st February 1921, for the supply of the following during 1921-22:—

(1) Casuarina roots in pieces small enough to be put through the furnace door of the boilers of the Public Works Workshops, per ton.

(2) Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100 in cash or currency notes as earnest money, which amount will be returned if the tender is not accepted.

(3) The person whose tender is accepted must deposit a further sum of Rs. 100 and execute an agreement within seven days of the acceptance of the tender, failing which the earnest money will be forfeited.

(4) Tenders should be superscribed on the cover containing them "Tenders for the supply of casuarina roots."

(5) Full name and address should be given below the signature of tenderer.

(6) The Superintendent reserves to himself the right of rejecting any or all of the tenders received without assigning any reason for so doing.

(7) Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned.

Madras, 7th January 1921.

TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF OILS, COAL, COKE, ETC., FOR 1921-22.

Tenders for supply of the following articles to the Public Works Stores for twelve months from 1st April 1921 to 31st March 1922 will be received by the undersigned on Monday the 21st February 1921.

Tenders should be sent in sealed cover superscribed as "Tender" and accompanied by a cash deposit of Rs. 200. Samples of oil should be sent with the tenders. Tenders with which cash deposit is not furnished will not be considered.

Name.	Unit.	Probable quantity required.
1. Heavy engine oil	Gallons.	3,000
2. Golden spindle oil	"	1,000
3. Crank case oil	"	60
4. Shafting oil	"	50
5. Machine oil	"	50
6. Special gas engine oil	"	50
7. Cylinder oil	"	200
8. Kerosene oil 12°	"	400
9. Double boiled linseed oil	"	15,000
10. Pale boiled linseed oil	"	3,000
11. Raw linseed oil	"	1,000
12. Wood oil (Indian)	"	400
13. Coconut oil	"	1,000
14. Kerosene oil 12°	"	150
15. Mineral grease	"	50
16. Bengal steam coal	Tons.	1½
17. Hard foundry coke	"	450
18. Turpentine	Gallons.	75
		800

Madras, 11th January 1921.

H. F. DeCOURCY,
Superintendent, Public Works Stores.

AUCTION SALE OF SERVANT'S TENT.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that an old servant's tent will be sold in public auction on 3rd March 1921 in the District Forest Office premises by the District Forest Officer, West Cuddapah, at 1 p.m.

2. Intending bidders should deposit a sum of Rs. 20 with the officer conducting sales and successful bidders will be required to pay up the full bid amount as soon as the sale is over. The deposits of unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them.

A. HANUMANTHA RAO,
District Forest Officer.

Cuddapah, 13th January 1921.

SALE OF THE RIGHT OF ENJOYMENT OF USUFRUCT OF TREES, ETC.

Notice is hereby given that the sale of the right of enjoyment of the usufruct of trees, collection of shells, etc., noted below will be conducted at the respective stations and on the dates specified between 3 and 5 p.m. All intending bidders are requested to bid for them.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

(1) All bidders should deposit Rs. 5 at the commencement of the sale. The successful bidder should pay the whole amount of bid in advance as soon as the bid is knocked down. The deposited money will be repaid on the spot in the case of unsuccessful bidders.

(2) The highest bidder shall be the purchaser, but in the case of dispute the right will be re-auctioned.

(3) The sale shall be subject to the approval of the Executive Engineer and the enjoyment commences from the date of approval of the Executive Engineer and after the lease agreements are signed by the lessees.

(4) No damage should be done to the trees or banks or berms, of canal. If anything should happen unexpectedly, it should at once be brought to the notice of the Executive Engineer, Chingleput division, otherwise the lessee will have to hold himself responsible for any loss to Government.

(5) The lessee will have the right only to enjoy the usufruct, etc., as noted, but not to infringe any other rules in existence and after the approval of the Executive Engineer.

Items of miscellaneous properties to be sold in public auction in Chingleput division.

Number and name of sub-division.	Description of produce to be sold.	Period of lease	Place of auction.	Date of auction.
1. Tiruvallur ..	Right of collecting banyan trees' leaves in the left upper flood bank in Kadavedu limits.	1st March to 31st December 1921.	Tamaiapak ancient bungalow compound.	1921. 10th February.
2. Do. ..	Right of collecting mangoes seeds and fallen leaves.	Do.	Vallur ancient bungalow compound.	Do.
3. Mount ..	Right of fishing in the old Bangaru channel.	One year ..	Lessee's shed at Kosavaram.	25th January
4. Do. ..	Right of fishing in Varadhabudhara canal.	Do. ..	Do.	Do.
5. Do. ..	Usufruct of trees in Johanson Gardens, Saidapet.	Do. ..	Johanson Gardens, Saidapet.	31th February.
6. Do. ..	Right of cutting korai grass in old Bangaru channel.	1st March to 31st May 1921	Lessee's shed at Kosavaram.	16th do.
7. Do. ..	Right of fishing in Chembarambakam tank.	1st April 1921 to 31st March 1922.	Chembarambakam tank bund.	Do.
8. Tiruvallur ..	Tamarind produce in the compound of Vallur ancient bungalow.	1st January to 31st July 1921.	Vallur ancient bungalow..	20th January.
9. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the Vallur channel.	Do.	Do.	Do.
10. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the left bank of Kortallar below Vallur ancut in Sempakkam limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
11. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the right bank of Kortallar above Vallur ancut	Do	Do.	Do.
12. Do. ..	Tamarind produce below Vallur ancut.	Do.	Do.	Do
13. Do. ..	Tamarind produce above left bank of Kortallar above Vallur ancut in Mahar limits	Do.	Do.	Do.
14. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the right bank of Kortallar above Vallur ancut in Nalur limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
15. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in Payur limits .	Do.	Do.	Do.
16 E Canal South.	Coconut and palmyra trees in Junction canal.	One year ..	Adyar North look ..	30th January.
17. Do.	Tamarind, date, wood apple and mangoes produce	Do. ..	Do. ..	31st do
18. Tiruvallur .	Tamarind produce on the right bank of Kortallar above Vallur ancut in Madiyur limits.	1st January to 31st July 1921	Vallur ancient bungalow.	20th do.
19. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the left bank of Kortallar above Vallur ancut in Vanrapakam limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.

Number and name of sub-division.	Description of produce to be sold.	Period of lease.	Place of auction.	Date of auction.
20. Tiruvallur ..	Tamarind produce in Kortilaiyar in left upper flow bank in Sembedu limits.	1st January to 31st July 1921.	Tamarapak ancient bungalow compound.	1921 27th January.
21. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the old and new Hospital	Do.	Do.	Do.
23. Do. ..	Tamarind produce on Red Hills tank bund	Do.	Sub-Overseer's quarters at Red Hills.	28th January.
29. Do. ..	Tamarind produce on Cholavaram tank bund.	Do.	Do.	Do.
31. Do. ..	Tamarind produce on lower supply channel bank.	Do.	Do.	Do.
35. Do. ..	Mango produce on the left bank of Kortalaiyar above Vallur ancient in Nalur limits.	1st March to 31st July 1921.	Vallur ancient bungalow compound.	10th February.
36. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the compound of Vallur ancient bungalow	1st March to 30th September 1921.	Do.	Do.
37. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in Vallur channel in Sennevaram limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
38 Do .	Palmyra produce in the left bank of Kortalaiyar below Vallur ancient in Sennevaram limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
39. Do. ..	Palmyra produce above and below Vallur ancient in Sennevaram limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
40 Do. ..	Palmyra produce in Vallur ancient in Minjur limits	Do.	Do.	Do.
41. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in Vallur ancient in Sellur limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
42. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the right bank of Kortalaiyar above Vallur ancient in Nayar limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
43. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the right bank of Kortalaiyar above Vallur ancient in Minjur limits	Do.	Do.	Do.
44. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the left bank of Kortalaiyar upper flood bank above Vallur ancient in Vanampakkam limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
45 Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the Kortalaiyar left upper flood bank in Pangalmadu limits	Do.	Tamarapak ancient bungalow compound.	Do.
46 Do ..	Palmyra produce in the Kortalaiyar left upper flood bank in Kalivada limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
47. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the Kortalaiyar left upper flood bank in Sembedu limits	Do.	Do.	Do.
48. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the upper flood bank in Annamanbakkam limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
49 Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the upper flood bank in Valliyar limits	Do.	Do.	Do.
50. Do. .	Palmyra produce in lower flood bank in Sathapakkam limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
51. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in lower flood bank in Agaram limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
52. Do. ..	Palmyra produce in old and new Hospital in Kattikuppam limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
53 Do. ..	Palmyra produce in upper supply channel in Kattikuppam, Sengalikuppam and Ayalchuri limits.	Do.	Do.	Do.
54 Do. ..	Palmyra produce in the foreshore of the Cholavaram tank bund.	Do.	Cholavaram rest-house compound.	Do.
55. Do. ..	Produce of date trees on the right and left banks of Kortalaiyar in Vallur channel in Minjur, Sellur, Sennevaram, Madiyur, Nayar, and Vanampakkam limits.	Do.	Vallur ancient bungalow compound.	Do.
56. Do ..	Produce of date trees on Red Hills tank bund.	Do.	Sub-Overseer's quarters at Red Hills.	Do.
57. Do. ..	Right of cutting Jamba grass on the Red Hills tank bund.	Do.	Do.	Do.
58. Do. ..	Right of cutting Jamba grass on Cholavaram tank bund.	Do.	Cholavaram rest-house compound.	12th February.
59. Do. ..	Right of cutting Korai grass in the margin of Kortalaiyar in Vanampakkam limits.	Do.	Vallur ancient bungalow compound.	10th February.
60. Do. .	Right of cutting korai grass in upper supply channel in Annamanbakkam limits.	Do.	Tamarapak ancient bungalow compound	Do.
61. Do ..	Right of cutting korai grass in Cholavaram irrigation channel.	Do.	Cholavaram rest-house compound	12th February.
62. Do ..	Right of cutting korai grass in lower supply channel.	Do.	Do	Do.
63 Do. ..	Right of cutting rabi grass in the upper supply channel in Annamanbakkam limits.	Do.	Tamarapak ancient bungalow.	10th February.
64. Do. ..	Right of cutting rabi grass in sub-overseer's quarters compound.	Do.	Do.	Do.

Number and name of sub-division.	Description of produce to be sold.	Period of lease.	Place of auction.	Date of auction.
				1921.
54. Chinglepat ..	Tamarind produce in the compound of the inspection bungalow at Karungali.	1st January 1921 to 31st July 1921.	Karungalai inspection bungalow.	26th January.
55. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the compound of the inspection bungalow at Chinglepat.	Do.	Chinglepat inspection bungalow.	27th do.
57. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the P.W.D. Subdivision office compound at Chinglepat.	Do.	P.W.D. Subdivision office at Chinglepat	28th do.
58. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in the compound of the inspection bungalow at Tirukkalikkunram.	Do.	Inspection bungalow at Tirukkalikkunram	30th do.
59. Mount ..	Tamarind produce in Kambakkal 8th to 9th mile.	One year ..	Enjambakkam railway station	27th do.
60. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in Kambakkal 9th to 13th mile.	Do. ..	Melpadavur bungalow	28th do.
61. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in Kambakkal 13th mile to end.	Do. ..	Kandur	29th do.
62. Do. ..	Tamarind produce from Govindavadi channel, six yards to end.	Do ..	Kuram village ..	29th do.
63. B canal ..	Produce of cocoanut and palmyra trees in canal cast adjoining the Pappanchavadi wharf.	1st July 1920 to 30th June 1921.	Pappanchavadi wharf	24th do.
64. Mount ..	Velai produce in Kambakkal 10th mile.	One year ..	Melpadavur bungalow	28th do.
66. Do. ..	Tamarind produce in Kambakkal 1 to 4 miles.	Do. ..	Kuram village ..	29th do.
66. B canal ..	Mango produce in Kambakkal 8 to 10½ miles.	1st February 1921 to 30th June 1921.	Kattur south lock ..	28th do.
67. Do. ..	Mango produce in Kambakkal 11½ to 14 miles.	Do.	Pallikaranai ..	29th do.
68. Do. ..	Mango produce in Kambakkal 16 to 24 miles.	Do.	Chintamani lock ..	30th do.
69. B canal south	Collecting stone canal bank 27 to 36 miles.	1st April 1921 to 31st August 1921.	Coromandel lock ..	6th February.
70. Do.	Collecting stone canal bank 38 to 54 miles.	Do. ..	Kuta	10th do.
71. Do.	Tamarind produce 27 to 30 miles.	1st December 1920 to 31st May 1921.	Coromandel lock ..	9th do.
72. Do.	Do. 31 to 33 do.	Do.	Kuta	10th do.
73. Do	Do. 33 to 35 do	Do	Pambli	11th do.
74. Do.	Do. 35 to 76 do	Do.	Swarnamukhi ..	13th do.
75. Do.	Do. 75 to 82 do	Do.	Siddavaram ..	14th do.
76. Do.	Do. 82 to 90½ do.	Do.	Do. ..	14th do.
77. Do.	Produce of mango trees, Adyar south lock.	1st January 1921 to 30th June 1921.	Adyar south lock ..	22nd January.
78. Do.	Produce of tamarind trees 5/0 to 6/0 miles.	Do.	Do. ..	22nd do
79. Do.	Produce of tamarind trees 6/2 to 10/0 miles.	Do	Pappanchavadi wharf.	24th do.
80. Do.	Produce of palmyra trees at seven Pagodas.	Do.	Mahabalipuram ..	27th do.
81. Do.	Produce of tamarind trees 37/0 to 42/0 miles.	Do.	Madras	29th do.
82. Do.	Produce of palmyra trees 37/0 to 42/0 miles.	Do.	Do.	29th do.
83. Do.	Produce of mango and tamarind trees at inspection bungalow at seven Pagodas.	Do.	Do.	30th do.

R. SAVARINATHAN,
Executive Engineer, Chinglepat Division.

Madras, 10th January 1921.

TENDERS FOR CARTS AND COOLIES.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon on Monday the 21st February 1921 for the supply of carts and coolies for despatch of articles from Public Works Stores during 1921–22.

2. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 50 in cash or currency notes as earnest money, which amount will be returned if the tender is not accepted.

3. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit Rs. 100 and enter into an agreement within seven days from the date of acceptance of his tender.

4. Tenders should specify rates for the following :—

(i) Rate per coolie per mile.
(ii) Rate from 1 to 10 cwt. per cart per mile for light or heavy articles.
(iii) Rate from 1 to 10 cwt. per truck per mile for light or heavy articles.
(iv) Rate from 10 to 20 cwt. per cart per mile for light or heavy articles.
(v) Rate from 10 to 20 cwt. per truck per mile for light or heavy articles.
(vi) Rate per ton for articles weighing more than one ton, per mile, whether each article or articles put together weighing more than one ton.
(vii) Rate empty trucks going to or returning from stations on their actual weights per ton per mile.

(viii) Rate loading and unloading heavy articles per ton.
(ix) Rate loading and unloading other articles per ton.

Note.—Heavy articles—engines, pumps, girders, angles, flats, rounds, etc., of over 10 feet length, cement and coal tar in barrels, etc. and the like. Light articles—paints, kegs, bolts, nuts, buckets, scientific instruments, stores, mammoties, hammers, pick axes, crow bars and the like.

N.B.—Separate rate in tender for light articles and heavy articles to be given.

Note.—Carts and trucks should be supplied by the contractor.

5. That the contractor will be present once a day to see that all the articles delivered over to him are despatched on the same day without delay.

6. The contractor will obtain and deliver the Railway receipts from the Railway station and be answerable for demurrage caused by delay.

7. The contractor should accept the distance laid down in the Madras Hackney Carriage Act of 1911 published in Supplement to *Fort St George Gazette*, dated 17th December 1912, pages 24 and 25, between Medical Stores and other places, as being the same as those from the Public Works Stores.

8. Tenders should be superscribed on the cover containing them "Tenders for the supply of carts and coolies."

9. Full name and address should be given below the signature of the tenderer.

10. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right of rejecting any or all the tenders received without assigning any reason for so doing.

11. Any further information can be obtained from the undersigned.

H. F. DeCOURCY,
Superintendent, Public Works Stores.

Madras, 7th January 1921.

TENDERS FOR BINDING OF REGISTRATION RECORDS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders for the binding of registration records of the Calicut district will be received up to 1st March 1920 by the undersigned at Calicut.

2. Tenders should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for the binding of registration records" so as to reach the office of the District Registrar of Calicut on or before the above date and no notice will be taken of tenders received after that date.

3. The rates at which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the work should be quoted against each kind of record and the amount of rate of charge, if any, to be admitted for taking the binding press and materials to the Registrar's office and for attending sub-offices when necessary should be specified.

4. The successful tenderer will, subject to the approval of the tender by the Superintendent of the Government Press, Madras, be required to execute the necessary agreements on a date fixed by the undersigned and if he fails to do so within that date his tender will be rejected.

5. The work should commence in April and be completed before the 15th March 1922 and should on no account be sub-let and such piece of work should be completed within the time fixed by the District Registrar therefor.

6. The successful tenderer should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement to be forfeited for the breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

7. The undersigned reserves to himself the right to reject any tender without assigning reasons for doing so.

8. Tenderers may at any time before submitting the tender apply to the District Registrar for any further information with regard to the nature of binding, etc.

Nature of work.	Style of binding.
(i) Rebinding of Register books 1, 2, 3 and 5.	Full leather or roxine.
(ii) Binding of original indexes I, II, III and IV.	Full leather or roxine back and leather.
(iii) Register books, 4, 4-B and index IV-D, thumb impression register and settlement registers.	Binders cloth with back and corner of leather or roxine.
(iv) File book 1 and file of translations.	Binders cloth with roxine back.
(v) Restitching of register books.	"
(vi) Deposition book, power-of-attorney files, registers of records, Accounts A, B, C and other books or files not specified in items (i) to (iv) supra.	Half calico and marble.

Note.—1. Straw boards and not country paste boards should be used for covers, card board of 2½ lb. of special size being used for register book 1, 2 lb. 30" × 25" for file book 1 and file of translations, 1½ lb. 30" × 25" for books 3, 4 and 4 D and 1 lb. 30" × 25" for books 2 and 5.

2. Card boards with full leather lining removed from duplicate index volumes will be supplied to the successful tenderer for the use of covers for original indexes.

3. The rate for binding indexes should be exclusive of the cost of card boards and leather supplied departmentally.

Registrar's Office, Calicut,
14th January 1921.

K. C. VERGHESE,
Registrar.

TENDERS FOR THE ARTICLES OF DIET, ETC., FOR GOVERNMENT HEADQUARTER HOSPITAL, BELLARY, FOR THE YEAR COMMENCING FROM 1st APRIL 1921 TO END OF MARCH 1922.

SEALED tenders will be received by the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Bellary, upto 15th February 1921.

2. The articles required are detailed in the schedules below (in five groups)

3. A separate tender must be sent in for each group.

4. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for the supply of milk, bread, other articles of diet, hospital necessaries and fresh water, as the case may be, for the Government Headquarters Hospital, Bellary."

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit for the amounts noted against the items in the schedule (in Government promissory notes or bank receipts) as earnest money. When several groups are tendered for, one bank receipt for the total amount of earnest money will be received. In default of earnest deposit the tender will be rejected. No cash will be received. The deposits will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers immediately and to successful tenderer as soon as he lodges the security.

6. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender or to refuse to undertake the contract if his tender is accepted, and in the event of his so doing, his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

7. The successful tenderer must, within seven days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, deposit as security for the due performance of his contract, a sum shown below against each item :—

	Rs.		Rs.
Milk	50	Hospital necessaries ..	25
Bread	25	Water	15
Other articles of diet ..	100		

and execute a bond at his cost, failing which his deposit will be forfeited to Government. The contractors' security, if not confiscated, will be returned to him on completion of his contract.

8. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor.

9. A fine not exceeding 10 per cent of the earnest deposit will be levied for any infringement of the stipulations of the bond, and, if frequently repeated, the contract will be annulled and the security confiscated to Government.

10. The contract must not be sublet.

11. The District Medical and Sanitary Officer reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

12. Government promissory notes lodged as earnest money or security deposit for a period of twelve months or less shall not be endorsed over to the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. The Government will appropriate or cancel the notes as per G.O. No. 2358, dated 31st March 1890, authority to that effect being duly entered in the contract or other documents executed by the depositor. The tenderer should attach a certificate to his schedule to the effect: "I, the tenderer, agree to have the earnest money, if in Government promissory notes or bank receipts, confiscated to Government in case of my failure to undertake the contract".

13. The contract is subject to the approval of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.

14. No articles shall be supplied to the Hospital, except on authority signed by the Medical Officer or by some responsible person authorised by him in writing to do so.

SCHEDULE.

GROUP (i).

Milk (milked in Hospital, specific gravity not below 1021) (Earnest money deposit Rs. 20).	.. ..	per 1 pint.

GROUP (ii).

Bread	.. ..	per 1 pound.

(Earnest money deposit Rs. 15.)

GROUP (iii)—OTHER ARTICLES OF DIET.

(Earnest money deposit Rs. 60.)

Articles.	Rate per	Articles.	Rate per
Rice, old and well cleaned	1 pound.	Kerosene oil, white	1 gallon.
Raw rice	"	Cocoanut oil	1 pound.
Tamarind, without seeds	"	Mutton with bones	"
Salt, white	"	Mutton without bones	"
Dhall, first sort	1 measure.	Eggs, fowl	One.
Curry powder, including all ingredients ..	1 pound.	Chicken	One.
Pepper	"	Coffee powder (first sort)	1 pound.
Onions	"	Tea, Lipton	"
Garlic	"	Sugar, white	"
Turmeric	"	Sugar, brown	"
Coriander	"	Jaggery, best sort	"
Cummin seeds	1 ounce.	Sago	"
Chillies, dried	1 pound.	Soogi	"
Tamarind	"	Firewood, well dried	"
Gingelly oil	"	Potatoes	"
Ghee, good sort	"	Butter	"

GROUP (IV)—HOSPITAL REQUISITES.

(Earnest money deposit Rs. 25.)

Articles.	Rate per
Mustard	.. 100
Clarion, large	.. 100
Carbon, small	.. 100
Broom, country	.. 100
Brooms, straw bundle	.. 500
Cotton, clean	.. 1 pound.
Sunlight soap	.. 1 cake.
Linseed	.. 1 pound.
Barley	.. ..

Articles.	Rate per
Corn flour, first sort	.. 1 pound.
Oatmeal, 2nd sort	.. "
Arrow root	.. "
Sago	.. "
Lime fruit	.. Opo.
Fine, mate'y, big	.. 1 dozen.
Do. small	.. "
Table salt	.. 1 pound.

GROUP (V)—FRESH MEATS.

(Earnest money deposit Rs. 5)

Four cooks daily.

M. K. VARUGHESE,
Acting District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Bellary.

20th January 1921.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES, HOSUR REMOUNT DEPOT

SEALED tenders (*verbal offers) for the supply of the undermentioned supplies from 1st April 1921 or such subsequent date after receipt of the formal sanction of the Quartermaster-General in India to 31st March 1925 will be received by the Superintendent, Hosur Remount Depot, up to 1 p.m. (*at the public auction to be held at Hosur Remount Depot office) on the 16th February 1921.

2. Forms of 'Tender' and 'Schedules' (I A F 2212C, 2121 and 2152) of the stores for the supply of which tenders are invited, are obtainable on payment at the rate of Re. 1 per set on application in writing, and samples of the articles to be supplied can be inspected at the Hosur Remount Depot any day (Sundays and holidays excepted) between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

3. Tenders will only be received in accordance with the conditions on these printed forms, which must be submitted in English and should specify in words as well as in figures the rate at which each description of article named in them will be delivered. Fractional parts of pice in rates will not be accepted. Tenders must be duly signed and completed in accordance with the instructions they contain.

4. Tenders (*bids) should be accompanied by a deposit in the form of a $\frac{\text{Presidency Bank}}{\text{Treasury}}$ Receipt or Government Promissory Notes, Provincial or Municipal debentures, or post trust bonds, as earnest money, at the rate of 2 per cent on the total value of the stores tendered for, subject to a minimum of Rs. 25 which deposit will be returned on acceptance or rejection of the tender. In the case of Promissory Notes being furnished they must remain in the name of the depositor.

5. No security or deposit which the tenderer (*bidder) may have furnished in connexion with a previous contract or on any other account can be accepted as earnest money.

6. The approval or rejection of tenders (*bids) rests with the Quartermaster-General in India who reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender, or any items in a tender, without cause assigned. The lowest tender will not of necessity be accepted.

7. † Tenders will be opened at this office at 1 p.m. on Wednesday the 16th February 1921. Tenderers are invited to attend.

8. Parties tendering (*bidding) are particularly requested to give their addresses in full.

9. Any further information required can be obtained on application to this office between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. (Sundays and holidays excepted)

10. Tenders must be sent under a strong cover, securely fastened, sealed with a distinctive device and conspicuously marked "Tender for the supply of ," and addressed to the Superintendent, Hosur Remount Depot and not to any officer by name.

11. Tenders (*bids) which do not comply with the above conditions will be rejected.

12. Tenderers for Schedule III will quote rate for each item or article as the case may be a list of which will be supplied on application and will also please note that the Superintendent, Hosur Remount Depot, will have the option to obtain any articles which are obtainable with economic advantage to Government in bulk direct from manufacturers or retailers during the period of contract.

Supplies required.	Where required.	Approximate requirements.	Remarks.
Schedule I—		LB.	
Kulthi, 1st sort, thoroughly cleaned and free from dirt and impurity and the growth of the present year.	Hosur Remount Depot.	1,951,500	
Schedule II—			
Straw, ragi and paddy of best quality, well dried and cleaned.	Do.	3,385,010	
Schedule III—			
Petty stores as per list available in the Hosur Remount Depot office.	Do.	As required.	Earnest money Rs. 500.

R. S. SCOTT, Major,
Superintendent, Hosur Remount Depot.

Hosur, 15th January 1921.

* Alternatives not required to be erased. † Not applicable to an auction contract.

TENDERS FOR CONSTRUCTING A NEW DISTRICT FOREST OFFICE AT TIRUPATTUR, NORTH ARCOT DISTRICT.

SEALED tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 11 o'clock on 15th February 1921, for constructing a new District Forest Office at Tirupattur, North Arcot district. Rs. 19,100.

2. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Salem, and should be superscribed "Tender for the construction of a new District Forest Officer's Office, Tirupattur, North Arcot district."

3. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 200 in cash or currency notes which will be returned to the tenderers whose tenders are not accepted.

4. The Executive Engineer, Salem, will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 100 which, with the earnest money received, will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with conditions 5 and 6 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

8. The contract must not be sublet.

9. Other conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. in the Executive Engineer's office from which blank forms of tender can also be obtained.

SCHEDULE.

CONSTRUCTION A DISTRICT FOREST OFFICE AT TIRUPATTUR, ARCOT OR MITTAL, Rs. 19,100.

Quantity.	Description of work.	Per
3,330 c. ft. ..	Concrete broken stone in lime mortar, Lime : Sand : Stone :: 1 : 2 : 4½ ..	100 c.ft.
3,375 s. ft. ..	Ground moulded bricks in lime mortar in foundation and basement 1 : 2 ..	"
7,180 s. ft. ..	Ground moulded bricks in lime mortar in superstructure 1 : 2.	"
369 s. ft. ..	Arch work segmental in superstructure	"
276 lb. ..	Wrought iron works	lb
48 59 cwt. ..	Hanging and sliding gardes	cwt.
52 c. ft. ..	Teak wood wrought and put up	C. ft.
375 s. ft. ..	Pillamarudu scraughs and put up	Do
220 s. ft. ..	Pillamarudu scraughs and put up	S.ft.
	One-third panelled and 5/8 venetianed door pillamarudu frames 4" × 8" and teak shutters 1½" thick with pachamentary hinges lower bolts fixing wood blocks in walls with iron catches including strong hasps and staples with rivets etc., complete.	
90 s. ft. ..	Panelled door with pillamarudu frames, etc., same as above fitting with ordinary butt hinges, etc., complete.	S.ft.
324 s. ft. ..	Windows with glazed shutters inside and panelled shutters outside with iron bars ½" square and a flat bar 2" × ½" in the middle including pillamarudu frames 4" × 4" and teak shutters 1½" thick with pachamentary hinges, hooks and eyes including wood blocks in walls with iron catches, etc., complete.	S.ft.
128 s. ft. ..	Wire gauze half venetian and half glazed above, with expanded metal ½" thick with 1½" meshes including pillamarudu frames and teak shutters and iron fittings complete.	S.ft.
178 s. ft. ..	Glazed swing ventilators moving on sill's pivots including pillamarudu frames, 4½" × 4" and teak shutters, 1½" thick, including ropes, etc., complete.	100 s. ft.
4750 s. ft. ..	Roofing with first class Mangalore tiles and flat tiles with air spaces including teak rafters, 2" × ½" and battens, 1½" × ½", and iron wind tie at ends with screws etc., complete.	"
655 s. ft. ..	Before tracing with brush on edge, 3" concrete, three layers of flat tiles including plastering three coats.	"
3,310 s. ft. ..	Flooring with Cuddapah slabs 1½" thick on 12" sand neatly dressed and pointed with cement.	100 s.ft
120 s. ft. ..	Paving with Cuddapah slabs 1½" thick and ½" mortar including the ends and painted with cement.	12 s.ft
50	Rendering with ½" cement 1 : 3 plaster over a bed of 6" concrete (1 : 2 : 4½).	"
1,000	Plastering with lime mortar 2 coats and smoothed (1 : 2)	"
2,630	Painting with chocolate paint 2 coats (labour only)	"
5,210	Wood ceiling 2 coats, labour only	"
800	Painting with antiscorrosive paint the steel joists, etc., labour only ..	"
39 Nos. ..	Cast-iron work for lamp stands including fixing in position (3' × 3" × 5") ..	Each.
38	Cast-iron work for lamp stands including fixing (1' 5" × 6" × 6")	..
11 s.ft. ..	Corbel stones including laying (1' 5" × 6" × 6")	C.ft.
94 r.ft. ..	Cornice-work dressed	R.ft.
102	Cornice-work all round in record-room	"
30	Galvd. sheet iron sheets 20 B.W.G. for walings 3' wide fixing, labour only ..	"
	Teak wood Punkahs with brown Holland fringes, hook with ropes, etc., complete.	S.ft.
232 sq. ft. ..	Hanging tiled verandahs with pillamarudu rafters and ropers, etc.	1,000 s.ft.
12,000 s.ft. ..	Earthwork excavating foundations and filling in basement	..
.. ..	Jamlal purdies work over ventilators in gables	..
.. ..	Relieving arches over windows in record-room where girders come over them.	..

Constructing a latrine of two seats as per Sanitary design No. 2 of 1917.

150 c.ft. ..	Earthwork excavation	1,000 s.ft.
175	Ground moulded brick in lime mortar foundation and basement (1 : 2) ..	100 c.ft
140	Ground moulded brick in lime mortar superstructure (1 : 2)	"
40 sq. ft. ..	Flooring with ½" Cuddapah slabs over ½ inch mortar and pointing with cement (1 : 3) to the full depth of slabs.	100 s.ft.
525	Plastering with cement ¼ inch thick (1 : 3)	"
4 Nos. ..	Cuddapah dish foot rest including setting with cement mortar (1 : 3) ..	Each.
36 c.ft. ..	Sand filling	100 s.ft.
1	Cartouse work	C.ft.
5	Concrete broken stone in lime mortar (1 : 3 : 6) (lime, sand : stone) ..	100 s.ft.

Constructing a compound wall with two gates for the proposed District Forest office, Tirupattur.

Compound wall and gate pillars.

Quantity.	Description of work.	Per
3,920 s.ft. ..	Earthwork excavation	1,000 s.ft.
1,960	Concrete broken stone in lime mortar (1 : 6 : 54)	100 c.ft.
660	Ground moulded brick in lime mortar foundation and basement (1 : 2)	100 c.ft.
1,371	Ground moulded brick in lime mortar superstructure (1 : 2)	..
2,000	Ground moulded brick in mud superstructure	..
6,400 s.ft. ..	Plastering with lime mortar, 2 coats (1 : 2)	100 s.ft.

Two gates,

For 1 gate as per plan.

6 c.ft. ..	Pillars in wood wrought and put up	C.ft.
75 lb. ..	Wrought iron work	Lb.
27 Nos. ..	4" bolts	Lb.
4	Cutstones 2" × 8" × 6" neatly dressed including fixing pivots with lead ..	Each.
75 s.ft. ..	Tarring 2 coats (labour only)	100 s.ft.

19th January 1921.

N. KESHAVA RAO,
Offg. Executive Engineer, Salem Division.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF ARTICLES OF DIET AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders in *duplicate* will be received up to 10 o'clock (morning) on Tuesday, the 15th February 1921, by the Superintendent, General Hospital, for the supply of the following articles :—

Diet, Storable, and Non-diet, etc., Storable—consist of articles to be indented for in quantities as required. Payment will be made on monthly bills. Supplies to continue from 1st April 1921 to 31st March 1922.

Diet, Perishable—consists of perishable articles of daily supply (supply to continue from 1st April 1921 to 31st March 1922). An indent for each day's requirement will be given to the contractor. Payment will be made on monthly bills.

Non-diet, Perishable, Paints, etc., Surgical Dressings, Aerated waters and "Bedding and Clothing"—consist of articles to be indented for in quantities as required. Payment will be made on monthly bills. Supplies to continue from 1st April 1921 to 31st March 1922.

2. The articles required are detailed in the classified schedules annexed, and information as to samples, etc., may be had on personal application at the hospital.

3. A separate tender must be sent in for each article or group thereof. It must be accompanied with samples of diet articles excepting those of European manufacture.

4. Tenders will be opened by the Superintendent at the General Hospital at the appointed time in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

5. Tenders to be superscribed in the manner classified in paragraph 1 and on the covers the words "Tenders for hospital supplies" written. Each tender must contain not only the rates, but the total value of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the items in which must be totalled up showing the aggregate value of each entire tender.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit (in Government promissory notes or Bank receipts) as earnest-money of the amount noted against each article. When several articles are tendered for, one Bank receipt for the total amount of earnest-money will be received. In default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders. *In cash will be received.* This deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers immediately and to the others as soon as they have lodged the security mentioned in paragraph 8.

7. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender and in the event of his so doing his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

8. The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security, viz., 10 per cent on the total value of the articles; *failing which his deposit will be forfeited to Government.*

9. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor.

10. Bills presented after delivery of the articles will be passed by the Deputy Accountant-General for payment and cheques issued on the Madras Bank.

11. A fine, not exceeding 10 per cent of deposit money, will be levied for any infringement of the stipulations of the bond, and, if frequently repeated, the contract will be annulled and the security confiscated to Government.

12. The contract must not be sublet. The contractor's security will be returned to him immediately on completion of his contract.

13. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right to decline or accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the unsuccessful tenderer without assigning any reason for so doing.

14. The Superintendent also reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

15. The successful competitor will be required to pay the value of the proper stamp duty on the contract.

16. Government promissory notes lodged as earnest money or security deposit for a period of twelve months or less *shall not be endorsed over to the Superintendent but shall remain in the name of the depositor.* The Government will appropriate or cancel the notes as per G.O. No. 2356, dated 1st March 1880, authority to that effect being duly entered in the contract or other document executed by the depositor.

17. With reference to the stipulations contained in the preceding paragraph, No. 16, the tenderer should attach a certificate to his schedules or schedule in the following effect :—

"*I, the tenderer, agree to have the earnest money of my Government promissory notes or bank receipts confiscated to Government in case of my failure to enter into the contract.*"

18. No articles shall be supplied to the hospital except on authority signed by the Superintendent or by some responsible person authorised by him in writing to do so.

19. Printed forms of tenders can be had on application at the General Hospital, Madras.

20. If samples submitted are approved and tender accepted, the samples received will be counted as part of the supply. If rejected, the samples will be returned. Tenderers are distinctly to understand that, if the tender be accepted, the balance of the article or articles required must be in every way equal to the approved sample. The opinion of the Superintendent is to be final on this point.

21. The number or quantity entered in the form of tender is the probable maximum number or quantity which the Superintendent undertakes to require to be supplied but the contractor will be under an obligation to supply such larger number or increased quantity as the Superintendent may require him to supply. The Superintendent does not bind himself to receive the full number or quantity noted in the schedule.

Articles.	Probable maximum number or quantity required.	Earnest deposit.	Remarks.
		Rs.	
Diet, Storable.			
Arrowroot (in 1 lb. packets)	Lb. 200	6	
Pearl barley, 1st sort, in bottle	" 2,000	25	
Tea, finest mess mixture (in one pound tins only)	" 800	16	
Chillies, dry, 1st sort, well cleaned	" 400	15	
Coriander do. do.	" 200	25	
Cummin seed do. do.	" 400	5	
Dhall do. do.	" 100	5	
Garlic do. do.	" 100	5	If the whole of diet, storable, is included in one tender, Rs. 150 will be received as earnest deposit.
Mustard, country, 1st sort, well cleaned	" 500	10	
Pepper, black do. do.	" 14,000	100	
Rice, 1st sort, good, well cleaned	" 500	5	
Salt, white	" 80	5	
Candles (in packets of two ounces)	" 50	5	
Tapioca	" 2,000	5	
Table rice	" 2,000	10	
Tamarind, without seed, well cleaned	" 100	5	
Turmeric, 1st sort, well cleaned	" 100	5	
Vendyam do. do.	" 100	5	
Vermicelli (in 2 lb. tins)	" 100	5	
Sago	" 100	5	
Oatmeal (in 2 lb. tins) (C. E. Horton, Limited, London).	" 250	10	
Non-diet, Storable.			
Cups	Lb. 50	5	
* Twine Europe	Rolls. 100	5	
* Strainers Rattan	No. 50	5	
* Buckets, large	" 150	10	
Bath bricks	" 100	5	
* Pipcons, long (7 inches in girth)	" 4,000	10	
* Do. common (7 inches in girth and clean shaven).	" 2,500	10	
* Matches (paper) 'Three stars'	Gross. 100	5	
Mats, common, 6 ft. × 6 ft.	'No. 200	5	
Camphor	Lb. 10	5	
Naphthaline	" 15	5	
Needles in packets 'Walker Saltburn'	Packets. 30	5	
Vinegar, malt, Europe, bottles	No. 100	5	
* Winnows	" 100	5	
Hooks and eyes	Doz. 10	5	If the whole of non-diet, storable, is included in one tender, Rs. 75 will be received as earnest deposit.
Thread reel, red	No. 40	5	
Do. black	" 12	5	
Tape, Europe, large	Rolls. 80	5	
Do. small	" 20	5	
Ball thread No 150	Lb. 8	5	
Do No. 80	" 12	5	
Thread buttons, large	Doz. 20	5	
Do. small	" 80	4	
Ball thread No 150	Lb. 12	5	
Indigo, boxes, Cycle and Elephant mark	Boxes. 40	10	
Lamp wick as per sample	Yds. 50	5	
Black lead powder (in 2 oz. packets)	Lb. 20	5	
* Pot rings	No. 100	5	
* Coconut scrubbers, large	" 250	5	
* Leaf umbrellas, large	" 50	5	
Bathing, shirts	" 6	5	
Surgical Dressings. (Quantities noted in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply.)			
Cotton, floss	Lb. 5,000	100	If the whole of surgical dressings is included in one tender, Rs. 150 will be received as earnest deposit. Samples required.
Cambrics (muslin)	Yds. 1,500	15	
Gun paper	Quires 200	5	
Cloth, unbleached, long, for bandages	Yds. 4,000	80	
Diet and Non-diet, Perishable. (Quantities noted in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply.)			
Sieves	No. 100	5	
Marking nuts	Vess. 12	5	
Engine oil	Pts. 100	5	
Spindle oil	" 50	5	
Soap, country	Lb. 1,000	15	

* Samples for items with asterisk marks can be seen in the Store department of the General Hospital and the supplies must be according to hospital samples.

Articles.		Probable maximum number or quantity required.	Earnest deposit.	Remarks.
'Dust and Non-dust, Frishable. (Quantities noted in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply)—cont.			Rs.	
Country washing soda	Lt	10,000	10	
Mobile oil	Gal.	24	10	
Brass polish	Tin.	500	25	
Lanphoo	No.	200	5	
Oil, lamp	Lb.	25	5	
Oil coconut	"	2,000	20	
Charcoal without dust	Tons.	42	125	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 250 will be received as earnest deposit.
Kerosene	Lb.	1,000	5	
Ovens, earthen	No.	50	5	
Mallays, long	"	500	5	
Mallays	"	500	5	
Mantlays	"	900	5	
Chatties, large	"	2,500	5	
Cocoanuts	"	100	5	
Pots, large (water)	"	250	5	
Brass lamps	"	50	5	
Perforated zinc sheets	Sq. yds.	50	5	
Wire nails, ½ inch	Lb.	12	5	
Do. ¾ "	"	12	5	
Do. 1 "	"	12	5	
Do. 2 inches	"	12	5	
Screw-nails, ½ "	Gross.	12	5	
Do. 1 "	"	12	5	
Do. 2 "	"	12	5	
Do. ½ "	"	4	5	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 75 will be received as earnest deposit.
Do. ¾ "	"	4	5	
Do. 2 "	"	4	5	
Do. 2½ "	"	4	5	
Do. 3 "	"	4	5	
Benzoin	Lb.	50	5	
Resin	"	5	5	
Candles, Belmont	"	200	25	
Lamp-thread	"	25	5	
Pears soap cakes	No.	600	5	
Goglet covers special as per sample	"	1,000	5	
Brass wire	Lb.	5	5	
Pots, large (rice)	No.	250	5	
Do. covers	"	100	5	
Goglets	"	300	5	
Do. covers as per sample	"	1,000	5	
Coal-tar	Lb.	100	5	
Soapnuts	"	50	5	
Chimney	"	500	5	
Europe mustard (Colman's)	Bots. ½ lb.	100	10	
Knife polisher	Tins.	50	5	
Window door hooks	Dozen.	5	5	
Wire netting (one yard breadth, ½ inch mesh) ..	Yds.	25	5	
Iron hinges	No.	250	5	
Europe washing soda	Lb.	1,000	10	
Alum	"	50	5	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 70 will be received as earnest deposit.
Waste cotton in bundles of one pound each ..	"	300	5	
Oil, kerosene	Galls.	500	10	
Coal-tar, without dust in bags	Tons.	2½	70	
Coffee powder	Lb.	6,000	75	
Astogram sugar	"	7,000	25	
Sugar, brown, without lumps	"	4,000	30	
River sand	Cartn.	12	5	
Whitewashing brushes	No.	150	5	
Clay	Cartn.	25	5	
Country twine	Lb.	25	5	
Waste paper (old newspaper—large size)	"	500	5	
Blotter paper	Qrs.	50	5	
Castor oil, common	Bots.	25	5	
Leaf lac	No.	500	5	
Bees' wax	Lb.	50	5	
Toilet paper	Rolls.	200	15	
Chalk	Lb.	15	5	
Aspinall's enamel black	Tins.	100	5	
Do. green	"	50	5	
Do. white	"	50	5	
Do. red	"	50	5	
Do. light oak	"	200	10	
Chocolate powder, 1st sort	Lb.	50	5	
Green do. do.	"	50	5	
Yellow do. do.	"	25	5	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 100 will be received as earnest deposit.
Yellow gabi	"	1,000	5	
White paint in tins of 5 lb. net	Tins.	200	25	
Red gabi	Lb.	25	5	
Copal varnish, fine	Bots.	200	25	
Linseed oil, 1st sort (pale boiled)	"	200	10	
Turpentine do.	"	100	5	
French polish, 1st sort	"	50	5	
Brushes for painting, large	No.	100	5	
Do. do. small	"	100	5	
Sand paper sheets	"	100	5	
Emery paper sheets, rough	"	200	5	
Do. emis	"	200	5	
Putty	Lb.	100	5	
Lamp-black	"	50	5	
Glue	"	100	5	
Cement (Gillingham)	"	500	5	
Picture rugs	No.	100	5	
Brass headed nails	"	100	5	

Articles		Probable minimum number or quantity required.	Earnest deposit.	Remarks.
			Rs.	
Diet, Perishable. (Quantities shown in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply.)				
Beef, 1st sort, without bone	Lb.	360	5	
Mutton, 1st sort, with bone, (a)	"	12,000	120	
Do. do without bone	"	15,000	150	
Sheep's feet	No.	14,000	20	
Mutton suet	Lb.	100	5	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 265 will be received as earnest deposit
Brain	"	100	4	
Liver	"	150	5	
Kidney	"	100	4	
Tongue	"	100	5	
Sweet-bread	"	100	5	
Bones	"	300	10	
Beef under cut	"	200	5	
Butter, fresh, best	"	2,500	40	
Buttermilk (20 oz. pt.), specific gravity not under 1,034.	Pints.	25,000	25	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 1,000 will be received as earnest deposit.
Milk, cow's, best; cows to be milked in hospital, specific gravity not under 1,032 pints of 20 oz	"	300,000	1,000	
Cream	Lb.	150	10	
Curd (tyre)	Pints.	150	5	
Chicken, or half fowls, 10 oz. each in weight when dressed.	No.	20,000	150	
Teal	"	50	5	
Pigeons	"	200	5	Do. Rs. 2dd do.
Snipe	"	100	5	
Partridge	"	50	5	
Fish, excluding wastage	Lb.	3,000	50	
Eggs, hen, fresh, 1½ oz. in weight each	No.	30,000	60	
Cocoanut, best, dall	Lb.	500	4	
Chillies, green	"	25	5	
Coriander leaves	"	25	5	
Lemon, fresh 1st size	No.	50,000	5	
Mint and parsley	"	30	5	
Onions	Lb.	400	5	
Oranges (5 a rupee)	No	6,000	10	
Apples, good, full size	"	3,000	10	
Pineapple, good, full size	"	3,000	5	
Mangoes, good, full size	"	1,000	5	
Sweet lime	"	250	5	
Ginger, green	Lb.	10	4	
Potatoes, 1st sort (2 oz. each)	"	10,000	20	
Spice, powder	"	13	5	Do. Rs. 70 do.
Vegetable, country, varied daily of such description (b) as can be procurable during the year, exclusive of wastage.	"	6,000	15	
Vegetable, Europe, varied daily, of such description as can be procurable during the year, exclusive of wastage.	(c) "	1,000	5	
Prunes	"	25	5	
Nutmegs	"	50	4	
Ginger, dry	"	40	5	
Honey	"	24	5	
Almonds	"	25	5	
Plums	"	50	5	
Apricot	"	50	5	
Figs	"	50	5	
Currants	"	50	5	
Cowries	"	2,000	20	
Hoppers, white, fresh, 3 oz. each	No.	120,000	50	
Bread, 1st sort	Lb.	50,000	150	
Bran	"	150	5	Do Rs. 150 do.
Flour, American or wheat flour	"	2,000	5	
Sooji	"	1,500	5	
Benger's food	Bott.	50	5	
Machine malted milk	No.	50	5	
Ghee	Tins.	500	12	
Brand's essence of chicken	"	100	5	
Do. of mutton	"	40	5	
Do. of beef	"	20	5	
Liebig's extract of beef	"	10	5	
Bovril	"	100	5	
Cocoa (Cadbury's) in ½ lb. tin	Lb.	100	5	
Cinnamon bark	"	25	5	Do Rs. 1dd do.
Gelatine, in 1 oz. packet	"	75	4	
Poppy seeds	"	25	3	
Mother's food (large)	Bots.	100	10	
Tamarin, Arrowroot, thin, English to be taken not weight in ½ lb. rolls	Lb.	100	24	
Ghee, pure in 12 viss tin	"	300	30	
Ice	"	20,000	150	
Salad oil	"	25	4	
Aerated Waters. (Quantities shown in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply.)				
Soda water splits	No	10,000	50	
Lemonade	"	10,000		

(a) Each sheep must weigh not less than 28 lb. Only male sheep will be accepted. The feet of the sheep must be attached when mutton is being passed by the Medical Officer. Goats' flesh will not be accepted as mutton under any condition. The butcher attended to the hospital will attend to the preparation of meat in several forms, etc., and during his absence either by illness or by other cause, the contractor will provide a butcher for conducting duties and he will be paid according to the scale fixed.

(b) The vegetable must be lady's fingers, drum sticks, brinjals, pumpkins, kanakkai pumpkins, edamullangu, radish, sweet potatoes, green plantains, kothavarakai, pachanghai, country beans, etc.

(c) Cabbage, beet-root, cauliflower, peas, beans, sho-sho, tomatoes, etc.

Articles.		Probable minimum number or quantity required.	Earnest deposit.	Remarks
			Rs.	
Wines and Spirits. (Quantities shown in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply.)				
Beer	Pints	24	6	
Porter	"	24	4	
Brandy	Bots.	240	25	
Burgundy	Pints.	12	6	
Claret	"	12	6	If the whole of this group is included in one tender, Rs. 50 will be received as earnest deposit.
Constantia	Bots.	48	6	
Champagne	Pints.	48	6	
Gin	Bots	12	6	
Sherry	"	48	5	
Whisky	"	12	6	
Bedding and Clothing. (Quantities shown in this group represent more or less twelve months' supply.)				
Blankets, red or white, Europe	No	150	30	
Curtains, mosquito (fine mesh)	"	8	6	
Razaies, Sameel, small	"	200	8	Do. Rs. 75 do.
Do. large	"	600	30	
Sacks, Gunny	"	6	6	
Trousers, flannel	"	6	6	
Straw for mattresses (parts of 1,000 lb. each)	"	76	10	
Cotton for mattresses, without seeds, clean	Lb.	3,800	20	Do. Rs. 20 do.
Covering cotton, per 100	No.	600	6	

N.B.—All articles of bedding and clothing must be hand-sewn

General Hospital, Madras,
22nd January 1921.

T. H. SYMONS, Lt.-Col., I.M.S.,
Superintendent.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

In spite of the notification published at page 500 of the *South Arcot District Gazette*, dated 26th June 1873, no claimant has appeared till now for the idol Manavalamahamuni. Notice is hereby given that the idol which is concerned in the Thengalai-Vadagalai suit of Thiruvendipuram in O.S. No. 4 of 1898 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot, and kept in safe custody in the South Arcot huzur treasury, will be sold in public auction by the Treasury Deputy Collector at the huzur treasury, Cuddalore, at 4 p.m. on Monday the 11th April 1921.

R. F. R. L. GUPPY,
Acting Collector.

Cuddalore, 6th January 1921.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF DIET AND HOSPITAL NECESSARIES.

SEALED tenders will be received by the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Cuddapah, up to 10 a.m. on the 3rd March 1921, for the supply of the diet and hospital necessaries required for the Government Headquarter Hospital, Cuddapah.

2. No tender will be received after the hour specified above.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for the supply of diet and hospital necessaries for the Government Headquarter Hospital, Cuddapah." Articles required are detailed on the schedule annexed.

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit Rs. 100 in cash as earnest money.

In default of such deposit the tender will be rejected. This deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers immediately and to successful tenderers as soon as he lodges the security.

5. The successful tenderer must, within 15 days from the date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted will have to lodge a security of Rs. 400, and execute a bond at his cost for the performance of his contract.

6. A fine not exceeding 10 per cent of deposit money will be levied for any infringement of the stipulation of the bond and if frequently repeated, the contract will be annulled and the security confiscated to Government.

7. The contract must not be sublet. The security will be returned to him immediately on completion of his contract.

8. The District Medical and Sanitary Officer reserves to himself the right to decline tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

9. The security deposit will be placed in the Government Savings Bank and will be returned to the contractor, together with any interest that shall have accrued thereon, after the completion of his contract.

10. With reference to stipulations contained in the preceding paragraphs, the tenderer should attach a certificate to his tender to the following effect:—

"I, the tenderer, agree to have the earnest money confiscated to Government in case of my failure to undertake the tender."

11. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor.

12. No article should be supplied to the hospital except on authority signed by the Medical Officer or by some reasonable person authorized by him in writing to do so.

SCHEDULE.

Diet scale in force at the Government Headquarter Hospital, Cuddapah.

Full diets.		Reduced diets.		Half reduced diets.		* Curry powder ingredients.	
	M Ch. Gm.		M Ch. Gm.		M Ch. Gm.		
Raw rice, first sort	1 0 0	Raw rice, first sort	1 0 0	Raw rice, first sort	0 6 0		
Do. for congee, first sort.	0 2 0	Do. for congee, first sort.	0 2 0	Do. for congee	0 1 0	Chillies, lb	0-0-0
Vegetable, good quality	0 0 0	Good quality vegetable	0 0 0	Vegetable, good quality	0 1 0	Black pepper, 1h oz.	
Mutton, good quality	0 4 0	Mutton, good quality,	0 1 0	Mutton, good quality	0 1 0	Coriander, lb.	0-0-0
Ghee, pure and good	0 0 0	Ghee, pure and good.	0 0 4	Ghee, pure and good	0 0 2	Turmeric, lb.	0-12-0
* Curry powder	0 0 0	* Curry powder	0 0 0	* Curry powder	0 0 4	Mustard, lb.	0-12-0
Dhall, well cleaned	0 3 4	Dhall, well cleaned	0 1 10	Dhall, well cleaned	0 0 12	Vendium, 10 oz.	
Tamarind, raw, well dried and cleaned	0 1 0	Tamarind, new, and well cleaned.	0 0 0	Tamarind, well cleaned	0 0 4	Garlic, 2 oz.	
Salt, new and well cleaned	0 1 8	Salt, new, and well cleaned	0 1 0	Salt, new, and well cleaned.	0 0 0		
Firewood, well dried	0 0 0	Firewood, well dried.	0 0 0	Firewood, well dried.	3 0 0		

Bazaar Medicines.

Aloes, good, white, per lb	Chiretta, first sort, per lb.	Tetraneprilla, first sort, per lb.
Borax, first sort, per lb.	Linseed do.	Garlic, first sort, per lb.
Camphor, first sort, per lb.	Senna leaves, first sort, per lb.	Gum, first sort, per lb

Hospital necessaries.

Indigo, first sort per lb	Brooms, ordinary, long, to weigh 16 oz. each
Match boxes, safety Swedish, three sizes, per doz.	Basket, common, big to weigh 10 oz. each
Mats, date, first sort, 3 × 6 each	Chatties, large, common, to weigh 10 oz. each,
Mats coarse Do.	Meathais, common, to weigh 10 oz. each
Pullery earth to contain 10 measures to basket 3' × 6' each.	Straw bundles, big size, to weigh 10 oz. each.
Chunam, without stones, big basket.	Chatties, large, for drainage as per hospital sample, to weigh 10 oz. each.
Columbo arrack, first sort, per bottle	Oil, cocoanut, new and pure, per lb.
Soap nuts, first sort, per lb.	Oil, kerosene, new and pure, per gallon.
Vinegar, Malt Europe, per big bottle.	Laddles, cocoanut, good, each.
Mustard, Colleys, per big tin	Winnows, bigness, each.
Zinc bucket, 15" diameter, each.	Laddles, wooden, good, each.
Goglets with cover, good, each.	Pots, large, for storing water, each.
Rings for pots good, each.	Chunakam, good, each
Tar, good, each	Honey, first sort, per lb.
Diet (as per hospital sample, each.	Cumb, first sort, each
Temperature tins as per hospital sample each.	Table salt, first sort, per packet
Weeks per yard.	Punkah ropes, first sort, per yard.
Cotton, country, cleaned, per lb.	Long cloth, first sort, per yard.

Other daily articles as required.

Mutton, good quality, male sheep, per lb	Tea (Pekoe), good, per lb.
Ghee, pure and good, per lb.	Soaji, new and pure, per lb.
Firewood, well dried, per lb.	American flour, new and pure, per lb.
Bread (4 oz. and 6 oz. loaves), white and good quality.	Soda water, aplite, good, each bottle.
Sugar, white (Parry & Co.), per lb.	Lemonade do.
Milk, cows and Nestle, per lb.	Limes, good, each
Coffee powder, first sort, lb.	Plantains, good, 10th size, each.
Barley do.	Vegetables, fresh and good, per lb.
Sago do.	Raw rice, first sort, per lb.
Butter, fresh, good quality, lb.	Essence of chicken per tin.
Chicken or fowl (half) to weigh 10 oz. each.	Salt, new, well cleaned, per lb
Eggs, fowl, each 1½ oz.	Horlicks malted milk, per bottle.

N.B.—Mutton days in a week are—

Tuesday, Friday and Sunday.

Vegetables days in a week are—

Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

G. O. POTHAN,
Superintendent, Government Hospital.

Cuddapah, 10th January 1921.

TENDER FOR CONSTRUCTING A FIRST-CLASS SUB-REGISTRAR'S OFFICE AT PULIYANGUDI, SANKARANAYINARKOVIL TALUK.

SEALED tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 12 noon on 16th February 1921 for constructing a first-class Sub-Registrar's office at Puliyangudi, Sankaranayinarkoyil taluk, estimate Rs 8,600—C.R. No. 78 of 1920-21.

2. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Tinnevelly division, and should be superscribed "Tender for constructing a first-class Sub-Registrar's office at Puliyangudi".

3. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 200 in cash or currency notes which will be returned to the tenderers whose tenders are not accepted.

4. The Executive Engineer will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contract within ten days of receipt by him of the intimation of acceptance of his tender.

6. Failure to comply with condition 5 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

7. The contract must not be sublet.

8. Other conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen on all office days between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. in the Executive Engineer's office, Palamcottah, from which blank forms of tender can also be obtained.

9. The period required to complete the contract should be specified in the tender.

SCHEDULE

Quantity.			Description of work.	Per.
1,800	c.ft.	..	Earthwork excavating foundations in hard clay	1,000 c.ft.
1,600	,,	..	Filling in basement with sand	100 c.ft.
1,170	,,	..	Concrete broken stone 1½ inch cubic in lime mortar	100 ,,
1,150	,,	..	Random rubble in lime mortar (foundations and basement)	100 ,,
100	,,	..	Brick in mortar (superstructure)	100 ,,
1,495	,,	..	Random rubble in mortar (superstructure)	100 ,,
139	,,	..	Flat arch-work, brick in mortar	100 ,,
135	s.ft.	..	Brickwork surface including plastering	R.ft.
0·25	c.ft.	..	Cuttstone work in mortar	C.ft.
0·08	ton	..	Hoisting and setting up rolled steel girders	Ton.
174·75	c.ft.	..	Teakwood wrought and put up	C.ft.
32	sq.ft.	..	Strong batten doors teakwood with iron bars inserted and strong hasp and staple for padlocking including hongawood frames and iron fixings, etc., complete.	Sq.ft.
83	,,	..	Strong batten doors teakwood without iron bars	Sq.ft.
87	,,	..	Teak venetian windows with iron bars including hongawood frames and iron fittings, etc., complete.	,,
76	,,	..	Teak venetian windows with iron bars dimmer glazed shutters including hongawood frames and iron fittings etc., complete.	,,
344	,,	..	Teak windows half-glazed and half venetian with frames expanded metal 1/4 inch thick 1½ inch mesh outside, including hongawood framed fixings, etc., complete and iron bars.	,,
21	,,	..	Clerestory windows glazed including hongawood frames fittings, etc., complete.	,,
360	,,	..	Paving with 2 inch Cuddapah slabs over 4 inch concrete and pointed with cement.	C.ft.
700	,,	..	Paving with 1 inch Cuddapah slabs	100 sq. ft.
810	,,	..	Roofing with Mangalore tiles imbedded in mortar over flat tiles including marauh ropers, wind ties at ridges, etc., complete.	100 ,,
1,925	,,	..	Terrace roofing with brick on edge, 3 inch concrete, three courses of flat tiles, three coats of plaster, exclusive of wood work including plastering, ceiling.	100 c.ft.
13·5	c.ft.	..	Cuttstone work, two lines dressed	C.ft.
2,870	sq.ft.	..	Painting with Stainwar dark oak paint, two coats	100 sq.ft.
4,760	,,	..	Pointing with lime mortar, two coats	100 ,,
1,730	,,	..	Wood staining two coats	100 ,,
134	,,	..	Painting with white lead two coats over 1 coat of red lead	100 ,,
...	,,	..	Turring two coats	100 ,,
2	No.	..	Chubb's 4 inch mortice locks	each.

Note.—The following materials will be supplied departmentally and their cost will be deducted from the contractor's bill.—

Cement.
Paints.
Rolled steel girders.
Cuddapah slab.
Mangalore tiles.

U. VENKATA RAO,
Offg. Executive Engineer, Tunnelly Division.

Palamcottah, 14th December 1920.

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VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates who have passed the Elementary examination in Typewriting for the post of a typist in the District Police Office, Cuddapah. Salary Rs. 20—1—25 with the usual temporary allowance of Rs. 10. Preference will be given to those who are educationally qualified as well and have experience of office work.

L. E. SAUNDERS,
Acting District Superintendent of Police.

Cuddapah, 11th January 1921.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Graduates in Law or Graduates in Arts (who have had experience in the Judicial Department) for the post of Deputy Nazir (salary Rs. 50; temporary addition to pay Rs. 10 per mensem) which is now vacant in this court. The vacancy is at present of three months' duration but is likely to become permanent. Knowledge of Telugu is essential. Copies of testimonials, if any, should be submitted.

K. NARASIMHAN,
District Munsif.

Tirupati, 8th January 1921.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates, duly qualified, under the examination rules and who have passed the Government Technical Examination in Typewriting (Intermediate grade preferred) for the post of a Typist in the office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Range, Coimbatore, on a salary of Rs. 20—1—25 plus the temporary additions to pay of Rs. 10. Preference will be given to those who have got previous office experience. Applications should reach the undersigned before the 31st January 1921.

N. R. UBHAYA, Capt., D.F.M.,
Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Range.

Coimbatore, 8th January 1921.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates holding certificates of competency as Engine Driver under Madras Steam-Boilers and Prime Movers Act III of 1893, as amended by Act VII of 1909 to be in charge of the steam disinfector at the port of Gopalpur, Ganjam district. The appointment is temporary and carries a pay of Rs. 40 per mensem with no allowances.

P. L. NARAYANA,
Port Health Officer.

Gopalpur, 12th January 1921.

WANTED a really good estimator on Rs. 100 per mensem for the Special Consulting Architect Section of the Office of the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Madras. The post is temporary and is likely to last till 8th November 1921. None but those qualified under examination rules and thoroughly conversant with the preparation of estimates for buildings need apply. Applicants should state age, qualifications, present and past employment with particulars of pay drawn, period of each appointment and reasons for its termination, and should forward copies of testimonials. Applications will be received by the Special Consulting Architect to the Government of Madras, Chepauk, till the 1st February 1921.

W. HUTTON,
Chief Engineer, P.W.D. (General, Buildings and Roads).

Madras, 14th January 1921.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Surveyors for employment in No. VII Party, Sivaganga, and should reach the undersigned before the 10th February 1921. They should contain full particulars of the name, age, qualifications, training and previous service, if any, in this or any department of Government and must give a full address. They should be in the applicants' own hand-writing and should be accompanied by original certificate of character of recent date. Candidates, on intimation, will have to appear for selection before the undersigned at Manamadura on 27th February 1921 with a certificate of health for hard field work from any Doctor not below the grade of an Assistant Surgeon. Selected candidates must be ready to join the Training School at Sivaganga on 1st March. During the period of training they will be given a stipend of Rs. 20 per mensem and when fully qualified for independent work they will be started on Rs. 30 (20 plus 10).

M. N. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,
Assistant Director of Survey, No. VII Party.

Sivaganga, 14th January 1921.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified candidates, to reach the undersigned not later than the 10th February 1921 for the post of a Clerk on Rs. 30—2—40 with local allowance Rs. 10, in the office of the Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle, Waltair. Graduates will be preferred.

H. TIREMAN,
Acting Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.

Waltair, 13th January 1921.

WANTED a duly qualified teacher for a temporary post on Rs. 20 plus temporary addition of Rs. 10 per mensem. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th February 1921.

P. V. GEORGE,
Executive Engineer, North Arcot Division.

Vellore, 19th January 1921.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified candidates for the posts of Lower Subordinates vacant in this division. The vacancy is likely to last for six months. Only those possessing the certificate of the College of Engineering granted on completion of the course prescribed for the Lower Subordinate class, College of Engineering, Madras, or the old Sub-Overseer and Surveyor class or the Draftsman class need apply.

P. V. MANICKAM NAYAKAR,
Executive Engineer, T.A.S. Division, IV Circle.

Salem, 19th January 1921.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

I, K. Sooppi, shall henceforth be known as K. Sooppi Haji, Assistant Farm Manager, Agricultural station, Taliparamba.

Tellicherry, 15th January 1921. K. SOOPPI HAJI.

I, P. Pandian shall henceforth be known as T. P. Rajapandian.

Thiromalai Mitta, 27th December 1920. P. PANDIAN.

I, G. K. Duraiswami Ayyar, shall henceforth be known as G. Sirasanimra Ayya.

Gundy, 23rd January 1921. G. K. DURAISWAMI AYYAR.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Neilson has been authorised to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

Madras, 21st January 1921. PARRY & CO.

ESTATE OF Mr. EDWARD HOLROYD GADSDEN (DECEASED).

THE administrator of the estate of Edward Holroyd Gadsden, formerly Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras, and late of Latrobe in the State of Tasmania of the Commonwealth of Australia, who died at Latrobe aforesaid on or about the 16th day of February 1920, hereby gives notice to all creditors and other persons having claims against the said estate to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 11th day of January 1921 at High Court House, Madras, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said Edward Holroyd Gadsden deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice

H. BRIGHTWELL,
Administrator.

Madras, 4th December 1920.

ESTATE OF Mr. EDWARD CHRISTOPHER PEYTON BREAY (DECEASED).

THE administrator of the estate of Edward Christopher Peyton Breay late of the Town of Aylmer in the county of Elgin and province of Ontario, Canada, Yeoman, who died on or about the 12th day of October 1918 at London in the county of Middlesex hereby gives notice to all creditors and other persons having claims against the said estate to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of January 1921 at High Court House, Madras, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice and the said administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said Edward Christopher Peyton Breay, deceased, or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.

H. BRIGHTWELL,
Administrator.

Madras, 7th December 1920.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 21 of 1920 in the DISTRICT COURT, GUNTUR.

Kongara Sriramulu .. .. *Petitioner.*
Surapaneni Ramaseshayya and others .. .. *Respondents.*

The petitioner has filed an insolvency petition in the above court and it stands posted to 25th January 1921 for hearing in the Official Receiver's Court, Guntur,

A. SRIPATI RAO,
Pleader.

Guntur, 21st January 1921.

No. 43 of 1920 in the DISTRICT COURT, TANJORE.

S. S. K. V. K. Firm by S. Subramania Ayyar and two others, and by K. Venkatarama Ayyar as managing partner .. .. .. *Petitioner.*
(1) V. Rama Ayyar (2) T. R. Dandapani Ayyar .. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that in the aforesaid petition, I.P. No. 43 of 1920, presented by the petitioner-creditor the respondents (1) and (2) were adjudicated as insolvents by the District Court,

Tanjore, on 3rd December 1920. The undersigned has been appointed by the Court as the Special Receiver of the properties of the respondents (1) and (2). Creditors desiring to be made parties to the petition and in the schedule of creditors, should apply to the District Court, Tanjore, where the insolvency petition is posted to 25th February 1921 for final discharge.

G. V. GANESA AYYAR,
Special Receiver.

Tanjore, 18th December 1920.

O.P. No 4 of 1921 in the Court of the District Judge, Trichinopoly.

K. Seetharamaiyar .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner has applied for grant of probate of the will, dated 15th November 1919, of Lakshmi Ammal of Vaigaimallar died on 17th December 1919. The said application is posted to 1st March 1921 for hearing and persons desiring to oppose the same may file a caveat in the said Court.

N. RAMANATHA AYYAR,
Pleader

Trichinopoly, 17th January 1921.

BANK OF MADRAS

The following appointment in the Bank's staff is hereby notified :—

Mr. W. Lamb, to officiate as Secretary and Treasurer during the temporary absence of Mr. N. M. Murray.

(By order of the Directors)

W. LAMB,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Madras, 19th January 1921.

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTERS.

1921.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Thermometers. Corrected daily means. Dry	Wet.	Observed extremes. Max.	Min.	Maximum solar heat in vacuo	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction	Daily velocity.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy sky.	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
January.	Inches	°	°	°	°	°	Cts.		Miles.	Inch.	Hrs.	Hrs.	
17th Mon. ..	29·788	76·8	72·8	86·3	70·9	142·4	79	N.N.E.	120	..	4·6	8·4	Blue with passing clouds.
18th Tues. ..	·856	76·8	71·7	86·6	70·2	140·6	77	N.E. by N	183	..	5·0	9·2	Cloudy.
19th Wed ..	·815	76·6	72·3	85·2	70·7	145·4	73	N.N.E	184	..	9·8	2·1	Do.
20th Thurs. ..	·817	76·2	73·6	81·9	72·7	145·5	86	E. by S.	79	0·23	5·6	2·6	Passing showers.
21st Fri. ..	·812	76·7	73·8	83·2	74·0	147·0	84	S. by E.	80	0·13	4·8	5·1	Do.
22nd Sat. ..	·930	76·7	75·0	86·4	70·7	151·0	92	S.	87	..	7·3	3·6	Cloudy.
23rd Sun. ..	·838	79·6	75·9	84·7	73·1	151·4	80	N.E. by E.	94	..	4·8	9·8	Fine with passing clouds.

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the rain-gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current civil day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since 1st January is 0·90 inches, the average due for the same period being 0·74 inch.

Madras Observatory,
24th January 1921.

E. BARNES,
Offg. Deputy Director.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 4.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25, 1921. [PRICE, 6 *pies*.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 22ND JANUARY 1921.

SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

Week ending 22nd January 1921.—Rainfall moderate Vizagapatam Littoral, Godavari, Kistna, Chingleput, North Arcot, Coimbatore, the South and the Hills; fair Guntur, South Arcot, Chittoor, Malabar, light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops fair generally but lost or withering in parts of Ceeare and Deccan and effected by floods in parts of Tanjore and Trichinopoly. Harvested paddy and dry crops—outturn generally fair. Sowings of paddy and dry crops proceeding but restricted in parts for want of rain. Condition of cattle good generally. Water insufficient in parts. Pasture and fodder sufficient generally. Prices generally falling. Prospects fair generally but distress apprehended in Ganjam, Bellary and Anantapur and possibly in Kurnool. Two test works in Bellary in progress. Total average daily attendance 1,123.

BOARD OF REVENUE
(R.S., SURL., L. RDS. & AGRI.),
MADRAS, 25*th January* 1921.

P. NARAYANA MENON,
Secretary

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANJAM.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Rosselkonda 5·00 feet. Surada 3·20 feet. Sowing of greengram, ragi and gingelly and transplantation of ragi proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested sugarcane and gingelly; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient. Fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available except in parts of one taluk. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects not encouraging; situation slightly improved by recent rains; but more rain still needed for dry crops.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Sowing of greengram and gingelly and transplantation of ragi and tobacco proceeding. Standing crops thriving. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, chillies, sugarcane, tobacco, cotton, sweet potatoes and horsegram; outturn poor to fair. Pasture becoming scarce in six taluks. Fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects on the whole not favourable.

GODAVARI.

Water-supply sufficient except in two taluks. Godavari 1·30 feet below anicut. Sowing of dry crops, raising of sugarcane and transplantaog of ragi, paddy and tobacco proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, sugarcane, chillies and grams; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient except in one taluk and one division. Fodder available except in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects generally poor.

KISTNA.

Water-supply sufficient except in two taluks. Kistna 1·10 feet below anicut. Sowing of tobacco and gingelly and transplantation of paddy and ragi proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, sugarcane and pulses; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient except in seven taluks. Fodder available except in one division. Condition of cattle good, but rinderpest prevails in two taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in one division. Prospects generally fair.

GUNTUR.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of one taluk. Ploughing, transplanting of paddy and ragi proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested varigu—outturn fair to normal; chillies, paddy, ragi, cholam, cumbu, greengram, horsegram, korra, and castors—poor to fair. Pasture sufficient except in three taluks. Fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient except under rain-fed tanks. Kurnool-Cuddapah canal flowing. Sunkesala report not received. Sowings of second crop proceeding in parts. Standing crops not flourishing. Harvested paddy and dry crops—outturn poor to fair. Pasture scanty; fodder available except in parts; but free removal of grass and leaves from reserves permitted. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects poor.

BELLARY.

Water-supply insufficient for irrigation generally under rain-fed tanks. Ploughing; sowing of paddy; weeding in wet lands and picking of cotton in parts in progress. Standing crops generally fair in western taluks, but fading in most parts of the eastern taluks. Harvested paddy and sugarcane—outturn fair; cotton, cholam, korra and ragi—fair generally in western taluks and bad to poor in eastern taluks; horsegram—bad and castor and groundnut—poor. Pasture insufficient generally; fodder available except in three taluks. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available except in most parts of eastern taluks. Grain stocks generally sufficient except in three taluks. Prospects fair to good in the west and bad in the eastern taluks.

ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply insufficient in parts of all taluks. Ploughing and sowing of paddy, ragi, cholam, korra, tobacco and wheat under wells and nalas and of cholam and bengalgram in tank-bed lands proceeding. Standing crops fair—crops under wells and nalas poor in parts and dry crops mostly withered in parts. Harvested paddy and dry crops—outturn bad to normal. Pasture scarce; fodder available except in parts of one taluk. Condition of cattle good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of three taluks and disease (unspecified) in another taluk. Employment available except in one taluk. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects bad.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply sufficient except under most small tanks. Sowing of paddy, ragi, variga, cholam, korra and gingelly and transplanting and weeding of paddy and ragi proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cotton, groundnut, cholam, variga, horsegram and arika—outturn fair to normal. Pasture generally sufficient except in two taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in one village of one taluk and foot and mouth disease in one village of another. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

NELLORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in one taluk and one division. Supply at the Sangam and Nellore anicuts adequate. Supply at the Kanigiri reservoir not reported. Ploughing; sowing of paddy and ragi; transplanting of ragi and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy and cholam—outturn bad to normal; ragi—fair to normal. Pasture sufficient except in one division; fodder available except in three taluks. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in one village each of two taluks, and black-quarter in one village of one taluk and in two villages of another. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair in north-western taluks and generally good elsewhere.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy and transplanting and weeding of paddy in parts proceeding. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy in parts—outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MADRAS.

Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, gingelly, and indigo and transplanting and weeding of paddy and ragi proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, sugarcane, varagu, cholam and groundnut—outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient except in two taluks. Prospects generally fair.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply insufficient except in three divisions and parts of two taluks. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, cholam and gingelly, transplantation and weeding of paddy commencing or proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cumbu, groundnut, indigo, sugarcane, cumbu and gingelly—outturn poor to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally fair but rinderpest prevails in one village in each of one division and one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in parts of one taluk. Prospects generally fair but more rain required for wet crops in four taluks.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply sufficient except in four taluks and one division. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, cumbu and gingelly, transplantation of paddy and ragi and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, varagu, groundnut and sugarcane, outturn fair; cholam—poor. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SALEM.

[Report not received.]

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply sufficient. About seven feet of water in the Cauvery at Erode. Sowing of varagu, transplantation of paddy, ragi and tobacco proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, cumbu, groundnut, pulses, sugarcane, turmeric and chillies; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in one taluk. Prospects fair.

TRICHINOPOLY.

[Report not received.]

TANJORE.

Water-supply fairly sufficient. Discharge over the crest of the Lower Anicut in the Coleroon northern and southern branches was 8·2 feet in each. Raising of paddy seedings, sowing of gingelly and transplantation of tobacco proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair, but paddy affected on account of the recent rains in five taluks and reported to be under water in parts of two taluks. Harvested paddy, groundnut and ragi in parts; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

MADURA.

Water-supply sufficient. Discharge through Periyar Main canal 985 cusecs. Ploughing; sowing and transplanting proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam and cumbu; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects fair.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply sufficient except in two taluks. Ploughing; transplanting of paddy and tobacco proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, vali (samai millet), cholam, cumbu and groundnut; outturn poor to fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in two taluks. Prospects fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient. Flow over Srivaikuntam anicut; discharge through vents adequate. Ploughing; sowing of cholam and transplanting of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy, ragi and cumbu; outturn poor to fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in one taluk. Prospects fair.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient. Agricultural operations nil. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two taluks and one division. Ploughing and sowing of third rice crop proceeding in parts of one taluk. Standing crops fair, but withering in parts of one taluk and one division for want of sufficient water. Harvested paddy; outturn normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

TRAVANCORE.

Water-supply and pasturage sufficient. Harvest began. Condition of cattle good.

COCHIN.

Water-supply sufficient. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Weeding, pruning, pitting and manuring proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested coffee and tea; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 22nd JANUARY 1921.

	District.	Rainfall in inches. In the week. 1921.	Rainfall in inches. In the week. Average of 10 years ending 1916.	Rainfall in inches. Up to the end of the week from 1st April. 1920.	Rainfall in inches. Up to the end of the week from 1st April. Average of 25 years ending 1916.	Price in Seers (of 80 tolas) per Rupee. Rice. Average for January.	Rice. Last week.	Rice. This week.	Ragi. Average for January.	Ragi. Last week.	Ragi. This week.	Cholam. Average for January.	Cholam. Last week.	Cholam. This week.	Cumbu. Average for January.	Cumbu. Last week.	Cumbu. This week.	District.	
Circars.	Ganjam	0·6	0·6	68·9	48·9	7·6	(a) 4·6	6·2	18·0	8·0	8·1	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ganjam	Circars.
	Vizagapatam A.	6·1	0·1	30·9	37·2	5·1	4·6	4·6	15·0	7·7	7·7	..	7·9	8·2	14·7	7·1	7·0	Vizagapatam	
	Vizagapatam L.	1·4	0·2	27·5	44·4														
	Godavari	1·6	0·1	31·6	40·6	8·6	6·6	4·9	14·6	8·0	8·6	13·6	8·6	9·4	..	9·7	9·7	Godavari	
	Kistna	1·2	0·1	27·6	36·5	5·2	5·1	5·6	13·7	7·6	7·3	11·5	6·6	6·6	..	6·8	6·3	Kistna	
	Guntur	0·8	0·1	24·9	31·8	6·6	4·3	5·6	..	6·3	6·1	16·2	7·5	7·6	16·4	6·6	6·7	Guntur	
Deccan.	Kurnool	0·2	..	14·9	23·6	7·7	4·3	4·6	..	7·2	7·2	15·2	(a) 6·6	6·4	15·2	6·6	6·6	Kurnool	Deccan.
	Bellary	0·1	..	17·2	22·7	7·1	4·6	4·7	..	7·0	6·4	13·6	6·4	6·7	..	..	..	Bellary	
	Anantapur	0·2	..	11·5	21·4	7·6	4·7	4·8	14·6	7·6	7·9	13·6	6·6	6·9	14·6	7·2	7·7	Anantapur	
	Cuddapah	0·2	0·1	66·3	26·0	7·1	4·2	4·6	13·7	6·7	6·9	13·7	7·0	7·6	13·4	6·9	7·2	Cuddapah	
Carnatic.	Nellore	0·3	0·4	37·7	38·0	6·6	(c) 6·6	6·6	13·5	7·2	7·6	11·6	7·1	7·4	12·3	6·6	6·9	Nellore	Carnatic.
	Chingleput	1·0	0·4	54·1	42·2	8·0	(a) 6·6	6·7	13·5	7·8	7·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	Chingleput	
	Madras	0·4	0·2	63·2	48·2	6·7	4·6	4·8	13·1	7·2	7·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	Madras	
	South Arcot	0·8	0·3	62·1	44·2	7·4	5·1	6·6	12·1	7·8	7·5	..	..	..	12·1	7·8	7·4	South Arcot	
Central.	Chittoor	0·7	0·4	30·9	31·7	6·3	3·1	6·3	13·6	7·6	7·9	..	..	..	13·0	7·5	7·6	Chittoor	Central.
	North Arcot	1·1	0·2	35·0	40·1	7·9	5·1	4·3	12·6	7·0	7·4	..	..	..	12·3	7·2	7·6	North Arcot	
	Salem	..	0·2	..	33·6	6·7	4·6	..	13·1	7·7	..	11·4	7·6	..	13·1	6·6	..	Salem	
	Coimbatore	1·1	0·1	27·3	29·6	6·7	4·6	4·7	13·6	6·6	6·6	13·6	7·7	7·6	11·4	6·6	6·5	Coimbatore	
	Trichinopoly	..	0·1	..	31·9	7·2	..	..	13·4	..	..	12·7	..	..	12·0	..	..	Trichinopoly	
South.	Tanjore	2·6	0·8	73·4	31·4	7·2	6·1	6·1	12·6	8·1	8·1	..	..	..	..	6·7	6·7	Tanjore	South.
	Madura	2·0	0·1	41·6	30·4	7·6	4·7	4·8	12·7	9·0	8·9	11·0	10·2	10·3	11·0	7·5	7·3	Madura	
	Ramnad	1·5	0·1	40·2	28·9	7·4	4·3	4·4	13·2	7·2	7·8	11·7	7·9	7·6	10·6	6·2	6·6	Ramnad	
	Tinnevelly	1·0	0·3	35·2	29·3	7·7	5·2	6·5	13·2	9·4	9·1	11·6	7·6	7·5	10·6	6·9	7·5	Tinnevelly	
West Coast.	Malabar	0·5	0·1	134·9	117·2	7·7	3·7	5·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Malabar	West Coast.
	South Kanara	..	..	159·1	142·3	6·6	6·6	6·5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	South Kanara	
	Travancore	0·3	0·5	91·6	66·7	..	4·7	4·7	..	5·9	6·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	Travancore	
	Cochin	0·1	† 0·2	121·5	† 110·6	..	4·5	4·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Cochin	
Hills.	The Nilgiris	1·1	0·1	71·7	72·6	7·6	4·4	6·4	11·6	7·4	7·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	The Nilgiris	Hills.

A = Agency. L = Littoral. * Average of the 10 years ending 1919-20. † Average of 10 years (a) Revised figure

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SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 4.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25, 1921. [Price, 1 a. 6 p.

SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No 2, dated 24th January 1921.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ABKARI AND OPIUM PRIVILEGES.

Notice is hereby given that the number of independent shops appointed for the sale of liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs during the twelve months beginning 1st April 1321 and ending 31st March 1922 and the local limits appointed for them will be notified by Collectors in their District Gazettes, and that the privilege of sale therein will be put up to public auction on the dates, at the places and by the officers to be notified by Collectors subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth. The Collector of Malabar will notify separately the special conditions under which licences for the sale of arrack in the Attapadi valley will be granted on payment of fixed fees.

The districts in which independent arrack shops, foreign liquor taverns, beer shops and ganja and opium shops, respectively, will be sold are specified below :—

From 1st April 1321.

Arrack, ganja and opium shops.	Foreign liquor taverns.	Beer shops.
In all districts ..	In the districts of Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Bellary, Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore, Madura and Malabar.	In the districts of Nellore, Bellary, Chingleput, Chittoor, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Coimbatore, The Nilgiris, Salem and Malabar.

Licences for the sale of foreign liquor which are granted on payment of fixed fees are dealt with in a separate notification.

Conditions of Auction Sale.

I. A deposit must be made by each bidder before bidding and will be received by the selling officer on the day of sale. A deposit of Rs 50 will ordinarily be required from any person wishing to bid for any important shop or any large number of shops. This will be reduced to Rs. 20 in the case of bidders for not more than two or three shops of an aggregate monthly value of Rs. 50 or less and to Rs. 5 in the case of bidders for single small shops.

II. The shops will be put up to auction in the order in which they are notified, unless the selling officer sees reason to change that order. Upset prices will be fixed at the discretion of the Collectors The reserve prices placed by Government on the shops will not be published, but the average of the previous five years' rentals will be notified by the Collectors, wherever possible, for the information of bidders.

III. No person will be allowed to bid for another unless he holds a power-of-attorney from him.

IV. The officer conducting the sale may, at his discretion, refuse to accept the bid of any person on the ground (1) that he has been convicted by a Criminal Court or has previously been guilty of such a breach of the conditions of licence or of a contract under the Abkari Act as to render him undesirable as a holder of a licence; or (2) that he is insolvent or in arrears to Government; (3) that his bid is purely speculative; (4) that he is a village officer or a relative of a village officer of the village in which the shop is situated or which is supplied by the shop or of a neighbouring village; (5) that he is a contract supplier of country spirits for the contract area within which the shop is

situated; (6) that he is a brewer bidding for beer shops; (7) that such a course is necessary to prevent arrangements to the detriment of Government interests; or (8) for any other valid reason.

V. The shops will be knocked down to the highest bidder. If for any of the reasons mentioned in the preceding clause the highest bid is rejected, the next highest shall be taken or the shop resold at the selling officer's discretion. In case of dispute the selling officer's decision shall be final. The sale will be subject to formal confirmation of the Collector, who shall be at liberty to accept or reject any bid at his discretion. Such formal confirmation will be testimonial to an acceptance of the bid, unless revised by the Board of Revenue for special reasons, and will be necessary whether the sale be held by the Collector himself or by any officer appointed by him.

VI. At the close of each day's sale, the deposits made by the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them. As the auction proceeds, each person whose bid is accepted shall at once, if so required by the selling officer, or otherwise at the close of the day's sale, make a further deposit of half a month's rent (in addition to the deposit made under clause I) for each shop unless the initial deposit equals or exceeds two months' rent. Should he fail to do so, the deposit made by him under clause I will be forfeited and the shop will be put up again immediately by the selling officer on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of by the Collector and the defaulter will be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shop in the sales then in progress.

VII. Any person to whom a shop has been knocked down and who has made deposits as provided in clauses I and VI shall also deposit, in cash or approved security, within ten days from the date of communication of the Collector's acceptance of the bid, such further sum as with the former deposits will make up two months' rent and shall without unnecessary delay take out a license on the conditions hereinafter set forth. In the event of the purchaser's death after issue of the license, his heirs and assigns shall be responsible for all moneys that may become due to Government under the terms of the license as well as for the proper observance of all the conditions of the license. Should the initial deposit exceed two months' rental, the excess will be refunded unless the purchaser is requested to deposit twice that sum under clause VIII infra.

VIII. If on inquiry subsequent to sale the purchaser shall be found to be of doubtful solvency, he may be required either to deposit two months' rental in addition to the sum prescribed in clause VII supra, or to get a surety or sureties to execute a security bond for the due payment of all moneys that may become due by him under the terms of the contract. The bond shall be stamped (article 57, Schedule I, Act II of 1899) and registered at the expense of the purchaser if the amount secured exceeds Rs 1,000. In all cases where sureties are demanded the licensee shall be bound to execute a counterpart agreement.

IX. On the failure of any person to make a deposit or take out a license under clause VII or to comply with any requisition or to execute any engagement under clause VIII supra, the deposits already made may be forfeited and the shop may be resold under the orders of the Divisional Officer on a date to be notified by the Collector or may be otherwise disposed of by the latter officer. Resales under this clause will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain, and in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the resale. In the latter case, the forfeited deposits will be deducted from the loss arising from the resale, and the remainder, if any, will be recoverable in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should, however, the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits will be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder will be similarly liable if the shop is disposed of otherwise than by resale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the original sale.

X. The purchaser of any abkari or opium privilege is liable to the penalties prescribed for breaches of the conditions set forth below, though a formal license may not have been issued to him.

XI. The deposits referred to in clause VII or VIII may be made either in cash or in recognized Government, Port Trust, Municipal or Local Board securities or by depositing Postal Savings Bank pass-books. When deposits are made otherwise than in cash, the Collector may demand that they shall be of such higher face value than the cash deposit required, as in the circumstances of the market he may think necessary. The securities or Savings Bank pass-books deposited must be endorsed in the name of the Collector and Government promissory notes must be enfaced for payment of interest at the treasuries at which they are deposited, if so required. Deposits in cash will be adjusted towards the instalments of kists due in the last months of the period of the lease. Deposits of securities or savings bank pass-books will be returned upon payment of the full amount of the kists due in cash unless the depositors wish that Government should take them over, in which case they will be taken over at the price of the day, and the balance, if any, due to Government must be paid in cash. In cases of default under clause IX of the conditions of resale or under condition 37 of the general conditions applicable to all Abkari and Opium licenses, all securities deposited are liable to be sold for any amount due to Government under the terms of the lease, the remainder, if any, due after such sale, being recovered as arrears.

Condition of Issue of Licences for Wholesale Vend of Arrack.

XII. Applications for the privilege of wholesale vend of country spirits should reach the Collectors concerned on or before the 1st March 1921 and should be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 15 which will be returned to those persons whose applications for licences are not approved. The grant of licences confers no exclusive privilege, and it will be open to the Collector to grant licenses under like conditions to other persons at any time during the currency of the licenses for which applications are now invited. Licences will be granted to private persons only if they have obtained the consent of the arrack supply contractor of the district to the opening of their depots and deposited such amount as may be required by the Collector as security for the proper fulfilment of the conditions of the licence. If such depots are not worked to the satisfaction of the Collector, they may be closed at any time. Wholesale depot licenses will not be granted to persons having interest in retail shops.

The licences issued under the above clauses will contain the following general conditions common to all abkari and opium licenses and the special conditions prescribed below for any particular kind of license.

General Conditions applicable to all Abkari and Opium Licences.

1. Shops and depots must be opened by the dates fixed by the Collectors and must be kept open every day unless their temporary or permanent closure is authorized under condition 10, 11 or 47 infra.

2. Except where definite sites in the possession or under the control of Government have been prescribed, purchasers of shops must make their own arrangements for securing proper sites for their shops. They are at liberty to choose any site within the local limits notified by the Collector, provided the site selected is approved of by the Revenue and Police authorities. The limits of the site selected and approved will be entered in the licence. The possession (except subject to the rules applicable to unlicensed persons) or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs outside those limits is prohibited.

3. Sales under any abkari or opium licence must be conducted in an approved building of which the whole or the whole of a separable part must be entirely set aside for use as a depot or shop. In the case of arrack shops and taverns in municipalities, or towns having a population of 20,000 or over, there shall be no possible means of ingress or egress in any direction except into the main street; if there are other doors they shall be kept locked under the seal of an officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department; the interior of the shop shall be sufficiently lighted by day and the whole interior visible from the front door; the shop shall not be used as a place of residence save by the vendor and his family or caretakers. If there are means of communication between the depot or shop and an adjoining dwelling house, they must be kept locked at night.

4. Except when two or more foreign liquor licences are held by one person or in the case of licences held by chemists and druggists and medical practitioners, sales under different licences must be conducted in different premises.

5. Private bars in liquor shops may be allowed by the Collector under a special licence to be granted by him free of fee; provided that the interior of the bar is wholly visible from the doorway and that the entrance to it is either through the main door of the shop or through a separate door, provided with a proper sign to show the nature of the bar.

6. A signboard must be affixed to the front of each depot or shop showing the nature and number of the licence under which sales are conducted there, the name of the licensee and (except in the case of foreign liquor) the current rate of sale. These particulars must be legibly painted in the local vernacular and in the case of taverns and wholesale depots in English also. The licence must be hung up in a conspicuous place within the depot or shop.

7. The possession upon any licensed premises of any liquor, opium or intoxicating drug except that in which the licence relates or of any essence or substance used or capable of being used for colouring or flavouring liquor except in accordance with the terms of a compounding licence is prohibited.

8. Such supply of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs as the Collector may consider sufficient to meet local requirements must be maintained in depots and shops.

9. No arrack shop, foreign liquor tavern or beer shop shall be opened before 9-30 a.m.; and no other shop or depot shall be opened before sunrise.

10. (*a*) No depot or shop shall be kept open after 8 p.m. except under special authority. Collectors may at their discretion order the closure of any depot at sunset and may on the report of the Police or for other sufficient reasons order the closure of any shop at an earlier hour if they consider such a course to be advisable in the interests of the public. The Board may for sufficient reasons order the general closure of any kind or kinds or all kinds of licensed premises at any earlier hour than 8 p.m.

(*b*) Collectors are authorized to notify at the time of the auction sales that specified shops will be closed on the occasion of specified festivals and that the hours of sale at specified shops which are situated within a mile of a market or shandy will be limited on market days generally or that they will be liable to limitation on such occasions by orders issued during the currency of the lease, if it is found that the shops promote drunkenness. Discretion is also allowed to Collectors to order the closure of specified shops in the neighbourhood of factories, mills and other places where large numbers of operatives assemble on week days from 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m., on the afternoons of pay days and at all hours on Sundays except between 11-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. A special condition embodying these restrictions or liabilities will be inserted by the Collector in the licences granted to the renters of all such shops.

11. Depots and shops situated on or adjacent to line of march must be closed, if the Collector so orders, while a regiment or detachment of soldiers is passing or is encamped in the vicinity. Collectors or Divisional Officers shall have power also temporarily to close any shops in times of religious excitement or disturbance. Every depot and shopkeeper shall on his motion close his depot or shop when there is a riot or disturbance in the neighbourhood.

12. All liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs sold or kept for sale shall be of good quality and unadulterated. Nothing shall be added to liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs either to increase their intoxicating power or for any other purpose. This prohibition, however, does not apply to the compounding or blending of liquor or to the manufacture of intoxicating drugs from hemp drugs and opium in accordance with the terms of a licence. Liquor shall not be bottled except under a bottling licence. Nor shall different kinds of liquors be mixed and sold under the designation of one of them.

13. No woman shall be employed in any abkari or opium shop for the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the special permission of the Collector unless she be a member of the renter's family.

14. The sale or transport of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by persons below the age of 18 or by persons suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease and the employment in any capacity of such persons in shops or depots licensed for the sale of the same are prohibited. No persons who have been convicted under the Indian Penal Code shall be employed in the transport or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the Collector's previous permission. The Divisional Officer may, where necessary, call for the names of all persons employed or proposed to be employed in any depot or shop and forbid the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by any person of whom he may disapprove.

15. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold or given—

(*a*) Except at shops specially approved by the General Officer Commanding the Division (or Independent Brigade) or the Officer Commanding the Cantonment or Camp, and then only in respect

to such liquors as shall be approved by the same authority in consultation with the local Excise authorities and specified in the licence—

(1) to sailors of the Royal Navy, soldiers and members of their families; or
(2) to any other person living in barracks;

(5) (1) to persons whom a vendor knows, or has reason to believe, to be camp followers, i.e., any class of followers (other than private servants) whether on or off duty, who have a right to be in cantonments;
(2) to Policemen, Excise officers and Railway servants when on duty; or

(6) in any circumstances to any—
(1) European vagrant under escort of the Police;
(2) child or young person under eighteen years of age;
(3) insane person; or
(4) person known or believed to be intoxicated.

Note.—The restrictions in (5) and (6) do not apply to soldiers, their families and followers when they are absent on leave from their regiments.

16. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold in shops except for cash. The licensee shall be bound to give intimation of the offer of anything other than cash to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer. This condition is not, however, meant to restrict credit sales in the ordinary course of business by shopkeepers or firms of standing and respectability dealing in foreign liquor for consumption off the premises.

17. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold either below or above such minimum * or maximum † prices as may be fixed for sale of the same in accordance with the law for the time being in force.

18. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug in excess of the quantities prescribed for possession without a licence as specified below shall be issued to any person at any one time from any licensed premises without a valid permit, nor shall liquor be sold at wholesale depots in quantities less than the minima prescribed.

Arrack.	Toddy	Ganja.	Opium.
One-eighth of a gallon except in special localities separately notified, where it is generally one dram. In the Nilgiris district and the Salem municipality four drams.	One gallon except in special localities separately notified, where it is one dram. In the Ennore municipality and in certain villages near the Nellamalais separately notified in the Kurnool district and in the Salem municipality and the adjoining Kannankurichi and Odiyapatti villages 24 drams.	In the Agencies of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari ten tolas of ganja and forty tolas of bhang, and elsewhere five tolas of ganja, twenty tolas of bhang and preparations or admixtures containing the above quantities.	In the Agencies of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari any quantity up to three tolas, and elsewhere one tola of opium or preparations therefrom other than morphia or preparations for exclusive

Permits shall be in printed books, which can be obtained at all offices of the Inspectors of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department on production of receipts for payment of the cost price into a Government Treasury. The signing of blank permits for subsequent issue is prohibited.

19. Only such weights and measures as may from time to time be prescribed by the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue shall be possessed or used on any licensed premises, and they shall be tested and stamped by the stamping establishment of the district if the Collector shall so direct.

20. No drunkenness, disorder or gaming shall be permitted in depots or shops. Entertainments of any kind in depots or shops are also strictly forbidden.

21. No robbers or thieves or disorderly or riotous persons shall be harboured in depots and shops. Intimation of their resort thereto shall be given to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer.

22. No person shall be harboured in any depot or shop during the night.

23. True accounts of transactions shall be maintained from day to day in ink in the prescribed form. Unless special permission is given to the contrary, separate accounts shall be kept for the transactions under each licence. The accounts shall be in printed books which may be obtained from local Revenue officers on payment of cost price. Permits for liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs received and the counterfoils of permits issued must be carefully filed in support of the accounts. The accounts and counterfoils of permits shall be preserved for one year after the period covered by the license and shall be produced when called for by an officer not below the rank of an Assistant Inspector of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.

24. Except in the case of fixed fee licences, the amount for which the privilege of sale has been purchased shall be payable in twelve equal monthly instalments into a Government treasury on or before the 10th of each month beginning with April or October as the case may be. Interest will be levied on any amounts not so paid and after the 25th of the month in Madras town or the 20th of the month elsewhere shops are liable to be sold for failure to pay kists. Toddy shops may also be resold for failure to pay tree-tax. Fees for depot licences must be prepaid.

25. No remission or abatement of the rent shall be claimable on any account whatever.

26. Power is reserved to Revenue officers to suspend licences in case of failure of payment of kists or in the case of toddy licences of tree-tax on the due date. In the case of arrack, toddy, ganja and beer shops and taverns, this power will be exercised by Tahsildars or Deputy Tahsildars in independent charge, in the case of opium shops by Divisional Officers and in other cases by Collectors. In the event of suspension of a license for failure to pay arrears, the privilege of sale will be resold with effect from the date of issue of the licence to the new purchaser, or otherwise disposed of at the Collector's discretion. All losses on account of suspension and resale or other disposal of the privilege shall be borne by the defaulting licensee, but he shall have no right in any gain which may accrue. The whole of the deposit, if any, made by the licensee shall be liable to forfeiture. The officer who has power to suspend the licence may at his discretion allow sales to continue pending resale or other disposal of the privilege.

* For liquor shops—vide Board's Notification No. 6, dated 24th January 1921.
† For opium shops in the Agency tracts of the Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari districts a uniform rate of Rs. 15 above a rate has been fixed.

27. No privilege of supply or vend shall be sold, transferred or sub-rented without the Collector's previous permission. Nor, if the Collector so orders, shall any agent be appointed for the management of any such privilege without his previous approval.

28. (a) No abkari or opium licensee in a Native State or Foreign territory will be allowed to have any interest in a licence for the same article in a British district without the special permission of the Collector.

(b) No abkari or opium licensee in a British district where a low rate of duty is in force will be allowed to have any interest in a licence for the same article in any adjacent British district where there is a higher rate of duty, without the special permission of the Collector.

29. Such returns and information as may be required by the Divisional Officer from time to time shall be furnished by holders of licenses.

30. Licensees are bound to report to the Divisional Officer all instances which come to their knowledge of persons employed by them in the manufacture, transport or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs, committing breaches of the Abkari / Opium Laws and to comply with the Divisional Officer's orders respecting the continued employment of such persons.

31. Pecuniary dealings by licensees of any kind whatever with officials of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department are absolutely prohibited.

32. With the sanction of the Board of Revenue, any licence shall be revocable by the Collector at his discretion on giving the licensee fifteen days' notice of such revocation, in which case a proportionate part of the fee paid will be refunded.

33. All licensees shall be bound by any additional general rules that may be prescribed under the Abkari / Opium laws and shall, if so required by the Collector or any officer authorized by him, deliver up their licences for amendment or for the issue of fresh ones.

34. The officers authorized to inspect licensed shops and depots are—

(1) any officer of the Revenue Department of rank not lower than Revenue Inspector, and

(2) any officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department of rank not lower than Sub-Inspector.

These officers are empowered to enter and examine the premises, to test the weights, measures, liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs in the possession of the licensees, and to call for and check the accounts kept in the shop or depot. Police officers will also make inspections when it comes within the scope of their duty.

35. All officers authorized to inspect depots and shops are authorized to detain any liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs found unfit for consumption or use or which they may believe to have been tampered with in any of the ways referred to in condition 12 and all Collectors and Deputy and Assistant Commissioners of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, are empowered to confiscate, or destroy such liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs.

36. An inspection note-book, with pages numbered consecutively, shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall be handed over to the Inspector of the circle or to any officer authorized by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

37. An infraction of any of the conditions of the license either by a licensee or by any person in his employment will render the licensee liable to—

Either (*a*) fine up to Rs. 50;

or (*b*) cancellation of license and resale or other disposal of the privilege at the risk of the licensee and, if considered necessary by the Collector, forfeiture of deposits;

or (*c*) prosecution of the licensee or his agent for the specific offence committed.

The rent for the whole lease shall become due at once, when a lease is cancelled under this condition.

NOTE.—For continuing breaches of a license, continuing fines may be imposed.

38. Any licence may be forfeited and the privilege be resold or otherwise disposed of at the risk of the licensee if the licensee be convicted before a Magistrate of any offence against the Abkari / Opium Act, or of any offence under the Indian Penal Code, which in the Collector's opinion renders him unfit to hold it, or if it is brought to the notice of the Collector that the licensee has been convicted prior to the issue of a license to him before a Magistrate of any of such offence.

39. Any sum due by a licensee may be adjusted from the deposit, if any, made by him or collected under the Revenue Recovery Act as an arrear of land revenue. The licensee shall be bound to replace any sum adjusted from his deposit within fifteen days of receipt of notice from the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar in independent charge.

40. Interest on all moneys due shall be payable at the rate of 6 per cent per annum.

41. Collectors may at the commencement of the lease order the transfer of depots and shops from one locality to another or their closure or the opening of new depots and shops within limits as to number to be fixed by the Board of Revenue in their discretion. But no new shops should be opened unless notice of the site selected has been published in the District Gazette six months before the commencement of the lease and no such changes as affect the interest of adjacent shopkeepers shall be made during the currency of a lease except under special sanction of the Board. A Tahsildar may at any time permit the transfer of a shop within the limits notified for the shop in the sale notice.

42. The right is reserved to the Collector to grant 'occasional licences' for the sale of liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs, on the occurrence of fairs, festivals, etc., in places in the vicinity of which there are no regularly licensed shops. Such licences should be issued only when absolutely necessary and shall ordinarily be granted to the shopkeepers who usually supply the locality. The licenses shall run only for such period not exceeding ten days as they are actually required. Not more than one licence shall be issued for a fair or festival without the sanction of the Board.

The fees to be paid for the licences shall be fixed at the discretion of the Collector

Conditions applicable to Arrack Licences.

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of country spirits of the prescribed strengths. These are 25° under-proof and 60° under-proof except in the tracts in the South Arcot district comprising Gingee Agencies of the Villupuram district and the Polavaram, Chodavaram and Yellavaram divisions of the Godavari district where the liquor to be sold will be 40° under-proof only.

2. Spirits shall be purchased only from a distillery or warehouse established by the contract supplier, supplier for the supply of the district or from a wholesale depot established by the contract supplier, or by a private person with the contract supplier's consent. The prices to be charged per gallon at the distilleries, warehouses and wholesale depots in the several districts are given below :—

District.	Source of supply—distillery, warehouse or wholesale depots.	Kind of liquor.	25° under-proof.	60° under-proof.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Ganjam (ordinary tracts and 122 villages of the Agency tracts).	Asha distillery	Molasses arrack ..	1 8 0	0 14 7
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 11 0	1 1 9
(a)2. Vizagapatam (ordinary tracts and 137 villages of the Agency tracts)	Vizagapatam distillery ..	Do. ..	1 12 0	1 2 3
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 16 0	1 4 9
*Gunupur Agency (excluding Kunda and Savara Hills).	Do.	Do. ..	..	2 8 0
*Pathcrda Agency ..	Do.	Do. ..	..	2 8 0
3. Godavari (Agency tracts of Polavaram, Chodavaram and Yellavaram divisions with the exception of 20 villages in the Polavaram division).	Samalkot distillery ..	Do. ..	..	0 14 0
	Wholesale depots ..	Do. ..	..	1 0 0
Godavari (ordinary tracts)	Samalkot distillery	Do. ..	1 7 0	0 14 0
	Nidadavole warehouse ..	Do. ..	1 8 6	0 15 1
	Wholesale depots supplied from the Samalkot distillery.	Do. ..	1 9 0	1 0 6.
	Wholesale depots supplied from the Nidadavole warehouse.	Do. ..	1 10 6	1 1 7
4. Kistna— The taluks of Nuzvidu, Bezwada, Tiruvur, Tiruvuru, Jaggayyapeta, Nandigama, Kanchikacherla, Vijayawada, Gudivada, Kaikalur and Nuzvid taluks	Nidadavole warehouse ..	Do. ..	1 3 6	0 13 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 10 6	1 1 8
	Bezwada warehouse	Do. ..	1 8 0	0 13 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 10 6	1 1 8
*Rest of the district ..				
5. Guntur— The taluks of Guntur, Narasaraopet, Sattenapalli, Palnad and Vinukonda.	Bezwada warehouse	Do. ..	1 8 6	0 15 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 10 0	1 1 1
Tenali, Repalle, Bapatla and Ongole taluks.	Nellore warehouse	Do. ..	1 8 6	0 15 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 10 0	1 1 1
6. Nellore	Nellore warehouse	Do. ..	1 8 6	0 15 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 12 6	1 3 1
7. Cuddapah	Cuddapah warehouse ..	Do. ..	1 6 0	0 13 1
8. Anantapur— Kadiri taluk ..	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 11 0	1 2 1
	Cuddapah warehouse ..	Do. ..	1 8 0	0 13 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 13 0	1 3 10
Rest of the district ..	Tadpatri distillery ..	Jaggery arrack ..	1 4 0	1 0 3
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 8 0	1 [illegible] 11
	Salary distillery	Do. ..	2 8 0	1 8 2
9. Salary	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 8 6	1 10 0
10. Kurnool (including the Banganapalle taluk).	Nandyal warehouse ..	Do. ..	2 8 0	1 7 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 8 6	1 11 1
11. *Madras Town Circle.	Madras warehouse	Do. ..	2 4 0	1 8 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 7 0	1 6 2
12. Chingleput (excluding the Saidapet taluk). †	Wholesale depots	Molasses arrack ..	1 8 0	0 14 8
13. Chittoor— Madanapalle and Vayalpad taluks.	Cuddapah warehouse	Do. ..	1 6 6	0 13 1
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 11 0	1 2 1
Rest of the district ..	Rampettai warehouse ..	Do. ..	2 7 0	0 14 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 9 0	1 0 2
14. North Arcot (excluding the Tirupattur and the Tiruvannamalai taluks)	Ranipettai warehouse ..	Do. ..	2 7 0	0 14 0
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 9 0	1 0 0
Tirupattur taluk ..	Saraswathipuram warehouse	Do. ..	1 7 0	0 14 0
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 8 0	1 0 0
Tiruvannamalai taluk.	Nallikuppam distillery ..	Do. ..	1 6 6	0 13 0
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 6 0	0 13 0
15. South Arcot (high duty area).	Nallikuppam distillery ..	Do. ..	1 8 0	0 13 6
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 8 0	0 13 6
16. Tanjore	Tanjore warehouse	Do. ..	1 7 0	0 14 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 8 0	1 0 0
17. Trichinopoly (excluding Karur taluk).	Trichinopoly warehouse ..	Do. ..	1 7 0	0 14 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 8 0	1 0 0
Karur taluk	Coimbatore distillery	Jaggery arrack ..	2 4 0	1 0 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 7 0	1 2 2

* The liquor supplied to the Saidapet taluk, Mungala and Lingapur zamindaris and the Gunupur and Pathcrda Agencies of the Vizagapatam district and the Polavaram, Chodavaram and Yellavaram divisions of the Godavari district will be coloured.

† Depots in the Chingleput district (except in the Saidapet taluk) will be supplied from the Nallikuppam distillery, at the rate of Rs. 1-3-0 per gallon of 25° under-proof and Rs. 1-1-0 of 60° under-proof.

‡ Spirits supplied to the frontier tracts of this district will be coloured and will be of 40° under-proof and the price to be charged at the Pallikuppam distillery for issues to the wholesale depots in the frontier tracts and at these depots for issues to shops will be respectively Rs. 1-4-4 and Rs. 1-6-4 per gallon of that strength. Supplies of arrack to shops in these tracts shall be only from the wholesale depots.

(a) Jaggery arrack will be supplied from the Vizagapatam distillery from about 1st October 1921 at the rate of Rs. 2 per gallon of 25° under-proof and Rs. 1-3-0 of 60° under-proof.

Districts.	Sources of supply—distillery, warehouse or wholesale depots.	Kind of liquor.	25° under-proof.	60° under-proof.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
13. Madura	Madura warehouse	Molasses arrack .	1 7 0	0 14 2
15. Ramnad—	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 10 0	1 1 2
Ramnad and Sivaganga zamindaris.	Madura warehouse	Do. ..	1 7 0	0 14 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 10 0	1 1 2
Sattur and Srivilliputtur taluks.	Tuticorin distillery (Chettiyar's)	Do. ..	1 8 0	0 15 0
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 9 0	1 2 2
20. Tinnevelly	Tuticorin distillery (Nadar's)..	Jaggery arrack..	1 11 2	1 3 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	1 12 2	1 4 2
	Coimbatore distillery	Do. ..	2 4 2	1 6 2
21. Coimbatore	Wholesale depots. (In the Kollegal taluk. / In the rest of the district.	Do. ..	2 8 0 / 1 7 0	1 20 2 / 1 3 2
	Coonoor warehouse	Do. .	2 8 0	1 8 2
	Wholesale depots	Do. ..	2 11 0	1 11 2
	Suramangalam warehouse ..	Molasses arrack..	1 7 0	0 14 2
22. Salem	Wholesale depots	Do ..	1 10 0	1 1 2
	Bangalore or Udipi warehouse..	Do. .	1 7 2	0 14 6
24. South Kanara ..	Wholesale depots	Do ..	1 10 0	1 1 0
	Calicut warehouse	Do. ..	1 7 2	0 14 2
25. Malabar (excluding the Wynad taluk).	Wholesale depots. (B. Cochin .. / Other depots.	Do. ..	1 11 2	1 2 2
		Do. ..	1 8 2	1 0 2
26 Wynad taluk (Malabar).	Contractors' wholesale depots ..	Do. ..	2 0 2	1 3 10

3. All consignments of liquor issued to depots or shops from distilleries or warehouses shall be sealed by the officer in charge of the distillery or warehouse at the cost of the distiller or warehouse-keeper. Consignments of liquor from depots to shops shall be securely sealed by the depotkeeper at his cost. For the transport of liquor issued from distilleries, warehouses and wholesale depots, arrack shopkeepers should provide themselves with jars or other receptacles that can be effectively closed and sealed; and the officer in charge of the distillery or warehouse or the depotkeeper should refuse to issue liquor in receptacles which cannot be so closed and sealed. The contract suppliers and wholesale depotkeepers are bound to sell to all persons licensed to purchase from them on payment of the value in legal tender. Depot and shopkeepers shall be entitled to have issued to them from the distillery or warehouse in the order of their applications and with all reasonable despatch any spirit which they are licensed to sell at any of the prescribed strengths. Shopkeepers are entitled to obtain liquor from a distillery or warehouse even if there is a wholesale depot in the same place. Supplies to shops shall, however, be subject to the provisions as to sources of supply given in the table attached to condition 2 and in the footnotes thereto.

4. The quantities purchased at one time shall not fall below the following minima :—

Persons purchasing.	From a distillery or warehouse.	From wholesale depots.
Independent shopkeepers	1 gallons	½ a gallon.
Wholesale depotkeepers	9 gallons	9 gallons.

5. The prices to be charged by distillers and warehousekeepers are in addition to the excise duty the rates of which per gallon are as follows :—

Districts.	25° under-proof.	40° under-proof.	50° under-proof.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
The whole of the excise tracts of the Presidency with the exception of the areas shown below.	2 7 2	....	2 2 0
Ganjam and Vizagapatam districts	4 7 2	....	3 3 0
The Madras Revenue district and the Saidapet taluk of the Chingleput district	4 14 0	....	4 0 0
South Arcot (Tondiarry frontier tracts)	....	3 12 0	....
The Managoli and Lingagiri zamindaris of the Kistna district.	2 8 0	....	1 2 0
Gumpur and Palkonda taluks of the Vizagapatam Agency ..	....	....	0 6 0
Excise tracts of the Godavari Agency	....	....	0 14 0

Note.—The duty on liquor of 50° under-proof has been reduced in order to encourage the consumption of the weaker liquor.

6. The duty on spirits purchased from the contract supplier's distillery or warehouse must be prepaid into a Government treasury unless the contract supplier has an advance account with the treasury, in which case the duty may be paid to him up to the limit of the balance in his favour in that account. The cost price of spirits purchased should be paid to the contract supplier.

7. In the case of purchases from wholesale depots the excise duty must be paid to the depotkeeper with the cost price.

II.—SPECIAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ARRACK WHOLESALE DEPOT LICENCES.

1. Each cask in a depot shall have its capacity legibly cut, branded or painted on it. The licensee will be responsible for the correctness of such marks. The contents of casks of 30 gallons and upwards must be marked to the nearest half gallon, those of smaller sizes to the nearest quarter gallon.

2. In the following cases no consignments of spirits received at depots from distilleries and warehouses and, in the case of (b), from other depots shall be opened before they have been gauged and proved by an authorized Government officer :—

(a) In case of issues from the Vizagapatam distillery to depots in the Ganjam Agency of the Vizagapatam district.

(b) In case of issues from one part of British territory to another which must pass through Native States or Foreign Settlements.

(c) In case of issues from the Nellikuppam distillery to the low duty tracts of the South Arcot district.

(d) In case of issues from the Berwada warehouse to the Munagala and Lingagiri zamindaris of the Kistna district.

(e) In case of issues from the Samalkot distillery to depots in the Agency tracts of the Godavari district.

In all other cases the depotkeepers are required to verify the consignments on receipt and carefully enter the result of the verification in their accounts.

3. No consignments of spirits which have to be transported through Native States or Foreign Settlements shall be issued without their being sealed by authorized officers.

4. Each depot must be furnished with a hydrometer of such pattern as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, a thermometer and a bung-rod. Bung-rods, and, if required, hydrometers and thermometers also will be supplied by the department on payment of the cost.

5. Wholesale depotkeepers shall obtain their supplies of liquor only from the distillery or warehouse established by the contract supplier in the contract area or from other wholesale depots in the same area, as shown in column 2 of the table in condition 2 of the conditions applicable to arrack licences.

6. Spirits shall be sold only to licensed vendors in the district. But wholesale depotkeepers in taluks, where a lower rate of cost price is in force, shall not sell liquor to licensed vendors in the other taluks of the district, where a higher rate of cost price is in force.

7. Wholesale depotkeepers shall send letters of advice to the Sub-Inspector of the range in which the shop is situated, whenever a consignment is issued to a shop in a different range from the depot. Letters of advice relating to shops in the same range as the depot shall invariably be written up by the depotkeeper at the time of writing the permit and either sent to the Sub-Inspector or handed over to him when he next inspects the depot.

8. A wastage allowance up to 3 per cent on the quantity advised in each cask received at the depot will be allowed to wholesale depotkeepers who should submit to the Inspector of the circle in which the depot is situated a statement showing (i) the number of the cask received at the depot, (ii) the quantity advised in each cask, (iii) the quantity returned and (iv) the wastage ascertained in each case. The statement should be submitted not later than the 5th of the month following that to which it relates. All cases of wastage in excess of the 3 per cent limit will be dealt with by Collectors, at their discretion, by a fine not exceeding double the duty payable on the excess wastage. Only one cask should be kept open at a time for issue. Depotkeepers should show clearly in their account books the cask from which each consignment or part of a consignment is issued.

9. Depotkeepers are required to seal all consignments of liquor issued to shops at their own cost. Collectors may require that a portion of each supply from a depot to a shop shall be in sealed bottles. The depotkeepers shall use a private seal, an impression of which shall be made not only on the jars or other receptacles in which liquor is issued, but also on the permits issued with the consignments. All depotkeepers will be required at the beginning of the year to furnish the Inspector of the circle within which their depot is situated with a clear impression of the seal to be used and will not be permitted to change the seal during the year.

10. Depotkeepers or their employees shall have no interest in retail arrack shops.

Special Conditions applicable to Independent Arrack Shop Licences.

1. No consignments of spirits transported through Native States or Foreign Settlements shall be opened before they have been verified by authorized officers.

2. Shopkeepers shall have no interest in arrack wholesale depots.

Conditions applicable to Tavern Licences.

1. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring or flavouring or mixing any material therewith.

2. Every receptacle containing spirits flavoured, coloured or compounded in India and received into or kept for sale at the tavern shall be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Spirit compounded in India." All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Presidency received into or kept for sale at the tavern shall bear a printed label showing clearly the nature of the liquor contained therein, the country of manufacture, the name of the bottler as entered in his licence and the place of bottling. The licensee is forbidden to alter either the nature of the bottled liquor purchased by him or the labels upon the bottles, on pain of forfeiture of his licence.

3. If the licensee is desirous of obtaining a supply of coconut arrack made in Malabar, he must make his own arrangements with the supply contractors. The contractors shall not be entitled to receptacles labelled "Spirit manufactured in Malabar."

4. The minimum strengths at which imported and locally made foreign spirits are be sold are 95° under-proof for gin and 25° under-proof for all other kinds of spirits including Italian arrack, except denatured spirits and coconut arrack.

Condition applicable to Tavern Licences in places where there are no Beer Shops and to Beer Shop Licences.

Every licensed brewer within the Presidency is bound on payment of the value in legal tender or on security for such value being given to supply Indian beer at a price not exceeding Rs. 58-3-0, including the excise duty of Rs. 18-3-0 per hogshead, to all persons licensed to sell such beer

Applicants shall be entitled to have Indian beer of good quality issued to them in the order of their applications and with all reasonable despatch. All complaints as to the quality of the beer supplied will be disposed of by the Board whose decision shall be final.

Special Conditions applicable to Tavern Licences in places where there are no Beer Shops.

1. The privilege extends to the sale of foreign liquor to be consumed on the premises and to sale to any person at a time up to one reputed quart for removal from the premises.

2. Every receptacle containing beer brewed in India and received into or kept for sale at the shop shall be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Beer brewed in India."

Special Condition applicable to Tavern Licences in places where there are Beer Shops.

The privilege extends to the sale of any foreign liquor except beer to be consumed on the premises and to sale to any person at a time up to one reputed quart for removal from the premises.

Special Conditions applicable to Beer Shop Licences.

1. The privilege extends to the sale of beer brewed in India to be consumed on the premises and to sale to any person at a time up to one reputed quart for removal from the premises.

2. Every receptacle containing beer brewed in India and received into or kept for sale at the shop shall be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Beer brewed in India".

Special Condition applicable to Beer Shop Licences on the Nilgiris.

The licensee shall obtain beer from such brewery and at such price as the Collector may notify.

Conditions applicable to Ganja Shop Licences.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the Hemp Drugs rules prescribed by the Board in Notification No. 1, dated 6th January 1921, published on pages 76-80 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th January 1921, Part II, and by any additional, general or special rules which may from time to time be prescribed and notified.

2. The privilege conferred extends only to the sale of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant.

3. Shopkeepers must obtain their supplies of ganja and bhang from the storehouses at Vetapalem and Santavasal or from other shops within the same districts. The Collector may, however, at any time require any licensee to obtain his supplies from any one specified source.

4. During the closing month of the lease (March) no licensee shall apply for more ganja than is necessary to meet the legitimate requirements of the remaining days of the lease. Every indent for ganja in March to the Storehouse Officer shall be sent through the Inspector of the circle in which the shop is situated who may, at his discretion, refuse to pass it in full and may pass for supply only such quantity as he considers reasonable.

5. Owners of stocks at the Santavasal storehouse, so long as they have stock in hand, are bound by a condition of their licence to supply ganja to licensed vendors on payment, in legal tender, of the value thereof at a rate not exceeding Rs. 1-8-0 per seer of 80 tolas or such other maximum as may be fixed either generally or with reference to any particular case. They are also bound to comply with indents for intoxicating drugs received from shopkeepers in accordance with the rules in the order of their receipt and with all reasonable despatch and to appoint agents at the storehouse to act for them during their absence, if any. Should they fail to do so, it will be open to the storehouse officer to issue intoxicating drugs on their behalf when indents are received during their absence.

6. At the Vetapalem storehouse, ganja and bhang will be sold to licensed vendors at a fixed price of Rs. 1-4-0 per seer of ganja and annas eight per seer of bhang. Licensees desiring to purchase from the storehouse must pay both the duty and the cost price of the drugs into the treasury of the taluk in which their shop is situated. They should forward the treasury receipts evidencing the payment of duty and cost price to the storehouse officer who will make the issues from the stocks in the store-house.

7. No consignment of intoxicating drugs obtained from a Government storehouse shall be opened before it has been verified and passed by an authorized Government officer. Infraction of this provision will subject the licensee to a fine which may extend up to Rs. 200.

8. No licensee shall keep any greater quantity of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant than may be fixed by the Collector. The Collector may, at any time, during the currency of the lease, if he finds that the issues to a shop are abnormally high, restrict further issues unless good reason is shown by the shopkeeper.

9. Shopkeepers are prohibited from breaking up the pressed ganja kept for sale in their shops except in small quantities not exceeding the average daily sales in their shops. Other drugs may be manufactured from ganja and bhang in shops and sold to other shopkeepers.

10. No licensee shall destroy the seeds or any part of his stock of ganja. The seeds, if separated from the stock, as well as any part of the stock which the licensee desires to destroy should be carefully preserved for examination and destruction by an inspecting officer.

11. No licensed cultivator or licensed stockholder shall hold any interest in any retail shop.

12. If any ganja licensee is used as a cloak for illicit sales or if the licensee knowingly sells ganja to a ganja smuggler or if the Collector has reason to suspect that the licensee is guilty of any offence of that nature, he may, after recording his reasons, forthwith cancel the license and resell or otherwise dispose of the privilege at the risk of the licensee. The rent for the whole lease shall become due at once when a license is cancelled under this condition.

Conditions applicable to Opium Licences.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the rules prescribed under the Opium Act in Government Notification No. 3, dated 9th July 1918, published on pages 710-714 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 16th July 1918, Part I, and any additional general or special rules which may from time to time be notified.

2. The privilege conferred extends only (*a*) to the retail sale of opium and (*b*) to the manufacture and retail sale of intoxicating drugs made from opium or the poppy other than morphia or preparations for smoking in shops duly sanctioned.

3. The price of opium at taluk cutcherries will be Rs. 60 per full seer cake and Rs. 30 per half seer cake.

4. The licensee shall obtain his supply of opium from * . . . . . taluk cutcherry in quantities of a half seer and multiples thereof on complying with the rules regulating such issues, or from other shops within the district under the special orders of the Collector. No opium other than that obtained in the manner specified above shall be sold or received or possessed by shopkeepers. During the closing month of the lease (March), the licensee may not apply for more opium than is necessary to meet legitimate requirements of the remaining days of the lease. Every indent for opium in March will be carefully scrutinized by the officer in charge of the taluk treasury who may, at his discretion, refuse to comply with it in full, and may issue such quantity as he considers reasonable.

5. A licensed shopkeeper may not sell at one time to any person more than one tola of opium or intoxicating drugs, except in the Agencies of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari where he may sell up to three tolas.

6. The licensee shall keep at any one time no greater quantity of opium and intoxicating drugs other than morphia or preparations for smoking than may be fixed by the Collector. The Collector may, by notification at the time of the auction sale, impose a maximum limit on the quantity to be sold under a licence or may, at any time during the currency of the lease, if he finds that the issues to a shop are abnormally high, restrict further issues unless good reason is shown by the shopkeeper.

7. If the licence is used as a cloak for illicit sales or if the licensee knowingly sells opium to an opium smuggler or if the Collector has reason to suspect that the licensee is guilty of any of these offences, he may, after recording his reasons, forthwith cancel the licence and re-sell or otherwise dispose of the privilege at the risk of the licensee. The rent for the whole lease shall become due at once, when a licence is cancelled under this condition.

8. The smoking or consumption of opium or its preparations in any form in premises licensed for sale and the sale of morphia or preparations for smoking are prohibited.

9. Discretion is reserved to Collectors to issue separate licences to licensed chemists for the sale of opium and the manufacture and sale of opium preparations for medicinal purposes only.

* Here the name of the taluk where the shop is situated or of such other taluk as may be ordered by the Collector will be inserted.

No 3, *dated* 24*th January* 1921.

NOTICE OF CONDITIONS OF ISSUE OF FIXED FEE FOREIGN LIQUOR LICENCES

The following notification is issued in supersession of Notification No. 2, dated 23rd January 1920, published in the Supplement to the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated 27th January 1920 :—

In exercise of the power conferred on him under section 4 (*g*) of the Madras Abkari Act (I of 1886), the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue hereby prescribes, under section 24 of the Act, the following rules for regulating the issue of licences on fixed fees for the compounding, blending, bottling and sale of potable foreign liquors from and after the 1st April 1921 within the limits of the Madras Presidency :—

1. The term "foreign liquor" in these rules includes all wines, spirits and beer imported into the Presidency by sea or land; plain rectified spirits imported or locally made and on which the tariff rate of duty has been paid; cocoanut arrack, and spirits manufactured or compounded in the country and made in colour and flavour to resemble gin, brandy, whisky or rum excised at the tariff rate of import duty, and beer brewed in India or beer imported in a condensed form and afterwards converted into potable beer and duly excised, but excludes denatured spirits and ordinary arrack. In the case of licences to chemists, druggists and other approved firms or persons, however, for the sale of pure rectified spirits only, the term "foreign liquor" means pure rectified spirits imported from foreign countries by sea or manufactured in this country and excised at the tariff rate of duty.

NOTE.—The minimum strengths at which imported and locally made foreign spirits can be sold are 25° U.P. for gin and 25° U.P. for all other kinds of spirits including Italian arrack, except denatured spirits and cocoanut arrack.

"Indian" beer is beer brewed in India (*a*) which contains at least two bushels of malt and two pounds of hops per hogshead and in the manufacture of which jaggery or crude cane-sugar is employed, (*b*) which is brewed at a higher original gravity than 1,055° on a standard saccharometer and (*c*) the maximum price of which at the brewery is Rs. 55-3-9 per hogshead including the excise duty of four and a half annas per gallon.

2. Licences for the sale of foreign liquors shall be of the following descriptions :—

I. *Wholesale licences for the sale of foreign liquor not to be drunk on the premises.*—These will be issued on an annual fee of Rs. 250 at the discretion of Collectors. Under these licences the sale of liquor in quantities less than two imperial gallons or a dozen reputed quart bottles or two dozen reputed pint bottles of each kind at a time is prohibited. The holders of this licence will have the privilege of issuing to licensed dealers only samples of liquor in quantities not exceeding one pint. In Madras town, holders of this licence will not be allowed to sell "Indian" beer.

II. *Retail licences for the sale of foreign liquor not to be drunk on the premises to any person.*—These will be of two kinds—one for the sale of all kinds of foreign liquor, except "Indian" beer and the other for the sale of beer brewed in India.

(a) The former will be issued at the discretion of the Board and Collectors on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 1,000 in the Nilgiris except Gudalur, Rs. 500 in the town of Madras, Rs. 250 in towns having a population of 25,000 and over and in Kodaikanal, Yercaud and Cochin, and Rs. 150 in the rest of the Presidency. Under these licences the sale of liquor in a quantity less than one reputed pint and greater than two imperial gallons in one transaction will be prohibited.

(b) Retail licences for the sale of beer brewed in India will be issued to successful bidders for beer shops on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 60.

III. *Hotel licences for the supply of residents in hotels and boarding houses.*—These will be of two classes and subject to a payment of an annual fee of Rs. 250 or Rs. 150 in Madras, of Rs. 100 or Rupees 60 on the Nilgiris, and of Rs. 50 or Rs. 25 in the rest of the Presidency, as may in each case be determined by the Collector. No liquor may be sold under these licences otherwise than to residents in hotels and boarding houses for their own use and that of their guests, or to casual visitors requiring liquor with the meal or meals supplied to them.

In Madras a holder of a hotel licence desirous of setting up and maintaining in his hotel a bar or bars may, on payment of a monthly fee of Rs. 60 for a first-class bar or Rs. 25 for a second-class bar, be granted a separate licence to be called a bar licence. This will cover the sale of foreign liquor under the same conditions and to the same extent as the tavern licence.

In Madras, special bar licences will also be issued to others than holders of hotel licences with the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue. The fees in such cases will be fixed by the Board and the licences will entitle the holders to sell to all comers.

IV. *Refreshment-room licences* will be of two classes—

(a) *For refreshment-rooms maintained by, or under the supervision and control of, railway companies and proprietors or managers of lines of dâk carriage for the supply on the premises of travellers by such railways or dâk lines.*—The annual fee payable for each licence will be Rs. 50. Under these licences liquor may be sold to *bond fide* travellers, or to other persons served with regular meals in the rooms for consumption on the premises to any extent, provided that no more than one reputed quart of spirits or two reputed quarts of any other kind of liquor sold at the refreshment-room may be sold at one time to any such traveller for removal from the premises.

(b) *For refreshment-rooms in which the sale of liquor is ordinarily combined with the supply of meals or of eatables prepared and served in the European manner.*—The annual fee will be Rs. 500 in Madras and Rs. 75 in the rest of the Presidency. It will at all times be optional with the Collector to withdraw licences of this description if it should appear that the sale of liquor to persons who have not partaken of meals in the refreshment-room is permitted to such an extent or so habitually that the refreshment-room may fairly be classed as a tavern. Sale of liquor for removal from the premises will not be allowed under these licences. The premises to be used for the sale of liquor under these licences must be at least of the monthly rentable value of Rs. 50 in Madras and in Cuddalore and Coonoor municipalities and of Rs. 25 in the rest of the Presidency.

V. *Occasional licences*, such as licences for the sale at refreshment stalls in connexion with race meetings and public entertainments. These will be granted by Collectors at their discretion for periods not exceeding ten days at one time and at such fees not exceeding Rs. 100 on each occasion as they may determine. No removal of liquor from the premises will be allowed under these licences.

VI. *Special licences* will also be granted by Collectors in consultation with the officers of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department when the circumstances are such as not to allow of the issue of licences of any of the above descriptions on such terms and conditions and for such periods as they may on each occasion determine.

VII. *Auctioneers' licences.*—Annual fee, Rs. 5. The following are important provisions of this licence:—

(a) Liberty to give sample bottles in respect of all consignments, whether trade consignments or the property of private persons, in order that intending purchasers may have the opportunity of tasting high class wines and spirits at their own homes before the auction sale.

(b) Authority to sell wines, spirits and beer in less quantities than whole dozens of each description in the case of sales by auction of the property of private parties or estates or of trade consignments which are alleged or otherwise unmerchantable.

(c) Authority to sell by auction at places other than that specified in the licence, viz., at any private residence at which the licensee may hold an auction.

VIII. *Licences for the sale of pure rectified spirits.*—These will be issued to chemists and druggists and other firms or persons specially approved by Collectors, on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 10. Under these licences the possession of pure rectified spirits in excess of ten imperial gallons (or such larger quantity as the Collector may, in consultation with the officers of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, specially authorise) is prohibited. Pure rectified spirits must not be sold under these licences for other than *bond fide* medical, industrial and scientific purposes, and the maximum limit of sale at one time to the same person is restricted to one reputed pint in the case of sale to a private individual, two reputed quarts in the case of sale to a chemist, medical practitioner or scientific body and three imperial gallons to any Government, Local Fund or Municipal hospital.

IX. *Licences for the sale of medicated wines and similar preparations* containing 20 per cent and upwards but not more than 42 per cent of proof spirit will be issued by Collectors on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 10.

X. *Licences for compounding* $\frac{m}{and}$ *blending foreign liquors* will be granted to holders of wholesale licences by Collectors and licences for *compounding* to licensed distillers by the Deputy Commissioner of Abkari on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 250.

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* NOTE.—In places where there are beer shops, holders of retail licences for the sale of all kinds of foreign liquor except Indian beer will be permitted to sell beer brewed in India on English principles only in bottles as bottled at the brewery at which it was brewed.

4. *Licences for the bottling of foreign liquors, except beer brewed locally*, will be granted to holders of wholesale licences by Collectors and to licensed distillers by the Deputy Commissioner of Abkari on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 50.

5. Any two or more of the above kinds of licences may be granted to the same person for the sale of liquor in the same premises.

6. No premises shall be used for the sale of liquor unless and until approved by the Collector.

7. All licensees shall maintain and furnish to Collectors statistics showing separately the consumption of imported foreign liquors and locally-made spirits and beers.

8. All licences (other than occasional and special licences) will have effect for the official year, i.e., from the 1st April in each year until the 31st March of the following year.

9. The fixed fees exceeding Rs. 50 on all licences (other than special and occasional licences) will be payable in two instalments, one-half being payable when the licence is issued and the other half at the beginning of the second half-year, viz., 1st October.

10. For the convenience of the trade, Collectors will, so far as possible, receive and dispose of applications for licences under clause IV (*b*) to have effect during the following official year before the tavern sales for that year. Licences for the sale of liquor in mufassal refreshment-rooms should be very sparingly given.

11. All further information may be obtained and forms of licences may be procured at a charge of two annas each at the offices of Collectors.

No. 4.—In virtue of the power delegated under clause XIII (6) of Government Notification No. 485, dated 13th July 1906, published on pages 1203 and 1204 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 29th September 1896, Part I, and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject, the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue hereby directs that, from 1st April 1921, the minimum prices below which country liquor shall not be sold in the undermentioned tracts shall be as follows:—

Country Spirits.

Tracts	Prices.
Low-duty areas of the South Arcot district ..	One anna eight pies per ¼ dram of 40° u.p. arrack.

Toddy.

The free-tax areas of the Presidency ..	Four annas per gallon or one pie per dram.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 24th January 1921.

D. N. STRATHIE,
Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 4.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 25, 1921. [Price, 2 annas.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR THE MONTH OF

NOVEMBER 1920.

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of November 1920.

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of November 1920—*cont.*

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of November 1920—*cont.*

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of November 1920—*cont.*

| | | |

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of November 1920—*cont.*

Stations.	Total number of rainy days in the month.	Normal number of rainy days in the month.	Total number of days in the month.	Total rainfall for the month.	Normal rainfall for the month.	Greatest fall in 24 hours during the month.	Date.	Total rainfall from 1st to 15th.	Total rainfall from 16th to 30th.
Malabar and South Canara.									
Cochin State.									
Ernakulam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Mattancherry	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Cranganore	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Irinjalakuda	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Trichur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Mukundapuram	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Chittur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
District Normal.	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Alattur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Palghat	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Parli	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Ottappalam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Shoranur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Mannarghat	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Anaikpalam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Manjeri (Inamar)	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tirthal	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Manamboly	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tellicherry	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kayanna	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Taliparamba	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Cannanore	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tellicherry	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Badagara	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Quilandi	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Calicut	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tirurangadi	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Pon nani	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Chowghat	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Trichur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Cochin	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
District Normal.	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Travancore—Cochin Division—contd.									
Trichur (Peikanapuram).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kottarakkara	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Ayakudi	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Alwaye	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Shencotta (P.W.D. Office).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Shencotta (Cutchery).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Quilon (Engineer's office).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Quilon (Cutchery)	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Parvur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Division Normal.	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Aduvari (Cheruplasseri).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Sasthamcotta	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Trivandrum	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Nagercoil	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Agastiswaram	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Padmanabhapuram	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Division Normal.	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Pamban	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
P.P. Channel (6th mile).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kalgal	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kulasekharam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Puttan Dam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Cherkkad	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tuvarelai	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tadikarakonam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Sectional	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kanikkara (Tidal channels).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Melpal	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Mukkumalai	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Pin Ippandi Thavalai	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Aruvamoli	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Talkulam (Kalkulam).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Eraniel	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kolachel (Salt Factory).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kolachel (Out-charge).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Nagercoil	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Enakkudi (Canal Serangam).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Sanguran	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kayalpattanam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tuticorin (Old Salt Factory).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tuticorin (New Salt Factory).	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Koilpatti	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Division Normal.	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Alattur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Palghat	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Parli	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Ottappalam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Shoranur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Mannarghat	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Anaikpalam	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Manjeri (Inamar)	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tirthal	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Manamboly	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tellicherry	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Kayanna	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Taliparamba	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Cannanore	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tellicherry	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Badagara	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Quilandi	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Calicut	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Tirurangadi	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Pon nani	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Chowghat	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Trichur	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
Cochin	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00
District Normal.	11	9	30	11.49	9.74	3.00	29	6.49	5.00

(1-Sup-3

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

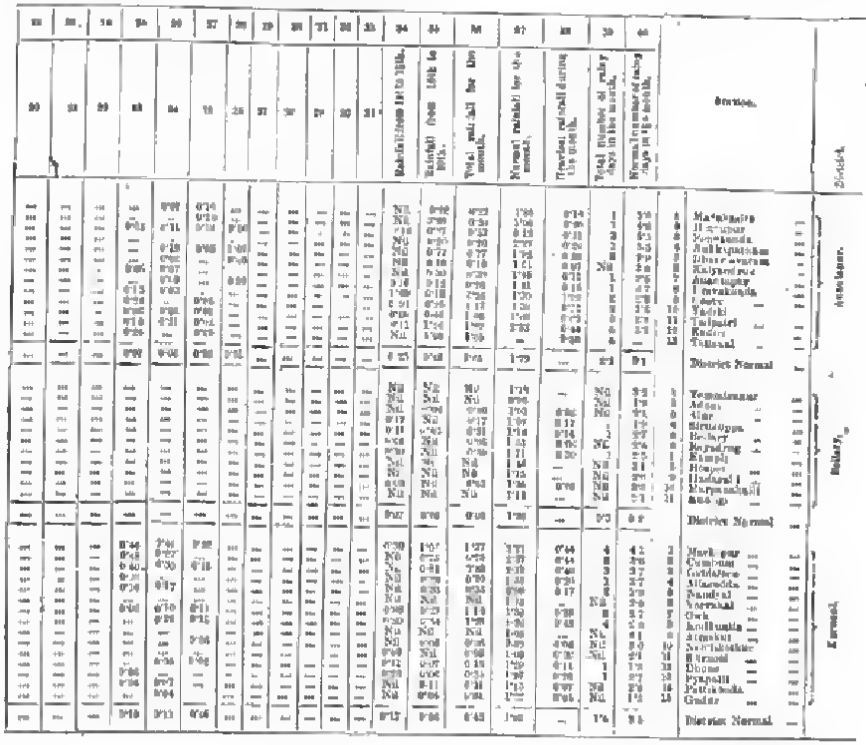
Presidency for the month of November 1920—*cont.*

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Ceded Dists.	Bellary																			
	Adoni																			
	Alur																			
	Kurnool																			
	Nandyal																			
	Cuddapah																			
	Jammalamadugu																			
	Proddatur																			
	Pulivendla																			
	Gooty																			
	Tadpatri																			
	Penukonda																			
	Hindupur																			
	District Normal																			
Nellore.	Nellore																			
	Gudur																			
	Kavali																			
	Atmakur																			
	Nandalur																			
	Kanigiri																			
	District Normal																			
Chingleput.	Chingleput																			
	Conjeeveram																			
	Tiruvallur																			
	Cuddalore																			
	Chidambaram																			
	Vriddhachalam																			
	Tindivanam																			
	Villupuram																			
	Tirukoilur																			
	Attur																			
	Salem																			
	Namakkal																			
	Erode																			
	Coimbatore																			
	Pollachi																			
	Udumalpet																			
	Dharapuram																			
	Karur																			
	District Normal																			

Madras Observatory,
3rd January 1921.

Presidency for the month of November 1920—*contd.*



E. BARNES,
Offg. Meteorologist, Madras.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ്

III-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുചേർന്ന സപ്ലിമെൻറ്

SUPPLEMENT TO PART III OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE,

JANUARY 25, 1921.

നമ്പർ (1).] കടിയാർ - ചൊവ്വാഴ്ച തൈമാസം, 1921 ജനുവരി 25-ാം. [വില, 2 അണ.

ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെണ്ട് ആക്ട്

ACT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ അവർകളുടെ സമ്മതം സിദ്ധിച്ച ഇന്ത്യൻ നിയമനിർമ്മാണ സഭയുടെ ആക്ട്.

ഇന്ത്യൻ നിയമനിർമ്മാണ സഭയുടെ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ആക്ടിന്നു 1920 സപ്തംബർ 16-ാം തീയതി ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ സമ്മതം സിദ്ധിക്കയും ആയതു വിജ്ഞാപനം ചെയ്വാനായി ഇതിനാൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ACT No. XLI OF 1920.

1920 ലെ 41-ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ട്.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ON SHIPS REGISTERED IN BRITISH INDIA AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർചെയ്ത കപ്പലുകളിൽ കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിതന്തി (Wireless Telegraphy) സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിന്നും മറ്റു ആവശ്യങ്ങൾക്കും വേണ്ടി ചെയ്യുന്നതായ ഒരു ആക്ട്.

ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർചെയ്ത കപ്പലുകളിൽ കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിതന്തി (Wireless Telegraphy) സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിന്നും മറ്റു ആവശ്യങ്ങൾക്കും വേണ്ടി ചെയ്യുന്നതായ ഒരു ആക്ട് ആയിരിക്കയാൽ ഇതിനാൽ താഴെ പറയുന്നപ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു :—

പ്രത്യേകപ്പേരും, വ്യാപ്തിയും, ആരംഭവും.

1. (1) ഈ ആക്ടിന്നു 1920 ലെ (കപ്പൽ സംബന്ധമായ) ഇന്ത്യൻ കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിതന്തി ആക്ട് എന്നു പേർ പറയാം.

(2) ആയത് ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യ മുഴുവൻ വ്യാപിക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(3) ആയതു ആലോചന സഭയിലെ ഗവൺമെന്റ് ജനറൽ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗസറ്റിൽ പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനു മുമ്പായി നടപടിയെടുക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

നിർവചനങ്ങൾ.

2. (1) ഈ ആക്ടിലെ വിഷയത്തിലോ പ്രസ്താവനയുമായോ സന്ദർഭത്തിലോ വിരുദ്ധമായി വല്ലതും ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നാലൊഴികെ—

(a) "യാത്രാ സ്റ്റീമർ" എന്നതിനു പന്ത്രണ്ടിൽ അധികം യാത്രക്കാരെ കയറ്റിക്കൊണ്ടുപോകുന്ന തരം നീരാവിക്കപ്പൽ എന്നർത്ഥവും,

(b) "നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട" എന്നതിനു ഈ ആക്ടപ്രകാരം ഉണ്ടാക്കിയ ചട്ടങ്ങളാൽ നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട എന്നർത്ഥവും,

(c) "ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്ത" എന്നതിനു 1894 മുതൽ 1916 വരെയുള്ള കച്ചവടക്കപ്പലോടുകൂടിയപ്രകാരമോ കപ്പലുകൾ രജിസ്റ്റുചെയ്വാൻ നിയമിക്കുന്നതും തൽക്കാലം നടപ്പിലുള്ളതുമായിരിക്കുന്ന ആലോചന സഭയിലെ ഗവൺമെന്റ് ജനറലുടെ വല്ല ആജ്ഞപ്രകാരമോ ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർചെയ്ത എന്നർത്ഥവും ആകുന്നു. 57-ാം, 58-ാം വി. 60-ാം ഭാ.

(2) ഈ ആക്ടിൽ ഉപയോഗിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതും 1894 മുതൽ 1916 വരെയുള്ള കച്ചവടക്കപ്പലാക്കുകളിൽ അർത്ഥം വിവരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതും ഇതിൽ വേറെ വിവരിച്ചിട്ടില്ലാത്തതും ആയ എല്ലാ പദങ്ങൾക്കും പ്രയോഗിപ്പിക്കുന്ന ഈ ആക്ടുകളിൽ കൊടുക്കപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുള്ള അർത്ഥങ്ങൾതന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നതാണെന്നു വിചാരിക്കേണ്ടതാകുന്നു. 57-ാം, 58-ാം വി. 60-ാം ഭാ.

കമ്പിയിലും കമ്പിക്കപ്പൽ സംബന്ധമായി ഇളവുള്ളതു ഉം.

3. (1) യാത്രാ സ്റ്റീമറോ ആകെയുള്ള കേവുപാട് 1,600 ടണ്ണോ അതിലധികമോ ഭാരമുള്ള കപ്പലോ ആയി ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്തതും കടലിൽ പോകുന്നതുമായുള്ള ഏതൊരു ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് കപ്പലിലും നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട വിവരണപ്രകാരമുള്ള കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപ്പാൽ സ്ഥാപിക്കേണ്ടതും നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട പ്രകാരമുള്ള കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപ്പാൻ പ്രവൃത്തി നടത്തിപ്പോരേണ്ടതും നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട വിധം സർട്ടിഫിക്കേറ്റോടുകൂടിയ പ്രവർത്തകന്മാരെയും കമ്പൽക്കാരെയും വെക്കേണ്ടതും ആകുന്നു :

എന്നാൽ കപ്പലുകൾ പോകുന്നതായ യാത്രകളുടെ സ്വഭാവമോ അതല്ല സംഗതിയെ സംബന്ധിച്ചു വേറെ അവസ്ഥകളോ ആലോചിക്കുന്നതായാൽ ഒരു കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപ്പാൽ സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതു അനാവശ്യമോ അധികമോ ആണെന്നു ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവൺമെന്റ് അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടാൽപക്ഷം അദ്ദേഹം ഇന്ത്യാ ഗസറ്റിൽ പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതുവരെയും വല്ല കപ്പലുകളുടെയോ വല്ല തരം കപ്പലുകളുടെയോ ഒരു ആപ്പീലിനാൽ മുകളിലുള്ള പ്രസ്താവനകളിൽ നിന്നു ഒഴിവാക്കുവാനുള്ളതാകുന്നു.

(2) ആവക വല്ല കപ്പലിന്റെ സംഗതിയിലും ഒരു പ്രത്യേകപ്രകാരം നടക്കുവാൻ കാരണങ്ങളുണ്ടെന്നു കപ്പലിലെ മേധാവിക്കോ ഉടമസ്ഥനോ 1,000 രൂ. വരെ ആവാൻ പാടുള്ളതു പിഴ ശിക്ഷ വരുത്തുന്നതാകുന്നു.

കമ്പിയിലും കമ്പിക്കപ്പൽ ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർമാരുടെ നിയമവും അധികാരങ്ങളും.

4. (1) വല്ല കപ്പലിലും ഈ ആക്ടിനാൽ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടപ്രകാരം ശരിയായി നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടോ എന്നു നോക്കുവാനായി (ഇതിനുശേഷം കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപ്പാൽ ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർമാർ എന്നു പറയുന്ന) ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാരെ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവൺമെന്റ് ജനറൽ നിയമിക്കാം.

(2) വല്ല കപ്പലിലും ഈ ആക്ടിനനുസരിച്ചു ഒരു കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപ്പാൽ ശരിയായി സ്ഥാപിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നുവോ എന്നും സർട്ടിഫിക്കേറ്റുള്ള പ്രവൃത്തകന്മാരെയും കാവൽക്കാരെയും ശരിയായിവെച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടോ എന്നും മനസ്സിലാക്കുന്നതിനായി ഒരു കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപ്പാൽ ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ അതിനെ പരിശോധിക്കുന്നതും, ഒരു ആവശ്യത്തിനായി ഏതൊരു കപ്പലിലും ന്യായമായ എപ്പോഴും പോകാവുന്നതും, ഈ ആക്ടിന്റെ ആവശ്യത്തിനായി കപ്പൽ ശരിയായി പരിശോധിപ്പാൻ ആവശ്യമായ എല്ലാ കാര്യങ്ങളും

ചെയ്യാവുന്നതും, യന്ത്രസ്ഥാപനയെ സംബന്ധിച്ച രേഖ ആക്ട്പ്രകാരം കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള വല്ല സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റും കപ്പലിലുള്ള പ്രവർത്തകന്മാരുടെയും കാഡറ്റുകളുടെയും സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുകളും ഉൾപ്പെടെ ആ ആവശ്യത്തിലേക്ക് കൊടുപ്പാൻ കപ്പലിലെ മേധാവിക്ക് കഴിവുള്ളതായ എല്ലാ വിവരവും തനിക്ക് ലഭ്യമാക്കിയതായി മേധാവിയോട് ആവശ്യപ്പെടുകയും ചെയ്യാവുന്നതുമാണ്".

(3) വല്ല കപ്പലിലും അപ്രകാരം ഏർപ്പാടൊന്നുമിട്ടില്ലെന്നു കണ്ടിട്ടില്ലാ കണ്ടിട്ടപ്പോൾ ഇൻസ്പക്ടർ കാരണമായാൽ ആ കാര്യം രേഖപ്പെടുത്തിക്കൊണ്ടിട്ടും തന്റെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ ആവശ്യമായ പരിഹാരമുണ്ടായി ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടതു ചെയ്തതായി കാണിച്ചും അപ്രകാരം മേധാവിക്കൊ ഉടമസ്ഥനൊ എഴുത്തുമൂലമായ ഒരു അറിയിപ്പു കൊടുക്കേണം.

(4) ഈ വകുപ്പിലെ (3) - ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കൊടുത്തതായ എല്ലാ അറിയിപ്പും ആ കപ്പൽ ബന്ദർ വിടുവാൻ സമ്മതം കിട്ടുവാനായി ശ്രമിച്ചുണ്ടാകുന്ന വല്ല ബന്ദറിലെയും പ്രധാന ചുങ്കം ആഫീസർ (Chief Officer of Customs) നിശ്ചയിക്കപ്പെട്ട പ്രകാരത്തിൽ അറിയിച്ചു കൊടുക്കേണം. ഈ ആക്ടിനു മേലുള്ള വല്ല കമ്പനിയും കമ്പനിയല്ലാ കമ്പനിയപ്പോൾ ശരിയായി സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടിരിക്കുന്നവെന്നും സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുള്ള പ്രവർത്തകന്മാരെയും കാഡറ്റുകളെയും ആ കപ്പലിൽ ശരിയായി വെച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും കമ്പനിയല്ലാ കമ്പനിയപ്പോൾ ഇൻസ്പക്ടർക്കു തൃപ്തികരമായി തോന്നുവോളം കാലം ആ കപ്പൽ അവിടെനിന്നു പിടിയാതിരിക്കുന്നതിനും അതിനെ കല്പിക്കുകയും വേണം.

ഇന്ത്യയിൽ നിന്നു പോകുന്ന ചില ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് കപ്പലുകളുടെ മേൽ മറ്റു കപ്പലുകളെ അപേക്ഷിച്ചു നിയമങ്ങൾ.

5. ഈ ആക്ട് തുടങ്ങി ഒരു വർഷത്തിനു ശേഷം വരുന്ന ഒരു തീയതി മുതൽ ഈ ആക്ടിലെ നിയമങ്ങൾ ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്ത ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് കപ്പലുകൾക്കു സംബന്ധിക്കുന്നപ്രകാരം തന്നെ ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്ത ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് കപ്പലുകൾക്കും അല്ലാതെ മറ്റു കപ്പലുകൾക്കും ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ വല്ല ബന്ദറിലും ആയിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ അവയ്ക്കും സംബന്ധിക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

ചുങ്കമുദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാർക്കുള്ള അധികാരം.

6. (1) ഈ ആക്ടിലെ ആവശ്യങ്ങൾക്കും നിറവേറ്റുവാനായി ആവശ്യമായ സഹായത്തിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ ചട്ടങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ടാക്കാം.

(2) പ്രത്യേകമായും മേൽപറഞ്ഞ അധികാരത്തിന്റെ സാമാന്യത്തെ തൃക്കുട്ടാതെയും ആയാൽ ചട്ടങ്ങളാൽ—

(a) ഏതു പ്രദേശത്തേയ്ക്കായ കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പിത്തപാൽ സ്ഥാപനയുടെ സഹായവും, ഏതു വിധത്തിലുള്ള പ്രവൃത്തി നടത്തിപോരേണമെന്നും, ചുമതലക്കാരുടെയും കാഡറ്റുകളുടെയും എണ്ണവും, ഗ്രേഡും യോഗ്യതയും നിശ്ചയിക്കാം;

4 & 5 Geo. 5, c. 28, s. 22 (1) (a).

എന്നാൽ 1914 ലെ കപ്പലോട്ടപ്പുത്ത (ക്വട്ടേഡടി) ആക്ടിലെ നിയമങ്ങൾക്കു വിരോധം വരുത്തുന്നതിൽ അധികം പ്രവർത്തകന്മാരെ കൊണ്ടുപോകേണ്ടുന്ന ആവശ്യമായിരുന്നതൊഴികെ യാതൊരു കപ്പലിലും അതിൽ അധികം പ്രവർത്തകന്മാരെ കൊണ്ടുപോകണമെന്നു ആവശ്യപ്പെടുവാൻ പാടുള്ളതല്ല.

(b) 4 - ാം വകുപ്പു (3) - ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കൊടുത്തതായ അറിയിപ്പു പ്രധാനമുദ്യോഗസ്ഥൻ എഴുതുകാരന്തിൽ അറിയിക്കേണമെന്നും നിശ്ചയിക്കാം.

(3) ഈ വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഉണ്ടാക്കിയ ചട്ടങ്ങൾ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർണ്മെന്റ് പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതും അപ്പോൾ അവയെ ഈ ആക്ടിന്റെ നിയമിച്ചിരുന്നാലെന്നപോലെ പ്രാബല്യമുള്ളതായിരിക്കുന്നതുമാകുന്നു.

കമ്പനിയും കമ്പനിയുടെ ഓഫീസർമാരും മറ്റും ഈ ആക്ടിനു വിധേയരാണെന്നതു.

7. ഈ ആക്ട് പ്രകാരം നിശ്ചയിച്ചതായ കമ്പിയില്ലാ കമ്പി 1885 ലെ 13 തപ്പാഫീസുദ്യോഗസ്ഥർ ഇന്ത്യൻ ശിക്ഷാനിയമത്തിലെ അർത്ഥത്തിലുൾപ്പെടുന്നവിധം കരുതപ്പെടുന്നതാകുന്നു.

ആക്ട് പ്രകാരം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനു പൂർണ്ണമായ സംരക്ഷണം നല്കുന്നതു.

8. ഈ ആക്ട് പ്രകാരം ചെയ്യുന്നതോ ഉണ്ടാവാൻ വിശ്വാസത്തോടെ ചെയ്യാൻ വിചാരിച്ചതോ ആയ യാതൊരു കാര്യമായി യാതൊരു ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനോ മറ്റുമായ യാതൊരു വ്യക്തിക്കോ നിയമ സംബന്ധമായ നടവടിയൊന്നും നടത്തിക്കുന്നതല്ല.

എ. പി. ഉസ്റ്റീൻ,
ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി,
നിയമനിർമ്മാണ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെന്റ്.

(A true translation)

P. V. KURUVILA,
Malayalam Translator to Government.

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Act No. XIII of 1920.—Kanarese.

Proceedings of an Adjourned Meeting of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament, 5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.

The Council re-assembled at the Victoria Buildings, Egmore, at 11 a.m. on Saturday, the 2nd day of October 1920.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lord WILLINGDON of RATTON, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., Governor of Madras—*Presiding.*
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR Avargal, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.
The Hon'ble Mr. L. DAVIDSON, C.S.I.
The Hon'ble Mr. C. G. TODHUNTER, C.S.I.
The Hon'ble Mr. A. Y. G. CAMPBELL, C.I.E.
The Hon'ble Mr. S. COX.
The Hon'ble Major-General G. G. GIFFARD, C.S.I.
The Hon'ble Mr. E. A. GRAHAM.
The Hon'ble Mr. R. G. GRIEVE.
The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. J. HOWLEY, C.S.I.
The Hon'ble Mr. E. S. LLOYD.
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur L. D. SWAMIKANNU PILLAI Avargal, I.S.O.
The Hon'ble Mr. K. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR (*Advocate-General*).
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. THAGARAJA CHETTI Garu, *Kt.*
The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL, C.B.E.
The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU.
The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur T. BALAJI RAO NAYUDU Garu.
The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO.

(The Advocate-General ; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar ; the Raja of Ramnad ; Mr. Venkatapati Raju ; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. VEDAVARACHAVA MUDALIYAR.
The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR.
The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA, Elaya Nambidi of Kollengode.
The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR Avergal.
The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI Avergal.
The Hon'ble Sri RAJA RAO VENKATA KUMARA MAHIPATI SURYA RAO Bahadur, Raja of Pithapuram.
The Hon'ble B. RAJA RAJESWARA SETUPATI alias MUTTURAMALINGA SETUPATI Avergal, Raja of Ramnad
The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU.
The Hon'ble Mr. T. R. RAMACHANDRA AYYAR.
The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur HAJI ABD-UL-LAH HAJI QASIM SAHIB Bahadur.
The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR SAHIB Bahadur.
The Hon'ble Mr. J. H. THONGER.
The Hon'ble Mr. J. A. RICHARDSON.
The Hon'ble Mr. T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI.
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR Avergal.
The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS.
The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur N. MUHAMMAD USMAN SAHIB Bahadur.
The Hon'ble Rao Sahib M. C. MUTTAYYA CHETTIYAR Avergal.
The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur T. NAMBERUMAL CHETTI Garu.
The Hon'ble Mr. T. RICHMOND.
The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO Avergal.
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYULU REDDIYAR Avergal.

THE MADRAS LOCAL BOARDS BILL, 1920.

Clause 52.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

88. *For* sub-clause (e) *substitute* the following :—

'(e) he has residence in the area of the district board or taluk board or union as the case may be.'

Clause 52 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 53.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

89. *Omit* the words 'and no person shall be qualified to vote for the period fixed in an order passed by a Court under section 66 and still in force.'

In doing so, he said :—" Your Excellency, I move the deletion of the words 'and no person shall be qualified to vote for the period fixed in an order passed by a court under section 66 and still in force.' The reason why I move for the omission is the passing of the Corrupt Practices Act in the Imperial Legislative Council. I shall propose later on the omission of those particular provisions relating to election offences in this Bill so that there may be no two different sets of provisions for the same kind of offences. When those provisions go out this section also must go out. Therefore I propose to omit these words 'and no person shall be qualified to vote for the period fixed in an order passed by a court under section 66 and still in force'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—" I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 53 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 54.

With His Excellency the President's permission the following amendments, being consequential, were withdrawn.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—

90. In sub-clause (1), before the word 'taluk' in the second and fourth lines *insert* the words 'district or.'

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—

91. In sub-clause (1), before the word 'taluk' in the second and fourth lines *insert* the words 'district board.'

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—" Your Excellency, my amendment runs as follows :—

'In the proviso to sub-clause (2), *omit* the words "in the case of union board elections."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar.)*

This is the third and the last of the series of amendments which I made mention of in connexion with the removal of disabilities for village headmen. In this section there is a disability imposed on them in clause (2), and the proviso which partially removes the disability says 'provided that this prohibition shall not apply, in the case of union board elections to village headmen'. The object of this amendment is to see that this prohibition shall not apply to village headmen at all.'

The Hon'ble MR. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL—"I accept it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad was withdrawn.

92. At the end of sub-clause (2), *add* the words 'other than those whose services are under loan to private individuals or institutions.'

Clause 54 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 55.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad were withdrawn:—

93. *Omit* sub-clause (2) (v).

94. After sub-clause (2) (vi) *add* the following:—

'Provided that this shall not apply to members elected by the taluk board to the district board.'

95. In the proviso to sub-clause (2), between the words 'Provided' and 'that' *insert* the word 'also'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

96. *Omit* sub-clause (4).

In doing so, he said:—"I move the deletion of sub-clause (4). It stands on a par with the amendment which I have just moved in section 53."

The Hon'ble DIWAN Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 55 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 56.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn:—

The Hon'ble MR. P SIVA RAO:—

97. In sub-clause (1), between the words 'shall cease to hold office' and 'if he' *insert* the words 'from the date of the resolution of the local board to that effect.'

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD —

98. *Omit* sub-clause (1) (f).

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General:—

99. *Omit* sub-clause (1) (g) and re-letter the subsequent sub-heads; and in sub-clause (1) (h), after the word 'jurisdiction', *insert* the words 'or within three miles thereof'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"I move first of all for the deletion of sub-clause (1) (g)."

The Hon'ble DIWAN Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The first part of the amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"The object of the next part of the amendment is to bring this clause into uniformity with the other amendments. The words 'or within three miles thereof' are put in to bring this clause into line with clause (e) of section 52."

The Hon'ble Mr. S. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad was withdrawn:—

100. At the end of sub-clause (1) (i), *add* the words 'without sufficient cause'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

100-A. In sub-clause (3), *omit* the words 'or clause (g)' and 'or order'.

In doing so, he said:—"This is a consequential amendment, as clause (c) has been omitted."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr P Siva Rao:—

101. *Omit* sub-clause (4).

The Hon'ble Mr. P SIVA RAO.—"This is a consequential amendment, and I do not move it."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

The following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad was not moved as the Member was absent.

102. *For* sub-clause (4) *substitute* the following:—

'(4) In the case of a person who has failed without sufficient justification or excuse for three consecutive months to attend the meetings of the local board, the matter shall be reported by the president at the next meeting of the local board which may at such meeting either remove such person from membership or condone his absence.'

Clause 56 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 57

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P Siva Rao:—

103. In sub-clause (1), eleventh line, between 'shall apply' and 'to the district judge' *add* the words 'within one month from the date of the disqualification.'

He said:—"It is desirable to fix some limitation within which these applications should be made to the District Judge. I think this amendment will serve the purpose. If there is no limitation and if the General Limitation Act applies, this application can be made at any time within three years But it is desirable that these applications should be disposed of as quickly as possible In an earlier amendment I asked that from the date of the resolution of the local board a member should cease to hold his office with reference to clause 56. But as that amendment was not moved and as my Honourable friends tell me that this is only a consequential amendment, I withdraw this amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 57 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 58.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

104 *Omit* the clause.

In doing so, he said:—"I move the deletion of this clause. I have already explained when dealing with clause 53 that by reason of the passing of the Corrupt Practices Act these deletions are needed."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Claus 58 was allowed to be deleted from the Bill

Clauses 59–61.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

105. *Omit* the clauses

In doing so he said:—"For the same reason I move the deletion of clauses 59–61."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur SIR P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao was dropped being consequential.

106. *Omit* the term of imprisonment as the alternative punishment.

Clauses 59 to 61 were allowed to be deleted from the Bill.

Clause 62.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

107 *Re-number* the clause as clause 58.

In doing so, he said:—"This is a consequential amendment due to renumbering of clauses."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Sir Rajagopala Acharyar; the Advocate-General; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar.)*

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur SIR P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao was withdrawn :

108. *Omit* **the term of imprisonment as the alternative punishment.**

Clause 62 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 63, 64 and 65.

The following amendments stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General :—

109. *Omit* **the clauses.**

111. *Omit* **the clause**

Clause 65.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—" I move the deletion of clauses 63, 64 and 65 in consequence of the enactment of the Corrupt Practices Act. "

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur SIR P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR.—"I second it."

The amendments were put to the vote and carried.

The following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao were dropped as consequential :—

110. *Omit* **the term of imprisonment as the alternative punishment.**

112. **In sub-clause (1)** *add* **the following as paragraph** *(d)* **:—**

'and except on the sanction of the prosecution by the officer declaring the result of the election.'

The following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad were dropped being consequential :—

113. *Insert* **the following as sub-clause (3) :—**

'(3) Against every order by the Sessions Judge under sub-section (2) which involves corporal punishment a revision shall lie to the High Court of Judicature at Madras'.

114. *Insert* **the following as sub-clause (4) :—**

'(4) All fines collected and deposits forfeited under sections 58 to 65 shall be allowed to be appropriated by the concerned local board;' and re-number sub-clause '(3)' as sub-clause '(5)'.

Clauses 63 to 65 were deleted.

Clause 66.

The following amendments stood in the name of the Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—

115. *Substitute* **the following for the clause :—**

'Every person convicted of an offence punishable under section 58 or under chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code shall be disqualified from voting or from being elected in any election to which this Act applies or from holding the office of member of a local board for period of five years from the date of his conviction.

Provided that the Local Government may exempt any such person from such disqualification.'

and re-number the clause as clause 59; and also re-number the subsequent clauses 67 to 247 as clauses 60 to 240.

He said :—" The amendments which I propose are really consequential on the omission of the previous clauses. The amendments which I propose are there. As clause 58 alone now stands I move the deletion of the words 'to 64' in consequence of the previous amendments. I propose to add 'or under Chapter IX-A of the Indian Penal Code' after the words 'section 58 or' as that chapter relating to election offences has been added to the Indian Penal Code by the Imperial Legislative Council. This is the first part of the amendment. The second part which again is consequential is 'holding the office of member of a local board for a period of five years from the date of his conviction'. This is consequential on the repeal of the various clauses relating to election offences "

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur SIR P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—" I second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—" Also a small amendment as regards re-numbering—

'and re-number the clause as clause 59: and also re-number the subsequent clauses 67 to 247 as clauses 60 to 240.'

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—" I want to ask certain information. I suppose any magistrate is competent to try "

(The Advocate-General ; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar ; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar ; Mr. Narasimha Raju ; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Provision is made under the Criminal Procedure Code, unless special provision is made under the Corrupt Practices Act."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"Therefore in consequence any magistrate can try."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"The Government of India have expressed themselves very strongly against our having any special legislation. They say that it is a matter for All-India. Honourable Members will understand that we allowed these provisions in Select Committee because the Indian Corrupt Practices Act had not then been passed."

The amendments was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 66 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 67–74.

Clauses 67 to 74 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 75.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—

116. In sub-clause (3), *for* the words 'except by the Local Government or with their consent' *substitute* the words 'except with the consent of the Local Government.'

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"I withdraw the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 75 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 76 and 77.

Clauses 76 and 77 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 78.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendments.

117. In sub-clause (1), *for* the words 'sections 75 and 81' *substitute* the words 'sections 68 and 74.'

In doing so, he said :—"This is purely a verbal amendment due to the numbering of previous clauses. I want to substitute the words 'sections 68 and 74' for the words 'sections 75 and 81' in sub-clause (1)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 78 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 79.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

118. *For* the words 'section 81,' *substitute* the words 'section 74.'

In doing so, he said :—"This again is a purely verbal amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

118. Between 'officer' and 'for' in the seventh line, *insert* the words 'who cannot be dismissed except under section 75 but has the right of appeal direct to the Local Government against any other punishment inflicted.

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, without opening myself to the charge for what I said on the District Municipalities Bill, I have to press this question. I would suggest that there must be some modification in the enactment. What is stated in the enactment is 'subject to the provisions of section 81 and to such control as may be prescribed, the president of a local board may fine, reduce, suspend, remove or dismiss any officer or servant of the local board, except the district engineer or the district health officer, for any breach of departmental rules.'

"What I want to amend is that the district officers should not be dismissed by the local authority, but they should have the power of fining, reducing and suspending ; and for removal we have separate provision. They must have some disciplinary control over them when they pay them. They do not care for them as they are always subordinate to some other authority. On principle a person who pays must have a right of control. I press this on that account."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Subba Rao; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the Advocate-General, the Raja of Ramnad.)*

The Hon'ble RAO BAHADUR N. SUBBA RAO:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble DIWAN BAHADUR SIR P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"This is an old question which we have dealt with in debating on the City Municipal Act and the District Municipalities Act. To the proposal to give power to the president of the district board to fine, reduce or suspend his district engineer or district health officer, my objection is that these two officers whom we are creating statutorily and putting on a basis of permanency are people who are not likely to improve by the exercise of vexatious discipline, by fine, suspension, etc. They are to be people of some position and responsibility; they are not only to be on a provincial cadre but the Government would contribute materially to their emoluments. The resolution in the Local and Municipal Conference, referred to by the Honourable Member, was that these people should be paid at least a moiety of their salaries by the Government. The Honourable Member no doubt remembers that."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Was it accepted by the Government?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I hope it will be. If the Government accept the resolution of the Local and Municipal Conference, they have to do so fully; they cannot provincialize the staff and at the same time refuse to contribute a moiety of the expenditure. There is no provision in the Municipal Act that the Government should contribute one half of the pay of the health officer or the engineer. There also this power of punishment has been withheld from the local body, the idea being that, if a local body is not satisfied with either of these officers, it should apply to the Government for removing them. Vexatious control cannot do good either to the local bodies or to the officers themselves. When we discussed this question in the Select Committee, the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao displayed a considerable amount of belief in a policy of petty fines, but the majority of the Select Committee thought otherwise, and hence the form which the clause has assumed. I object to the amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 79 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 80 and 81.

Clauses 80 and 81 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 82.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"With Your Excellency's permission I want to make some few changes in section 82 in order that the section may not conflict with the later sections. This is due to an oversight. Under section 82 the proviso as it stands reads 'taxes may be levied at different rates in different portions of a district.' If you turn to section 85 you will see that the land tax is a fixed tax throughout the district which cannot be varied. Again the company's tax is under the schedule a fixed tax. So the proviso will be inconsistent with some of the subsequent provisions. The amendment I move is to make the proviso consistent with the latter section.

Instead of 'provided as follows' begin a new sub-clause as (2), which will read thus:—

"Save as otherwise expressly provided by this Act."

My amendments then are—

Insert the figure (1) before the words 'the district board' at the beginning of the clause. For the words 'Provided as follows' substitute '(2) Save as otherwise expressly provided by this Act.'

The Hon'ble DIWAN BAHADUR SIR P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second the motion."

The amendments were put to the vote and carried. Clause 82 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 83.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad:—

120. *Omit* the words 'by railway'.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"Your Excellency, by the suggested amendment in this section, we will bring in also other pilgrim centres which are not served by railway. That is one object.

"The other object is that by employing the railway as the collecting agency, I really think it will be somewhat unworkable and will also complicate matters. People of alien faith also may be travelling by railway and they should not be made to pay. It will also be unfair to collect the tax from people who go there on other business. For instance, people who go to Rameswaram to a Sub-Collector's camp will have to pay the tax. By my amendment, we will make the machinery less complicated and also bring in places that are not served by railway. It is in this view that I move the amendment and I would suggest that instead of through railway, special gates may be placed in pilgrim centres. That would facilitate collection. If it is the intention of the Government to exclude people of alien faith from the tax, that can be easily provided for in the Bill by this arrangement. With this object, I move the amendment."

(The Raja of Pithapuram ; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar ; the Raja of Ramnad ; the President ; Mr. Thonger ; Mr. Narasimha Raju ; Mr. Subba Rao , Mr. Siva Rao ; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM :—" I second it."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—" I am afraid, Your Excellency, that this is not an appropriate motion. For one reason, the Hon'ble the Raja means that no pilgrim tax should be levied at all. Though there is nothing to that effect in the amendment, if we remove the words 'by railway', we will have to undertake the establishment of several gates on all the roads leading to a particular place. It would also mean that every place of pilgrimage would be taxed."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—" May I say that it has to be introduced with the previous sanction of the Government of India? The cess will be collected only if they give their consent. It would not be collected in every place."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—" If we omit the words 'by railway', the implication is that any person who goes to a place of pilgrimage, whether by railway or otherwise, might have to be taxed and we will find it very difficult to collect anything at these gates."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—" I said that other places also which are not served by railway should be brought in ".

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—" I think the Honourable Members can understand what the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad says."

The Hon'ble Mr. J. H. THONGER :—" I think this amendment requires to be supported in view of the considerable extension of motor transport which pilgrims make use of in addition to the railways. If we wish to raise money, it will be a profitable source. So I support the amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. G. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—There is no difficulty about the motor transport because there is already sufficient provision on the way of collecting tolls. Another thing is that persons resorting to these places and who go by a route unconnected with the public road will escape taxation."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—" I think this matter must be a little investigated because there are some places, as the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad puts it, which are great places of pilgrimage but which are reached by railway. For instance, Udipi is a big centre of pilgrimage and we have got railway only up to Mangalore, and persons going to Udipi cannot be taxed because they come by railway only up to Mangalore and no further. Therefore, some sort of arrangement as that suggested by the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad must be thought of; otherwise we will be losing a great source of income to these boards."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—" Your Excellency, I heartily support this amendment for the reason that there are many places of pilgrimage to which there is no communication by railway. I may mention for instance the famous ruins of Hampi in the Bellary district. There is train communication only up to Hospet and persons going to Hampi cannot be taxed because they would not enter this place by railway. The principle underlying this amendment is that these pilgrim centres should be developed, that their sanitation improved and that something should be collected from the people who resort to it. I think without this amendment that object will be defeated and the pilgrim centres cannot have the benefit of this tax for the improvement of their sanitation."

The Hon'ble DIWAN Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—" May I say a few words, Your Excellency, at this stage? The amendment undoubtedly looks plausible and I can quite understand Honourable Members asking 'why should a man who goes to a place of pilgrimage by railway be taxed and why should a person going by road or by country cart or by motor-car escape taxation'. I do not pretend that this is an ideal form of taxation, that it completely covers all places of pilgrimage or all pilgrims. Pray, remember, how it is proposed to work it. The idea is that there should be some taxation which the local body should be able to exploit without much difficulty of collection. As at present provided in the Bill, the Railway Companies will collect this on the tickets issued, and the money will come automatically to the coffers of the local body. The original idea of a terminal tax in municipalities was vetoed by the Government of India who however had no objection to allow some such tax in the case of pilgrim centres. Under the scheme proposed you will have to put up a number of barriers all round a town to catch the people coming in and going out. It is one thing to control the people coming in by railway and another to control people coming in by road. If people come in by railway, they will all have to get down at a particular place, and it will be an easy thing to collect the tax through the agency of the railway company. In the case of roads the control of passenger traffic will be unworkable and, instead of getting a substantial profit from the railway company without any trouble, you will have committed yourself to a big machinery which will perhaps not bring you the amount which you would otherwise get. When the ticket is being issued by the railway company it is easy to collect this money. Of course Honourable Members will say that there are pilgrim centres where there are no railways. But is that the reason why you should make matters difficult for those pilgrim centres which are served by railways? Because there is a pilgrim centre called Udipi in the South Kanara district not on the railway, is it fair that Conjeeveram should have to construct barriers all round? Honourable Members will remember that the idea of this provision is to impose a tax on persons entering or leaving the

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place of pilgrimage from or to beyond a certain distance. The Government of India have instructed us that the tax should not be imposed upon everybody coming in, but only upon people coming in from beyond a certain distance. A thirty miles distance has, I believe, been laid down. For instance, taking the pilgrim centre of Rameswaram, people coming from Ramnad would not be caught."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"What will happen to a pilgrim coming from a distant place getting down at Ramnad and then buying a ticket from Ramnad and going to Rameswaram ? Would he not evade payment ?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I quite see the Honourable Member's point that, when we put in a rule to say that people coming from beyond 30 miles alone will be taxed, people may get down at Ramnad and put themselves to inconvenience for the purpose of cheating the Rameswaram municipality of the magnificent sum of a few annas."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"I may just explain here a few words to the Hon'ble Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar, who has been in Ramnad for some time. Hindu pilgrims get down at Ramnad as a matter of course for the purpose of visiting the pilgrim centres of Nawapashanam and Darpasayanam on their way to and fro Ramnad, respectively, and this must be within the knowledge of the Honourable Member."

"Therefore I request the Honourable Member not to make such lengthy humorous comment on what I have said."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"Of course if Ramnad itself is a place of pilgrimage I am sure that it will get the benefit of the pilgrim tax. No system of taxation is perfect and, when we propose any system of taxation, if it is an argument against it that in some possible way it can be evaded, it will be impossible to do anything. I could myself suggest several ways in which taxes could be evaded."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"I hope the Honourable Member won't suggest."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"It is at present my function to help in the collection of taxes. But that kind of argument cannot prevail, and I want you to realize what it is that we are asked to go in for. Here is an easy way of enabling a large number of towns to get a substantial amount of revenue from the pilgrim traffic coming to them by railway. You propose to give all that up because there are towns elsewhere which are pilgrim centres but which are not served by railways and you propose to substitute another mechanism which is to bring in more people but would be most difficult to work. That is the situation so far as this question is concerned. After all, I think a large majority of us do go by railway. I do not think people when going to a distant place of pilgrimage are going to walk it all out for the purpose of escaping three or four annas taxation. Breaking a railway journey is always a nuisance. Moreover the buying of a fresh ticket is not an easy task for third-class passengers. As for the other point I think I must invite the attention of the Hon'ble Mr. N. Subba Rao to clause 135. I would advise the authorities of places like Udipi and Hampi to utilize clause 135 to coerce the local temple authorities. Now what does clause 135 say ? It says 'a taluk or union board shall make any special scavenging or other sanitary authorities that may be necessary on occasions of fairs, festivals, or other large assemblies of people, and in the case of such assemblies held in connexion with any place of pilgrimage in the taluk or union the local board concerned may require the persons having control over such place of pilgrimage to make such contribution towards the cost of such arrangements as the Local Government may approve.'"

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"It is only a tax on temple authorities."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I was just going to explain that the temple authorities get the most of their money from the pilgrims. There are eight Madathipathis in Udipi and they are extremely well-to-do people. I recognize and I share with the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao his indignation that they are doing nothing towards the sanitation of Udipi, but on the other hand they contribute most materially towards its insanitation. I would suggest to the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao that they should be taxed under clause 135 ; so also the trustees of the temple in Hampi. These people are generally unreasonable and when the taluk or union board ask them for a small contribution they say 'no.' I would advise the chairman concerned to put into operation clause 135. Local bodies should work this clause freely where they have big places of pilgrimage. If it is a railway station you can collect the pilgrim tax, and in other cases you can coerce the temple authorities. But don't please start the building of barriers round a town, for that is sure to break down in no time."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"I never wanted barriers to be erected. I merely said that a gate at the railway compound would serve the purpose. If, as the Honourable Member in charge pointed out, clause 135 would serve my purpose, I see no necessity at all for having this pilgrim tax collected through the agency of railways. I therefore press my amendment. I would, however, request Your Excellency to relieve official votes ; then we will know the real feeling of the Council."

(The President; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Subba Rao.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I cannot satisfy the Honourable Member."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

121. **At the end of the clause,** *insert* **the following proviso :—**

'Provided that no portion of the proceeds of such a tax shall, except with the sanction of the Local Government, be expended for purposes other than the improvement or development of the place of pilgrimage.'

In doing so, he said :—"I move the insertion of the following proviso to clause 83 :—'Provided that no portion of the proceeds of such a tax shall, except with the sanction of the Local Government, be expended for purposes other than the improvement or development of the place of pilgrimage.' The amendment speaks for itself. Besides that, I may mention that it has been put in at the desire of the Government of India."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was then put to the vote and carried.

Clause 83 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

122. *For* **the words 'sections 82 and 83'** *substitute* **the words 'sections 75 and 76'.**

In doing so, he said :—"This is merely a verbal alteration in consequence of the alterations in the numbering of the sections."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 84 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 85.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR moved the following amendment :—

123. *Omit* **sub-clause (b) (ii), retaining the last paragraph and numbering it as (c).**

In doing so, he said :—"I propose to make a very short speech on a very big subject. The question is one of rate of taxation. My proposal is to delete sub-clause (b) (ii) and to retain the last paragraph. My point is that there should be no increase in taxation on land. I know that the Hon'ble Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar will reply that there are certain defects in my proposal. He will say that the taluk board may be permitted to levy this extra quarter anna for their expenditure as we have separated the taluk board fund from the district board fund under this Bill. The other reply which I expect will be given is that we cannot expect to have the same scale of taxation as before. I have some faint hope that Honourable Members will remember that both in the report of the Select Committee on this Bill as well as the Village Panchayat Bill the fact is recognized that land is already heavily taxed. The question is whether this extra imposition on land is absolutely necessary. My submission is it is not. No doubt by removing the railway cess we have made it possible for the district board to levy a quarter anna tax for its own purposes. That is why I have to move the deletion of sub-clause (b) (ii). Already the rate-payers pay one and a quarter anna in the rupee including railway tax. Now that the railway tax has been removed, if my amendment is passed, we may expect to carry something enabling the district board or authorizing the district board to pay a certain share for the benefit of the taluk board. The main point is whether it is not better to leave the land tax just as it is at present. I hope there will be a hearty desire on the part of the Honourable Members not to increase the land tax."

The Hon'ble Mr B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"Your Excellency, in seconding the amendment moved by my Honourable friend, I have to offer a few remarks. Only the day before yesterday we passed the Education Bill where a quarter of an anna is provided for being raised by the taluk board for educational purposes. We have also allowed one quarter of an anna for the district board to compensate for the railway purposes, etc. As it is, the land is heavily taxed. I hope we will not impose this additional taxation even as a voluntary measure."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—"Your Excellency, I am sorry I have to oppose this amendment, because certain rich district boards can certainly meet their expenditure by imposition of one anna alone. But there are many poor district boards which under the old Act are levying a tax of one anna and a half. Under these circumstances, if this additional taxation is not to be imposed several district boards, I am afraid will have to run bankrupt, or the Government will have to supplement their income to a large extent. As this is only an optional tax, I do not think it will work hard upon any board."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"Your Excellency, the Hon'ble Mr Narasimha Ayyar seems to have some faint hope that Honourable Members would be convinced by his arguments. I would express my strong hope that they would abide by the compromise arrived at in the Select Committee. This question of taxation has been put in

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this form as the result of a compromise arrived at after a considerable amount of discussion in the Select Committee. Probably the Hon'ble Mr Narasimha Ayyar was present at the discussion.

"Now what is the situation in regard to this tax? I think I had better review it generally. First of all, one of the things which have been staring us in the face in regard to the management of local bodies is the inadequacy of funds. All these perfections of the machinery which we aim at will come to nought unless there is money. In the Bill as originally put forward, the proposal was that every local board should be permitted to levy up to two annas in the rupee and even over that with the special permission of the Government. I am still of opinion that that would have been the correct course. However I am going to stand by the compromise arrived at by the Select Committee. The conclusion we came to was to retain the present one anna for the road cess and to divide it as now into two shares of six pies each, one for the district board and the other for the taluk board. In addition we give the district board power to levy a three pies cess for its own purposes, also to the taluk board the power to levy a three pies cess for its own purposes.

"This three pies cess cannot be levied unless the levy thereof is determined by the taluk board concerned and then approved by the district board; my point is that there is little chance of anything going wrong. The needs of the local boards are manifest. When the district and taluk boards are prepared to impose the cess, why should this Council say in advance, at the instance of the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Ayyar, they shall not do it. It is on account of this we have taken away the land-cess in the Village Panchayat Bill which originally provided for a three pies cess. One reason why we gave up the two-anna cess was that in the Education Bill there was the contingency of a land-cess of 25 per cent and that was also taken into consideration. When we arrived at this compromise we knew what the liability would be under the Education Bill. We knew what the situation would be under the Village Panchayat Bill. Therefore we did like this. The whole thing was discussed at considerable length. I really do not think that there is anything more to be said about this. I am sure nobody wants any extra taxation if he could help it. After all, I think, Your Excellency, my countrymen have got some backbone in a matter like this. We do stand up for what we consider to be the right course. I for one do not believe that, because we agree to a three-pie cess, it is going to prejudice anybody in the elections. I am certain that there is a great deal more of common sense in the country than we at times give credit for. Prices have gone up a hundred per cent all over the country. The weakest point of this Bill is that the finances of the local bodies have not been adequately strengthened. And even that little strengthening has which been given it is now proposed to cut out. I strongly oppose this amendment which will be most harmful."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO:—"Your Excellency, the amendment which I have the honour to move runs thus:—

124. To sub-clause (b) *add* the words 'a tax for the purposes of a district board of not more than three pies in the rupee of the annual rent value of such lands in the district to be utilized solely for the purposes described in clause 120.'

"I am afraid that I will not have much support, but all the same I wish to speak on this important subject. The Honourable Member in charge will fling to my face the compromise question, but I believe compromises are not always final. If there are good reasons, I suppose they can be revised, and even courts of judicature in some cases do revise them. I am trying to augment the finances of such boards who wish to have these taxes imposed on themselves.

"Now coming to the question, Your Excellency, I submit such a provision did exist in the old Act and it was only removed by the Select Committee. I submit that there are some district boards which I should think can stand for this form of taxation. The Honourable Member in charge will tell me that at present the district boards are allowed the option of levying three pies for general purposes and these three pies can certainly be utilized for the purposes of railway which are contemplated by section 120. To that my answer is a simple one: boards like Kistna, Godavari, Tanjore and Salem, and other rich boards will be able to live on one anna and if a three-pie cess is to be levied, it cannot only meet expenditure for general purposes but also for guaranteeing at least interest on railways. But I believe there are many poorer district boards who will not be able even to meet the ordinary resources of their boards by even levying this three-pie cess. Therefore, there is no reason why if a few district boards are able to allot the money out of the three pies fund, other district boards should suffer. After all Your Excellency, this is only an optional tax that could be imposed by the boards. If more than three-fourths of the members do not agree to it, certainly it will not be imposed. So what I submit is, in matters like this it should be left to the boards themselves whether they are going to levy this tax or not, and no statutory bar should be put upon the boards which are willing to develop the railway systems in their own district. Then I may also be told that the policy of the Government, as far as railway administration is concerned, is that railways should be a provincial concern and that the Government should take up the main lines. Should district boards wish to develop the railway system in their own area, they may do it by loans. Even if we take loans, we will have to go in for sinking fund. That means trenching upon the ordinary revenues of the board. I certainly agree in the principle that the main lines and big

(Mr. Subba Rao; Mr. Narasimha Raju; the President; Mr. Haji Abdulla Haji Qasim; Mr. Desika Acharyar; Raja of Pithapuram; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

projects should be undertaken by the Government. At the same time I am very nervous about it because these railway projects are more or less controlled by the Railway Board and by some vested interests in the existing railways and business concerns. In these circumstances I submit that it would be very difficult for the district board to have its voice heard by the authorities. Therefore I think that it is a sounder policy to allow the district boards to develop their own systems especially those systems which are feeder lines or lines which would connect the main lines. I may also point out here the desirability of district boards developing the railway system in their own places.

"Then again I may tell Your Excellency that in the case of many of the boards we have not got sufficient resources even to meet our own expenditure."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Which boards?"

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO:—"South Kanara District Board is one and there are many other equally poor district boards. As far as my district board is concerned I can say without fear of contradiction that our normal revenue is 3½ lakhs and our ordinary expenditure is 6½ lakhs. The Government are paying us the 3 lakhs deficit Rs. 1,20,000 for elementary education . . . ."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"My Honourable friend is so very anxious to give us the widest possible information that I quite realize that it is difficult for me to call him to order. But I do not think that this is a long dissertation on railways."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO:—I drop it but I would not have referred to it if I were not challenged in one of my statements by one of my Honourable colleagues. What I was going to say was that many of the district boards have not got the means of putting into force section 120 which I hope will form part of the present Bill. It says that a district board can with the previous sanction of the Government of India construct and maintain a railway line, or subscribe to any debenture loan for the construction or maintenance of any railway or guarantee interests on railways. I am sure section 120 will be passed without a division and I want to impress that when a statutory obligation is given by this Act we must also at the same time provide the means . . . ."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"This is not a statutory obligation but is entirely a permissive one."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO:—This permission or privilege is given under a statute and I also want that a permissive or optional tax may be allowed to be levied under the same Act. With these few words I move my amendment."

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur HAJI ABDULLA HAJI QASIM:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR:—"I strongly oppose the position taken by the Honourable Member that district boards should be empowered to levy an additional tax on land whether in the form of a railway cess or in the form of an additional cess. My first reason is this: during the deliberations of the Select Committee the whole matter was discussed by all of us and as the Honourable Member in charge of the Bill pointed out a final agreement was deliberately arrived at that the provision for the railway cess should be eliminated and that a tax of three pies should be allowed to be levied voluntarily for district board purposes for general administration. That is a compromise which in the first place all those who have considered the matter ought to stick to.

"The second reason is one in connexion with which I can speak with personal knowledge. The District Board of Trichinopoly has been raising a railway cess for the last fourteen years and has collected the magnificent sum of Rs. 4 lakhs and even if it goes on collecting for another hundred years it would not be able to collect sufficient money to put a railway line independently. I think it is simply preposterous for anybody to formulate that a district board could from its own resources build a railway. The whole thing is futile.

"My third reason is that land is already overtaxed and ought not to be asked to pay more. If the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao thinks that the South Kanara Board should be empowered to levy the additional tax members hailing from other districts will not object.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM:—"I strongly oppose this amendment. I am very much surprised that of all persons the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao has moved this amendment, after he had agreed to abide by the compact entered into at the Select Committee."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I think in fairness to the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao I should say that he did not actually agree to abide by the compromise. The Select Committee offered to put in a special provision for South Kanara authorizing it to levy such cess as it wanted but he declined the offer with some indignation and did not say anything afterwards."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM:—"I took it to be willingness on his part. I am also surprised to see my Honourable friend Mr. Haji Qasim Sahib, who, I understand, agreed to the compromise seconding this amendment. When we agreed to the provision for the special cess of three pies which the district board is empowered to levy it was on the distinct understanding that there should be no separate railway cess and that if any district board wanted to utilize that cess for railway purposes it was welcome to do so. I do not think there is anything to prevent it from doing so. As has already been pointed out by several Honourable Members land is already very heavily taxed and it will be absolutely unfair to tax it any further."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Subba Rao; the Advocate-General; Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar.)*

The Hon'ble Mr B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Both on this and on the last occasion we were told that with reference to some compact entered into in the Select Committee we should not discuss again this question. But I submit that if half a dozen people join together and agree to a compact for some considerations, that ought not to be put before this Council as an argument for not discussing it here. These questions should be discussed here on their own merits and the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao is perfectly right in asking for the increase and others are perfectly right in rejecting his proposal. Malabar, South Kanara and The Nilgiris are, I think, already paying a cess of 2½ annas and therefore what was proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Desika Achariyar is fair that these districts might raise an additional cess in their own districts. It would not at all affect others. Here I may mention that South Kanara is only paying the same land-cess that North Kanara in the Bombay Presidency is paying. This is the reason why South Kanara is paying higher land-cess even now."

The Hon'ble RAO BAHADUR N SUBBA RAO:—"I beg to say in reply 'yes.' I am pitted with another proposition, Your Excellency, that South Kanara and Malabar districts may allow themselves to be taxed at the rate of 2 annas or more. But I must bring to Your Excellency's notice that when the question of this taxation came up, I wanted that the maximum should not be one anna but it may be raised to 1½ annas so that it may be brought on the same lines as in the South Kanara and Malabar districts. I was not for lowering it. But all the other gentlemen thought that fresh taxation is a thing which they would not relish. The Hon'ble Mr Venkatapati Raju said that we formed once part of the Bombay Presidency but I must correct him in one respect that it was not. We raised this taxation from 1 anna to 1½ annas gradually, 3 pies in 1884 and another 3 pies in 1889. When we found that we were not able to meet the expenditure, we raised it. I submit that this is merely an optional taxation. I hope the Honourable Members will see their way to accept my amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 85 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 86.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

125. *For* **the words 'section 84'** *substitute* **the words 'section 77'.**

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 86 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 87 *and* 88.

Clauses 87 and 88 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 89.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

126. *For* **the words 'section 87'** *substitute* **the words 'section 80'.**

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment:—

127. *For* **the word 'fifty' in the fifth line,** *substitute* **the word 'ten'.**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I want to reduce the fine from Rs. 50 to Rs. 10 which will be fair because it is provided in the section 'liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each day's delay.' It may be after all impossible to furnish such accurate statement when considering the delay in the matter of income-tax. A man who pays Rs. 100 or Rs. 200 income-tax may have to pay a fine of Rs. 600 sometimes. The result will be that a man who has to pay a small amount of land-tax will be obliged to pay a larger amount. For this reason I want to reduce the fine from Rs. 50 to Rs. 10 for delay. Rupees 10 fine every day is enough."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I formally second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"Rupees 50 is given from the year 1884."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The following amendments stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju:—

128. In the sixth line, after the word 'delay' *add* **the words 'the maximum fine should never exceed 20 per cent of the land-cess payable by him.'**

129. At the end of the clause *add* **'or the Collector may excuse the fine if he thinks fit.'**

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendments were withdrawn.

Clause 89 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

(The Advocate-General; Sir P. Rajagopala Acharyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Balaji Rao Nayudu; Mr. Siva Rao.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

Clause 90.

Clause 90 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 91.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

130. *For* **the words 'section 87'** *substitute* **the words 'section 80.'**

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the substitution of the words 'section 80' for the words 'section 87'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 91 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 92 *and* 93.

Clauses 92 and 93 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 94.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU moved the following amendment:—

131. *Omit* **the clause.**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, this clause runs thus: 'in the case of land held on ryotwari tenure, the amount of the land-cess payable by the landholder shall be entered in his patta.' The mentioning of it in the patta is unnecessary and secondly according to the provision as now drafted in section 85 land-cess will be a varying amount, because under clause 85, sub-clause (*a*), the amount is to be a fixed one and then under clause (*b*) the amount will be varying. After all the assessment will certainly be mentioned in the patta of the ryot and it is unnecessary to mention land-cess, more especially so, as it is a varying figure. Therefore the section is unnecessary. My only reason is this: This year the district board may say we may levy an additional 3 pies and next year they may abolish it. If such power is given to district board, where is the necessity for mentioning it in the patta? The ryot has to pay the land-cess and the amount will be collected from him from year to year according to the varying amount fixed by the district board. If really the patta is to be considered an engagement between the Collector and the pattadar, this cannot have a binding effect, because it will be varying from year to year."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I am not convinced of the argument. I want to know how the Government is going to take it. I however second it."

The Hon'ble RAO BAHADUR T. BALAJI RAO NAYUDU:—"I think there is some point, in showing them separately, because the revenue paid to Government or to zamindar is separate from the land-cess which is credited to local board and there is no harm in showing it separately. It will be a very useful thing."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Your Excellency, I expected that the Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. Narasimha Raju would welcome a very useful provision like this. The object of it is to give notice to the tenant as to what he has got to pay, and the only objection he had is that the account will be varying every year. Even if it varies every year, it is really a provision for the protection of the ryotwari pattadars. I welcome it really, and I do not see the force of the objection."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I would mention that this is an old provision, as the Hon'ble the Advocate-General has said. It is particularly necessary in view of the changes we have made for varying the land-cess. We would be educating the population to an adequate sense of their responsibilities. If a ryot sees in his patta a six-pie cess this year and then an increase of 3 pies next year, he will say: 'I am paying more to the local board than before. Am I getting an adequate return for it?' If he thinks that he is not getting an adequate return, he will help in turning out that set of members and electing another set of members. Unless he knows what he is paying every year, he will be groping in the dark; he will not know who is responsible for the particular burden. I think the Honourable Member's proposal to omit this cuts away an important educative element. I therefore press for its retention."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Before I withdraw my amendment, I wish to point out that it applies only to the case of rate-payers on ryotwari tenure. Anyhow I withdraw my amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 94 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 95 *and* 96.

Clauses 95 and 96 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(The Advocate-General; Sir P. Rajagopala Acheriyar; the Raja of Ramnad.)*

Clause 97.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

132. *For* **the words 'section 86'** *substitute* **the words 'section 79.'**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move for the substitution of the words 'section 79' for the words 'section 86'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General moved the following amendment:—

133. In the proviso to the clause, *for* **the words 'section 95'** *substitute* **the words 'section 88.'**

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 97 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 98.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

134. *For* **the words 'section 95'** *substitute* **the words 'section 88.'**

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the substitution of the words 'section 88' for the words 'section 95'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 98 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 99

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

135. *For* **the words 'section 84,'** *substitute* **the words 'section 77'; and** *for* **the words 'section 103'** *substitute* **the words 'section 96.'**

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the substitution of the words 'section 77' for the words 'section 84' and 'section 96' for 'section 103'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

136. *Omit* **the words 'to the taluk board.'**

In doing so, he said—"I move for the omission of the words 'to the taluk board', because the tax is payable either to the union board in union areas or to the taluk board in non-union areas. In the revision of the draft these words were not left out by oversight."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 99 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 100.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

137. In sub-clause (1) *for* **the words 'section 84,' 'section 103' and 'section 84'** *substitute*, **respectively, the words 'section 77,' 'section 96' and 'section 77.'**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I first move for the substitution of the words 'section 77,' 'section 96' and 'section 77' for the words 'section 84,' 'section 103' and 'section 84,' respectively."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment:—

138. In sub-clause (1), line 12, after the word 'investments' *insert* **the words 'other than those declared by the Government to be income-tax free.'**

In doing so, he said—"Your Excellency, my amendment for the insertion of the words 'other than those declared by the Government to be income-tax free' in sub-clause (1), line 12, after the words 'investment' seeks at excluding such investments as have been declared by Government to be income-tax free. I have in view the war bonds, which the Government of India have said that they are free from income-tax, and on such an assurance many people have invested large sums on such bonds. When such is the case, it is but fair that these investments should not be subjected to taxation. Therefore I move that my amendment be accepted."

(The Advocate-General; the Raja of Ramnad; Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the President; Mr. Macphail.)

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"I propose to move certain amendments in consequence of the desire of the Government of India that under the guise of profession-tax we should not include what is really income-tax. On that basis I am going to propose some amendments and the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad's amendment also will be included in them."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"I withdraw my amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

139. In sub-clause (1), omit the words 'or holds any appointment, public or private,' 'pension or,' 'investments or' and 'salary' and pension.

In doing so, he said:—"In sub-clause (1) of this clause I move for the omission of the words 'or holds any appointment, public or private,' 'pension or,' 'investments or' and 'salary and pension'. The sub-clause will read as follows:—

'(1) If the president of the district board publishes a notification under section 77 that a profession-tax shall be levied in any local area, every person not liable to the companies' tax who within such area and for the period laid down in section 96 exercises after the date specified in the said notification a profession, art, trade or calling or is in receipt of any income from money-lending or any source other than houses and lands inside the local limits of the area notified under section 77, bringing him within one or more of the classes of persons specified in Schedule IV, shall pay a half-yearly tax on his professional income on the scale shown in the said schedule'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, what I understand from the Advocate-General's statement is that these are intended to be omitted at the instance of the Government of India. I do not understand how it is possible for us to exclude them when we have included them in the District Municipalities Act, to which the Government of India have given their consent. With their consent we had that inclusion. We see some difficulty now. We say that a district munsif employed at a place where there is a union need not pay any tax. Why should he escape it, while if he is in a municipal town he has to pay? Why should people like sub-magistrates and other officers be free from taxation? If they live within the area, they should contribute a portion.

"My submission is that this is a serious matter. We must ask the Government of India to reconsider it. If I understand aright, I think they won't interfere after the 1st of January."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Yes, they could."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"If the profession-tax of a municipality does not affect it, I don't understand how it can affect the rural area. For the last thirty years they are paying it and they are collecting it. Every officer in the municipality, every Government officer, is also contributing to the profession-tax. So this is a matter . . . ."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"It is possible that there may be contradictory statements in such issues. But we have to carry out such orders as are received from the Government of India. I think I must ask the Honourable Members not to discuss them closely."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"My line of argument is not to criticise the Government of India's action. But what I say is that the Government of India be approached again with a view to reconsideration."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"It would be rather difficult to get their decision reconsidered and it will be some time before we get their reply."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL:—"Have the Government of India definitely stated that no persons drawing money from public appointments should pay profession tax in rural areas?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"They have said so. The attitude of the Government of India has been stiffening in this matter along with the development of their policy in regard to finance. At one time they offered to the Madras Corporation to allow the surcharge on the income-tax. The Madras Corporation did not accept it, and preferred a profession tax. In the District Municipalities Act the surcharge on the income-tax is allowed in lieu of profession tax should the local body want it. But the Government of India are now of the opinion that the income-tax should not be touched in any way. That is why both in the Panchayat Bill and in this Bill they have taken that view. The rules on the subject I read to you the other day are very clear. They allow the taxation of professions, arts, trades or callings for local purposes, but nothing like income-tax. This amendment represents the state of affairs that is bound to remain with us for some time. If we now disobey the Government of India, the result will be that this Bill will go overboard. That will be the result of the Honourable Member's amendment. I dare say that all Honourable Members anxiously desire that we should have this Bill to our credit. So I would appeal to him to allow this Bill to go on."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Siva Rao; the President; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Macphail; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar.)*

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I strongly oppose this amendment. The only thing in its favour is that the Government of India have issued certain directions to the Local Government in the matter. If that be the only reason, I would submit, Your Excellency, that when we are sitting here in the Legislative Council, we have not got under our own constitution full powers of passing legislation in matters like this. I thought that the exemption was meant only for the benefit of certain investments, but I now see to my utter surprise that even appointments, salaries and pensions are sought to be excluded."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"They have very good reason to exclude. The Honourable Member must realise that we have received these instructions from the Government of India and I cannot allow the criticism of the Government of India's action. I would really appeal to the good feelings of the Council to let the thing go."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"May I have information if we are debarred at a Council from criticising the action of the Government of India?"

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"It is open to the Honourable Member to do so. But I am only expressing my own personal opinion. I think it is very undesirable to go into the action of the Government of India."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Out of deference to the remarks of Your Excellency I drop all references to the Government of India's orders provided the Honourable Member in charge and other official members cease making all references to the Government of India. When they do so, we have to refer to the matter also."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"There are certain amendments which have been laid down for us by the Government of India. I am really sorry to say, I must tell the Honourable Member, I see no reason that we should not state here the facts. There are thirteen amendments in thirteen clauses which have been put in the Bill by the Government of India."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL:—"I should like to ask the Hon'ble the Advocate General whether it is necessary to insert the proviso in order to carry out the orders of the Government of India, and whether it will not be sufficient to omit the objectionable words from the clause that we have already proposed without putting in a proviso."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"I am afraid it would not, because the men who may be drawing a salary may be exercising a profession or calling. It is for the purpose of making that quite clear we want a proviso. I have added a few more words to the proviso in order to make it clearer. The proviso will run thus:—

"Provided that a person who holds any appointment public or private or is in receipt of any pension or income from investments shall not be liable to pay any profession tax on his salary, pension or income from investments as the case may be."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Is there any objection to the Government of India's telegram being read in the Council,"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir R. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Absolutely there is no objection. It reads as follows:—'Clause 100, and schedule IV, rules 9 to 11, We (Government of India) objected to the introduction of income-tax. The proposals for a profession tax are practically the same as an income-tax. Under the scheduled taxes rules recently passed, the Local Government may impose a tax on trades, professions and callings, but we consider that a tax on any public or private appointment or on a pension or income from investments cannot be considered to fall within the scope of a tax on professions. And this particular provision should be omitted. This will mean alteration of clause 100 with the omission of two of the illustrations as inapplicable and other consequential amendments including schedule IV.' The order of the Government of India is absolutely clear and peremptory."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I will now deal strictly with this amendment on its merits. I may say for the information of this Council that the salaries and pensions under the District Municipalities Act of 1884 have been long recognised as professions, trades or callings. Now, it is said that appointments, salaries and pensions do not come under the category of trades, professions or callings. Whatever may be said against taxing investments, I feel perfectly sure that salaries and pensions are trades, professions and callings, and to my mind the matter does not admit of any doubt whatever. Under the powers derived from the District Municipalities Act of 1884 we have been taxing the salaries and pensions for the last 35 years; and now it is mentioned for the first time that this matter should not strictly be under professions."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"This is perfectly a new thing in connexion with this Bill. It does not affect the District Municipalities Act."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I am perfectly alive to that position. In the District Municipalities Act salaries and pensions are recognised as professions and have been allowed to be taxed. Is there any justifiable reason for exempting them under the Local Boards Act."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I can only say that I am unable to give the Honourable Member any reply, because we had to abide by the orders of the Government of India."

(Mr. Siva Rao; Sir Rajagopala Acharigar; the Advocate-General; the Raja of Ramnad.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I may say to the Honourable Members of this Council that so far as the District Municipalities Act is concerned we have proposed to tax salaries and pensions and even investments."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"It was fortunate that the District Municipalities Act was passed in that form."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"If we are told that we cannot do this, and especially in consideration of the full powers of the local legislature, then I most emphatically protest against this amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"This amendment having been carried by the Council, I propose another amendment by way of a proviso.

139-*b* **'Provided that a person who holds any appointment, public or private, or is in receipt of any pension or income from investments shall not be liable to pay any profession-tax on his salary, pension or income from investments as the case may be.'**

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"Your Excellency, I now move for the substitution of the following clause for the clause as it exists at present:—

140. *For* **sub-clause (3)** *substitute* **the following:—**

'(3) No person who shall prove that he has paid the sum due on account of the profession-tax or of any tax of the nature of a profession-tax for the same half-year in any local board area, municipality or cantonment in the Madras Presidency shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919, the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, or the Cantonments Act, 1910, be liable, by reason merely of change of business, residence, or place of business, to pay to any other local board, municipality or cantonment more than the difference between such sum and the amount to which he is otherwise liable for the profession-tax for the half-year under this Act or any of the aforesaid Acts.'

The reason is obvious."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

141. **From sub-clause (3),** *omit* **the three illustrations.**

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the deletion of the three illustrations. These illustrations are not very illuminating."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 100 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 101.

Clause 101 was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 102.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad:—

142. *For* **the second sentence,** *substitute* **the following:—**

'The president of the district board shall exercise the powers regarding assessment and recovery of these taxes described in Schedule IV and pay to the concerned taluk or union boards their proportionate shares.'

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD:—"Your Excellency, I think that in the amendment moved by the Advocate-General to section 100, that really goes. So there is no need to move this amendment as well as the other amendment standing in my name, No. 144. I withdraw both."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 102 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

2ND OCTOBER 1920] *(The Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; the Raja of Ramnad; the Raja of Pithapuram.)*

Clause 103.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

143. *Omit* **the words 'or holds an appointment', 'a pension or' and 'investments or.**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move for the omission of the words 'or holds an appointment', 'a pension or' and 'investments or'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad was withdrawn:—

144. *For* **the words 'in any local area,'** *substitute* **the words 'in any part of the district.'**

Clause 103 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 104

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"Your Excellency, the amendment which I move runs thus"—

145. In sub-clause (a), *omit* **the lettering '(a)' and the words 'or appointment',** *insert* **the word 'or' before the word 'calling', and also** *omit* **the word 'or' at the end".**

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

146. *Omit* **sub-clause (b).**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move the deletion of sub-clause (b), namely,—

(b) any employer or the head or secretary or manager of any public or private office, hotel, boarding house or club or of a firm or company—

(i) to furnish within a specified time a list in writing of the names of all persons employed by such employer or by such office, hotel, boarding house, club, firm or company as officers, servants, dubashes, agents, suppliers or contractors with a statement of the salary or income of such employed persons, and

(ii) to furnish particulars in regard to any incorporated company of which such employer, head, secretary or manager, as the case may be, is the agent'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 104 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 105.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

147. *For* **the words 'section 84',** *substitute* **the words 'section 77'.**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move the substitution of the words 'section 77' *for* the words 'section 84'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 105 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 105.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment:—

148. In sub-clause (a), after the word 'choultries', *add* **the words 'where public charities are conducted'.**

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, the amendment which I propose is a very simple one. I know in some places there are choultries where no charities are conducted whatever. In order only to enable such of them as are conducting charities to be exempted from payment of this tax, I propose this amendment."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I have only to say that this clause literally follows the provisions of the District Municipalities Act. This question of exemption is a vexed one. I do not want to make any new departure. The Raja wants to restrict exemption to choultries conducting public charities. I think it will deprive a certain number of choultries of the exemption which they now enjoy. A man may dedicate a choultry but may not be conducting a charity in it. I do not think it is worth while taking away the exemption."

(The Raja of Ramnad; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"I have no objection to the words' which are publicly dedicated' being added."

The Hon'ble Mr. B.V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—Your Excellency, it would be dangerous to put in any such thing. The present provision is really very satisfactory. The addition of the words would complicate matters."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 106 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 107.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

149. In sub-clause (1), *for* the words 'section 105', *substitute* the words 'section 98'.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move the substitution of the words 'section 98' *for* the words 'section 105' in sub-clause (1)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

150. In sub-clause (2), *for* the words 'section 109', *substitute* the words 'section 102'.

In doing so, he said:—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 102' *for* the words 'section 109' in sub-clause (2)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 107 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 109 *and* 110.

Clauses 109 and 110 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 111.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

151. In sub-clause (1), *for* the words 'section 54,' *substitute* the words 'section 77'.

In doing so, he said:—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 77' *for* the words 'section 54' in sub-clause. (1)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD moved the following amendment:—

152. In sub-clause (2), *for* the words 'toll-gates', *substitute* the words 'or any toll-gate or gates'.

In doing so, he said:—"My amendment is that one should be at liberty to compound in respect of two or three toll-gates. The wording of the Bill would mean that we can only get composition for all toll-gates in the district."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"It would include both. Under the General Clauses Act the singular includes the plural and the words 'particular toll-gate' would mean 'particular toll-gate or toll-gates.'"

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

The following amendments stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad:—

153. In sub-clause (3) (b), before the words 'police officers,' *insert* the words 'military or'.

154. In sub-clause (3), in the sentence immediately following subdivision (c), before the words 'police officers', *insert* the words 'military or'.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendments were withdrawn.

Clause 111 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 112 *and* 113.

Clauses 112 and 113 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(The Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Macphail.)*

Clause 114.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B Venkatapati Raju :—

155. In sub-clause (1), between the words 'station' and 'in' in the third line, *insert* the words 'nor shall toll be levied at any other toll-bar, gate, or station within a distance of 20 miles thereof'.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendments :—

156. In sub-clause (5), *omit* the words 'provided that' and number what follows those words as sub-clause (6).

157. *Insert* the following as sub-clause (7):—

"(7) If no tender is made to such officer, he shall sell the said property or a sufficient portion thereof by auction and apply the proceeds of the sale to the payment of the amount due on account of the toll and the expenses incidental to the seizure and detention and sale of the property and shall return to the person in whose possession the property was at the time of seizure any property or sum which may remain after the sale and the application of the proceeds thereof as aforesaid.'

In doing so, he said :—"This is merely to provide as to what is to happen if no tender is made."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second them."

The amendments were put to the vote and carried.

Clause 114 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 115.

Clause 115 was allowed to stand part of the Bill

Clause 116.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

157-A. In sub-clause (2), *for* the words 'section 114', *substitute* the words 'section 107'.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble the Rev E. M. MACPHAIL :—"Is there any penalty for the breach of these rules?"

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Yes, there are general provisions made in the Bill later on."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 116 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 117.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 77' for the words 'section 84.'"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Hamead were withdrawn :—

159. In sub clause (1), *omit* the words 'by railway' and also the words 'on the tickets of all passengers . . . to any such place'.

160. *Omit* sub-clause (2).

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

161. *Substitute* the following for the rates given in sub-clause (2) :—

	Single.	Return.	Season per mensem.
	A. P.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.
For first-class tickets	4 0	8 0	3 0 0
For second-class tickets	2 0	4 0	1 8 0
For intermediate-class tickets ..	1 6	3 0	1 2 0
For third-class tickets	1 0	2 0	0 12 0

(The Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; the Raja of Pithapuram; the Raja of Ramnad; Mr. Narasimha Raju) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

In doing so he said —"I move the substitution of the rates proposed for the original rates given in the Bill The reason is this When it was originally proposed that we should levy a tax on pilgrims it was a surcharge on the railway ticket At first we were allowed to do it as regards entrance We were afterwards given permission to charge for return journey also That is the reason why for first-class return ticket eight annas is charged and for second-class four annas and so on Then again in some railways there are intermediate-class tickets which are slightly higher than third class We have therefore introduced a proportionate charge for these tickets"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD were withdrawn :—

162. In sub-clause (3), *omit* the words 'and the railway administrations concerned,'

163. In sub-clause (4), *omit* the words 'by railway administrations.'

Clause 117 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill

Clause 118.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

164. *For* the words 'section 110', *substitute* the words 'section 103'.

In doing so, he said —"I move the substitution of the words 'section 103' for the words 'section 110.'"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR —"I second it"

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 118 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 119.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

165. *For* sub-clause (1) (ii) *substitute* the words 'the planting of trees on the sides of public roads and on other public places and the preservation of any trees planted by or belonging to the local boards.

"My object in moving this amendment is to safeguard the rights of private owners of trees The present provision reads 'the planting and preservation of trees on sides of public roads and on other public places' Under that clause the local boards may interfere with the rights of private owners by saying that they are empowered to preserve the trees even when they do not belong to them What I want is that they might be allowed to preserve the trees which are planted by them or which belong to them The trees which belong to private owners may, if any of the local boards thinks it necessary, be acquired after paying proper compensation to the private owners. Otherwise the owners will be put to serious loss, and it is but right that private interests should be safeguarded With these remarks I request the Government to accept my amendment"

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Mr C. V. S NARASIMHA RAJU :—"The definition of public roads and private roads as stated in the Act which is now being amended is quite different from the definition of public roads and private roads as defined by the present Bill The public road is defined in the present Act as a road constructed and maintained at the cost of the local boards Now in order to bring this definition on a line with the District Municipalities Act the definition of public and private roads has been changed in this Bill Now we have got various cart-tracks and public thoroughfares between a village and a village vesting in zamindars and private owners and according to the definition of the existing Local Boards Act they are not vested in the local boards. Now on account of the change of definition they vest in local boards and the zamindar representatives present in this Council have not got any serious objection for vesting these roads in the local boards Their only objection is that the trees on either side of the roads should not vest in the local boards. In the Select Committee an attempt was made to clear the doubt and the Advocate-General advised us that the vesting of roads did not mean the vesting of trees on either side Clause 119 (ii) says that the trees on either side shall be preserved Therefore the preservation of the trees generally goes with the ownership of the trees. In order to clear the doubt as to the ownership of the trees which already vest in private individuals but lie on public roads this clause is introduced by the Hon'ble the Raja of Pithapuram and I hope the Government will see their way to accept it."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(The Raja of Ramnad; Mr. Narasimha Raju, the Advocate-General; the Raja of Pithapuram; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.)*

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"Probably the Hon'ble Mr Narasimha Raju thinks that we are actuated by selfish considerations I may just inform the Council that my father completely surrendered his rights over the avenues in the Ramnad estate The Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju called us both zamindar representatives and so I thought there was some significance but if he meant nothing of the kind he could have very well mentioned our names"

The Hon'ble Mr C. V S NARASIMHA RAJU:—"I never wanted to insinuate anything I know fully what the zamindars are doing at present and have been doing in the past and intend to do in the future for the financial support of taluk boards So far as my knowledge goes, the Zamindar of Vizianagram did much in my district and vested many private roads in taluk boards"

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"Your Excellency, although I think it is unnecessary, still it may be as well to clear any doubt regarding this matter and I therefore accept it. I do not want the word 'may' which is unnecessary."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM:—"I agree to it"

The amendment as revised by the Hon'ble the Advocate-General was put to the vote and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr, B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment:—

166. In sub-clause (1), *after* (ix) *into* (x); and *add* a new sub-clause (ix) as follows:—

'(ix) (a) providing housing accommodation for the poor and working classes under conditions imposed by the Government

(b) prevention of adulteration of foodstuffs and other articles as prescribed.

(c) regulation of recreation grounds, village greens, open spaces, public walks and footpaths,

(d) enclosure of commons.

(e) acquisition of lands used for wet cultivation near the dwelling houses when approved by the Government and acquisition of land for common pasturage.

(f) control of forest area when approved and assigned by the Government.

(g) development of waste lands owned or acquired by the board.

(h) control of natural water-supplies without interfering with private rights.

(i) to deal appropriately with offensive ditches, nullahs, pools, ponds and the like.

(j) to encourage co-operation in the villages by methods approved by the Government.

(k) maintenance of bulls, for breeding purposes.

(l) maintenance of technical agriculture and industrial schools, industrial homes and model farms approved by the Government.

(m) removal of unhealthy dwellings and obstructive buildings as prescribed.

(n) periodical census of cattle, inquiry into and economic condition of the people in the villages when directed by the Government.

(o) sanitary measures, more particularly steps to be taken for the banishment of malaria as far as practicable by drainage of stagnant pools and supply of quinine to the poor free of charge and adopting preventive measures for epidemic endemic and infectious diseases generally.

(p) sanitary arrangements to be made at public festivals, fairs and large gatherings.

(q) opening up tea shops or aiding them, when helpful to reduce drinking evil in villages.

(r) encouragement of home industries.

In doing so he said:—"Your Excellency, this amendment is an omnibus resolution. In this clause 129 we are providing the purposes to which the monies received under this Act may be applied, in general, everything necessary for, or conducive to, the safety, health, convenience or education of the inhabitants, or the amenities of the local area concerned and everything incidental to the administration Therefore all these things they want to bring in which are conducive to the safety health and amenities of the local area I want to add a clause providing for their progress and prosperity also In clause (ix) they add 'other measures of local public utility calculated to promote the safety, health, comfort or convenience of the people" Therefore the object of this clause is to provide all measures which contribute for public utility calculated to promote the safety, health, comfort and convenience of the people and they have given as illustrations items (i) to (viii) and I add some 8 or 13 more They come in as a new clause They can as well go in I may omit one or two I do not want to move (*d*) in my proposal 'enclosure of commons' which I drop Taking one by one (*a*) it is a provision that these local authorities should attend to. It is recognized in all civilised Governments In order to make certain particular conditions, 'I add the words 'under conditions imposed by the Government' I want to say 'housing accommodation' not merely sites but also private houses For that purpose I used the words 'housing accommodation,' to make my point clear. In England instead of housing accommodation it is called housing

"(*b*) Prevention of adulteration of foodstuffs and other articles as prescribed. With reference to one or two things it may be stated we have got Town-Planning Act and we may bring in housing accommodation, etc."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I rather understood the Honourable Member to take various points one by one. For the purpose of reducing discussion, I do not know whether it is necessary to refer to each one of them I think we quite realise the excellence of these various things."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I want to dispose of them by one speech. It might take some considerable time if I were to develop the points one by one

"Thankful to Your Excellency for having accepted them to be good ones, I will not take much time of the Council."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I did not say that they are all good ones. Some may be desirable and others not."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I do admit Your Excellency that by the end of this discussion none of them will be good or acceptable to the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Aehariyar because he would ask all these to be rejected. But I want to mention it because it is my duty to place them for the consideration of the Council It is for the Council to accept or reject them

"(*c*) Under this I want to provide regulation of recreation grounds, village greens, open spaces, public walks and foot-paths. Some are mentioned here but they are not more elaborate. My object in mentioning most of these is they should have wide field if they are really desirable things and if they could afford to do it, they must spend the amount without having objection taken by the auditor from time to time or without applying for the consent of the Government. With this object in view I want to make it specific

"(*e*) Acquisition of lands used for wet cultivation near dwelling houses when approved by the Government and acquisition of land for common pasturage.

"This is absolutely necessary. We find that in most places wet cultivation is carried on within the compound walls of houses and Government now and then issue orders that wet cultivation should be removed from the area. I think the district board, the taluk board and the union board should have the power of preventing wet cultivation. In order to do that they must acquire it."

"(*f*) The same case with regard to forests,

"(*g*) They must be entitled to spend the amount.

"(*h*) With reference to water-supply, these people have the right of control so long as they will not interfere with private rights Otherwise they have no business to interfere.

"(*i*) This is also necessary because most of these things are recognised and they found a place in other enactments of other civilized Governments."

At this stage the Council adjourned for lunch

The Council re-assembled at 2-35 p.m.

The Hon'ble Mr. E. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"To take the point which I left before lunch I move, Your Excellency, that a new sub-clause may be added as follows:—

"(*j*) to encourage co-operation in the villages by methods approved by the Government,

"(*k*) maintenance of bulls, for breeding purposes

"(*l*) maintenance of agriculture and industrial schools, industrial homes and model farms approved by the Government.

"With reference to this amendment, I may add that taluk boards are entitled to look after elementary education and district boards to look after secondary education, but they have not specifically mentioned about these. With that object in view and not because that they are required immediately but in order to impress upon their minds that there is something which ought to be done by them in future, I bring this amendment I bring this with a view to help

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Balaji Rao Nayudu; Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar; Mr. Desika Achariyar.)*

them and not so much to hinder them The local board presidents need not be afraid that they have not got the money, but these are intended to be done whenever their funds permit.

"(m) removal of unhealthy dwellings and obstructive buildings as prescribed"

"(n) periodical census of cattle, inquiry into the economic condition of the people in the villages when directed by the Government.

"Your Excellency, just as I omitted (d), I would *omit* (n) also. Last time they promised that not only they would have a periodical census every five years, but they would inquire also, into the economic condition by special agency Our local funds need not therefore be utilized for these purposes

"(o) sanitary measures, more particularly steps to be taken for the banishment of malaria as far as practicable by drainage of stagnant pools and supply of quinine to the poor free of charge and adopting preventive measures for epidemic, endemic, and infectious diseases generally

"I have added the words 'supply of quinine' because I notice that the Government have increased the cost of quinine by 50 per cent and I think that the district board can very well undertake to supply it free to the poor people.

"(p) sanitary arrangements to be made at public festivals, fairs and large gatherings.

"I have inserted this to suggest that this duty devolves partly on local boards. With regard to fairs and festivals, the help of not only the Government but also of municipalities and local boards is necessary. The other day at Rajahmundry during the great Pushkaram festival, not only the Government but the municipality as well as the district-board contributed Rs 7,000.

"(q) opening up tea shops or aiding them, when helpful to reduce drinking evil in villages.

"I want to omit this. It is not very happily worded and it is suggesting to others 'you can as well open tea shops to reduce drinking evil'

"(r) encouragement of home industries.

"Perhaps it may mean something very general. I may mention that in some localities schools are started by private individuals to increase home industries and in order to encourage it and to contribute for that purpose an enabling measure is provided in this. Though we have got a general provision in sub-clause (ix), I think it is far better that some specific mention may be made so that whenever they find it necessary and whenever they have got funds available they may utilize them. With this object, I commend the resolution for the consideration of the Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR —"I second it."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur T. BALAJI RAO NAYUDU:—"Your Excellency, though I have got very great sympathy with the amendments proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju for the reason that all the items are very useful for the public at large, I am of opinion that most of the items are being provided for by other departments, such as the Revenue Department, the Co-operative Department, the Industries Department and the Agricultural Department A lot of these items are already managed by local boards. All of us know that even with the enhancement of taxation we have provided in the Bill, the funds required for local fund administration are not quite sufficient. That being so, I am of opinion that we cannot make further additions and sub-clause (ix) is quite enough to cover urgent cases, where the district board thinks that something more should be done. So, I am against the amendment."

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR:—"Your Excellency, I quite agree with the Hon'ble Mr. Balaji Rao Nayudu As the Honourable Members are aware, local boards are at present practically bankrupt. We are finding great difficulty in carrying out our ordinary duties and we have not got sufficient funds at our disposal to be spent on all the items (o) to (r), proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju. I am afraid we will not be able to get on with the work not only for want of money but also for want of time. I don't think non-official presidents who are busy lawyers and merchants will have time to undertake the duties mentioned in these items which are not at all necessary. As the Hon'ble Mr Balaji Rao Nayudu said, most of the items have already been taken up by the various Departments of the Provincial Government and I don't think it is the duty of the local boards to take them up. I therefore strongly oppose the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, the general provisions relating to finance are contained in Chapter VII. The moneys received under the Local Boards Act could be utilized for the various purposes which are set out in clause 119. I think it is hardly possible for a district or local board to attend to all the duties set out in that section From personal experience I find that it is not possible for local boards to carry on efficiently even a portion of these duties. With regard to the various purposes which are mentioned in the amendment proposed, either they fall within the category of the purposes set out under section 119 or they do not. If they do not, as pointed out by the Hon'ble Mr Balaji Rao Nayudu, they must be taken over by special departments and I quite agree with the Hon'ble Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar that with our slender finances we cannot undertake to discharge even the duties already assigned to us. I therefore think these proposals to add to them are Utopian in their nature"

(The Raja of Ramnad, Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raja) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"Your Excellency, may I add that if we adhere to this policy that would bring the local boards into conflict with some of the departments which are already attending to these duties?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I have been so completely anticipated by the Hon'ble Mr. Balaji Rao Nayudu, the Hon'ble Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar and the Hon'ble Mr Desika Achariyar that I have very little to say, but I may assure my Honourable friend, the mover of the amendment, that, when I received this somewhat formidable list, I subjected it to a very careful examination. I shall simply indicate briefly how these things are either provided for or they involve liabilities which it is undesirable that local boards should undertake. Unfortunately, my Honourable friend was not a member of the Select Committee; otherwise I am sure I would have convinced him there.

"When the functions of the local boards were dealt with in the Select Committee there was considerable discussion and then the view put forward by the Hon'ble Mr Balaji Rao Nayudu and the Hon'ble Mr. Desika Achariyar found favour, namely, that, in view of the fact that the local bodies were at their wits' end to find enough money for their ordinary duties of maintaining hospitals, roads and schools, it would be disastrous to make any additions to their functions. If additions are made, the chances are that the things which are being done by other departments of Government will be ignored by them and handed over to be looked after by the local bodies. That is a danger which has to be avoided. We are here to safeguard local bodies and, much as I would like to add to their usefulness, I think it would be doing a disservice to them if these additional duties were imposed upon them. If without increasing their resources to any extent you add new functions, that would do them harm.

"Now taking the items one by one, the first item relates to providing housing accommodation for the poorer and working classes. In rural areas the Government have till now accepted responsibility for providing sites for houses for the rural population. If in any particular place no waste land is available for house-site purposes, the Government have acquired lands and given them for the purpose. If you impose upon the local boards the duty of providing housing accommodation, you will give a handle to the Government who may say that they will have nothing further to do in the matter. Would it be wise on our part to do a thing which would relieve the Government of a duty? Is it really imagined that these boards would ever be able to solve this whole question of housing accommodation and the problem of finding sites for houses on the country side? It is quite an impossible task. Also I would beg Honourable Members to note that if in any union town it is found that the question of housing accommodation is urgent, it would be open to apply the provisions of the Town Planning Act. Section 39 of the Town Planning Act enables the Government to extend the operation of the Act, subject to such restrictions as they may deem fit, to any union or other local area. I would rather not by enumerating this as one of the functions of local boards put on them the obligation of providing housing accommodation in rural areas.

"Going to the next sub-clause, prevention of adulteration of foodstuffs and other articles, I would invite attention to the fact that we passed two years ago the Prevention of Adulteration Act. That Act contains provisions for the prevention of adulteration of food and the provisions of that Act can be applied to any local area if the local authority so desires. If any local authority says that it is ready to put that Act into operation, the Government will do it gladly. Of course that applies only to the prevention of adulteration of foods. In regard to 'other' things is it seriously imagined that by one stroke we could prevent the adulteration generally of all articles? The Honourable Member's proposal is not only to prevent adulteration of foodstuffs but also of other articles. 'Other articles' is a big thing; it means all articles. Now is it imagined that it is a function of the district and taluk boards to stand up and say 'we would have no adulteration of any article hereafter?' It is an impossible task. When the Government have not found it possible to take up such a task themselves, is it reasonable to ask these poor local bodies to take up this task? It is not at all within the range of practical politics.

"I next go to the regulation of recreation grounds, village greens, open spaces, public walks and footpaths. If any man has got a recreation ground, the local board is to take hold of it and regulate it. If the Hon'ble the Raja of Pithapuram has got a recreation ground, it is to be open to the Pithapuram taluk board to take hold of it and regulate it. That is what the Honourable Member's amendment would amount to."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"You can only deal with your property and not with others."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I am quite prepared to accept that correction. In regard to public walks and footpaths, they come under the definition of 'roads'. Of course a road does not necessarily mean a metalled road. If the Honourable Member refers to the definition of road, he will see how the matter stands.

"I have not quite understood what enclosure of common means. I understand it to be something formidable."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"That is the reason why I omitted it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Taking next the question of the acquisition of land used for wet cultivation, even in municipal towns we have not succeeded in stopping wet cultivation. If in rural areas we attempt to stop wet cultivation, we would

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Sir Rajagopala Achariyar ; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.)*

attempt so impossible thing It will be a huge business, the agricultural population are living near their fields, and you will be interfering with their occupation. When a problem like that has not been successfully tackled in large municipal towns, is it imagined that it could be attacked with any prospect of success in rural areas? As regards the acquisition of land for common pasturages, why should not the Government acquire? Should it be the function of the local body? The Government get a lot of money from the tax-payer and it is the agricultural population that pays the bulk of the revenue of the Government The proper course for Honourable Members is to impress upon the Government the task of providing pasturage instead of going and asking the local bodies to do that I think the Honourable Member is attacking the wrong set of men

"As for the control of forest areas, I invite the attention of the Council to the Village Panchayat Bill where provision is made for giving panchayats control over village forests and grazing grounds. A general provision such as that now proposed will be objected to by the Forest Department The acceptance of this amendment will lead only to confusion

"The development of waste lands is of course an unobjectionable thing ; only there is no need to specify it

"We next come to the control of natural water-supplies. In regard to drinking water-supplies there are already certain provisions in this Bill. Item (m) of clause 199 (1) and rules 1-B (6) and 1-C (3) of the rules in Schedule V of the Bill provide for the expenditure of local funds on water-supply ; and clauses 129-133 give sufficient control to local boards over sources of water-supply. But a general provision for the 'control of natural water-supplies' will commit us to things of which we have no clear idea just now.

"So far our local boards have been confining themselves to drinking water-supply. I would rather leave them there and not put in any general provision such as would invest them with any obligation to control all water-supplies

"Coming to the next item, I would point out that clause 130 gives the necessary power in regard to ditches, etc., and the present amendment seems somewhat unnecessary.

"Then again we have got, as Mr. Balaji Rao Naidu has pointed out, the Co-operative Societies Act which is intended for developing co-operation Why then should we put the burden of developing co-operative institutions on local boards? It should be no function of local boards. Moreover it is an expensive matter and it may require money to supervise, audit, and so on If you go and put upon local bodies duties which are already being discharged by Government departments, you not only put upon them expenditure which they need not incur, but also run the risk of their coming into collision with other people who are discharging those duties satisfactorily."

"Next we come to the maintenance of bulls for breeding, etc I am under the impression that the Agricultural Department is attending to that. If it is found that they do not maintain enough bulls, the proper course would be to agitate and put pressure upon the department.

"Then comes the maintenance of technical, agricultural and industrial schools, etc. I would earnestly ask the Honourable Member if he really imagines that the local bodies in this province have got enough resources for the purpose. They are not able to maintain satisfactorily their elementary schools ; their teachers are ill-paid ; they are not able to give them a living wage. Before we start technical, agricultural and industrial schools, may we not discharge the much more pressing duty of paying our existing elementary school teachers a living wage? May not the other things be left to the Provincial Government? May not this burden be put on the general tax-payer?

"In regard to the removal of unhealthy dwellings and obstructive buildings, clauses 164 to 168 and 170 and 171 contain adequate provisions to deal with obstructions.

"Then as regards sanitary measures, it is covered by the general head 'Sanitation'."

"As regards sanitary arrangements to be made at public festivals, this has already been provided for in clause 135 and is also covered by item (m) of clause 119 (1) and rules 1-B (6) and 1-C (3) of Schedule V.

"Then comes the opening up of tea shops, etc., in villages. Probably what the Honourable Member means is that the tea shop is to be a counter attraction to the drink shop I may tell him that an experiment was made some time ago in two or three places, the idea being that people who drink arrack may be persuaded to drink tea instead But the experiment was so far a failure, because after drinking the arrack the same people went to the tea shop also and drank the tea What you should do in the present case is not to spend the local fund money on tea shops but to put pressure on the Government department to proceed in the direction you want

"Then comes the encouragement of home industries I suppose the Honourable Member means swadeshi industries as opposed to foreign industries."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"I mean cottage industries."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"No local board will be able to do these things

"I have gone at some length into this matter so that the Honourable Member might see that I took his list most seriously and it was after a most careful examination that I came to the conclusion that, while most of them are undoubtedly good objects, it would not be advisable for local bodies to undertake any of them. The more correct policy for Honourable Members would be to get those things done by the Government out of the funds of the general tax-payer and reserve to the local boards the well understood duties of maintaining their roads, hospitals, dispensaries and elementary schools. That, Sir, is the point of view I take. With these remarks I oppose the amendment."

(Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the President; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"Your Excellency, I am thankful for the full reply given by the Hon'ble Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar. I may state as it is known to most of the members that all these and many more are the ordinary functions of similar councils in other countries. If we want to become as good as county councils and rural councils in England, we must rise to that position, and adopt all these things instead of being satisfied with routine matters. The Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Achariyar encouraged me to say that we must put pressure upon Government to do all these things and therefore local authorities might not be pressed now, but I say that the Government must do it, was doing it, will do it and will be asked to do it. But local authorities cannot escape from them. If money is available it ought to be spent in the way of utilizing for that purpose. I press the amendment."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I am sure the Government would be perfectly delighted in handing over some of these matters. I did not notice that the Honourable Member showed any particular desire for extra taxation. I should have expected him to have raised a loud protest against any diminution in the taxation that we used to have before, and indeed I should suppose that we should have a large increase in taxation for the purposes he has in view."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"In England the general exchequer supplies half of the expenditure for all the local bodies."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 119 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 120.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

167. In sub-clause (1), *omit* sub-head (c).

AMENDMENT No. 168.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Your Excellency, I move that the word 'ropeway' **may be inserted after the word 'tramway' in sub-clause (2).** There may be cases where we may want to have a ropeway."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

169. In sub-clause (3), *for* 'three-fourths', *substitute* 'two-thirds.'

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, I move the substitution of the word 'two-thirds' for 'three-fourths' in sub-clause (3). As there is the safeguard of a subsequent confirmatory resolution, I do not think there could be any objection to agreeing to 'two-thirds' in place of 'three-fourths'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I gladly second the amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 120 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 121 *and* 122.

Clauses 121 and 122 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 123.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"Your Excellency, I beg to move the following amendments :—

'170. In sub-clause (2), *omit* the words 'provided that the budget of a taluk board and of a union board shall be subject to the approval of the district board and of the taluk board, respectively.'

'171. *Add* the following sub-clause :—

'(3) If the budget of the taluk board or union board fails to provide for the due discharge of all liabilities in respect of loans contracted by such local board or for the maintenance of a prescribed working balance, the district board or the taluk board, as the case may be, may direct that any part of it shall be so altered as to ensure that such provision is made.'"

"Under the existing clause the budgets of union boards and of taluk boards are to be approved by taluk boards and district boards respectively. I propose that this control should be taken away. The interference of district boards with taluk board budgets and of taluk boards with union board budgets should be restricted only to cases in which the local board concerned fails to make due provision for the discharge of debts borrowed and for maintaining a working balance."

2nd Octobar 1920.] *(Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the Advocate-General.)*

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"Your Excellency, I think this is a very fair and proper proposal. There is nothing in the nature of these union or taluk boards to suggest that they are incompetent to look after their budgets, whereas people in the district boards would be geniuses specially qualified. The district board members are almost all coming from taluk boards. I think it is fair and proper that we should extend the privilege to union boards and taluk boards to frame their own budget."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I will accept the principle. In consultation with the Advocate-General I am going to make a slight alteration. I would put sub-clause (2) as follows:—

'Every local board shall sanction the budget with such modifications, if any, as it thinks fit.'

"Then sub-clause (3) will be what the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju has given notice of with a slight alteration:—

'(3) If the budget of a taluk board or a union board fails to provide for the due discharge of all liabilities in respect of loans contracted by such local board or for the maintenance of a working balance, the district board or the taluk board, as the case may be, may direct that any part of it shall be so altered as to ensure that such provision is made.'

"I want to omit the word 'prescribed' because in a large number of taluk boards and union boards it will not be possible to prescribe the working balance. It is better to leave it elastic."

The amendment so revised was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 123 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 124.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn:—

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—

"172. **In sub-clause (2), after the words 'for the maintenance of a working balance' *insert* the word 'prescribed'.**"

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU —

"173. **In sub-clause (2), between the words 'balance' and 'the' in the fifth line, *insert* the words 'of not less than 2½ per cent of the normal receipts of the previous year.'**"

Clause 124 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 125.

Clause 125 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 126.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

"174. ***For* the words 'sections 123 and 124', *substitute* the words 'sections 116 and 117'.**"

In doing so, he said:—"I move the substitution of the words 'sections 116 and 117' for the words 'sections 123 and 124.'"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 126 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 127 to 131.

Clauses 127 to 131 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 132.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

"175. **In sub-clause (*d*), between the words 'skins' and 'or' *insert* the words 'or soak bamboos, timber, jute, hemp, aloes, copra, or any'.**"

Clause 132 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

(Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Macphail; the Advocate-General.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

Clauses 133 and 134.

Clauses 133 and 134 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 135.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

"176. *Add* the following to the clause:—

'The district board also may contribute towards the cost thereof when the funds of the local board concerned are inadequate'."

Clause 135 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 136.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment:—

"177. At the end of the clause, *add* the following:—

'But the filth from the latrine or stable should never be washed into a drain or cesspool'."

In doing so, he said:—"I think this is an omission in the Bill. Unless we have got a provision similar to the amendment there will be danger. The filth from the latrine or stable must be removed and not allowed to be washed into public drains because the latter course would be insanitary."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Is the Honourable Member aware that this is exactly a repetition of section 169 of the District Municipalities Act?"

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I am aware of it, but we are experiencing a difficulty and therefore we are issuing separate notices to them not to do it."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL:—"May I ask the Honourable Member to read the clause as proposed to be amended by him?"

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I only propose to put the amendment as an independent addition to the present clause at the end. I do not want to interpolate it. What we have got in India is this, we have got latrines opening into the drains. The filth instead of being removed may be washed into the drains. Some people who have not got men to remove it use water and wash it into the public drain which runs before houses. This ought not to be permitted."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"I find some difficulty in the language if the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju's amendment is accepted. The result will be the first part of the clause says: 'No owner shall allow the water from any drain or latrine or any other filth to flow out of such premises to any portion of a public road except a drain.' That means you give permission for the water to flow into the drain. The amendment prohibits it and would therefore not fit in with the clause."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"If we cannot read the whole clause consistently with the amendment, I have no objection to any other suitable drafting being made by the Advocate-General."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"The point is that until we have really effective drainage we are bound to have this difficulty, but I would ask Honourable Members whether we could really aim at a higher level of sanitation in rural areas than we have attained in large municipalities. I quite sympathize with the Honourable Member's idea, but what I would say is that, taking the conditions of most of the union towns, it would not be really possible to work this idea, unless each house-holder takes this obligation and disposes of all his sewage and sullage in the proper way. That is my difficulty in addition to the language difficulty raised by the Hon'ble the Advocate-General."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I do not press the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 136 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 137 and 138.

Clauses 137 and 138 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 139.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

"178. At the end of sub-clause (1), *add* the following:—

'and warn the washermen from mixing up clothes taken from infected houses with others without getting them disinfected as notified by the board on pain of prosecution'."

Clause 139 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(The Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; the Raja of Ramnad; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Narasimha Raju.)*

Clauses 140 *to* 149.

Clauses 140 to 149 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 150.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

"179. *For* the words 'sections 147 to 149', *substitute* the words 'sections 140 to 142'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried

Clause 150 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill

Clause 151.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment:—

"180. In the proviso to the clause, *omit* the words 'president of the'."

In doing so, he said:—"My amendment suggests giving power to local board to sanction prosecution, instead of to the president. I think this will be a more cautious step."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I would invite the Honourable Member's attention to the fact that in the municipal law power is vested in the chairman. This is an executive act."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"I do not press it then."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 151 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 152 *to* 155

Clauses 152 to 155 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 156.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, this is an important provision. Justice requires it that the Government also should agree with this view. My suggestion is to *add* **a fresh sub-clause to 156 as follows:—**

"(c) The president of the local board should arrange for cutting the branches of avenue trees when they overhang the private property causing substantial damage to the owner when it was brought to his notice by the aggrieved party or acquire adjoining plot if damage cannot be averted otherwise."

"My Lord, that was the practice during all these years. Whenever it was brought to the notice of the president of district board or taluk board that certain trees are overhanging the private property they used to cut it. Unfortunately under a recent decision of the High Court district boards or taluk boards are not to cut trees. That causes immense loss or damage to private property. The local bodies are not going to acquire the property nor are they going to cut away the branches. The shade is wanted for the persons who pass the road, but they do not want shade for crops in the adjoining land. That is the complaint. If you really want branches all round, I think you had better acquire it. But you cannot spoil the crops in the neighbouring land. I therefore respectfully submit that we must do justice to the parties. It was in practice all along."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"I beg to second this amendment. Now local boards have got the duty of planting avenue trees which are intended to give shade to travellers passing along the road. The question is whether the branches that outgrow and overhang the neighbour's land should be allowed to continue or not. But whatever be the practice the High Court has finally said in its judgment that since it is the statutory duty of the local boards to grow avenues, branches cannot be cut off if they overhang the neighbour's land. The avenues must not go beyond the limits of the road. When roads are constructed by boards, they only acquire sufficient ground for making the road and sufficient ground to dig up and raise the level of the road. When trees are planted on the roadside at the end of the road built to give shade to the traveller, the branches overgrow unto the other side and cause damage to the cultivating ryot. The question is whether he should suffer without getting any compensation from local boards. I think I am able to explain the whole situation. When this is the roadway, on the edge of the road avenue trees will be grown. As long as the trees overgrow and spread into the road there is no difficulty, but when branches overgrow and spread into the other side the difficulty arises. If the local boards want luxury of having such trees they must acquire the land. Otherwise the natural rights of property must be respected and the owner must be paid compensation, or the branches must be removed. I think it is a reasonable attitude and that the Government will be pleased to consider the matter and give relief to the agriculturists."

(Sir Rajagopala Acheriyar ; Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar ; Mr. Sivagnanam Pillai ; Mr. Subba Rao ; Mr. President ; Mr. Macphail ; the Advocate-General ; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar ; Mr. Siva Rao ; Rajah of Ramnad.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"This is a question of general importance. The avenue trees are intended for the convenience of travellers. If you say that no avenue trees shall overhang the neighbouring land, the roads will have to be denuded of these trees. It will be convenient if presidents of district boards who have got experience will tell us their experience."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR :—"The request made here is a very reasonable one. I have seen several trees overhanging the fields and owing to the High Court's judgment the people are powerless."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI.—"The request is reasonable. In the Tinnevelly district a circular has been issued directing the engineering agency to lop off so much of the branches as come down below 12 feet from the ground, the other portions being allowed to remain as they are. Both in the morning and in the evening no shade will fall on the fields. It is only when the sun is at the zenith the fields will come under the shade. Such duration is necessarily short. Therefore no inconvenience is caused to anybody."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—"My difficulty is this. The Bombay decision gives the power to private persons also to cut branches of trees overhanging their land. So the same power can be resorted to by private parties against public bodies. But at the same time the Madras decision is quoted. The Madras decision only says that there is no statutory obligation on the part of the district board to go and cut their trees. Persons who have got fields near the adjoining district board trees may feel inconvenience. But what do you think of those persons going and building houses and shops just on the edge of their property not leaving any space for the already existing trees to extend the branches to give shade. I have just mentioned all these difficulties with the object that it is better that the whole thing is left to the discretion of the president of the district board. If he does not do his duty, the rate-payers will see that he is not elected to the taluk or district board."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"Under the Bombay decision do I understand that if the big trees on the road spread their shade over the neighbouring private property the private owners may go and cut their branches?"

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—"Yes. That is the ruling of the Bombay decision. If the branches of a public tree overhang private property, the owners have the right only to lop off such of the branches as are overhanging their property after giving notice."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL :—"I should like to ask the Advocate-General whether there is any law upon the subject. If private owners have no remedy, certainly we ought to vote for this amendment."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"My difficulty is caused by the recent decision."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"Your Excellency, on the statement of law I entirely agree with the Advocate-General, but on the question of facts I entirely agree with the reasons given by the mover of this amendment. I am afraid there are many objections to it. In the first place this is hardly the place where this provision has got to be introduced. The proper place would be in the earlier portion where we have prescribed the duties of the taluk board. In the second place it requires arrangement. It does require the modification of the provision that the president of the local board shall arrange for the cutting of the branches, etc. Then again with regard to the exact wording of the amendment, if we look into it, the president of the local board shall arrange next to acquire the adjoining plot. I am just pointing out that it should be accepted subject to certain modifications. I believe my honourable friend will be able to understand what I am driving at, i.e., the acceptance of this amendment with an alteration in the language and transposition. It would imply that the president should first arrange to cut the branches or acquire the plot under the statute. The president of a district board has not got the power of land acquisition at present and it is not desirable to bring in this additional financial burden on the local boards. Then again I should like to suggest one or two small amendments to the effect that when avenue trees overhang private property and it is brought to the president's notice that damage is thereby caused to the owner, steps should be at once taken to remove them."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"I always thought that, even when there is a statutory authority to plant trees on the side of the road, it was wrong to cause nuisance to the neighbours. The president of a local board has got distinctive power to plant trees. When doing so he should not make it odious to the neighbours. I thought it was open to the neighbour to chop off that portion which overhangs his property and causes nuisance, but the recent judgment of the Madras High Court seems to point the other way. It would be very proper to pass this amendment in view of the doubts that have been raised in regard to legal position. When there is damage caused to the neighbouring owner, what is the remedy? It may be of advantage in some respects to have the trees near his residence, for instance, for the collection of green manure. But there may be cases in which it may be of positive nuisance. Under these circumstances I heartily vote for the amendment because the position is not made clear by the existing law and according to the recent decision of the High Court in the matter."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"May I know whether the same provision exists in the old Act?"

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Devika Achariyar; Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar; Mr. Macphail; the President; Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar; Mr. Giffard; Sir Tyagaraya Chetti; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.)*

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"No. It is a new provision"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DEVIKA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, with reference to this amendment it may be useful to recount the existing practice. When a nuisance caused by a overhanging tree is brought to the notice of the president, he goes and inspects the tree and has the nuisance abated. So far, no case has been brought to my notice, during the last six years, in which any person who had a real grievance of the kind went away without relief. As the law stands, such an amendment is perfectly unnecessary, notwithstanding the decision of the Madras High Court, because either the private owner could abate the nuisance or the local board would render reasonable assistance to have it abated. The amendment suggested is no doubt in conformity with the practice that has been adopted. But the amendment is one which would make it very difficult to plant avenue trees or maintain them. Every person who has a grievance, real or imaginary, could assert that damage is caused to his property. What is the action to be taken by the district board without making it possible for that body arriving at a final decision that any tree has caused substantial damage? Is the president to be the final authority or the owner of the property? If the president is not to be the final authority, he must cut down any tree which is alleged to cause damage. That is my objection to the amendment. I do not object to the principle."

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR:—"I will quote an instance. We have allowed private parties to grow coconut trees on the public road. Jungle trees had grown up and covered the coconut trees and this prejudicially affected the growth of the coconut tree. It was also objectionable for wet cultivation. The owner of the land put in an application to me and I decided it using my commonsense, although there was nothing provided for in the old Act, and I asked the Engineering department to cut the branches, thus preventing the damage caused to the owner of the land."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL:—"I support the amendment, although not in its present form. I think that what is desired could be quite easily attained if the words 'if so required by the owners of that property' be inserted after the words 'avenue trees'."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I think perhaps the Honourable Members will be satisfied that we have been discussing up here a good deal on this amendment, and I think it will be well if we leave the whole matter in the hands of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General. There are various points which have to be looked into and I hope my friend, the Hon'ble the Advocate-General, will look into them and give us a solution on Monday."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"In the meantime I may be permitted to give this information to the Hon'ble the Advocate-General. If you make up your mind to lop off the branches spreading over the property and have them lopped off, the tree becomes one-sided. If the tree dies, is it not useful to cut it away?"

The Hon'ble the Major-General G. G. GIFFARD:—"I have been lately moving about and I had occasion to see a large number of trees in the public roads in the mofussal. Most of them overhang the paddy fields, and if the suggestion made in the amendment is carried out, the roads will become devoid of avenue trees in course of time. I think it is a very dangerous attempt to make any such legislation."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. TYAGARAYA CHETTI:—"I think it is a dangerous affair that the Surgeon-General mentions. When a party suffers by the action of the district board that party must get relief whatever it might be. There is no use in simply saying that because it is good on one side, therefore the other man should suffer. It is not fair to anybody and there must be some remedy."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"So I take it, Sir, that we adjourn this. The Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju may withdraw his amendment because we cannot accept it in that form. If that be withdrawn, further consideration of clause 156 will be postponed till the Hon'ble the Advocate-General has considered it."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, I do not press my amendment in this form. I leave it in the hands of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General to do what he thinks best in the matter."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 156 was deferred for further consideration.

Clause 157.

Clause 157 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 158.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju:—

182. In sub-clause (1) *for* the words 'within twenty yards of any public road' *substitute* the words 'within ten yards on either side of the road.'

(Mr. Venkatapati Raju ; the Raja of Ramnad ; The Advocate-General ; Mr. Siva Rao.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"I do not press the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 158 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 159 *to* 164.

Clauses 159 to 164 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 165.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment :—

[I move that] the words 'hung or' be omitted in sub-clause (1). [I don't think it is necessary to have those words there.]

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"The wording is exactly the same as in the District Municipalities Act and the City Municipal Act. You can hang the gate or the doorway so as to open outwards upon any public road. I don't see what objection there is."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"I certainly think that the Advocate-General is more competent in this matter. I withdraw."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 165 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 166.

Clause 166 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 167.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—

184. In sub-clause (1), *for* **the words 'the president of a local board may, with the approval of the board,'** *substitute* **the words 'the local board may' and** *for* **the word 'he'** *substitute* **the word 'it'.**

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—"I have withdrawn a similar amendment after what the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Acharyar has told us. I do not press this amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 167 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 168.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

185. At the end of sub-clause (1) *add* **the words 'when the sewer, drain or the ground belongs to the board, or the locality is unsuited for building purposes on sanitary grounds'.**

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, on account of some difficulty I fail to understanding section 168 I sent in this amendment. It is stated in the Bill that no building shall be erected without the permission of the president over any sewer or drain or any part of a sewer or drain or upon any ground which has been covered, raised or levelled wholly or in part by road sweepings or other rubbish. No doubt if the sewer or drain belongs to the board they are perfectly justified in prohibiting the construction of buildings thereon. But if it belongs to a private party, I don't see how they can object. If at all they object, it must be on the ground of sanitation. So there must be two conditions satisfied for the prohibition of the construction of buildings on the sewer or drain, namely, that the sewer or drain must belong to the board and the locality should be unsuited for building purposes on sanitary grounds. With that view I have moved my amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Your Excellency, the object of this is this. Even when a sewer or drain belongs to a private party and not to the board, the private party should not be permitted to build upon it. There are two provisions in this section. One of them is building on the drains. Now these drains are vested in the boards as drains, though the freehold in the soil does not vest in them. The other provision, on sanitary grounds, prohibits the owner of the property from building as he chooses over the rubbish."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 168 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 169–173.

Clauses 169 to 173 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 174.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. V. Madhava Raja was withdrawn :—

186. *Omit* the word 'acquired'.

Clause 174 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Madhava Raja; Mr. Devadoss; the President; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar.)*

Clauses 175 and 176.

Clauses 175 and 176 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 177.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr B. Venkatapati Raja was withdrawn :—

187. At the end of the clause *add* the words 'unless the district board specially sanctions it after obtaining the consent of the board concerned'.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. V. Madhava Raja —

188. *Add* the following proviso : 'Provided that this section shall not in any way affect the existing private markets.'

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA :—"I do not press."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 177 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 178.

The Hon'ble Mr M. D. DEVADOSS moved the following amendment :—

189. In sub-clause (1) after the words 'to do so' *add* the words 'on payment of a fee not exceeding Rs. 100'.

In doing so, he said —"Your Excellency, I think it will be convenient to discuss this amendment along with the amendments relating to clause 181, that is, amendments Nos 198 and 199. The principle is whether the income from the markets should be divided in a certain ratio between the taluk board and the owners of the market or only whether a licence fee should be charged."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I do not understand what the Honourable Member is aiming at."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS :—"Your Excellency, my point is this. Clause 178 provides that 'no person shall continue to keep open a private market lawfully established at the commencement of this Act, unless he annually obtains from the taluk board a licence to do so.' But under clause 181, 'When a licence granted under section 178 does not permit the levy of any fees, it shall be granted free of charge, but when such permission is given, a fee not exceeding 25 per cent of the gross income of the owner from the market in the preceding year may be charged by the taluk board for such licence.' In amendment No. 199 I have asked that the whole clause should be omitted. My arguments for both the amendments are the same."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I think the Honourable Member had better argue his case on clause 178. I do not want to interfere with the Honourable Member's discretion in the matter. I suppose there is no harm in my saying that there has been some amount of soreness of feeling on the part of the holders of private markets. I have had conversations on this subject with several members of the Select Committee who put the clause in its present form. While they are prepared to make things a little easy, they are not likely to accept any wholesale cancellation of the position which has been given to taluk boards. The Honourable Member's point seems to be that, if the private market-holder gives a few hundred rupees, there the whole thing should end. That is why he wants to omit clause 181. It would probably be convenient to him to move his amendment to clause 178 in deciding which amendment to press and in seeing how far most of the other Honourable Members with whom I am associated are likely to go in the matter."

The Hon'ble Mr M. D. DEVADOSS :—"May I know whether I am to move the amendment to clause 181 ?"

His Excellency the PRESIDENT —"I want the Honourable Member to go on with amendment No. 178."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS :—"Your Excellency, I am quite in sympathy with the object of the provision in clause 178 that the owner of a private market should obtain a licence. He should conform to certain rules in regard to sanitation, etc. What I would ask is that in granting a licence a fee may be charged, but the taluk board should not interfere with the income of the market. It is probably well known that in Malabar there are a number of markets which yield a fairly large income. The janmis there are the owners of the soil and they have been allowing those markets to be held for a very long time. Under the Act of 1884, and even under the Act of 1898, private markets were not affected. All that it provided for was that under section 117(*c*) a licence had to be obtained for the continuance of the market, but without any fee. What is sought to be done by the present Bill is that these persons should be entirely at the mercy of the taluk board, and when a local board grants a licence for holding a market, it should be entitled to a definite share of the income of the property. It is not proper for the legislature by a provision like this to take away the property of the subjects. No doubt it is entitled to get a revenue and subjects are also bound to pa

(Mr. Devadoss ; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar ; the President ; Mr. Madhava Raja ; Mr. Rumanuja Achariyar.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

certain amount of revenue. But when a provision like this is introduced which affects prejudicially, there is no justification for it beyond the fact that money is required for the taluk board. But I submit, Your Excellency, that it is not a provision which can be approved by this Council. There is no proportion at all between the income that is sought to be derived from these markets and the privilege which the taluk boards give the owners. As is well known, to own a private market is a right which has been accorded to these people years ago and that right cannot be taken away. No doubt it is open to the legislature to take away one's property, but the question is whether it is proper. What I submit is, that so far as the licensing of a private market is concerned, a definite fee may be charged but not a share of the income. I have put down the amount as Rs. 100, because under the old Act the fee is Rs. 100.

"I have specially to bring to the notice of this Council that so far as the jammis of Malabar are concerned, they own the soil; their right in the soil is something which is much more than the right in the soil known to England or any other country. If markets have been held on their lands for years, probably a hundred years or more, would it be right for us to say 'we will not allow these markets to be held, we want money, and therefore we want to stop all these'? I will only quote one or two passages from the Fifth Report wherein the rights of these jammis have been recognised by the British Government so early as the eighteenth century."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I am sorry to interrupt the Honourable Member. But what bearing that has got on clause 178 I cannot see."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D DEVADOSS :—"The point is that unless a definite amount is charged we shall be falling back on clause 181. That is why I wanted to take up the discussion on both clauses together in order to save time."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"Does the Honourable Member want in his amendment to charge a particular fee? That is the matter we have got to discuss for the present. If that is thrown out, then he may reserve his remarks to clause 181."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS :—"I will reserve my remarks on clause 181."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I am not objecting to the Honourable Member putting forth his remarks for both."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D DEVADOSS :—"I will reserve my remarks on section 181, because that goes to the very root of the matter. Therefore my amendment is, Your Excellency, that a definite amount should be charged whenever a licence is granted to the owner of a private market."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA :—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"Your Excellency, the Honourable Member concedes to the taluk board the right to decide by licence whether it shall or shall not allow a private market to continue. Having done that, clause 178 (1) does not say anything about the licence fee. That comes later on, and the taluk board is bound to issue the licence free of charge in certain cases. Under the scheme of this Bill a number of markets may be entitled to get the licence free: under the scheme of the Honourable Member a fee of Rs. 100 could be charged. In the interests of private markets as well as in the interests of the Bill as a whole I would oppose this amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS :—

"**190. In sub-clause (3), *omit* the words 'and rents and fees to be charged' and *insert* the word 'and' between the words "and ways' and 'weights and measures'.**

"Your Excellency, in granting a licence the district board or the taluk board should not specify what rents and fees should be charged. It may be left to the discretion of the holder of the market or the persons entitled to charge the fees. Therefore I want these words to be deleted or omitted."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR :—"I oppose the amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. V. Madhava Raja was withdrawn :—

191. In sub-clause (3), *omit* the words 'and rents and fees to be charged'.

Clause 178 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 179

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn.

192. *Omit* the clause.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS :—

193. *Omit* the clause.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(The Advocate-General, Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Madhava Raja; Mr. Devadoss, Mr. Haji Abd-ul-la Haji Qasim.)*

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

"194. In sub-clause (1), *for* the words 'section 175' *substitute* the words 'section 168'."

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move the substitution of the words 'section 168' *for* the words 'section 175', in sub-clause (1)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

"195. In sub-clause (3), *for* the words 'section 178' *substitute* the words 'section 171'."

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move the substitution of the words 'section 171' *for* the words 'section 178' in sub-clause (3)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 179 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 180.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn:—

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA:—

196. *Omit* the clause.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—

197. *Omit* the clause.

Clause 180 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 181.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Messrs. V. Madhava Raja and M. D. Devadoss:—

198 and 199. *Omit* the clause.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA moved the following amendment:—

198. *Omit* the clause.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, though the clause looks like an innocent one it is sure to work very great hardship on very many owners of private markets. At present there are very many private markets started before the Local Boards Act came into force which were getting their licenses free. I have got a particular instance in mind. There is a market in Malabar getting Rs. 8,000 a year; they have invested about a lakh of rupees in buildings and in making sanitary arrangements; they are paying an income-tax of Rs. 500; taking about 5½ per cent interest on a lakh it comes to about Rs. 5,000. The licence fee comes to Rs. 2,000. Nothing is therefore left for making any improvement or any annual repair and so he has hardly anything to get out of the market though the market was started many years ago. Especially in Malabar the clause is sure to work as a very great hardship. Unlike other districts very many private market-owners are really owners of the soil. It is really a very great hardship on the owners of these markets to pay a licence fee of 25 per cent. In the original Bill they put Rs. 500 as the maximum, but in the Select Committee they changed it to 25 per cent. I propose the removal of the 25 per cent altogether."

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur HAJI ABD-UL-LA HAJI QUASIM SAHIB Bahadur:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—"I second the amendment. The main effect of the passing of this clause as it stands now would be that the Government or the taluk board want to take away one-fourth of the income of a private market owner. What is the corresponding advantage which this Bill is going to confer on the private market owner? Beyond the fact that money is required by the taluk board for its own purposes can we assign any valid reason for saying that we want one-fourth of the income of any individual? Is there any justice in such a demand? The persons who will be most hit by this provision are the janmis of Malabar. They are the owners of the soil. The Government have no right to the soil of Malabar except practically to a very small fraction of it. That has been settled by a decision of the High Court and that has been acknowledged from about the end of the 18th century. That being so, is it not the inherent right of an owner of land to hold a market on his land? No doubt in the interests of sanitation and administration, etc., the local board may place certain restrictions upon the holder of a market with regard to the exposing of articles for sale, etc. But is it right for the Legislature to say 'that one-fourth of his income whatever it be should go to the taluk board'? I submit that this is not right, for these people were assured when Malabar was taken over that their rights would not be interfered with and that the property in the soil would never be questioned. But what the taluk board wants to do now is to have partnership with the

(Mr. Devadoss; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; the President; Sir Rajagopala Acharigar; Mr. Arumainatha Pillai; Mr. Ramanuja Acharigar.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920

owners of these markets by asking them to give one-fourth of the profits. Before I attack the position on its merits, I want to know whether it is workable. Suppose the taluk board is given power to collect one-fourth of the income. How is the income to be ascertained? If the market is leased by the owner, then the underlings of the board may come and say that the market is leased for a very low amount and thus there will be constant friction. Suppose the income from the market is about Rs 10,000 but it is leased for Rs. 5,000. Then the taluk board would lose one-fourth of the remaining Rs 5,000. Who is to check this? Of course the taluk board may say 'I will manage' but what would be the cost of management? Would the taluk board be able to manage the market more economically and more efficiently than the owner? I submit this idea of taking one-fourth is likely to give any amount of trouble both to the taluk board and to the owner. Therefore it is not a workable basis.

Then again we are interfering with the private rights of citizens. Of course we are entitled to levy a tax but we are not entitled to ask any particular class of persons to pay a percentage of their income simply because we want money. So far as I can see, unless the Honourable Member in charge is pleased to enlighten me, there is no justification beyond the fact that we want money. This is in fact putting our hands into the pockets of other people and taking away their money because we want it. Is it right that the Legislature should arm these local boards with power to take away the money of private individuals? With regard to the peculiar position of these janmis I would refer to one or two passages in the fifth report and in the report of the various officers. Mr. Parnell one of the Bombay Commissioners who went to Malabar described these janmis—

(The Honourable Member then read some of the passages from the report).

"I do not think it necessary, Your Excellency to refer to more passages. The land tenure in Malabar is a peculiar one. The jenmis are the owners of the soil. They lease the land to various people but the property in the soil is with them."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"May I rise to a point of order. Are we to go into the rights of jenmis in Malabar?"

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"If the Honourable Member thinks that that is the crux of the whole question, I think he is perfectly in order."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"There is no legal power in this Council to tackle the question."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D DEVADOSS:—"Of course the Legislature is absolute in these matters except in matters within the cognizance of the Government of India but the point I raise before the Council is are we justified in taking away one-fourth of the income of these jenmis considering the pledges given from 1797 onwards? Is it right that these jenmis should be deprived of the income of their private property?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"If I remember aright these pledges were referred to in the latest revenue settlement. They have a strange familiarity in my ears."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—"Two wrongs do not make one right. The mere fact that some time ago some legislation was passed against the jenmis is not sufficient reason why their rights should be interfered with now. The proposal is entirely indefensible in principle. The tax that is proposed to be levied from these market-owners must bear a certain proportion to the advantages they get by having a licence, but the section fixes an arbitrary percentage. Your Excellency would see that this is not the first time we are legislating in regard to this. In 1884 these market-owners were not interfered with. In 1898 they were asked to take out a license. Now in 1920 we want to deprive them of their right to the markets and I do not know where they will be some years hence. Some of these jenmis have spent large sums of money. At least I know of one case where the Court of Wards have spent Rs. 50,000 on a market. Would it be right on the part of the taluk board to ask for a portion of the income of this valuable market?"

The Hon'ble Mr. T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI:—"Your Excellency, I do not know whether the Honourable the Mover and the Honourable the Seconder have really understood the effect of this amendment. So far as section 181 is concerned it gives the taluk board a limit over which it should not exceed in the matter of taxation. If the Mover and Seconder made all these arguments and induced the Government to cut down such charges in section 178 then it would be perfectly all right. But if my friends do want that this maximum ought to be forced down and full power given to taluk boards to assess whatever rate they like, let them have the benefit of it. I submit, Your Excellency, that the maximum fixed in clause 181 is really to the benefit of the landholders and not to their detriment and as such I do not believe my friends here would really press the amendment."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, most of the remarks of the Hon'ble Mr Devadoss about the rights of jenmis are beside the point. We are not asking for any share of the land or tax. All that is proposed is that the taluk board may levy a licence fee. Mr Devadoss's proposal is that the clause should be omitted. These markets have been paying Rs 100 a year. Now what is proposed is to abandon the clause altogether. I do not know what is intended. What he should have done was to have left the clause 'not exceeding 25 per cent' and suggested some lower figure. I submit that if these markets have

been paying Rs. 100 a year, the Rs. 100 in 1881 is equivalent to Rs. 500 now. Therefore the taluk board is entitled to levy a licence fee of much larger amount than Rs. 100. The Bill as originally drafted contained Rs. 500, but in justice to many markets which may not realize such a large amount, the Select Committee has put in 'not exceeding 25 per cent of the gross income.' These markets are very unsatisfactory and it is necessary for the sanitary inspector or the taluk board president to see that the markets are daily cleaned and washed. And therefore we ought to levy a fee proportionate to the amount of the trouble which should be spent upon these markets. I therefore strongly oppose this amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"I strongly oppose this amendment. I have carefully listened to the speech of the Hon'ble Mr. Devadoss. There is a misconception underlying the whole of his contention. He seems to think that he found an authority for it in the Court of Director's report, that janmis are entitled to the free monopoly of the markets. If he said that they had some permanent interest in the soil nobody would have quarrelled with him. If he says that the janmis have a right of opening the markets, then I join issues with it. Opening of markets is the monopoly of the State or of the local body. It is a material source of revenue to the income of local bodies. The latest circular issued by this Government is to the effect that local bodies ought to develop their markets as much as possible spending as little as possible and trying to get as much revenue as possible. Now the Government circular also describes that we should give permission freely and without discrimination for opening these private markets. When once conceded that these markets are the monopoly of the local bodies and a source of revenue to them, then before we part with them to another, it stands to reason that we should impose any fee we like. Now three courses will be open under the circumstances. The legislature may state that the local body is open to levy as much as it likes. The second course open for them would be to authorize the levy of any fixed sum, say Rs. 100, 200 or 300. Even then it would not be satisfactory. It would be open to objection on the ground that whatever the revenue may be and whatever the outlay of these zamindars may be, to levy a hard and fast fixed sum in the case of these markets would be inevitable. The legislature has deliberately chosen the most inequitable course of authorizing the levy of 25 per cent of the gross income. Now the taluk board who levy this sum will have to think out this matter. There are some instances in which private markets have been constructed at the expense of Rs. 50,000 or 80,000 and there are also instances, I know, in which the zamindars have put up small compound walls without doing anything else and getting higher income. All these cases will have to be considered on their merits. I dare say the local board will allow a fair margin of interest on the outlay spent by the landowners. If they are popular bodies, they will fix a reasonable sum by way of this licence fee. If we remember that these have undoubted right to open these markets and it is only by sufferance that we handed them over to others, I do not think the reason would ever be questioned. It is to be remembered, Your Excellency, that the landowners have to pay profession tax for the income derived from these markets. All these things have to be borne in mind before the district board levy 25 per cent. If it is contended that 25 per cent is a very large maximum, and if it is asked to fix it on the gross income and not net income, under this arrangement the capital outlay would have to be taken into account and a fair interest allowed. If this amendment has been brought in that form it would have commanded the sympathy but to say that 181 should be deleted altogether is not correct. From time immemorial, as a matter of tradition, it has been well recognized that these markets are a source of income and we should not lightly give away our legitimate source of income to other people unless we accept substantial return."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DEVIKA ACHARIYAR :—"Your Excellency, the amendment proposed to omit section 181 is a move in the wrong direction. Section 178 abolishes the distinction between private markets opened before 1884 and those opened after 1884. Abolishing that distinction between the two it was necessary to provide for licences for private markets of all kinds. An attempt was made to have clause 178 amended but it has been given up. So we have section 178 which has abolished the distinction between private markets opened before 1884 and those opened after 1884, so that it is within the competence of taluk boards to issue licences for all markets of a private kind in existence at the commencement of this Act. Well, we start from there. It was a bone of contention as to whether taluk boards should interfere with the fixing of rents and fees to be charged in these markets. Again an attempt was made to have the provision in sub-clause 3 of section 178 amended and this also has been given up. Taluk boards granting licences also fix the rent and fees to be charged in these markets. Another contested point related to the levy of these fees. Section 179 was framed for that purpose. The amendment relating to the clause has also been given up. It is too late to amend section 181 which prescribes a fee for the licence granted under section 178. I may at once point out to the Council that if section 181 is not there, any fee could be charged for a licence, under section 218, and therefore it is for the protection of private market-owners that a maximum of 25 per cent is fixed. What is fixed is a maximum and it is not obligatory upon any taluk board to take away 25 per cent of the gross income so that there is nothing inequitable in the provision. At the same time I have to point out that as there was the distinction between private markets before and after 1884 those which came into existence after that year had to pay a fee not exceeding Rs. 100. As pointed out by the Hon'ble Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar some members were inclined to raise it to Rs. 500 and this increased figure was in the original Bill. We thought it inequitable to fix a maximum of Rs. 500, and desiring to suit all cases fixed a maximum of 25 per cent. If this would work hardship it should be possible perhaps for the Council to reduce it to

(Mr. Desika Achariar; Mr. Thonger, Sir Tyagaraya Chetti; [2ND OCTOBER 1920.
Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Macphail;
Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar, Mr. Narasimha Ayyar;
Mr Madhava Raja.)

1o or 20 per cent To omit the provision altogether would be doing nothing in any way advantageous to the private market-owner Indeed the taluk board, in the absence of clause 181, could take half or even the whole of the income Therefore I oppose the amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. J. H THONGER —"Your Excellency, I join issue with the Hon'ble Indian Members in supporting this amendment. Looking at this matter from a business point of view, it seems to me that the maximum of 25 per cent is iniquitous. A private market is as much a business concern as any other and I see no difference between the income derived from it and that derived from other concerns. I need hardly say that if it was decided to tax any other business on the same basis it would call for very strong protest.

"My second reason for supporting this amendment is that income-tax is a direct tax upon a man's income and we have been warned of an income-tax levy by the Government of India. A 25 per cent tax on a man's gross income is a large sum and may approximate as much as 6 annas in the rupee on his net income. The clause as it stands seems to be an injustice."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P TYAGARAYA CHETTI:—"Your Excellency, I quite agree with every word of the Hon'ble Mr Thonger It seems to me that 25 per cent on the gross income of mathots is iniquitous. In Madras there are several private markets which are licensed and the licence fees depend upon the income they get I do not suppose that it will be anything like 5 per cent even. Just as there is the question about the ownership of land, there is the question about the ownership of the market The owner owns the land but leases it. The same will be the case when the jenmi comes here and I do not see any reason why there should be any difference. Is it simply because that the district and taluk boards want money that they should put their hands in others' pockets and take anything they like? I think, if anything like a fair offer is made, a licence fee proportionate to the income, say 15 per cent, is very reasonable"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Will the Honourable Member please say what it is in the Madras City? Is it proportionate to the income?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P TYAGARAYA CHETTI:—"Yes. The Standing Committee fixes the income and the licence fee is fixed on the probable income of the markets. Anything like that will be reasonable."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E M. MACPHAIL —"Your Excellency, I feel a little difficulty in supporting this amendment, because I agreed with the proposal of the Select Committee. I confess frankly that I did not fully understand the whole situation at that time and did not appreciate all the private rights of the jenmis in the matter. Now I do not believe in much of the talk about 'inalienable rights' I agree with the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Ayyar that the legislature has power to alter things, but while we have a right here to settle matter we must do so with due regard to what is just. I also recognize the truth of what the Hon'ble Mr Arunmatha Pillai has said that by rejecting this clause we would be making their condition worse than it is. I should therefore like to ask the Council to consider whether it will not be possible to do something for these jenmis by reducing the percentage of the tax which is going to be levied. I do believe that 25 per cent is an extremely high tax to impose. The Hon'ble Mr Siva Rao said that taluk boards have 'inalienable rights' over all markets and that they are a monopoly of these boards. If it is a monopoly, what is the meaning of clause ? If these private individuals have no rights over the markets, then why is it necessary to make provision for the acquisition of their rights under the Land Acquisition Act.

I do feel, Your Excellency, that in the case of some of these jenmis, those who have really spent large sums of money in improving the markets, it will be a misfortune if they were going to be plundered—if I may use the word—by the taluk boards. A similar provision should also be made in the case of other persons who own private markets."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARATALU REDDIYAR:—"All things considered, I think the ends of justice will be met if the taluk board reduces the percentage to 15 per cent. I don't think the proposer will have any objection to that amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I second Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar's amendment if the Hon'ble Mr. Devadoss will withdraw his amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I think the first thing to be done in the interests of the jenmis is to withdraw this amendment which has been put forward on their behalf; because unless this is withdrawn, the jenmis will be without any protection The taluk board may charge 100 per cent or even more We have already passed a clause giving the taluk board power to issue licences, and there is another clause, 219, which states that 'save as otherwise expressly provided in, or may be prescribed under, this Act, for every such licence fees may be charged at such rates as may be fixed by the local board.' Instead of leaving the jenmis without any protection I suggest that the Hon'ble Mr. Madhava Raja should withdraw his amendment Until that is done, we won't be able to deal with this clause."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA:—"I withdraw my amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Sir Rajagopala Acharyar; Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Desika Acharyar; Mr. Ramanuja Acharyar; Mr. Macphail; Mr. Madhava Raja; the President; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the Advocate-General.)*

The Hon'ble Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Then the next question is whether it is the opinion of the Council that this rate of 25 per cent is excessive. Of course, as pointed out by so many Honourable Members, that is the maximum. It means the board cannot charge more than 25 per cent. But also there is the contingency that every taluk board which wants money may work up to the maximum. Whether as a maximum it is reasonable or not is a matter for consideration. Twenty-five per cent upon a man's gross income seems to put him in a rather difficult corner. It is a matter for you to consider if this is excessive. The next point to consider is what it should be. I would rather leave it to the Honourable non-official members to settle."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"I do move that **the figure be reduced to 15 per cent.**"

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"In seconding it I will give one reason. There is taxation in towns on land property. It is 16¼ per cent in the mufassal and it is 18¾ per cent in the City. So I put it at a maximum of 15 per cent in this case. I think it is a fair figure."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR:—"As a maximum it is very fair."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"I would put it thus—at a fee not exceeding 15 per cent subject to a maximum of Rs. 100."

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL:—"A large number of these markets used to pay nothing whatever."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA:—"All the markets existing prior to 1884 were getting free licences."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I think we must now discuss the amendment which my Honourable friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Subbarayudu Reddiyar, has suggested, namely that 25 per cent be altered to 15 per cent. That is the amendment now before the Council with regard to clause 181."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, the proposal made by the Hon'ble Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar is most reasonable and equitable, because as a matter of fact, all markets which existed prior to 1884 were free of income-tax. We are now charging 15 per cent on the gross income without giving any allowance for the charges which they have to pay with reference to the construction of buildings, man they engage, etc., and therefore taking all things into consideration, I think 15 per cent is a reasonable sum and I accept."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA:—"Your Excellency, I have not got much to say against this 15 per cent. But the only thing I wish to point out is, it will be very difficult to work out this 15 per cent, and arrive at the correct figure. So it is much better to put a maximum amount than a percentage. If the Council is of opinion that a percentage should be fixed I have no objection."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"The amendment proposed is to insert the word 'fifteen' in line 5 of clause 181."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

200. *For* **the words 'section 178,'** *substitute* **the words 'section 171'.**

In doing so, he said:—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 171' for the words 'section 178'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 181 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 182 and 183.

Clauses 182 and 183 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 184.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

201. In sub-clause (1), *for* **the words 'section 183'** *substitute* **the words 'section 176.'**

In doing so he said —"I move the substitution of the words 'section 176' for the words 'section 183' in sub-clause (1)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 184 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

(Mr. Madhava Raja; Mr. Narasimha Raja; the President; the Advocate-General; Sir Rayagopala Acharyar; Mr. Devadoss.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

Clauses 185 *and* 186

Clauses 185 and 186 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 187

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA moved the following amendment:—

202. *Omit* the clause.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, this is a very serious clause. Section 187 says

The Honourable Member here read section 187 of the Bill.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S NARASIMHA RAJU:—"It is only a consequential amendment, Your Excellency. In amendment No. 186 to clause 174 he moved the omission of the word 'acquired' and this is only a consequential amendment."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I am afraid this is a consequential amendment the Honourable Member is now moving."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA:—"I withdraw the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn

Clause 187 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 188.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

203. *For* the words 'section 178' *substitute* the words 'section 171.'

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the substitution of the words 'section 171' for the words 'section 178'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. V. Madhava Raja was withdrawn.

204. After the words 'section 178' *add* the words 'or 184, or by a notice under section 183'.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS moved the following amendment:—

205. Between the words 'section 178' and the words 'may appeal' *insert* the words 'sub-section (1) of section 184, or under section 186'.

In doing so, he said:—"I beg to move that

between the words 'section 178' and the words 'may appeal' *insert* the words 'sub-section (1) of section 184, or under section 186'.

"Section 188 provides for an appeal in certain cases. I only wish that between the words 'section 178' and 'may appeal', the words 'sub-section (1) of section 184' may be inserted, i.e., in regard to suspension or refusal to grant a licence in case of failure to carry out the works specified under section 183. That is a very important provision and I submit that an appeal ought to lie in such cases. Section 184 says: 'If any person, after notice given to him in that behalf by the taluk board, fails within the period and in the manner laid down in the said notice to carry out any of the works specified in section 183, the taluk board shall suspend the licence of the said person, or may refuse to grant him a licence until such works have been completed.' That is an important provision and an appeal ought to lie in cases of orders passed under this clause, because it involves the spending of money for any work which the taluk board may ask him to do. They may ask him to put up a tower clock, and simply because he does not do it his licence should not be suspended. In order to meet such contingencies, he should be given a right of appeal against such orders."

The Hon'ble Mr V. MADHAVA RAJA:—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr C. V NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency, the difference between sections 178 and 184, I fear, has not been properly understood by the Hon'ble Mr. Devadoss. Section 178 deals with the issue of a licence for a private market. There the individual has got certain rights and if the taluk board is not going to regard those rights, a right of appeal to the district board is given. Even there there are two kinds of cases, i.e., markets established previous to the year 1884 and those established subsequent to 1884. The markets that came into existence after 1884 were always subject to the sweet will and pleasure of the taluk board, but the markets that were in existence previous to the year 1884 were given a special privilege of establishing their rights in a court of law. That distinction is made clear in section 170. Those are the rights of private owners. Now, with regard to section 184, it is only when the private owner does not execute certain works as described in section 183 for the sanitary requirements of the market that his licence is suspended or refused. The clause is intended to meet the sanitary needs and it is in the interest of the public that such positive orders are given to the owners of private markets. But my friend Mr. Devadoss said that the taluk board might ask them to

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Narasimha Raju ; Mr. Siva Rao ; Mr. Devadoss ; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar ; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.)*

construct a tower. But that is not so. All the points are well enumerated in section 183. "It is only when a private market owner disobeys the orders of the taluk board that his licence is suspended and inasmuch as he ignores the orders of the taluk board deliberately he shall not be given any right of appeal. With these observations, I oppose the amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Your Excellency, there is hardly any necessity for providing a right of appeal against an order passed under sub-section (1) of clause 184 or under clause 188. As was well pointed out by the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju, the really substantive section is section 178 and it is only for a breach of the conditions under this clause that action is taken by the taluk board president. When the terms are once fixed, the taluk board president has no power to issue new terms under section 188. Therefore, there is no necessity for appeal under section 186, as the taluk board president merely carries out what has been laid down in the conditions of the licence granted under section 178."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—"Your Excellency, it is very difficult to follow the arguments of the Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao. Section 183 provides for a number of things; for instance, ventilating properly, water-supply, etc. Suppose a taluk board president has a grudge against the owner of a private market; he may ask him to do something unreasonable. I do not expect every taluk board president to be unreasonable, but there may be some stray cases and in such cases appeals should be provided for against the improper use by the president of his powers. I think therefore that, when you have provided for appeals for cases coming under section 178, it is but right to provide for appeals against section 184. I do not know how a taluk board is going to be demeified by it. A provision as to appeal is a salutary one which would certainly be a very strong ground for a taluk board not to go out of its way to annoy the owners of private markets."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, the Hon'ble Mr. Devadoss seems, to think that it is necessary for the protection of the private holders of markets that they should have a right of appeal. May I point out that clause 188 gives the right of appeal against the order of the taluk board under sub-section (3), clause 178? As regards the refusal to renew the licence, it is a serious matter which really means the confiscation of rights that have been provided for. Further, the right of appeal which the Hon'ble Mr. Devadoss wants is against orders under section 184 (1) and under section 188. Looking at section 185, it says that, if any notice is given to a man under section 183 and if he fails to do the things which he has been asked to do, the taluk board may suspend the licence. To understand this section, please refer back to section 183. The taluk board may ask the holder of a private market to construct drains, cess-pits, roofs, ventilators, etc. Is it seriously contended that when the taluk board tells a man to construct a cess-pit, that man, instead of constructing the cess-pit, is to keep quiet and allow the taluk board to issue a notice and then start an appeal? Does it not strike the Honourable Member that the energy, the time and the ingenuity displayed in first keeping quiet and then going on appeal can more profitably be spent in constructing the cess-pit? I have no great belief in appeals, and I think that in a large number of cases it will be found that the time, the trouble and the brain work involved in an appeal may well be devoted in doing the work for the non-doing of which the punishment is inflicted against which the appeal is made.

"I think this is thoroughly wrong. The Honourable Member says that the taluk board president may act perversely and ask the holder to construct cess-pits which he is not able to do, and so on. There are a number of other sections to which other private people are asked to do such things. If you go on multiplying these appeals you will find that in the villages our machinery of sanitation which is so hopelessly slack will come to an absolute full stop. No man will do anything; but time will be spent in disobeying and secondly in running up a chain of appeals. The rights of appeal already provided seem quite sufficient for all purposes, and I would advise the Council not to enlarge appeals."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. V. Madhava Raja were withdrawn :—

206. After the words 'such order' *add* the words 'or notice'.

207. After the words 'of the order' *add* the words 'or the work required by the notice.'

Clause 188 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 189.

Clause 189 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 190.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—

208. At the end of the clause add the words 'or on any side drain of the road.'

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"Your Excellency, I do not press the amendment. I withdraw it."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 190 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

(The Advocate-General; Sir Rayagopala Acharyar; Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar; Mr. Devika Acharyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju; Mr. Siva Rao.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

Clauses 191 *to* 198.

Clauses 191 to 198 were allowed stand part of the Bill.

Clause 199.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

209. *For* the words 'sections 196 and 197' *substitute* the words 'sections 189, 190 and 190.'

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move that for the words 'sections 196 and 197' the words 'sections 189 and 190' may be substituted."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the Council and carried.

Clause 199 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 200 *and* 201.

Clauses 200 and 201 were allowed to the stand part of the Bill.

Clause 202.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR Avergal moved the following amendment:—

210. In sub-clause (1), between the words 'place' and 'in' in line 2 *insert* the words 'whether established under the permission granted under section 202 or existing prior to the passing of this Act.'

In doing so he said:—"This clause is in substance a reproduction of section 189 (*b*) of the old Municipal Act, word for word, except that 189 (*b*) refers to municipal councils while 202 of this Bill refers to local boards. My submission is that the appearance of the words there will make the clause more explicit still."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"Those words were unnecessary and were omitted. This clause will apply equally to all factories."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYULU REDDIYAR moved the following amendment:—

211. In sub-clause (1), between the words 'created' and 'the' in line 7 *insert* the words 'or by reason of smell, dust or floating particles of combustible or other matter which are likely to endanger the health of the inhabitants of the neighbourhood.'

In doing so, he said:—"I move this amendment because people in certain unions and non-union areas of South Arcot are prejudiced by the omission of these words here. I think you may know South Arcot as a seat of groundnut trade and lot of decorticating factories are established in very many unions of South Arcot in addition to municipalities. There decorticating goes on every day and the decorticating factories are located amidst residential quarters in various unions. I cite instance Tindivanam. The decorticating factories are worked by mechanical power. A lot of smell is emitted while the factories are in work and a lot of dust is raised and the dust and the smell pervade the houses. It is a great nuisance to the dwellers in the neighbourhood. Therefore some provision has to be made to give them relief and to abate the nuisance. My submission is that probably the best way of removing the evil will be to stipulate about the location of the factories. Therefore I submit that the amendment I move is entitled to support."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"I have great pleasure in supporting this amendment. I know that it is such an amount of intolerable nuisance even in municipal towns. I know what dust is raised when these factories are working so much so that to my actual experience I have seen that people when passing get literally choked up and complaints have been received from numerous quarters that such factories are a serious menace to the health of the neighbourhood."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"The clause as it is now worded does not really cover cases of the kind referred to by the Honourable Mover. It only refers to nuisance caused by the fuel employed or by reason of the noise or vibration created. But there can be intolerable nuisance by reason of the smell and by reason of the dust escaping from the yards. These sparks sometimes set fire to the adjoining haystacks. In such cases powers should be given to the taluk boards to regulate the abatement of this nuisance. This is a very useful measure and I have great pleasure in supporting it."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(The Advocate-General; Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju; Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar; Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar; the President.)*

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"It would probably shorten the discussion if I propose a small addition to the clause as it stands. The words 'or otherwise' may be added after the words 'by reason of the noise or vibration created'. This will serve the purpose. The same idea is imported by the specific addition proposed by the Honourable Member's amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"My Honourable friend the Advocate-General's idea is that it would be better to put it in the widest possible sense. The definition of the word 'nuisance' being so wide, the result of the proposal of the Advocate-General will be to cover all the cases contemplated by Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar, all the cases contemplated by Mr. Siva Rao and a number of other cases besides. I advise the Council to accept the amendment in that particular form."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I beg to give an additional reason for this. The wording as now revised is exactly parallel to that in the District Municipalities Act. It would be best to accept the Advocate-General's revision which does not alter it much."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"In the latter portion of the clause there are certain directions given as to how to abate the nuisance and I do not think the directions given will cover all cases. The section as it stands demands that in cases of nuisance the Chairman or the President should give certain directions to the owners of factories as to the way in which the nuisance is to be abated. The portion below gives directions only as to some forms of nuisance. Therefore I believe the proposed amendment makes the clause incomplete. It requires further examination by the Advocate-General."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"There is a provision later on which lays down penalties for disobedience. I also want to examine clause (2) but so far as sub-clause (1) is concerned the change I proposed may be adopted. I shall examine clause (2) after the Hon'ble Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar moves his amendment on it."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Before sub-clause (1) is accepted the whole thing should be considered together. We may take the three amendments together and the Advocate-General may examine the whole thing and see how they fit in."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"I oppose the amendment. After a good deal of discussion section 251 of the District Municipalities Act was framed. There the different clauses of nuisance are specifically stated and I think the provisions of this Bill should be exactly similar. I think the words 'other otherwise' ought not to be added."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"May I suggest a way in order to save time? The Advocate-General has heard the whole discussion about this. Let him examine the whole question and advise us on Monday. In order to clear the ground I would suggest that Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar should either move or withdraw his other amendments."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"To facilitate the Advocate-General having a free hand I would move the three amendments."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I really think that it would be better if the Honourable Member would withdraw his amendments and leave the whole thing to the Advocate-General."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"I withdraw the amendments."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendments 210 as well as 212 given below were withdrawn:—

212. In sub-clause (2), after the word 'may' *insert* the words 'during the period covered by the licence'; and *insert* thereafter a fresh sub-clause styling it (c) as follows:—

'(c) prohibit the working of such a factory, workshop, work place or.'

Re-number the present sub-clauses '(a)' and '(b)' as '(b)' and '(c)' severally.

Clause 202 was deferred for further consideration.

Clause 203.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

213. *For* the words 'section 201 or section 202' *substitute* the words 'section 194 or section 195.'

In doing so, he said:—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 194 or section 195' for the words 'section 201 or section 202'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 203 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

(The Advocate-General; Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Devadoss.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

Clause 204

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

214. In item (c) of sub-clause (1), *for* the words 'section 201 or section 202' *substitute* the words 'section 194 or section 195.'

In doing so, he said :—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 194 or section 195' for the words 'section 201 or section 202' in item (*c*) of sub-clause (1)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 204 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 205.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

215. After the words 'the Places of Public Resort Act, 1888,' *insert* the words 'when the Local Government extend that Act to any local board area'; and

***Omit* sub-clauses (a) and (b) and *re-letter* sub-clauses (c), (d) and (e) as sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c).**

In doing so, he said :—"This is really more or less a drafting amendment. Under the Places of Public Resort Act there is provision made for the extension of that Act to other areas by the Local Government, but, when once it is so introduced, applications for licences will have to go before magistrates and the license fee which will be collected by them naturally will go into the Government revenue. For the purpose of simplifying the whole thing I propose to omit the existing sub-clauses (*a*) and (*b*) and re-number the remaining clauses and leave it there. The result of that will be, when the Local Government extend the provisions of the Places of Public Resort Act for which provision is made in that Act itself to any particular area, applications for licences will be made to the local board authorities and the revenue derived therefrom will go into the local fund."

The Hon'ble DIWAN BAHADUR Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and agreed to.

Clause 205 as amended was allowed to remain part of the Bill.

Clause 206.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

216. In sub-clause (1), after the word 'Government' in the first line *insert* the words 'subject to the approval of the Legislative Council.'

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, my amendment does not require any argument to press. I want the rules should have the approval of the Legislative Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"My objection does not require any argument. I say that this is an entirely executive act. The previous sanction of the Legislative Council should not be needed to enable the Government to perform an executive act. If an executive act is wrong, a resolution may be tabled asking for an amendment of it. I oppose the proposal."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendments were withdrawn :—

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—

217. In sub-clause (2) (f), between the words 'building' and 'societies' *insert* the words 'and other.'

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD :—

218. In sub-clause (2) (c), *omit* the words 'by railway.'

Clause 206 was allowed to remain part of the Bill.

Clause 207.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS :—"My amendment is only this :—

219. In sub-clause (a), after the words 'Fort St. George Gazette' *add* the words 'and shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council.'

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Devadoss; Mr. Siva Rao; Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar; Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the President; Mr. Narasimha Raju; the Advocate-General.)*

"It is much better that the Legislative Council peruses and sees whether it is necessary to raise any objection before the rules are actually put into force. The Honourable Member in charge stated that we could pull up the Minister. I think it is much better to lay the rules on the table. I do not go to the length of saying that it should have the approval of the Legislative Council. The Legislative Council may peruse the rules to see if there are any objections."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I have much pleasure in seconding the amendment. It is a very harmless suggestion that is now made. It only asks that they may be placed on the table of the House to enable the Members of the Legislative Council to peruse them and if need be suggest any amendments. It does not suggest, as the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju stated, they should be subject to the confirmation of the Legislative Council. If these rules are kept on the table for some time and if no Member takes any notice of them, *ipso facto* they pass into law. The Council should have an opportunity of looking into them and to see for themselves that everything is all right. If anything goes wrong, they may be given an opportunity of ventilating these matters in the Legislative Council."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"I support the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I admit this is a harmless thing. But apparently the intention is not so harmless. May I know what exactly is meant by laying on the table. We are not always sitting here. What is laid on the table is the agenda paper which is printed and communicated to Honourable Members. I submit that publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette* is sufficient in this case. When Honourable Members see it in the *Fort St George Gazette*, any Honourable Member can table a resolution. I ask, what object is gained by the proposal?"

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Of course it is illusory. It will be serviceable when it is laid on the table only when the Council meets."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—"To lay on the table of the Legislative Council is an expression which means to communicate to the Members of the Legislative Council. It is a well-known expression and I do not know why the Honourable Member in charge should make such humorous remarks. That expression is used in many other cases."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"Is the Honourable Member quite sure of that?"

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"It is used in the next section."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"My knowledge of the House of Commons leads me to say that every Bill or other matter connected with the Bill is published in the Gazette and on the application of any Member of Parliament to the Leader of the House that particular thing is laid on the table of the House. I do not think it is any rule, but it is a matter of custom."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"So far as the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju's explanation is concerned, it really means a moral obligation not to pass the thing till the Legislative Council has had an opportunity to bring in resolutions upon it. It means that we cannot do it at the end of six weeks, if the Legislative Council is not in session. If there is a rule to be urgently made, you will be paralysing the executive for the time being. While the amendment itself may be innocuous, the Honourable Member's intention is anything but innocuous, and I therefore oppose it more vigorously than I did before."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—"May I have a word of explanation. Under section 208 (3) a draft of the rules proposed to be made under the section 'shall be laid on the table'."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I think we shall have an opportunity of showing why it is put there, when we come to discuss section 208."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. D. DEVADOSS:—"With regard to the expression?"

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"Yes."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Section 5 (1) of the District Municipalities Act says that 'a statement of the Governor in Council's reasons shall be laid *on the table* of the Legislative Council'. We are pretty familiar with the expression."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"What I mean is that no useful purpose will be served by laying the draft rules on the table except possibly delay, to which I object."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. M. D. Devadoss was withdrawn:—

220. In sub-clause (b), *for* the words 'such publication' *substitute* the words 'they have been so published or so laid'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

221. In the second line of the clause and in sub-clause (c), *for* the words 'section 206' *substitute* the words 'section 199'.

[The Advocate-General ; Sir P. Rajagopala Acharijar ; the Raja of Pithapuram ; Mr. Subba Rao ; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar ; the Raja of Ramnad ,] [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

'I move for the substitution of the words 'section 199' for the words 'section 208' in the second line of the clause and in sub-clause (c)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

222. *Add* the following as sub-clause (d) :—

'(d) All rules should previously be approved by the Council.'

Clause 207 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 208.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

223. Between the words 'Government' and 'may' *insert* the words 'subject to the approval of the Council'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Your Excellency, I would redeem the promise made by Your Excellency and explain the reason. Rules which are proposed under section 208 may effect changes of substance in the rules which are now in the schedules. They are not procedure rules for the carrying out of the law as contained in the various provisions of the Bill. Further it is not merely placing on the table of the Legislative Council ; but on that placing consequences follow. The rules shall not have effect unless the Legislative Council by a resolution approves the draft either without modification or addition or with modifications or additions. It is practically subsidiary legislation for the purpose of changing particular schedules or rules in particular schedules."

Clause 208 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 209

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Pithapuram :—

224. *For* the sub-clause (5) (c), *substitute* the words 'for the protection of any avenues and trees planted by or belonging to the local boards and of grass and other appurtenances of public roads'.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM :—"The amendment is consequential."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Here again I would ask the Honourable Member to agree to the omission of the word 'any'."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM :—"I am quite prepared to omit."

The amendment as revised was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—"The amendment I propose runs thus—

225. To sub-clause (5), *add* the following :—

'(d) for the regulation of building houses and providing building lines on public roads.'

"In section 209 power is given to a district board to make by-laws. I submit this is a salutary power that should be given to the boards, for it is well known that people are building houses indiscriminately and also in the most insanitary way and there is absolutely no building line laid at all by which people could build proper houses. If this power is given to the board to frame by-laws for regulating the building of houses and also providing building lines on public roads, I fully believe we will be doing a good deal towards better sanitation.

"Therefore I wish to propose this amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"We are not having general building regulations in regard to rural areas and we do not expressly provide for it. Honourable Members will understand that under section 213 you can introduce any of the provisions of the District Municipalities Act. That is an ample provision for the purposes of these building regulations with regard to particular areas, which have been sufficiently developed for the introduction of these provisions."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—"I withdraw this amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was by leave withdrawn

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment :—

226. In sub-clause (10) (c), *for* the word 'food' *substitute* the word 'consumption'.

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The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"I accept it."

Clause 209 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 210—218.

Clauses 210 to 218 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 219.

The Hon'ble Mr. B VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

227. In sub-clause (d), *for* the words 'it shall be the duty of the president' *substitute* the words 'the president may himself inspect or depute another to inspect.'

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, this is a small matter I suggest it is impossible for a president to discharge the duty himself and so I propose that the president may himself inspect or depute another to inspect."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Your Excellency, I don't think there will be much difficulty, because the powers and duties of the president may be delegated to others."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 219 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 220—231.

Clauses 220 to 231 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 232.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

227-A. In sub-clause (4), for the words 'section 234', *substitute* the words 'section 227'.

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, I move the substitution of the words 'section 227' for the words 'section 234' in sub-clause (4)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 232 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 233—242.

Clauses 233 to 242 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 243.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

227-B. *For* the words 'section 120' *substitute* the words 'section 113'.

In doing so, he said :—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 113' for the words 'section 120'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 243 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 244.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

228. *Insert* the following after the proviso to sub-clause (2) :—'Provided also that the Local Government may by notification apply or adapt to any scheduled district as defined in the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, any section of this Act or part of any such section or any rule framed under the provisions of this Act, with such restrictions or modifications as they may think fit'.

In doing so, he said :—"I move the insertion of the following after the proviso to sub-clause (2) :—

'Provided also that the Local Government may by notification apply or adapt to any scheduled district as defined in the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, any section of this Act or part of any such section or any rule framed under the provisions of this Act, with such restrictions or modifications as they may think fit.'

[The Advocate-General; Sir Bajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Siva Rao.]

"It is really the latter clause which is of some importance. It was feared that there may be local areas in the scheduled districts which are not developed enough for the application of these provisions or of particular provisions without modifications. It is for the purpose of providing for such exceptional cases this power is conferred upon the Local Government."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 244 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 245.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO moved the following amendment:—

229. *Substitute* the following *for* the clause:—

'245. In their application to the members and presidents of local boards on the date of the commencement of this Act and the first reconstitution of such boards in accordance with this Act, the provision of this Act shall be read subject to the following modification:—

'The terms of office of the presidents and the members of the board holding office under the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, shall expire on such date or dates after the commencement of this Act as the Governor in Council shall determine and the Governor in Council shall make appointments and cause arrangements to be made for election or appointment under this Act, so that the newly-elected and appointed may come into office on the day fixed for the retirement of the former members, and the president elected or appointed under this Act on the date fixed for the retirement of the president elected or appointed or ex officio under the Local Boards Act of 1884, and until they so come into office, the president and the members appointed or elected or ex officio under the Local Boards Act, 1884, shall have all the powers and be subject to all the duties of the president and members under this Act.'

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, the amendment is a very long amendment. Clause 245 states—

245. In their application to the members and presidents of local boards in office on the date of commencement of this Act and the first reconstitution of such boards in accordance with this Act, the provisions of this Act shall be read subject to the rules contained in schedule X.

The amendment proposes to borrow from the provisions of the District Municipalities Act for application to the local boards as well. The amendment provides that as soon as it comes into force the terms of office of presidents of district boards, taluk boards and union boards will expire on a certain date to be fixed under a notification to be issued by the Governor in Council and it also provides that the terms of office of the members of the board holding office under the Local Boards Act shall likewise expire on a certain date on which the notification is issued. This amendment also proposes 'that the terms of office of the presidents and the members of the board holding office under the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, shall expire on such date or dates after the commencement of this Act as the Governor in Council shall determine and the Governor in Council shall make appointments and cause arrangements to be made for election or appointment under this Act, etc.' When these new members are appointed the terms of office of the old members will also cease. It also provides for the election or appointment of the new members of the board under the present Act. It also provides that till the new presidents of the boards are appointed or elected the presidents for the time being should continue to exercise their power. I think that this is one of those instances in which I am constrained to say that the district boards have been dealt with preferentially. In the case of district municipalities we were told that the chairman and the councillors will have to walk out on a certain date, so that we may have a new body with new officers under the provisions of the District Municipalities Act. Whereas we find here in the Local Boards Bill a different provision. It is stated that the provisions of the Act shall be subject to the rules contained in schedule X. Your Excellency, without taking any more time of the Council I may draw the attention of the Honourable Members of the Council to the fact that this Bill introduces material changes in the constitution of these boards. For instance, it increases the strength of the district boards. It varies from 24 to 52. But at any rate I am justified in saying that the district boards will be

increased under the provisions of this Bill So also the number of the members of the taluk boards and the members of the union boards. It is not a question of mere strengthening but also it means that in the case of these union boards this Bill provides that they should always be elected.

"Hereafter, if this Act comes into force, the presidents of unions will be elected and the presidents of taluk boards will also be elected unless the Government directs otherwise, and in the case of district boards it will be open to Government to say whether the presidents should be appointed by them in the first instance or whether the office should be thrown open to election. Now assuming that the Government decides one way or the other, say, for instance, in the case of union boards which do not possess elected presidents for the first time it is laid down that they should have elected presidents in future. Then there comes the question whether the presidents of the union boards at that time should vacate their office immediately. I think that the presidents should cease to hold office on a certain specified date and there should also be a provision that these members and presidents should be elected or appointed immediately after the Act comes into existence."

"In the case of taluk board presidents also, it is only in a very few cases the privilege of election has been given. The policy of this Act is to have elected presidents wherever possible unless the Government directs otherwise. How can that provision be carried into effect unless we make the taluk board presidents vacate their office?"

"In the case of district board presidents the Honourable Member in charge said that the Government were contemplating to issue draft rules for their election. There are already certain persons who hold office by nomination by the Government. How are the rules under this Act carried into effect unless it is laid down that unless a notification is issued the present office bearers will have to vacate their office? I shall draw the attention of the Honourable Members of this Council to clause 245; it says: 'That the provisions of this Act shall be read subject to rules contained in schedule X.' It is stated in rule 2 of schedule X: 'The Local Government shall fix, by notification, a date not being later than one year from the commencement of this Act on which the first reconstituted taluk board in any taluk shall come into existence and the members elected or appointed under this Act for the first time shall assume office; provided that, for reasons of a special character, the Local Government may by notification extend the time allowable under this rule by a period not exceeding six months.' But in the case of district boards it is given a preferential treatment. The rules are as follows:—'The Local Government shall notify what at the commencement of this Act shall be (*a*) the total number of members of each district board, (*b*) the number or proportion of such members to be elected and (*c*) the number of elected members to be returned by each of the taluk boards in the district. The president and members of a district board who, at the commencement of this Act, are holding office under the old Act shall, subject to the provisions of sub-rules (2) to (4), be deemed to have been appointed or elected, as the case may be.' That is a distinct provision for continuing the existing presidents of district boards even after the present Act comes into force."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Does the Honourable Member quite realize that the reconstitution of the taluk boards in a district will bring about automatically the reconstitution of the elected portion of the district board?"

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"No, SIR. The Honourable Member in charge says that rule 9 provides for the reconstitution of the taluk boards and that the reconstituted taluk boards would bring about automatically the reconstitution of the district boards as well. I wish just to invite attention of the Honourable Members of this Council that in the present Act the franchise under the election rule is changed. Under the present rules any body who pays ten rupees assessment is entitled to a vote. It is also unfortunate that the Government have rejected direct election. The district boards as at present constituted contain members that have been elected by the present taluk boards. If we are to carry out the intentions of the present Act, how can we do that unless we provide that the members of the district board shall cease to be such on a certain date? Even if the taluk board is reconstituted, unless there is a provision that the taluk boards as at present constituted should return members to the district boards, there is no way of carrying out the provisions of this Act. In the case of district board presidents, suppose to-morrow the Government come to a decision that they should extend the privilege of election at least to a few district boards and they issue a notification accordingly; and suppose also that the term of the presidents does not expire by the time of the notification; suppose the president was appointed a few months ago under the Act his term will extend to three years."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Unless terminated by the Government."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I know, Your Excellency, one or two instances in which the Government have very graciously conceded the privilege of electing presidents of taluk boards, but the presidents have been sticking on—I do not want to mention instances—even though notifications have been issued."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I beg the Honourable Member's pardon. I know the case he refers to. If the Government say that in regard to a particular taluk board they allow it to elect its president with effect from the date of expiry of the term of office of the present president, it is perfectly open to the present president to say 'I propose to stick on to the end of my term'."

(Mr. Siva Rao; Mr. Narasimha Aygar; Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar.)

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—" The Honourable Member in charge agrees not to mention the name but refers to the district. But I do not want to mention the name of any person, but such instances may happen. Another question is, do the Government propose or do they not propose to constitute these new boards according to the provisions of this Act? If they want to constitute them under the provisions of this Act, first the taluk board members will have to keep out and get elected according to the new election rules. Then the district board has to be formed. That is no good. As Mr. Macphail said, 'what is sauce for the goose should be sauce for the gander. What is sauce for the district municipalities must be sauce for the district boards also. The principle applicable to the newly-constituted municipalities must in all fairness be made applicable to the boards as well. I see from schedule X that taluk boards are to be reconstituted. I want that provision to be extended on the lines of rule 9 to district boards also. They are not well-constituted bodies; they must cease. From them a fresh body must spring up."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—" I second it."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR :—" I beg to oppose the amendment. Mr. Siva Rao proposes that we should follow the example of the District Municipalities Act. The procedure prescribed there has been found to be so cumbrous that the Government are going to introduce an amending Act. In the case of municipalities there is only one class of bodies—but here there are three classes of bodies—union boards, taluk boards and district boards—and many members of the district board are elected by the taluk boards. The Select Committee therefore found it necessary to draw up a separate schedule covering five pages. It is a very elaborate procedure. All that cannot be replaced by that single provision in the District Municipalities Act which is found to be so very inconvenient. Mr. Siva Rao does not agree to introduce his amendment to union and taluk boards. The only point he does not like is the provision with regard to district boards. I may draw the attention of the Council to rule 8, sub-clause (2). Elected members will go out when their term expires. He does not understand why, when he has to walk out, the president of the district board should not also walk out when the Act comes into force. That is a personal matter. I am president of a district board. I do not wish to defend my position whether I should remain or whether I should walk out."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—" It would probably be convenient, in view of the fact that several members of the Select Committee happen to be presidents of district boards, I think it would be well that I should explain the situation, and not they. I have admittedly no axe to grind and there is no question of preferential treatment so far as I am concerned. Now these transitory provisions exercised our minds greatly and the conclusions arrived at by us are embodied in clause 245 and five pages of the schedule. We recognized that we were making tremendous changes in the machinery of local fund administration; we felt that the changes were undoubtedly necessary; we hoped that they were good. But we as practical men had to consider how to introduce all these changes, and how to bring about the new state of affairs with as little dislocation of the work of local fund administration. That was a thing which was a very serious matter and the conclusions embodied in these five pages of the schedule were all conclusions finally arrived at by us and drafted by my Hon'ble friend the Advocate-General. Now taking these various boards one after another, I will take the bottom, the lowest rung of the ladder, namely, the union boards. If Honourable Members will be so good as to turn to page 121, they would see in rules 13 to 15 what we are doing with union boards. We have given power to the executive to spread out the transition. The period can hardly be said to be excessive or construed as an attempt on our part to delay the introduction of these changes. Mr. Siva Rao is apparently not dissatisfied with the arrangements so far as union boards are concerned. I shall therefore spare myself and the Council any justification of our action in regard to the union boards. We then come to the taluk boards. I would ask Honourable Members to look at rules 9 to 12. We have given a one year period for making the necessary changes in the taluk boards: the taluk boards are bigger things than the union boards."

" The Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao, I believe, is also satisfied in regard to the provisions as regards taluk boards. Thus we are left only with the district boards. With regard to the district boards we took note of the fact that they are the co-ordinating authorities for the whole district, and if, at the time when taluk boards and union boards are thrown into the melting pot, we also throw the district boards in we would produce a condition which could only be described by the term 'chaos'. The particular provision which the Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao considers to be preferential treatment is really intended to prevent the supervening of a condition of chaos. It is 'preferential treatment' for the cause of local self-government which has prompted the members of the Select Committee to frame it in the way in which it has been done. What is it that the Honourable Member objects to? I have already said that these district boards are not going to continue like this for ever. As the taluk boards get new members, automatically those members of the district boards who represent the taluk boards would go out; the changes in the taluk boards bring about changes in the district boards. The district board president will alone continue. Rule 8 is really what the Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao complains of? What does rule 8 say? It simply says that the president and members of a district board shall be deemed to have been appointed or elected as such under this Act. Coming to clause (2) you find it stated that the following persons holding office as members of a district board shall vacate such office. So far as district collectors are concerned, we have not shown any preferential treatment. We have said that, when the Act comes into force, they go out at once. Then revenue divisional officers who are not presidents of taluk boards also go out; all appointed

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Siva Rao; Mr. Narasimha Raju).*

members will also go out and the Government may make any other appointments and then the elected members who are salaried officers of the Government also go out. The only people who continue will be the non-official members who are appointed and the elected members who are not salaried officers of the Government. The so-called preferential treatment has been shown only to the non-official element, while we are also putting in a proviso saying that any elected or appointed member who is also vice-president shall continue in office both as a member and as a vice-president until the expiry of his term under the old Act unless at an earlier date he ceases to be a member under this Act. Is it wrong to say that the vice president who is many places is the backbone of the district board administration shall continue in office? What is the next thing? The term of office of the other elected members and the president holding office at the commencement of this Act shall expire on the date on which it would have expired under the old Act unless at an earlier date they cease to be members under the provisions of this Act. In other words, it means that, if a non-official president has been holding office for one year, he shall at the end of two years vacate office. In any case it is open to the Government to change him in the meanwhile."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"Where is the provision?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"He being an appointed man he automatically goes out under another section on the issue of a notification."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Under Advocate-General's amendment No 39 (clause 15)."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I am glad to have the support of the Honourable Member which is rather an unusual phenomenon. The Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao's point is this. He wants everything to be changed immediately. He seems to have a particular dislike to district board presidents as a class and especially to non-officials."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"On principle I do not like nominated men."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Very well, they will go out in due course in the next two or three years. The question is, should this Council take upon itself the grave responsibility that the changes should all be made simultaneously in every nook and corner in the Presidency, without regard to the amount of confusion that will be caused, simply for the sake of satisfying the Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao's love of principle? If this Council follow him, it cannot claim to be treated as a business body. It may claim to be termed a faddist or quixotic body. Take the case of the District Municipalities Act. The district municipality is a small organization; it works within a small area; but even there I am flooded with complaints from municipalities that I am rushing all the changes and that they have had no time to adjust themselves to the changes. I can assure Honourable Members that they need have no hesitation in according the view that these provisions we have put in represent the minimum of safety. The Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao's proposal is that we should get rid of the five pages of the schedule and substitute for it section 45 of the Municipalities Act. The result will be an amount of confusion which I for one dread to contemplate and it would be most unfair to the coming Minister that he should be started with such a state of things."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, taking the last point of the Hon'ble Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar that any change in the existing Bill is unfair to the Minister, I may respectfully mention that the present Bill itself is unfair to the Minister, because whatever be the arguments advanced by the Hon'ble Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar it is simply an extension of patronage for a period of three years, but the amendment introduced by the Hon'ble the Advocate-General in section 39 that whenever a district board is thrown open for election the president or vice-president is bound to retire is a useful amendment. The Bill as prepared by the Select Committee has presented to us absolutely no clause anywhere that it should be for a period of three years. I do not complain of the existence of individual members and I congratulate another gentleman who has joined the ranks—the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad. We shall see that many more will come. It is not a complaint against individuals. My complaint is, is there any right when we are passing this measure in a galloping manner to give to an expiring council the stamp of extension of patronage for individuals whom this Government select? Supposing these gentlemen do vacate it, nominations have to cease on a particular day. Is it impossible for a future Minister to come forward and nominate these very gentlemen? Nothing prevents it."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"It is incorrect. According to the transitory provisions it is clear that the existing presidents will only hold office for a period of three years. That is the longest period they can continue. That means a person whose term of office expires under the present Act will have not one year but will have the opportunity of continuing for three years. His lease of life will not again continue for three years."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"The point is, can we not extend the term for a single day or a single hour? Now we are troubling ourselves to pass the Bill in order to have everything ready for the Minister who undertakes it. You say we have so many people already appointed. If all these seats are thrown open for election, all this can be avoided because it is stated that since they are thrown open, these will be elected. One objection is, we want time for the preparation of electoral rolls for the union boards and taluk boards. All taluk boards will

elect their members. How long will it take for taluk boards to elect their members? After all whatever be the cause it is not a happy combination of things that this extension is put in, which was not at all mentioned in the original Bill."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Your Excellency, I have carefully listened to the Honourable Member in charge just with a view to enlighten myself whether there is anything in this voluminous Bill which can be said to have done justice to the interests of all. The Honourable Member in charge says that if we had adopted the procedure which I have proposed in this amendment, the whole thing would have ended in chaos. I do not for a moment believe that would be the result. It would be perfectly simple to fix a day on which the election should take place. I do not see any reason why the present arrangement should have been dislocated by the adoption of my proposal. The more I read 6, 7 and 8 of this schedule the more fortified am I in my opinion that this is a case of preferential treatment to the district board. As regards section 39 which was introduced by the Hon'ble the Advocate General, I congratulate him on the happy idea. It will really obviate the difficulties which I mentioned in one or two instances. That is not going far enough. If the Government do not issue a notification under that clause, then the same state of things will prevail. In the case of vice-president also, there is provision here that any man appointed as vice-president shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 13, continue in office of vice-president until the expiry of his term under the old Act. That is the provision also in respect of the President and the other elected members holding office at the commencement of this Act. No doubt there is a provision that the district board will have to come up to the prescribed number if the total strength is fixed at 50. What about the present office bearers? The Advocate-General suggests that a notification may be issued under section 39. It was not there when I sent my amendment."

The Hon'ble DIWAN Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I take it that the Hon'ble the Advocate-General's amendment will meet the Honourable Member's difficulties."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Not wholly. It will abviate certain difficulties I mentioned. But if the Government do not issue the notification, there is nothing to show that these district board presidents, vice presidents and elected members can continue as it this Act had continued during the old term. I do not want that this inequality should be perpetuated."

The amendment was put to vote and lost.

Clause 245 was allowed to remain part of the Bill.

Clause 246.

Clause 246 was allowed to remain part of the Bill.

Clause 247.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. V. Narasimha Ayyar:—

230. *For* the words 'one year,' *substitute* the words 'six months'."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I do not move my amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 247 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule I.

Schedule I was allowed to remain part of the Bill.

Schedule II.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment:—

231. In rule 10 (2) (b), *for* the words 'president of the taluk board,' *substitute* the words 'presidents of the taluk and district boards'

In doing so, he said:—"In this schedule union boards are required to send copies of their proceedings to the taluk boards. Under this Bill we find both taluk boards and district boards are given concurrent jurisdiction over union boards. Therefore I suggest that the union board may be asked to send copies both to the taluk and district boards."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble DIWAN Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"My only point is, though there is no harm in it, is it really necessary that the district board should be informed regularly of the proceedings of every meeting of the unions in the district? There are a large number of unions. The cost of stationery is something to be taken into account. Taluk boards are watched by district boards and union boards are watched by taluk boards. This is a matter of small consequence and I do not think it is necessary."

The Hon'ble DIWAN Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR:—"It is not the practice. It is unnecessary."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"I do not press it."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; the President; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; the Raja of Ramnad; the Advocate-General; the Raja of Pithapuram.)*

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I have got a number of amendments standing in my name As the Hon'ble Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar is desirous to go so, I suggest that my amendments be taken out of the agenda as I have to leave the Council on some business, if an adjournment is considered undesirable."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"As far as I am concerned, I think it very undesirable, for we have got the sabbath day, which is a day of rest, intervening between now and the day when we next assemble and as we have got much work before us, I hope the Council will continue I leave it to be decided by the Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"May I suggest an adjournment?"

The proposition was put to the vote and lost.

The Hon'ble Mr. B VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment:—

232. In rule 13, after the word 'waste' in the penultimate line, *insert* the words 'or loss.'

In doing so, he said:—"I move that in rule 13 after the word 'waste' in the penultimate line, *insert* the words 'or loss'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Schedule II as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule III.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendments were withdrawn.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—

233. In the headline, *for* the words 'Taluk Board electors' *substitute* the words 'District and Taluk Board electors.'

234. In rule 1, *for* the words 'taluk board elector,' *substitute* the words 'district or taluk board elector.'

The following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. V. Narasimha Ayyar were not moved:—

235. *For* the words 'ten rupees' and 'three rupees' wherever these occur *substitute* the words 'one rupee.'

236. In rule (1), at the end of sub-clause (f) *add* sub-clause 'or in the case of members of labouring classes earns an annual income prescribed by the board.'

Schedule III was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule IV

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

237. *For* the words 'sections 99, 100, 102, 105 and 111' below the headline 'Taxation Rules,' *substitute* the words 'sections 92,93,95,98 and 114'.

In doing so, he said:—"I move *for* the substitution of the words 'sections 92, 93, 95, 98 and 104' for the words 'sections 99, 100, 102, 105 and 111' below the headline."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

238. In rule 2, *for* the words 'section 85' *substitute* the words 'section 78'.

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the substitution of the words 'section 78' for the words 'section 85' in rule 2."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD moved the following amendment:—

239. In rule 5 (2), *add* at the end the words 'of entries relating to him'.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, by this amendment I want that persons should not be permitted to see entries relating to other persons. Those who wish to inspect the books of the taluk board and district board should not be permitted to have access to the entries not relating to them. I think it would be unfair that every person should have a right to see entries not relating to him. It is not so in the bank and in regard to the income-tax accounts. I do not think that in a bank entries relating to a particular individual will be permitted to be perused by others I therefore propose this amendment".

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM:—"I second it".

(Sir Rajagopala Achariyar, the Raja of Ramnad; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the Advocate-General.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"This is a small matter. As the Hon'ble Mr. V. K. Ramanuja Achariyar says, we have reproduced here rule 3, schedule II, of the District Municipalities Act. What is at the back of this rule is that ratepayers are entitled to know what taxes other people are paying. When another man is under-assessed to the profession tax, any ratepayer is entitled to bring it to the notice of the local body concerned. It is not like income-tax assessments."

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD:—"But companies will be taxed."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Yes. What the Hon'ble Member objects to is about seeing the assessment books. How can you tell the ratepayers, 'We do not want to show you' when they are entitled to know. Suppose I am living in one house and am fully taxed and my neighbour by some improper means has escaped adequate taxation, I am entitled to see that he is properly taxed; and in the public interest must I not complain about it and see that he is properly taxed? How am I to complain, if I am not allowed to see the entries in the assessment books? The analogy of the bank and the income-tax accounts is a misleading one. This follows the District Municipalities Act. Public interest requires that the matter should not be secret."

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD:—"There may be a book which gives the income of a company, and is it to be accessible?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"These are public records."

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD:—"I do not press it."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn:—

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD:—

240. In rule 5(3), *between* the words 'tax-payer?' and 'on' *insert* the words 'of entries relating to him'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—

241. In rule 8, *after* the word 'Companies' in the first line, *insert* the words 'excepting co-operative societies certified to by the Registrar of Co-operative societies that they deserve exemption of taxation',

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

242 In rule 9 in the heading of the second column of the scale of the profession-tax, *omit* the words 'salary and pension'.

In doing so, he said:—"I move for the omission of the words 'salary and pension' in rule 9 in the heading of the second column of the scale of the profession-tax."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

243. In rule 10, *omit* the words 'or held an appointment'; and *for* the words 'section 103' and 'section 84' *substitute* the words 'section 96' and 'section 77' respectively.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move that in rule 10, the words 'or held an appointment' be omitted, and that the words 'section 96' and 'section 77' be substituted for the words 'section 103' and 'section 84' respectively. This again is consequential."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad was withdrawn:—

244. In rule 10 *for* the words 'local area' *substitute* the words 'any part of the district'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

245. In lines 2 and 3 of rule 11, *omit* the words 'but not in receipt of a fixed salary or remuneration'; and in line 16 *for* the word 'salary' *substitute* the word 'income'.

In doing so, he said:—"I propose to omit the words 'but not in receipt of a fixed salary or remuneration' in lines 2 and 3 of rule 11 and to substitute the word 'income' for the word 'salary' in line 16. This is consequential."

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The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

246. In rule 13 *for* **the words 'section 84'** *substitute* **the words 'section 77'.**

In doing so, he said :—"I move that the words 'section 77' be substituted for the words 'section 84' in rule 13."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

247. In rule 19, between the words 'union' and 'A' *insert* **'Buildings exempted from payment of house-tax under section 106 may still be liable for water-tax'.**

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, we are exempting certain buildings from payment of house-tax. Under the definition of house-tax we are bringing in water-tax also. House-tax and water-tax do not stand on the same footing. House-tax is the tax levied by the board for having the house in that area, whereas the water-tax is the tax levied for the supply of water, that is for a special service rendered. You must therefore insert the words which I propose, because the matter stands on a different footing. Whether the house-tax is exempted or not, water-tax should be levied in the case of the buildings enumerated in section 106 for the supply of water just as any other person taking advantage of it pays for it."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"Your Excellency, I second this amendment. I am not quite sure of the consideration if the water-tax cannot be levied. If there is any difficulty in levying the water tax it is perhaps on account of the words 'additional tax'. Unless the house tax is levied the additional water-tax cannot be levied. We are exempting certain classes of houses from payment of house-tax. If that be the difficulty, the Hon'ble the Advocate-General will be able to examine it. As for the argument of special services rendered the school buildings and houses should be exempted does not stand to reason."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"Your Excellency, I quite see the force of what the Honourable Member says. I would only point out that in regard to these exemptions I have been putting things in line with the provisions of the District Municipalities Act and the City Municipal Act and I would rather not make any change. When once we open this question of exemption from taxation, there will be no end of discussion, and this question of water-tax is more or less a speculative thing. When most of the municipal towns are not yet provided with a protected water-supply, is it likely that union towns are going to have such supply? By the time the matter comes within the range of practical politics, the Legislative Council will no doubt consider the whole question of exemption. I fear it will have to be done sooner or later in regard to the District Municipalities Act and the City Municipal Act also; and the Council will have to deal comprehensively with the whole question. Pending that, I would earnestly advise honourable members to get this into line with the provisions in other enactments."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI moved the following amendment :—

248. In item (1) under 'Tolls' in rule 26, between the words 'four-wheeled' and 'motor' *insert* **the words 'steam or'.**

In doing so, he said :—"I propose to move the insertion of the words 'steam or' in item (1) under 'Tolls' in rule 26, between the words 'four wheeled' and 'motor'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

249. At the end of rule 26 (2) *add* **the words 'excepting an elephant or camel'.**

In doing so, he said :—"This is a very small matter, Your Excellency. The difficulty comes in when elephants and camels are used in carriages. Hence the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second the amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

250. In rule 32 *for* **the words 'section 123'** *substitute* **the words 'section 98'.**

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In doing so, he said:—"I propose the substitution of the words 'section 96' for the words 'section 103' in rule 32."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried

Schedule IV as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule V.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment —

251. *For* the words 'sections 119, 122 and 128' below the headline 'Finance Rules' *substitute* the words 'sections 112, 115 and 121'

In doing so, he said:—"I move the substitution of the words 'sections 112, 115 and 121' for the words 'sections 119, 122 and 128' below the headline 'Finance Rules'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

252. In rule (1), item (3) under 'A. District Fund' *after* the word 'tramways' *insert* the word 'ropeways.'

In doing so, he said.—"I move the insertion of the word 'ropeways' after the word 'tramways' in rule), item (3) under 'A. District Fund'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju.—

253. In rule 1 item (4) under 'A. District Fund', between the words 'of' and 'secondary' *insert* the words 'agricultural, industrial, technical and literary.'

The Hon'ble Mr. B VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, I withdraw my amendment as the Hon'ble Mr Subba Rao will move his amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn

The Hon'ble Mr. C V S NARASIMHA RAJU moved the following amendment:—

254. In rule 1 to item (4) *under* 'A. District Fund', *after* the words 'sessional schools' *add* the words 'and agricultural schools'.

In doing so, he said.—"The amendment which I have given notice is to add the words 'and agricultural schools' after the words 'sessional schools' in rule 1 to item (4) under 'A. District Fund.' The section which deals with the purpose to which local funds may be applied contains especially the diffusion of education and it is very general I do not think the schedules will at all control the general powers given under the main section in the Act. If at all it is to be controlled it is necessary that this should be inserted here, because we are now legislating in regard to rural areas. The most important education which persons living in rural areas require is agricultural education, and the Government was pleased to adopt the policy of starting vernacular agricultural schools and it will not be a very costly business Each district has got its own agricultural station farms and the attaching of an agricultural school to each farm will not be a costly business and it will be within the means of district boards and discretion may be given to them to start agricultural schools wherever they like After all, it is only an enabling provision and I do not see any reason why that power should be taken away. Of course, according to the existing rules, there are many other things to which the district fund can be devoted, such as maintenance of medical schools and other things I am not quite ambitious about other things But this is a subject which vitally concerns the rural areas and I think the Council will be well advised to adopt the words proposed by me. With these words I move my amendment."

The Hon'ble the Rev E M. MACPHAIL:—"Your Excellency, I wish to rise to a point of order Is this amendment not a consequential one and has it not been already rejected in respect of clause 119?"

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I am much obliged to the Hon'ble Mr. Macphail. The amendment of my Hon'ble friend Mr Narasimha Raju must go The question has already been decided."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency will please peruse—the section as it stands in the Bill relates to the diffusion of education."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"Agricultural school has been specifically mentioned."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *[Mr. Venkatapati Raju; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju; Mr. Desika Acharyar, the President.]*

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn :—

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO Avargal :—

255. In rule 1 to item (4) under 'A District Fund', add the words 'agricultural schools'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—

256. In rule 1, item 10, under 'A District Fund', *for* the words 'similar to the above' *substitute* the words 'mentioned in section 19'.

257. In rule 1, item (11), under 'A District Fund', at the end *add* the words 'and giving temporary loans to other local bodies within the area and to co-operative societies approved by the Registrar'.

The Hon'ble Mr B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

258 In rule 1, item (1), under 'B Taluk Fund', between the words 'of' and 'other' in the second line, *insert* the word 'road'.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :— "I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn :—

The Hon'ble Mr B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—

259 In rule 1, item (3), under 'B. Taluk Fund,' before the word 'elementary' *add* the words 'literary, agricultural, industrial and technical'.

260. In rule 1, item (6), under 'B Taluk Fund', at the end *add* the words 'endemics and infectious diseases'

261 In rule 1, item (9), under 'B. Taluk Fund', *for* the words 'similar to the above' in the second line, *substitute* the words 'mentioned in section 119'

262 In rule 1, *omit* item (4) under 'C. Union Fund'.

The Hon'ble Mr B VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

263. *For* rule 4, *substitute* the following :—

'4. A local board may contribute towards the expenses of any public exhibition, charitable fund or to the funds of any institute for the relief of the poor or the treatment of disease and other purposes mentioned in section 119.'

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, under the existing law the local boards may with the sanction of the Local Government contribute towards the expenses of any public exhibition, ceremony or entertainment in the local area within its jurisdiction, (2) defray the cost of the preparation and presentation of addresses to persons of distinction visiting the district, etc. Instead of that I want to substitute the rule as contained in my amendment. My difficulty is, Your Excellency, that a similar provision was sought to be introduced into the District Municipalities Act but was negatived We do not want to waste our money on entertainments to persons of distinction, because there are persons in every place who can spend money to entertain such persons. If rich municipalities cannot afford to spend money for such purposes, it is not proper to give this privilege to local boards which are nearly always bankrupt. I hope the Government will be pleased to accept the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"You object only to defraying the cost of the preparation and presentation of addresses to persons of distinction?"

The Hon'ble Mr. B VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"Yes. If that is removed we should be thankful."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir. P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I wish to say that this question was discussed in the Select Committee; I have really no strong opinion in the matter. If it is the wish of a large body of non-officials here that the omission should be made, I would not raise any objection. I will leave the matter to the non-official members to decide."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR :—"I think it may be omitted."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"The proposal then is to omit sub-rule (2) of rule 4 and to re-number sub-rules '(3)' and '(4)' as '(2)' and '(3)' respectively."

The motion was put to the vote and agreed to.

(The Advocate-General ; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar ; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.) [2nd October 1920.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment —

264. In rule 5, item (1), under 'A. District Funds' *for* the words 'section 85' *substitute* the words 'section 78'

In doing so, he said —"I move 'In rule 5, item (1), under 'A. District Funds', *for* the words 'section 85' *substitute* the words 'section 78'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR —"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

265. In rule 5, item (2), under 'A. District Funds', *for* the words 'section 85' *substitute* the words 'section 78'.

In doing so, he said—"I move that 'In rule 5, item (2), under 'A. District Funds', *for* the words 'section 85', *substitute* the words 'section 78'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn

266. In rule 5, item (3), under 'A. District Funds', *for* the word 'tolls' *substitute* the words 'one-half the tolls.'

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL —"Your Excellency, I have series of amendments, which relate merely to numbering. If the Honourable Members of this Council do not object, I shall move them in a lot, instead of wasting time in moving them one by one."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"For the sake of convenience I will withdraw my amendment 270."

270. In rule 5, item (1), under 'B. Taluk Funds', *add* the words 'one-half the tolls levied under section 111'.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"I beg to move the following amendments —

267. In rule 5, item (3), under 'A. District Funds', *for* the words 'section 111', *substitute* the words 'section 104'.

268. In rule 5, item (13), under 'A. District Funds' *after* the word 'tramways' *insert* the words 'rope ways'.

269. In rule 5, item (1), under 'B. Taluk Funds' *for* the words 'section 85' *substitute* the words 'section 78'.

271. In rule 5, item (2), under 'B. Taluk Funds' *for* the words 'section 85' *substitute* the words 'section 78'.

272. In rule 5, item (3), under 'B. Taluk Funds' *for* the words 'section 99' *substitute* the words 'section 92'.

273. In rule 5, item (4), under 'B. Taluk Funds' *for* the words 'section 100' *substitute* the words 'section 93'.

274. In rule 5, item (5), under 'B. Taluk Funds' *for* the words 'section 117' *substitute* the words 'section 110'.

275. In rule 5, item (1), under 'C. Union Funds' *for* the words 'section 99' *substitute* the words 'section 92'.

276. In rule 5, item (2), under 'C. Union Funds' *for* the words 'section 100' *substitute* the words 'section 93'.

277. In rule 5, item (4), under 'C. Union Funds' *for* the words 'section 117' *substitute* the words 'section 110',"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second all the amendments moved by the Advocate-General."

The amendments were put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

278. In rule 7, between the words 'boards' and 'a share' in the third line, *insert* the words 'for distribution amongst all the local boards within the district'.

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Subba Rao; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; the Advocate-General, the Surgeon-General.)*

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO Avergal moved the following amendment:—

279. In rule 7 (a) for the word 'excise' substitute the word 'general.'

"In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, the amendment does not require many arguments to commend. We are thankful to the Local Government for introducing this section by which it is enabled to transfer to district boards a share of excise revenue collected in the district. The only question is whether a share of the 'excise' revenue or a share of the 'general' revenue is to be carved out. I will not speak long on this subject because every one knows what we feel should be the policy of the Government as far as excise is concerned, and we are mostly, I think, for total prohibition,—personally I am for it. If once excise revenue is given to these boards, they would like to have it increased and thereby the day of prohibition will be far distant. Therefore I submit that it does not matter from which pocket the money comes, we want it not from 'excise' but from 'general' revenue."

The Hon'ble Mr. B VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"This is a question of giving local boards some share in some growing source of revenue, and we in the select committee felt that we should give the lead to the Government in the matter by putting in some provision like this. It is not obligatory; we knew that this question was to be considered by the committee which would examine the financial relations of the Government and local bodies. That was why we put it in that form. The select committee considered that this would be an appropriate branch of revenue which could be indented upon for the purpose."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO:—"I do not want to press it."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Schedule V as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule VI.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

280. For the words 'section 137' substitute the words 'section 130'.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move that for the words 'section 137' substitute the words 'section 130'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—

281. Measles.—Add 'Pneumonic influenza' at the end of the list; and omit 'typhoid fever' (as enteric fever means the same thing).

He said if it is necessary, I would leave it to the Surgeon-General to make any change in the wording.

The Hon'ble the SURGEON GENERAL:—"Your Excellency, the words 'pneumonic influenza' should not have been put in."

The amendment was accepted in the following form:—

Omit 'typhoid fever'.

Schedule VI as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule VII.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment:—

282. *For* the words 'section 200' *substitute* the words 'section 193'.

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, I move that the words 'section 193' may be substituted for the words 'section 200'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment:—

283. Add the following after sub-head (a):— '(a-1) Purifying the 'metals by chemical process.'

In doing so, he said:—"Your Excellency, in the Municipal Act we felt this difficulty.

"We have mentioned 'boiling camphor', but there is another method which creates an equally bad smell, that is, 'purifying metals by chemical process' which emits such a bad smell."

[2ND OCTOBER 1920. *(Mr. Narasimha Raju; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar; the Surgeon-General; the President; the Advocate-General.)*

The Hon'ble Mr. U. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I am not in a position either to support or to oppose this amendment, as that would require some amount of inquiry. I may mention that schedule VII is one of those things which could be altered at any time. It is a matter for consideration if the Honourable Mover may not bring up this, along with other amendments, in the new Council. These schedules are revisable under the orders of the Government."

The Hon'ble the SURGEON-GENERAL :—"We may put it after all."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I think it would be better if the Honourable Member leaves it as it is."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Schedule VII as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule VIII

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"The amendments I move are as follows :—

284. **For the words 'section 214' below the headline 'Ordinary Penalties' substitute the words 'section 207.'**

285. **In column (2) of the schedule, omit the letter '(e)' against section 104.**

286. **Omit the following item :—**

'101 (b) Failure of employer or head of an office, etc., to obey requisition to furnish list of persons in his employ....Do.'

287. **In column (1) of the schedule**

For— Number of section.	*Substitute*— Number of section.	*For*— Number of section.	*Substitute*— Number of section.	*For*— Number of section.	*Substitute*— Number of section.
104	97	143	141	177	170
109	102	151	144	178	171
116	109	152	145	179	172
129	122	153	146	182	175
130	123	154	147	183	176
131	124	155	148	184	177
132	125	156	149	185	178
132	125	157	150	190	183
132	125	158	151	192	185
132	125	159	151	193	186
132	125	160	153	194	187
136	129	160	153	197	190
138	131	164	157	197	190
139	132	165	158	200	193
140	133	166	159	201	194
141	134	168	161	202	195
141	134	168	161	219	212
141	134	169	162	236	229
142	135	170	163	237	230
144	136	170	163	238	231
145	138	171	164	239	232
146	139	173	166		
147	140	176	169		

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second the amendments."

The Amendments were put to the vote and carried

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

288. **Reduce the amounts given in the fourth column under the head of Fines which may be imposed, by one-half.**

Schedule VIII as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule IX.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

289. **For the words 'section 214' below the headline 'Penalties for continuing breaches' substitute the words 'section 207'.**

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, I move that *for* the words 'section 214' below the headline 'Penalties for continuing breaches' the words 'section 207' may be substituted."

2ND OCTOBER 1920.] *(Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; the Advocate-General.)*

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL :—"Your Excellency, I move the following amendment :—

290. In column (1) of the schedule

For— Number of section	*Substitute*— Number of section.	*For*— Number of section.	*Substitute*— Number of section.	*For*— Number of section.	*Substitute*— Number of section.
129	122	160	153	183	176
130	123	160	153	184	177
131	124	164	157	185	178
132	125	165	158	194	187
136	129	166	159	200	193
138	131	168	161	201	194
140	133	163	161	202	195
142	135	169	162		
148	141	170	163		
154	147	171	164		
155	148	173	166		
156	149	176	169		
157	150	178	171		
158	151	179	172		
153	151	182	175		

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

291. Reduce the amounts given in the fourth column under head of Daily Fine, by three fifths.

Schedule IX was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule X.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

292. For the words 'section 245' under the headline 'Transitory Provisions' substitute the words 'section 233'.

In doing so, he said :—"I move the substitution of the words 'section 233' for the words 'section 245' under the headline 'Transitory provisions'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments were withdrawn :—

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—

293. Omit the schedule.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—

294. In rule 5 for the words 'one year' substitute the words 'six months.'

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendment :—

295. In sub-rule (3) of rule 5, before the words 'The Local Government' insert the following words :—

"Subject, in the case of the Koraput District Board, to the provisions of any notification issued by the Local Government under the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 237."

In doing so, he said :—"I move the insertion of the words 'subject, in the case of the Koraput District Board, to the provisions of any notification issued by the Local Government under the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 237' before the words 'the Local Government' in sub-rule (3) of rule 5. It is really consequential on the addition of these words to the proviso in regard to scheduled districts."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

(The Raja of Ramnad; the Advocate-General; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar.) [2ND OCTOBER 1920.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

290. In rule 8 (1), omit all that follows after the word 'shall' in the fourth line and insert the following:—

"be deemed to have vacated their seats six months after the passing of this Act, whatever be the date when their term expires under the old Act, and the arrangements shall be made by the Local Government and the district board for the formation of the district board under new constitution by that date."

Omit all other clauses in rule 8.

The following amendments stood in the name of the Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—

297. In the proviso to rule 8 (3), after the words 'vice president' insert the words 'not being a salaried officer of Government'.

298. Omit rule 8 (3) (a).

299. In rule 8 (3) (b), omit '(b)'.

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"After the statement made by the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Achariyar about having vice-presidents and other members in the board during the transitory period, I do not propose to move these amendments."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendments were withdrawn.

The following amendments stood in the name of the members mentioned against each:—

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—

300. In rule 8 (3), proviso, for the words 'three years' substitute the words 'six months' or delete the proviso.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—

301. In rule 8, for the words 'one year' substitute the words 'six months'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—

302. In rule 9, for the words 'one year' substitute the words 'six months' and delete the proviso.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—

303. In rule 12 (1), for the words 'six months' substitute the words 'three months'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—

304. In rule 12 (1), for the words 'six months' substitute the words three months'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—

305. In rule 13, for the words 'one year' in the seventh line, substitute the words 'six months'.

Amendments 300, 302 and 304 were dropped. Amendments 301, 303 and 305 were by leave withdrawn.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved the following amendments:—

306. In rule 14 for the words 'rule 11' substitute the words 'rule 13'.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it".

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"With Your Excellency's permission I propose to move one or two consequential amendments. In rule 8 (2) (*d*) at page 118 of the Bill I move the insertion of the words 'other than village headmen' after the words 'salaried officers under Government'.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it".

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL:—"In the same schedule in rule 8, sub-clause (3), there is a slight verbal change required. I mean the insertion of the words 'or President' between the words 'unless at an earlier date they cease to be members' and 'under the provisions of this Act'.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I second it".

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

The Council adjourned till 11 a.m. on Monday, the 4th October 1920.

L. D. SWAMIKANNU,
Secretary to the Legislative Council.

Proceedings of an Adjourned Meeting of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament, 5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.

The Council assembled at the Victoria Buildings, Egmore, at 11 a.m. on Monday, the 4th day of October 1920.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lord WILLINGDON of RATTON, G.C.S.I., G.B.E., C.M.G., Governor of Madras—*Presiding.*

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR Avargal, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. L. DAVIDSON, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble Mr C. G. TODHUNTER, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. Y. G. CAMPBELL, C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. S. COX.

The Hon'ble Major-General G. G GIFFARD, C.S.I., I.M.S.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. A. GRAHAM.

The Hon'ble Mr R. G. GREEVE.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. J. HOWLEY, C.S.I.

The Hon'ble Mr. E S. LLOYD.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur L D. SWAMIKANNU PILLAI Avargal, I.S.O

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. TYAGARAYA CHETTI Garu. *Kt.*

The Hon'ble the Rev. E. M. MACPHAIL, C.B.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S NARASIMHA RAJU.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur T. BALAJI RAO NAYUDU Garu.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. VIJAYARAGHAVA MUDALIYAR.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. MADHAVA RAJA, Elaya Nambidi of Kollengode.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR Avargal.

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI Avargal.

The Hon'ble Sri RAJA RAO VENKATA KUMARA MAHIPATI SURYA RAO Bahadur, Raja of Pithapuram.

The Hon'ble B RAJA RAJESWARA SETUPATI alias MUTTURAMALINGA SETUPATI Avargal, Raja of Ramnad.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI Raju.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur HAJI ABD-UL-LAH HAJI QASIM SAHIB Bahadur

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR SAHIB Bahadur

The Hon'ble Mr. J. H. TRONGER.

The Hon'ble Mr J. A. RICHARDSON.

The Hon'ble Mr. T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI.

The Hon'ble Mr. M C. RAJA.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR Avargal.

The Hon'ble Mr M. D. DEVADOSS

The Hon'ble Mr H H. G. MITCHELL, O.B.E.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur N. MUHAMMAD USMAN SAHIB Bahadur.

The Hon'ble Rao Sahib M C. MUTHAYYA CHETTIYAR Avargal.

The Hon'ble Mr. T. RICHMOND.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAU Avargal.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARATALU REDDIYAR Avargal.

THE MADRAS LOCAL BOARDS BILL, 1920.

Clause 156.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I am sure the Council will share with me my sorrow that on account of indisposition the Hon'ble the Advocate-General is unable to come here to-day. He has asked me to explain to the Council the position in regard to clause 156 and the amendment* put forward by the Hon'ble Mr Venkatapati Raju. Reference has been made to a recent decision of the Madras High Court, and it has been alleged that under that decision local bodies are not bound to cut branches overhanging crops on either side. The Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju withdrew his amendment on the understanding that the whole question would be examined by the Hon'ble the Advocate-General who would advise the Council as to what action should be taken in the matter. The Advocate-General has examined the question carefully and he has come to the conclusion that this Madras decision is doubtful law. In support of his view that it is bad law he has sent me several authorities which I do not propose to read to the Council. I think we should accept the advice of the Advocate-General. He has sent his advice to the Council not to make any change in the clause just now on the strength of the Madras decision, and I would beg the Council to accept that advice. At the same time I see that the inconvenience referred to by the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju and other members is real and some redress is probably necessary. I propose to send out a circular to all district boards inquiring how the matter stands in their districts. More than one Honourable Member who has served as district board president has told the Council that the practice in his district is to lop off branches overhanging crops. I think that that is a reasonable course. All that is wanted is that all boards should as far as possible follow that practice. I undertake to call the attention of all boards to the grievances which have been brought forward and I shall ask them to do all that they reasonably can to abate those grievances. Later on, after all district boards have considered the matter and replied, a further examination will disclose whether any change in the law is necessary. I submit for your consideration that change may if necessary be made at a later stage. I hope that the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju will see that we have tried to redeem the promise made to him the other day."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"The circular may state to what extent the branches may be lopped off and what sides of the trees. Unless it be equally cut on both sides the trees will be exposed to storm."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIAR:—"I do not propose to give any detailed directions. We consider that steps should be taken to abate the inconvenience complained of in such ways as district boards may deem most suitable. Honourable Members will see that this is not a matter affecting solely district boards but it also affects municipalities, it is a a common question. It should not be difficult later on, if it should turn out that it is necessary to do so, to make a change in the law. If Honourable Members accept this explanation as satisfactory, I move, with Your Excellency's permission, that clause 156, which has been held over, be now passed."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I accept the explanation of the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Achariyar as fair."

The motion was put to the Council and agreed to.

Clause 156 was allowed to remain part of the Bill.

Clause 202.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"The Council will remember that in regard to clause 202 certain difficulties were pointed out by the Hon'ble Mr Subbarayalu Reddiyar and the Honourable Member withdrew his amendment on the understanding that this clause would be examined and the Advocate-General would see what could be done to obviate his difficulties. The Advocate-General has made a careful examination and he has sent up the following proposals. I will put the proposals to the Council.

The first proposal is:—

In sub-clause (1) of clause 202 after the word 'created' in the 7th line, *insert* the words 'or otherwise'.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the Council and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Then in regard to sub-clause (2), the Advocate-General has wholly re-cast it. The clause as re-cast runs as follows:—

'If there has been wilful default in carrying out such directions, the local board may prohibit the working of the factory, workshop or

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* The following is the amendment referred to:—

181. Add the following as sub-clause (c):—

'(c) The president of the local board should arrange for cutting the branches of avenue trees when they overhang the private property causing substantial damage to the owner when it was brought to his notice by the aggrieved party or acquire adjoining plot if damage cannot be averted otherwise.'

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work-place until such directions are carried out; or the president of the local board may himself take such steps and execute such works as the local board may consider necessary for abating the nuisance and the expenses incurred by the president shall be recovered from the owner or person in charge of the factory, workshop or work-place.'

"This probably meets the Hon'ble Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar's requirements without laying on the local board the obligation to pay large compensation for closing a factory."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"Your Excellency, according to the provisions of the Bill as it stands now we have got four ways in which nuisance can be caused by a factory, namely (1) by the use of a particular kind of fuel, (2) by the noise, (3) by the vibration and (4) or otherwise. The phrase 'or otherwise' is quite general and it may mean any kind of nuisance as defined under the definition of nuisance. I shall read proviso (2) as it stands in the Bill. 'If there has been wilful default in carrying out such directions or if abatement is found impracticable the local board may', etc. There are two cases contemplated here, (1) wilful default in carrying out such directions and (2) abatement being found impracticable.

"In case the abatement was found impracticable, two consequences are to follow. The local board with reference to the first may prohibit the nuisance and with reference to second prohibit the working of the factory. Now if we examine sub-clause (2) as it stands in the Bill we find that the absolute prohibition of the working of the factory is not contemplated. These are the provisions in the District Municipalities Act also. The amendment as drafted at present is, (1) if there has been wilful default in carrying out the directions, the local board may prohibit the working of the factory, workshop or work-place between the hours of 9-30 p.m. and 5-30 a.m."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"The Honourable Member will please note that the words 'between the hours of 9-30 p.m. and 5-30 a.m.' are struck out."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"Then I will proceed with my next point. The clause as it stands in the Bill takes into consideration the impracticability of abating the nuisance. Now that portion is omitted and in all cases until the directions are carried out the factory is to be stopped. How far it is a desirable legislation is a question to be considered by the Council, because factories of great importance have already come into existence. Are they to be stopped simply because the nuisance cannot be abated? My submission is individuals will be put to great loss if we are to stop the working of the factories all on a sudden because nuisance cannot be abated. If I remember aright, this clause was originally introduced in the District Municipalities Act in 1913 or 1914 and the question was then mooted and it was found that it should be confined only to cases of practical prohibition and in cases where this cannot be prohibited completely the working of the factory is to be confined only to certain hours. Now as it is, according to this amendment, the factory is to be closed once for all and without any compensation being given to the individuals who have already got factories established and working. Now the remaining portion is of course for the executing of certain works for which provision is made. As to the kind of fuel or other things, the salutary provisions of the Bill are omitted. I say to provide complete closure of the factories on account of the nuisance is unjust and unreasonable and this Council should not legislate for such a measure."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"I think the conclusion of the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju is entirely correct though I am afraid his reasoning is not quite accurate. I am inclined to think that the Hon'ble the Advocate-General's amendment has not entirely ignored the facts stated by the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju. The Advocate-General's amendment gives wider powers than a similar section in the District Municipalities Act."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"The Hon'ble Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar's amendment was to give wider powers."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR :—"The Honourable Members of this Council may not agree to giving wider powers in rural areas as they are smaller in comparison with municipalities. In rural areas there is less reason to be stringent than in the municipalities. I wish to impress the Honourable Members that the result of accepting the Hon'ble the Advocate-General's amendment is to give larger powers to the local bodies concerned over factories. Can we say that in rural areas there is greater trouble caused by factories than in municipalities and that greater power should be given. I think the facts are exactly the other way. It is only in municipalities that we want larger powers and less in the case of rural areas which have a little population when compared with the municipalities. There is also the other fact that in municipal areas there are gentlemen who are much more closely acquainted with the facts and can be better trusted with powers to deal than these local bodies. It will be better therefore to retain the same latitude of powers in the case of rural areas if not less, than in municipalities. I think it is not desirable to put in too wide a power in their hands. I would therefore plead for the retention of the clause in the Bill."

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The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, we are, whether acceptable or not, adopting the provisions of the District Municipalities Act. We may well adopt. I may mention that in villages there are rice mills and whenever boiled rice is prepared there is nuisance which cannot be abated. It emits such an obnoxious smell and there is no way to get rid of it. We cannot stop that unless we close the mills. The only method of mending it is by ending it, and there is no other way. There are several rice mills that have been started in recent years in several parts of the country. Are we to close them all? I think the old section should be adopted without making any provision which would give wider powers."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I have only to remind the Council that the Hon'ble the Advocate-General proposed these amendments—rather I have proposed them on his account—in accordance with what was understood to be the wish of the Council the other day. When the Hon'ble Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar's amendment was proposed, we understood that the wish of the Council was to make a change in sub-clause (2) so as to avoid the evils he referred to. At the same time it is far from my intention to minimise the reasons adduced by the Honourable Members who have now spoken. I quite see that there is no need for us to work up to a higher level of abatement of nuisance in rural areas than in municipalities and, as the Hon'ble Mr. B. V. Narasimha Ayyar has pointed out, it would be somewhat inconvenient to have an amendment made at this stage which may have more far-reaching consequences than are at present realized. If, therefore, it is the general wish of the Council, we need not make any change. But it is a matter for Honourable Members to decide."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"I ask Your Excellency's indulgence to say a few words. What I am anxious about is that the location should be different from where it is. When working factories are removed from localities where residential quarters abound, that will suffice for my present purpose. I was doubtful from the beginning whether I was going right or not in introducing the provisions of the District Municipalities Act. I made inquiries of a firm in Cuddalore and I read the following from a letter received from them:—

'As requested by you personally, I have the honour to point out the following defects in locating a decorticating mill in the residential quarters of a town.

'The dust and the particles of the groundnut shells coming out from the decorticator and received in the open ground will be mixed in the air and spread on the public streets and the neighbourhood thereby causing a nuisance to the public. (If the dust and particles were to be received in a closed chamber they will not cause more nuisance).

'If the boiler were to be fuelled by coal as shells of groundnuts the smoke coming out of the chimney will be followed by particles of burnt shells or coal which may fall on the public and on the roofs in the neighbourhood.

'The vibration of the machinery will disturb the surrounding inhabitants.

'To avoid such nuisances a decorticating mill which was located in the residential quarters of Pondicherry was removed from the town at the request of the public.'"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. TYAGARAYA CHETTI:—"I would say a word about it. If in the municipalities we have made certain rules, I do not see why they should be made stricter in rural areas. In municipalities we have a larger number of residences close to these mills. Anything that will do well for municipalities will do exceedingly well for rural areas. Therefore we need not put more stringent rules in rural areas than in municipalities."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"It is not so easy to remove factories from where they are now located, inasmuch as large sums of money have been spent on them; unless the local boards are prepared to pay compensation, the removal of factories will not be possible."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Hereafter the location of factories will be under control. The question is what is to become of those which have already been started and on which money has been spent. As the Hon'ble Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar has pointed out, it is not possible to remove them without paying compensation. I do not think that we should aim at a higher level of freedom from nuisance in rural areas than we have provided for in municipal areas. If it is the unanimous wish of the Honourable Members, I withdraw my proposals."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Clause 202 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 9.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, we have now come to the last stage of the Bill. It is usual in a Bill of this magnitude, after the report of the Select Committee is considered and the clauses are dealt with in detail, to subject the whole thing to a careful examination to see whether all the connected consequential amendments have come in. In view of the fact that we have not got much time before us, this task had to be done yesterday. It has been done with great care and a number of small errors, purely verbal, have been discovered, which I should like with the permission of the Council to set right. That would mean going back to some of the older clauses of the Bill and to do so

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would at this stage require Your Excellency's special permission. If Your Excellency would accord that permission, I will move these small amendments which have escaped attention, one after another.

The permission having been given by His Excellency the President, the Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar moved the following amendment :—

"**In sub-clause (3) of clause 9, after the word 'Government' *insert* the words 'other than that of a village headman.'**

"I think Honourable Members understand the reason".

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 9 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 13.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move that—

"**In sub-clause (2) of clause 13 *omit* the words 'or appointment.'**"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 13 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 38.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move that—

"**In sub clause (2) of clause 38, after the words 'any local board' in the seventh line, *insert* the words 'or president.'**

"That would fit in with the subsequent words"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 38 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 123.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

"**At the end of sub-clause (2) of clause 123 as already amended, *add* the following sentence :—'The budget of a taluk board and the budget of a union board shall, after being so sanctioned, be submitted to the district board and taluk board respectively.'**

"Honourable Members will see that we yesterday removed the approval of the district board as unnecessary, and we decided that every local board shall sanction its budget with such modifications if any as it thinks fit."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 123 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 124.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

"**In sub-clause (1) of clause 124, *omit* the following words at the end : 'as approved by the district and taluk boards'.**

"The approval will not now be necessary."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 124 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 125.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

"**In clause 125 *omit* the words 'for approval' in the third line.**

"We have decided that the approval is not necessary."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 125 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 126.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

"In clause 126 for the word 'approved' in the eighth line, *substitute* the word 'submitted' and for the words 'sections 116 and 117' inserted by the amendment on the revised agenda, *substitute* the words 'section 116'."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 126 as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule IV.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

"At the end of the items under sub-rule (1) of rule 26 of schedule IV, *insert* the following additional item 'on every foot passenger passing over a bridge—Rs. 0-0-6'".

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Schedule IV as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Schedule X.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I beg to move the following amendment :—

"In the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 8 of schedule X, *for* the words 'section 13' *substitute* the words 'section 12'."

"It is a misprint."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—"I second it."

The amendment was put to the vote and carried.

Schedule X as amended was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

The preamble was put to the Council and allowed to stand part of the Bill.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"Your Excellency, I beg to move that the Bill be now passed into law. In doing so I have very little to say. I want to indicate to the Council the nature of the motion. We are not now engaged in scrutinising again all that has been done All that Honourable Members have now to consider is whether the Bill in the form which it has finally assumed is a piece of legislation to which they should give their general adherence. That is the only point now for consideration. It is impossible in a Bill of this magnitude that it could ever assume a form to which every one of us are agreed. It is inevitable that in such a large number of clauses, such a multitude of provisions, there should be differences of opinion. There were differences of opinion in the Select Committee, and those differences recurred in the Council. But the point that Honourable Members have to consider is whether, making allowance for all these differences of opinion, the Bill in the shape it has finally assumed, is a Bill to which they may give their support on the ground that it would bring about a substantial improvement in local fund administration. Every Honourable Member who feels like that is bound to give his vote in favour of my motion. I do not propose to trouble the Council with a recapitulation of the differences of opinion we have already had These have all been fought out in the Select Committee and in the Council. But I must say, I think, in fairness to my colleagues in the Select Committee, that they took a tremendous amount of trouble over this piece of legislation. Anybody who compares the Bill as it went to the Select Committee with the Bill as it emerged from their hands, is, I am speaking to those Honourable Members who were not in the Select Committee, bound to admit that the members of the Select Committee did their work remarkably well. They went as far as they could towards liberalising these institutions, and if in some respects they were not able to go as far as one or two of them wished, it was because the majority considered that the interests of local self-government would suffer if we went further

"I take this opportunity of expressing the sincere thanks of myself and of my fellow members of the Select Committee to the Advocate-General, who I am sorry is not here, who took much trouble to frame the clauses agreeably to our wishes I also take this opportunity to express my own thanks and the thanks of my fellow members on the Select Committee to the special officer, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, who took any amount of trouble to get this Bill put into the form which it has finally assumed.

"With these few words I commend the Bill for the acceptance of the Council."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF PITHAPURAM :—"My lord, I beg to heartily congratulate the Government and the Honourable Member in charge in particular. The ability with which the Honourable Member piloted the Bill through the various stages is simply remarkable We, Non-Official Members, are particularly grateful to him for the considerate and courteous manner

in which he was treating us throughout I may also add that the very entertaining manner in which he conducted the business enabled us to do our hard work with pleasure. Your Excellency, it is quite clear that the present Bill is a great improvement over the Act and for that the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Acheriyar is mainly responsible

"Of course, there are a few defects in it, one of the most important of which is the omission of professional tax for which we know, the Honourable Member in charge is not at all responsible Now, I should like to refer to a few of the most important points in this Bill. In the Taluk Boards and Union Boards presidentships have been thrown open to election and most of the members are to be elected. That is a welcome change I only wish the same privilege were extended to District Boards. We—if I am not disclosing the secrets of the Select Committee—wanted to make the franchise very low indeed. We wanted to give as many persons as possible the right to vote But unfortunately, we found that there were serious practical difficulties in the way and we had, therefore, to content ourselves with making the provisions that we find in the Bill I hope that, in the near future, it would be found possible to lower the franchise still further.

"Another point is that we have made what I consider to be a fairly adequate provision for the depressed classes. That is a matter which I consider to be of the greatest importance. I feel that under this Bill the depressed classes will be able to safeguard their interests in the local boards.

"The last point that I should like to mention and of which I think the Council can very well be proud of is that for the first time we allow women to sit as members on all these local boards. I think our Presidency is the first in the whole of India to extend to women that right which, most unjustly, has all along been denied to them. With these few remarks and with renewed thanks to the Honourable Member in charge I heartily support the Bill."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"My Lord, with apologies for reading a written speech, I wish to say a few words. The Local Boards Bill has passed the gauntlet of fiery criticism unscathed partly by the support given to the Government from the non-official benches. I congratulate the Government on their keen perception of human mind that their object will be secured and their efforts will not go in vain if the matter is left to Indians themselves to settle their own differences, constituted as we are at present. Our Council is unique in the history of this province inasmuch as it had a non-official majority, thanks to Your Excellency. We are equally thankful to Sir Rajagopala Acheriyar for leaving the matter practically in the hands of non-officials to shape the Bill as they liked. I appealed to the Council that the Bill be passed into law without any reference to the special committee as I apprehended that the objectionable municipal provisions would be grafted into this Bill. My fears have come true. The Bill has been changed so completely that even the father of it cannot recognise its own child We had direct election to the district board and prolongation of patronage was not thought of and several restrictions found in the Municipal Act were not incorporated then. I would be failing in my duty if I do not mention that in several respects the Bill has been liberalised and has received more favourable consideration in the Select Committee than the Municipal Bill in some respects. But if we compare the present Bill with the rules that apply to the county councils and similar bodies in England which correspond to our local authority we find that there the chairman is always elected from within or without the council unlike ours and that their functions extend to several matters, amongst which I may name the prevention of the spread of diseases and ailments, provision of isolation hospitals, care of lunacy and inebriates, regulation about midwives, provision and management of open spaces, care of mentally deficient, elementary education, technical education and higher education and reformatory and industrial schools, public parks and recreation clubs, fertilisers and seeding stuffs, food and drugs, labour regulations, employment of children, shop and trade regulations, assistance in the formation and extension of building societies, emigration, aid in acquiring small dwelling and acquiring of small holdings, allotments, maternity and child welfare and so on and so forth

"My attempt for the inclusion of some important thing though admitted to be good and desirable raised the ire of some of my non-official colleagues and made them sneer at the suggestions as utopian. I am not surprised at this, as this is due to our slender financial resources and fear of new ideas In England the Government adopt the system of assignment of revenues in the place of contributions from death duties and beer and spirit and tobacco taxes and allocate license duties to the areas in which they are collected. We are expecting the transfer of excise revenue either in whole or in part. Why it was omitted in the Select Committee I fail to see We are thankful to the Government that the district boards are relieved of the burden of maintaining the trunk roads as the whole expenditure comes from provincial fund. Sir Rajagopala Acheriyar suggested that several matters indicated by me can very well be done by the State. My reply is why not by the people The Government might contribute towards its expenditure. The continental idea which gives the Almighty State a mysterious and indefinite authority over its subjects is unknown in England, as Redlich points out. For in England, the grant of self-government to local authorities did not impair the political unity but helped to deepen and broaden the local authority which was never realised or dreamed of before.

"I regret to state that all attempts to drive a wedge of democracy into the so-called local self-government in India have been utterly fruitless, partly to the apathy of some non-official colleagues. Our friends are content 'to let well alone' rather than perfect the work of reorganization on English lines. No congratulations can be given owing to the absence of solid

and enduring benefits in the Bill. Our friends have not yet recognized that a great change has been coming over the country, that they are anxious to take part in the Government itself. If the President of the district board is said to be not competent to manage the local matters efficiently, I am afraid it is a slur on our capacity to manage our own affairs. I might state that even in England technical education and agriculture when changed hands from the State to the local authorities were vastly improved. The cold light of calculation should not be allowed to dissipate the warm enthusiasm of our boards to work for the amelioration and welfare of our villagers. Political education should be preferred to the mere administrative efficiency. It is far better that we should commit mistakes and suffer consequences than to be kept in leading strings all along. Our extraordinarily conservative friend the Hon'ble Mr. Sivagnanam Pillai bitterly complained of the powers given to the Collectors. We need not limit or circumscribe the sphere of operation of local bodies instead of enlarging them by every possible means. We must try to go still nearer and nearer to the door of the masses to afford comfort and promote their welfare. Local self-government is the right of the people to deliberate and administer all local affairs through boards entirely subordinated to the popular will, in law as well as in fact. Our engineers and doctors employed by the boards are even above criticism. These boards are solely intended to promote the welfare of the inhabitants in all possible ways. The boards should be pioneers of progress instead of being conservative. Outside control should be eliminated and freedom given to our Presidents as much as the District Collectors when they managed this body. I do not believe that any of our district board presidents need lag behind any Collectors in the efficient administration of our boards. I am quite certain that non-official presidents are capable of discharging their duties splendidly and well. As one great man has said, all demonstrations of virtues of outside interference though efficient are as useless as demonstrations of the substitution of artificial teeth, glass eyes, silver windpipes and patent wooden legs to the natural products. We must be permitted to build up our national life by securing relaxation of outside control so long as we act in accordance with law. If we begin to work out our ideals in practice what we call rare achievement of the few will become an accepted standard of the many. If the district boards are not made wholly elective on principle of direct election the Council should have adopted the modest proposal of partial election of the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad. The Council should have made the election of Presidents of District and Taluk Boards a normal feature even to avoid trouble to the future Minister of impartial communal distribution of patronage. Exemption of taxation of several persons who were not exempt in municipal areas is really a retrograde step and the Council should have passed the resolution in its original form and applied to the Indian Government for favourable consideration claiming equal treatment with municipalities. The functions of the local boards should have been specifically extended claiming contribution from the State Treasury. We are thankful to the Council for the modification of charges on private markets as old markets were free from taxation. The rules framed under the Act should have been subjected to the approval of the Council. The Hon'ble Mr. Macphail referred to the anomaly of Prefects in France but I may point out that the principle of all sovereignty resides essentially in the nation. Nobody, an individual, can exercise authority except such as emanates directly from the people. Sovereignty is exercised by its own delegates for the profit of all and none excluded and none privileged as well pointed out by the late Mr. President Poincare wherein the liberty to vote all taxes including local rates is inviolable popular right.

"In conclusion, I say the Bill is imperfect in many ways and though good in many respects it is an enemy of the better and hence I oppose the measure to be passed by this expiring Council."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I beg to congratulate the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Achariyar on the successful manner in which he resisted most of the amendments of non-official members; for, if the amendments were accepted the Bill, as emerged from the Select Committee, would have been mangled. I am glad also that most of the members of the Select Committee have stood firm by the Select Committee's conclusions; but the Council has yielded weakly in two respects. They yielded to the clamour of the village headman and they have been given franchise. They have yielded to the clamour of jammis and have sacrificed the revenue which ought to go to the taluk boards. In the result, the Bill is a satisfactory one and therefore I give my unqualified approval to it."

The Hon'ble the RAJA OF RAMNAD:—"I also in giving my approval offer congratulations to the Government and particularly to the Member in Charge of the Bill for the passage of this most useful piece of legislation. I regret I cannot possibly agree with the observations made by the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju. They seem to me personally to be more academical rather than real. As pointed out by the Honourable Member in charge nothing would be gained by going back on the provisions of the Bill. I doubt if the Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju has ever been a member of any local board. If he has been, I can only say that such of us as have been on local boards can easily realize what remarkable changes have been made in the Bill and how the Bill, when put into practice, will confer substantial good to the people. I am also one of those, like the Hon'ble Mr. Ramanuja Achariyar who think that those two provisions relating to the village headmen and private markets ought not to have been modified as has now been done by this Council after the Select Committee's report. So while giving my hearty support to the Bill, I beg to mention how strongly we feel the interference of the Government of India which has deprived the local boards of a very large income by way of profession tax."

4TH OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Siva Rao ; Sir Rajagopala Acharyar ; Mr. Arumainatha Pillai ; the President.)*

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"I am one of those who do not feel very enthusiastic about this Bill that we have been now considering. My complaint is that it is not in harmony with the first of the times and in consonance with the liberal reforms that have been inaugurated in the country. I shall be very brief in dealing with the main provisions of the Bill.

"First as regards constitution we are precisely where we were 34 years ago. I am referring to that particular provision with regard to election and appointment of district board presidents. The same antiquated provision that has been in existence for the last 34 years has again been repeated. I should expect that in the present times this Bill should have or would have provided for the election of district board presidents in all cases.

"As regards the strength of these councils, the number of the members there is slightly increased and the Bill also provides for an elective majority of three-fourths.

"With regard to constitution again I may say that the Bill is very defective inasmuch as this does not confer direct election to the district boards and, with regard to powers and functions, we remain exactly where we were 34 years ago.

"With regard to budgets I may say the Bill has been very liberal. It frees the district boards and at the same time, I am very glad to note, that freedom has been extended to taluk boards also, and the same liberty has been conceded to the union boards also. With regard to establishments also the power conferred is equally satisfactory, though we would wish that the boards have secured some control over that class of officers known as health officers and engineers. We thought that we should be given some control of even reprimanding them. I may say that this Bill is equally defective with regard to the powers of control which are reserved to the Collector. As regards the resources, the Honourable Member in charge had to confess yesterday that it does not materially add to the resources of the local boards."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"What I said was that it does not go so far as one would wish."

The Hon'ble Mr P. SIVA RAO :—"That is what I say. It will not materially add to the resources. It is unfortunate that we could not resort to the profession tax and no doubt the Government have done all in their power to move in the matter, but on account of some intervention it could not be done."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"We have resorted to the profession tax, but have had to leave out certain items."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"My contention is that all incomes should be taxed. Even salaries have been excluded. Whatever may be the defects in this Bill, so long as I recognize there is some improvement, I cannot possibly vote for the rejection of the Bill. I am going to vote for this Bill with a wish that these vital defects would be removed."

The Hon'ble Mr. T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI :—"Your Excellency, in rising to support the motion now before the House that the Bill be passed into law, I cannot but enter my emphatic protest against one or two points contained in this Bill. The first and the most important point is the question of finance. According to this Bill we have deprived of one of the fruitful sources of revenue to the local boards. Your Excellency, amendment after amendment was moved by the non-official members of this Council asking for profession tax and tax on salaries and investments, and, Your Excellency's Government would have readily accepted it, had it not been for the bar that had been placed by the Government of India. My submission is that we ought not to let this opportunity pass without entering our emphatic protest against the action of the Government of India."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I cannot allow the Honourable Member to refer in these terms to the Government of India."

The Hon'ble Mr. T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI :—"I do not mean to say anything against the Government of India. But I say that our Local Government should have been allowed full privilege in carrying out its own ideas in the Bill. What I say, Your Excellency, is that the Government of India should not be allowed to overrule."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I must ask the Honourable Member to obey my ruling. Nobody recognizes this more than we do. It is a serious matter if Honourable Members keep on getting up and make these remarks with regard to the supreme authority in this country and I really cannot allow it."

The Hon'ble Mr T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI :—"Then I leave it, Your Excellency. There is one other point. So far as the constitution of the boards is concerned, direct election and low franchise as detailed in the Bill is indeed a very good improvement on the original Bill, but I regret that this same privilege of direct election has not been accorded to the district board. There are certain reasons given by the Honourable Member in charge and also by some of the district board presidents who were on the Select Committee as to why this direct election should not be given to the district boards, but unfortunately those arguments did not carry conviction, at least to some of us, who are of my way of thinking. It is too late now, Your Excellency, in this year to say that direct election would not do any good to the district boards, when it has been found to be the only best method of focussing public opinion upon the activities of local boards and of controlling the actions of the members of these local boards. Your Excellency, so far as other portions of the Bill are concerned, I must really say, on a close study of the present existing

(Mr. Arunachalam Pillai; Sir Tyagaraya Chetti; Mr. Desika Achariyar.) [4TH OCTOBER 1920.

Act and the Bill which is now to be passed, one cannot but come to the conclusion that the Bill is on the whole a very good improvement on the existing Act In this respect I must congratulate the Honourable Member in charge for having incorporated in the Bill such of the amendments as the non-officials thought to be necessary for the improvement of the local board administration "

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. THAGARAYA CHETTI :—" I will say a word in this matter I am exceedingly glad that the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Achariyar has been doing as much to liberalize the administration of the local boards While comparing the present Bill as it passed by this Council with the existing Local Boards Act, there is no comparison in the matter and though several Honourable Members have been complaining that there was not sufficient liberalizing of the provisions I should say that our principle should be *festina lente* Let us move slowly and not go fast and break our necks. If we move slowly we are sure to move steadily Slow and steady should be the aim, as these are things which we cannot carry out all at once If we go on slowly and if we prove that we are doing our work satisfactorily for a few years, I am sure the Government will then come down and give more powers which will be more practical and more liberalizing. I wish that every member would have in mind that the legislation we have undertaken is perfectly satisfactory and would help in working it out satisfactorily."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR :—" Your Excellency, I must say, having had something to do with district board and municipal work for a number of years, that the Bill which has been approved by the Council is a very liberal one indeed. Those who had anything to do with local fund administration must realize that the so-called unions had money enough to pay but their establishments and no more and they had very little to devote for the purposes for which they were constituted

" At each annual budget meeting there used to be a clamour from the taluk boards for more money, and great difficulty was experienced in satisfying their numerous demands Taluk board after taluk board used to go up to the district board with a heavy budget and the question was how best to meet their deficits With reference to the finances of the district board there was the further trouble as to how to find the money for their growing needs For a long time we had been collecting railway-cess, but the cess was safely housed somewhere without serving any useful purpose This is the situation of the local boards at present Conference after conference assembled in order to devise means to better the situation of local boards I have described, and after a long amount of deliberation the present Bill was introduced, and when the Bill went before the Select Committee it was not found to be sufficiently liberal. Now what we have achieved is that we have a separate set of bodies which are the ultimate units in the scheme of local self-government, namely, the union boards They are made self-reliant, their finances are improved and they have a fixity of income They have a considerable amount of autonomy assured to them without outside control With regard to taluk boards there is a similar amount of self-reliance and independence assured to them, and they need not go a-begging to the district board They have got their own income separately fixed by the Bill itself. With regard to district boards and the taluk boards, both of them are enabled now to raise additional taxes All these are steps which have been taken for the purpose of liberalizing the existing unions, taluk boards and district boards. I am not at all in agreement with those of my Honourable friends who do not feel enthusiastic over this Bill. One of my friends observed that my remark, that it was Utopian to add to the purposes set out in clause 119, was made by me in a sneering manner Having regard to our finances, having regard to our past history and having regard to our present conditions, the only thing we could do is what is contained in clause 119 With reference to certain other remarks bearing on the direct election of members to the district board and the peculiar favours which in certain quarters the district boards enjoyed, in my view these are matters of minor importance in this Bill. They have nothing to do with the progressive lines on which the whole Bill has been conceived and placed before the Council. I repeat what I said the day before yesterday with reference to the question of direct election that it is inadvisable to have direct election so far as district boards are concerned having regard to the scheme of local self-government as embodied in the Bill. The district board must be conceived to be a committee of all taluk boards, correlating and co-ordinating the activities of the whole district with reference to the needs of all the local boards and in the very nature of things all the taluk boards must be represented on the district board. With regard to the district board president, it is a very very delicate matter for me to refer to But I must state that in the Select Committee no particular favour was shown to the district board president There is one other matter which I wish to refer to There seems to be an impression in certain quarters that great loss was likely to be sustained by local boards by reason of the tax on certain sources of income not being allowed to be levied by them. If it were only considered what the amount likely to be realized by the levy of this tax would be and what revenue we should secure from this source, it could be very easily seen that the complaint is not at all a serious one Hardly a thousand or thousand five-hundred rupees would be the income from this source for each district, and I think each district could well afford to forego the same Indeed, at one time, I was for moving that these taxes should not be levied in rural areas and that it should be levied only in urban areas. It is unnecessary to detain the Council on the other salient features of the Bill Altogether I find this Bill to be a distinct improvement upon the old Act and I heartily accord to it my support and vote that it be passed into law."

4TH OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar ; Mr. Thanger ; Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar ; Mr. Muttayya Chettiyar ; Mr. Narasimha Raju.)*

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR :—" Your Excellency, I have nothing to say except to welcome that this Bill be passed into law. As I already stated, the old Local Boards Act gives a tremendous trouble in carrying out the administration of the local boards and it is high time that we have to get the Act corrected and the present Bill passed into law in the interests of the administration of the local boards. I have one other thing to say. I wish to express here on behalf of my community that I am grateful to the Government as well as to the Honourable Members of this Council for the special clause allowed to be retained in the Bill for the representation of Muhammadans in the local bodies. It is a very important clause about which I am very grateful to the Government as well as to the Honourable Members of this Council. Though there was some objection raised about not having allowed election, I explained the difficulty how our people and other backward communities, such as the Christians and the Panchamas, cannot be brought in if they are not given the right of nomination by Government. The next thing is, I understand, that one or two members of this House are against allowing village officials to be included in the election. It is very essential and I am glad that the Government have allowed them to get into the local bodies by election. I am always against raising any profession tax in the rural areas, and I am glad in a way it has been omitted partially by the instructions of the Government of India. I only wish that the other portion also will be wiped away as I am afraid that the poor merchants *(laughter)* will be squeezed by the heavy taxation. If that is allowed I will be happy. However, I cannot grumble much. I have nothing more to say except welcoming that the Bill be passed into law."

The Hon'ble Mr. J. H. THOMSON :—" Your Excellency, as a European resident in Madras representing the Madras Trades Association, I have not come into touch with district affairs and have therefore not been able to take that keen interest in this debate that others have done who are more directly interested. It has been said on more than one occasion that the European element in Madras does not take that amount of interest in affairs outside Madras which it is desirable it should do. I therefore desire on this very important occasion to congratulate the Government and my fellow Honourable Members of this Council that the goal of their aspirations is now well within sight and to assure them, as representing the European Association, that I do congratulate them most heartily. I sympathize, with the local boards in regard to the responsibilities which they have willingly taken upon their shoulders and can assure them that it will require the very best of intellects to carry matters through to a successful issue. The poorer people in this country will look to them hereafter for the very essence of good government—a sympathetic government absolutely void of any aggression such as the British Government have always tried to dispense to the people of this country. We all have different ideas about local self-government and a change in some of the details may be considered desirable, and legitimate criticism is quite in order. But if you consider the Bill as a whole, I think it must be admitted that we have not gone very far wrong from the right path. I think the attitude of the Hon'ble Mr. Siva Rao is the right one ; he criticises the Bill where he considers it faulty, but having done that he announces his intention of accepting and supporting the whole measure. That should be the attitude of the Council as a whole."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR :—" Your Excellency, I vote for the Bill heartily. One of the most important features of the Bill is the incorporation of unions into the local boards. The union was an insignificant board till now. The constitution of the taluk board under this Bill is also important. For obvious reasons I will not say anything about the constitution of the district board. As I said before, I vote for the Bill heartily."

The Honble Rao Sahib M. O. MUTTAYYA CHETTIYAR :—" Your Excellency, I congratulate the Honourable Mover and the Government on the measure. There is no doubt that it is a distinct advance in local self-government in this Presidency. The saving and the controlling clauses are well-meant safeguards, which would naturally disappear with time and experience of the coming reforms, leaving a legacy of full autonomy to local bodies. I therefore heartily support this Bill."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—" Your Excellency, whatever congratulations are due to this Council and to this Government, they are due, not on account of the passing of this Bill, but on account of the passing of the District Municipalities Act. This Bill is in my humble opinion only a revised edition of the old Act and the Code on the lines of the District Municipalities Act that was passed by this Council. Of course in doing this the members of the Select Committee do not deserve any congratulation that has been offered by the Honourable Member in charge. Rather all the congratulations are due to the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar.

" I am sorry that this Bill was introduced a little bit late ; otherwise we would have got the same profession tax on salaries as in the case of the District Municipalities Act *(hear, hear)*. In regard to the provisions relating to the interference of Collectors, correspondence between the Government and the district boards through the intermediary officers, all these had to be closely copied from the Act which had been already passed by this Council. That is the reason why the Bill has got its own defects. However, so much labour has been spent and I therefore do not propose to oppose the passing of the Bill.

" The motion that the Bill be passed into law was put to the vote and carried."

(Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Subbarayalu Reddiyar; Mr. Venkatapati Raju.) [4TH OCTOBER 1920.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar Avargal, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., demanded a poll which was taken with the following result:—

For	*Against*
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar Avargal, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.	The Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju
,, Mr. L. Davidson, C.S.I.	
,, Mr. C. G. Todhunter, C.S.I.	
,, Mr. W. J. J. Howley, C.S.I.	
,, Mr S. Cox	
,, Diwan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillai Avargal, I.S.O.	
,, Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, C.I.E.	
,, Mr T. Arumainatha Pillai.	
,, Rao Bahadur V. K. Ramanuja-Achariyar	
,, Major-General G. G. Gifford, C.B.I., I.M.S.	
,, Mr. R. A. Graham.	
,, Diwan Bahadur T. Desikachariyar Avargal	
,, Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Tyagaraya Chetti Garu	
,, Mr C. V. S. Narasimha Raju.	
,, Mr P. Siva Rao	
,, Diwan Bahadur A. Subbarayalu Reddiyar Avargal.	
,, Rai Bahadur T. N. Sivagnanam Pillai Avargal.	
,, Rao Bahadur T. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu.	
,, Rao Bahadur N. Subba Rao Avargal	
,, Mr. B. V. Narasimha Ayyar.	
,, Mr R. G. Grieve.	
,, Mr. E. S. Lloyd.	
,, H. H. G. Mitchell, O.B.E.	
,, Mr J. H. Thonger	
,, Khan Bahadur N. Muhammad Ocomon Sahib Bahadur.	
,, Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. Ahmed Tambi Marakkayar Sahib Bahadur	
,, Khan Bahadur Haji Abd-ul-lah Haji Qasim Sahib Bahadur.	
,, the Raja of Ramnad.	
,, the Raja of Pithapuram,	
,, Mr V. Madhava Raja.	
,, Rao Sahib H. C. Muttayya Chettiyar Avargal.	
,, Mr. W. Vijiaraghava Mudaliyar.	

Thirty-two voting *for* and one *against* the motion was carried.

The Bill was passed into law.

THE MADRAS VILLAGE PANCHAYAT BILL, 1920.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I beg to present the report of the Select Committee on the Madras Village Panchayat Bill, 1920, and move that the Bill and report be taken into consideration at once."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur A. SUBBARAYALU REDDIYAR:—"I second."

The motion was put to the vote and carried.

Clause 1.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, the nomenclature adopted is rather to my mind uncouth. Even in the Bengal Legislative Council they have adopted a more imposing terminology, the Bengal Village Self-Government Act. What I wanted to move is,

"*For* the word "panchayat" *substitute* the word "Council", and thereafter throughout the Bill, *for* the words "panchayat" and "panchayatdar" wherever they appear *substitute* the words "village Council" and "village councillor."

4TH OCTOBER 1920.] *(Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Narasimha Ayyar; the Raja of Ramnad; Mr. Narasimha Raju; Mr. Ahmad Tambi Marakkayar; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar.)*

"Because we Indians are generally associating panchayats for the settlement of some dispute by some arbitrators I do not think anything would be lost if we say 'village council' or any other name suggested by any other gentleman. In England we have got county councils, borough councils, urban district councils, parish councils and so on, and therefore there is nothing wrong if we use the word 'council' in place of the word 'panchayat'."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"I second the amendment The change in the wording would perhaps be able to attract people as the term is redolent of this Council If the Honourable Members think that this would give popularity to the panchayats, it may be worth while supporting the amendment."

The Hon'ble the RAJA of RAMNAD:—"I beg to oppose this amendment. The word 'panchayat' is a very ancient expression This expression has been in existence for thousands of years. I think it must be the endeavour of this council to perpetuate it."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 1 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 2

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao was withdrawn:—

2. *Omit* **the words 'the unions' and 'the Madras Local Boards Act' and the word 'respectively'.**

Clause 2 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 3.

Clause 3 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 4.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency, I wish to move—

3. **In sub-clause (1), after the words 'The Local Government may'** *insert* **the words 'after consideration of the views of the district board and taluk board concerned',**

"Now as it is, the Local Government may constitute village panchayats without consulting the taluk boards and district boards concerned. Most of their functions are discharged by taluk boards and district boards in rural areas. These panchayats are to be constituted under the direct control of the Government officials and therefore the previous consultation of the taluk boards and district boards is necessary. Similar provisions are to be found in the Bengal Act called 'The Bengal Village Self-Government Act' in section 5 which says: 'When this Act has come into force in any district or part of a district, the Local Government may, after consideration of the views of the district board and the local boards, by notification, divide that district or part into as many local areas as may to them seem expedient, and may, by notification, declare every such local area to be a union for the purposes of this Act.' The functions that are proposed to be entrusted to the village panchayats are almost analogous to those entrusted to village unions under the Bengal Act. For these reasons I commend this amendment for the acceptance of this Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur A. T. G. M. AHMAD TAMBI MARAKKAYAR:—"I support it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"It would probably be well for me at this very early stage to explain what the policy is of this Bill as it has left the hands of the Select Committee. We all quite recognized then these panchayats are to be the last links in the chain of local self-government and the whole constitution has been framed in that way. But at the same time the Select Committee felt very strongly, after the experience which many of the Members had already had in regard to the informal panchayats, that it would be as well in the initial stages to have these panchayats started by a special officer called the Registrar, working directly under the Government, following the analogy of the Co-operative Credit Societies Act. In 1904 the starting of co-operative societies was placed directly in the hands of a Presidency officer called the Registrar of Co-operative Societies working under the Government. Executive instructions were issued to him that he should consult district collectors freely and carry the district staff with him in his work. But no such provision was put in statutorily. I quite recognize that the Registrar should, before starting these panchayats, consult the presidents of the district and taluk boards. He should carry local sentiment with him. But there is no object in putting that into the law. Clause 4 gives power to the Local Government to direct the constitution for any village of a panchayat or panchayats. To say in the law that, before exercising their power, the Government should ask the taluk board and the district board concerned would mean any amount of delay, also we really do not know how these panchayats are going to develop and we do not want to run the risk of the local boards in any particular locality imagining that there is likely to be divergence of interests between themselves

and the panchayats. If Honourable Members will kindly refer to clauses 37 and 38, they will see what exactly it is that we propose to do. Clause 37 says —

'The Local Government may appoint a person to be Registrar of Panchayats for the area to which this Act extends, or for any portion of it, and may assign to him from time to time such salary and establishment as they think fit.

'(2) The cost of such officer and his establishment shall be paid out of the revenues of the Local Government.

'(3) The Registrar so appointed shall attend to the constitution, and superintend the administration, of panchayats within his jurisdiction; and shall, when so authorized by the Local Government by notification, exercise all or any of the powers vested in them by this Act, except the power to make rules under section 44.'

"There is thus the provision for the Local Government to divest themselves of all powers under this Act except the power to make rules. But it is not intended to do that in the initial stage. If Honourable Members would refer to clause 38, they would see that that clause would enable us, after we make a little progress, to hand over panchayats to the control of local bodies; we have simply to issue a notification to say that in a particular district all powers vested in the Local Government shall be exercised thereafter by the district and taluk boards—and these boards will also get power to constitute panchayats themselves. I contemplate a stage when it will not be merely a question of consulting the local boards, but the latter will themselves constitute the panchayats; but all that will come after some time. In the earlier stages, if the movement is to spread on sound lines, I think it right that it should be in the hands of a Presidency officer on whose good sense the Government may rely to carry the local bodies with him. While I am prepared to undertake on behalf of the Government that that officer shall be instructed to work in close collaboration with the local boards, I would rather not put in anything in the law as proposed by the Honourable Member. There is no difference between us in the object we both have in view: there is only some difference in the procedure."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency, I am sorry that the Honourable Member is not able to accept my amendment, though he says he will issue instructions to the officers to consult local bodies. I am not really able to appreciate his argument why when he is ready to give instructions to the officer to be appointed as Registrar that we should not have a provision here that local bodies should be consulted. My submission is that these bodies should be consulted. Naturally we expect members of the taluk boards to be better acquainted with the local conditions than any Government official that may be appointed—Registrar for the whole Presidency and Deputy Registrar for a group of districts. Why should not the officers have the views of the boards regarding the desirability or otherwise of constituting panchayats in particular areas?

"In discussing this question the Honourable Member referred to the formation of informal panchayats. I only respectfully wish to tell him that the formation of informal panchayats was entirely in the hands of Revenue officials and that taluk boards were never consulted or asked to supervise these bodies. If the informal panchayats were a failure, it was on account of the Revenue officials who are birds of passage and do not know local conditions fully. They committed a number of mistakes in constituting them and so they failed. I think it is desirable that it should find a place in the statute that the officer as a matter of duty must have the views of the local bodies before him."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"There is only one point more. The Honourable Member is no doubt aware that we are contemplating the creation of panchayats other than local fund village panchayats, namely, forest panchayats, irrigation panchayats, and so on."

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"I already referred to it when I moved my amendment. There I submitted that Bengal Act also provides for the constitution of village panchayats, forest panchayats and others, and it also provides for consultation with local bodies before the constitution of these bodies. As regards consultation, local bodies will be in a position to say what the conditions of the villages are. They are men well acquainted with local peculiarities and an expression of their opinion will be before the officers who will either accept it or reject it."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 4 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 5.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao was withdrawn :—

4. In sub-clause (1), *for* '15 and 7' *substitute* '12 and 5', respectively.

Clause 5 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 6.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendments which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju were withdrawn :—

5. *For* sub-clause (1) *substitute* the following :—

"(1) Every person male or female who is a resident of the village or lives within 2 miles thereof and has completed his or her

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twenty-first year and who contributes any tax or fee to the Panchayat Fund or contributes a day's labour in the preceding year for the common village service, shall be entitled to vote at an election of "panchayatdar" or member of "village council".'

6. In sub-clause (2), after the word 'person' *insert* the words 'contribution of tax or fee or service.'

Clause 6 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 7.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

7. At the end of this clause, *add* the words 'if he or she has completed the age of twenty-five but not exceed the age of sixty-five'.

Clause 7 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 8 *and* 9.

Clauses 8 and 9 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 10.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

8. *For* sub-clause (2) *substitute* the following :—

'(2) The term of office of president is three years from the date of his election unless after the lapse of one year more than one-half of the sanctioned strength of the members decide otherwise and since then the president shall be deemed to have vacated office.'

Clause 10 was allowed to stand part of the Bill

Clause 11.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao moved the following amendment :—

9. In sub-clause (a), *for* the words 'one month' *substitute* the words 'six months.'

In doing so, he said :—"I find from the provisions in the draft Bill that the words 'six months' originally stood, and that the words 'one month' were substituted for them in the Select Committee. The reason is given in the Select Committee's report : 'In sub-clause (*a*) we have reduced the limit of imprisonment from six months to one month, our reason being that villagers residing in a limited area are more sensitive than people living in towns to the odium attaching to imprisonment awarded by a criminal court.' I do not admit this position at all. I do not think the moral susceptibilities of these villagers are more developed than that of those remaining in urban areas. The same provision is found in the Madras Local Boards Act and in the Municipalities Act and I think the same provision may be restored here."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju :—"I second the amendment. I do not understand why we should give a differential treatment to villagers by providing additional restriction here. I think the original provision may be allowed to stand."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Tyagaraya Chetti :—"I rise to oppose the amendment. As a rule people in the mufussal are more sensitive in these matters than those in the city. In the city we do not care much how long a man has been in jail but villagers care a great deal and it is a matter of experience in the mufussal that if a man is prosecuted and convicted people feel ashamed to talk to him. So I think the words 'one month' may be accepted."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar :—"Also I believe that the idea of the Select Committee was that the one month does not carry a man beyond the sub-jail, whereas, if it is more than one month, he is taken to the Central Jail ; village people are apt to consider that a man who has gone to a bigger jail is a greater felon than a man who has been imprisoned in a sub-jail. The Select Committee put themselves in the position of the villagers and came to this conclusion."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao :—"I have nothing to add."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Clause 11 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 12 *to* 14.

Clauses 12 to 14 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 15.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

10. In sub-clause (viii), before the words 'threshing floors' as well as the word 'topes' *add* the word 'common'.

In doing so, he said :—"Your Excellency, in clause 15 it is provided that a panchayat may exercise the power and perform the duties specified below :

'(viii) control of cattle sheds, threshing floors, topes and other communal poramboke.'

"Evidently they do not want to control private threshing floors and topes which do not belong to them. So far as cattle stands are concerned, I can quite understand. We are following the Municipalities Act where they take power to control them in order to keep them clean. It is far better to insert the word 'common' before the words 'threshing floors' as well as the word 'topes' to avoid ambiguity."

The Hon'ble Mr. T. ARUMAINATHA PILLAI :—"I second it. Some of the threshing floors belonged to private persons. According to the motion they will come under the control of village panchayats which is more or less infringing private rights. Therefore I submit that the meaning will be made clear by this amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I submit, Your Excellency, that the meaning is perfectly clear. It simply says 'control of cattle sheds, threshing floors, topes and other porambokes.' The Hon'ble Mr. Venkatapati Raju says, let us have the word 'common' before the words 'threshing floors' and 'topes.' According to him the clause will read thus : 'control of cattle sheds, common threshing floors, common topes and other communal porambokes', which will incidentally have the effect of including private cattle stands. I have consulted the Hon'ble the Advocate-General who says that the words as they stand are perfectly clear."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"I withdraw the amendment."

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju :—

11. *For* sub-clause (x) *substitute* the following :—

'(x) extension of village-sites, acquisition of land for common pasturage, regulation of recreation grounds, village greens, open spaces and public walks and footpaths, enclosure of commons, regulation of building construction and removal of unhealthy dwellings or obstructive buildings and construction of buildings for working classes.'

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"With reference to this amendment this question was already rejected by a superior body and I do not think I can introduce it in this Council. I withdraw the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju :—

12. In sub-clause (xiii), *for* the word 'village' *substitute* the words 'public free'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"I do not press the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju :—

13. To sub-clause (xiv), *add* the words 'and to deal with offensive ditches drains, nullahs, and the like'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"It is *consequential* and so goes out because it was rejected yesterday."

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the amendment was withdrawn.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

14. In sub-clause (xv), after the word 'protection' *add* the words 'village co-operation'.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO moved the following amendment :—

15. In sub-clause (xv), after the words 'village protection' *add* the words 'maintenance of village peace'.

In doing so, he said :—"I propose to add 'maintenance of village peace' in sub-clause (xv). That means maintenance of order and maintenance of peace. That would vest in them some police powers. Later on I am moving an amendment that they should be given civil and criminal powers also. Maintenance of peace must very properly appertain to their useful functions."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"I second it.

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"The idea of village protection was that in some villages it will be found that the villagers are in the habit in certain seasons of looking after certain crops to prevent the cattle from straying upon them We thought we had better legalise it But it was far from the intention of the Select Committee to constitute these panchayats into a police body. With a great deal of deliberation that I have given to it, I do not think I can commit myself or advise the Council to commit itself by simply inserting the words 'maintenance of village peace'. I could not advise the Council to agree to that. My impression is that it was not one of the things we contemplated and we would not rather extend the functions of the panchayat After these panchayats have done for some time the duties we have given them, it will be possible to extend them. I may at once say that under clause 20 the Local Government may authorize any panchayat by a general or special order to perform any duties other than those specified under sections 15 and 16 If after a time it is found that these panchayats are doing well some police powers can be put in their hands"

The Hon'ble Mr. L. Davidson :—"I should like, Sir, on behalf of the Police Department, to echo what the Hon'ble Sir Rajagopala Achariyar has said in regard to this matter. I do not think we could properly commit the Local Government off-hand to any such change in policy as is indicated in this amendment. The matter clearly requires very careful thought."

The Hon'ble Mr. P Siva Rao :—"I have nothing to add"

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The following amendment stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B Venkatapati Raju :—

16. *Insert* **the following as sub-clause (xv) (a) :—**

'(xv) (a) entertainment and disposal of petty civil and criminal cases as prescribed by the Government under conditions imposed by the Government'.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju :—"Your Excellency, I withdraw this amendment to support amendment No. 18 which will be moved for the same purpose."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

Amendment No. 17

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. Sivagnanam Pillai :—"I propose that **after sub-clause (xv)** *insert* **the following :—**

(xvi) Location of liquor shops;

(xvii) Opening, maintenance and control of night schools;

(xviii) Provision for veterinary relief;

and *re-number* **sub-clause (xvi) as sub clause (xix).**

"I leave out 'play-grounds' because it is included in another item which has been withdrawn for very good reasons But the others, I think, ought to be there They are all the obvious duties which can well be performed by the village panchayats, and I can find no other body well fitted to discharge those duties. As a matter of fact, as regards liquor shops, the village opinion will be very useful, and, as we have got supervision over elementary schools and medical relief, later on I suggest that 'night schools and veterinary relief' also may be inserted. With these remarks I commend the motion."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. Desika Achariyar :—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. K. Ramanuja Achariyar :—"I oppose the amendment. If the panchayats were to exercise powers over liquor shops in villages, there will be no liquor shops anywhere in the Presidency. The result will be that people will resort to illicit liquor. As regards night school, it is not the function of the village panchayat to be in charge of elementary education It is only when funds are entrusted to panchayats they can take charge of it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. Rajagopala Achariyar :—"May I say a word? In regard to the location of liquor shops, I believe what the Hon'ble Mr Sivagnanam Pillai wants is that the village panchayats should be consulted about it. These things, which are in section 15, are matters which the panchayats are empowered to do. Is a panchayat to decide on the location of liquor shops? In other words, is the village panchayat to have more power than the municipal council and the local board? I believe what the Honourable Member really means is that the panchayats should be consulted in the way in which municipal councils are consulted, but that will be a somewhat different matter. That could only be done by executive instructions. There is nothing in the municipal or local boards law that municipalities or local boards should be consulted, but the Government in the Abkari Department have issued executive orders that in such and such places the municipal councils or local boards should be consulted. If the panchayats do well, that policy, I agree, should be pursued, and they should also be consulted.

"In regard to the other two amendments, my objection is for this reason. I do not want to load these panchayats with more functions than is absolutely necessary; and, as far as possible in regard to functions already assigned to local boards under the Local Boards Act,

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I would rather ask that, if the village panchayat manages, I say, a school, the taluk board should give funds for the purpose. The Honourable Member will see that that is provided for in clause 16 (vi)—

'The district or taluk board within whose jurisdiction a panchayat has been constituted may, at any time, with the consent of the panchayat and subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, authorize such panchayat to exercise any of the following functions which such district or taluk board may itself exercise under the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, and it shall thereupon be lawful for such panchayat to exercise such function:—

(vi) establishment and maintenance of elementary schools and other matters connected with elementary education.'

"It is better that it should be left like that. The taluk boards under the Local Boards Act have now got the whole responsibility for elementary education, including elementary education within union areas. Why should we ask the village panchayat to take up a greater burden than is assigned to the union board? If in any area a school would be better managed by the panchayat itself, let it be handed over to it with the funds necessary for the purpose. The resources of the panchayats would be so small that they would not be able to run schools, etc., and the taluk board should not have an excuse for not doing their obvious duty in the matter of elementary education. That is my objection. So also in regard to the provision for veterinary relief. That also has to be done by the taluk board."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. V. NARASIMHA AYYAR:—"May I know whether medical relief does not include that?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"I do not know. Probably not. It is a question of funds. There are other sections later on. If you see sections 19 and 20, you will find that 'a district board or taluk board or Collector or any private person or body of persons may, with the consent of a panchayat, make over to such panchayat, subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, the *management of any institution*.' The policy should be not to burden the panchayat with a number of institutions and inadequate funds and furnish an excuse to other local bodies for not doing their duty. Provision should be made, if new functions are transferred, for the funds necessary for the purpose.

That is my point."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI:—"In the light of the observations made by the Honourable Member in charge and the assurances given by him, I withdraw the amendment."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"Your Excellency, the amendment I propose is as follows:—

18. "*Add* the following as sub-clause (xvi):—

'(xvi) exercise of civil and criminal jurisdiction under Madras Act II of 1920 (an Act to amend the Village Courts Act, 1888).'"

'Amendment No. 28 on the paper is the same and that amendment also may be taken up with this. I strongly object to the multiplication of these panchayats, such as, one set of forest panchayats and one set of panchayats for exercising irrigation functions. I propose that there should be one general panchayat in every village and it should be vested not merely with local fund powers but with judicial powers also. There is provision in the Bill as it came out of the Select Committee for investing them with powers of irrigation also, and power is also reserved to invest them with the duties of the forest panchayats. What I wish to see is that they should be entrusted with the exercise of civil and criminal jurisdiction also under Madras Act II of 1920 as judicial panchayats. Without these civil and criminal jurisdiction, the powers that have already been given to the Panchayats will have no value. I may say that this is a most important function which could be entrusted to general panchayat. If we want these panchayats to have any value at all, the first thing we have to do is to entrust them with the exercise of civil and criminal jurisdiction. I would here refer to the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Decentralization. They strongly recommended that there should be only one kind of general panchayat which should be entrusted with civil and criminal powers and also with various other powers, including local fund powers. Your Excellency, we cannot mistake these panchayats for the union panchayats which have hitherto been existing. These are separate bodies and the object of inaugurating them is quite different. So, I suggest that the recommendations of the Decentralization Commission may be followed in the matter. I believe the Government of India also in their last despatch said that whenever a general panchayat is formed in a village it could be entrusted with the exercise of civil and criminal powers also, and I want some such provision. The Government may do it in a fit case and may revoke it in another."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Your Excellency, in seconding this amendment, I am quite aware that section 28 enables the Local Government to confer these powers on these bodies whenever they think fit, but my respectful submission is when the Government and the Select Committee have thought fit to entrust them with the sixteen duties

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mentioned in clause 15, and when they are capable of carrying out these sixteen duties, I think they must be sufficiently well-organized bodies and instead of creating *ad hoc* bodies with reference to these matters it would be better to have one body. In order to avoid duplication, they must be entrusted with these powers."

The Hon'ble Mr C V S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency, I wish to oppose this amendment. Section 20 does not at all authorize the Government to entrust the panchayat with civil and criminal functions under the Village Courts Amendment Act, because according to the provisions thereof the panchayat for that purpose is to be elected by the villagers particularly and some members are to be nominated by the Government. Now, clause 4 of this Bill provides that for any village a panchayat or panchayats for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Act may be constituted by the Local Government. So the Government may either vest all the powers under this Act in one panchayat or may ask the villagers to constitute different panchayats for carrying out the different functions of this Bill. I am of opinion that the concentration of all the powers in the hands of a few individuals in the early stages may lead to dangerous consequences and they may develop into future oligarchies and it may prove a failure. The officers may closely study the conditions and improve function after function according to the provisions of this Act and it may be left to the good sense of the villagers. They may be asked to settle whether they want to have the functions of this Bill as well as the functions under the Village Courts Act to the same panchayat or not. If the village is willing to have the same panchayat, the very members of this panchayat may be elected as panchayatdars under the Village Courts Act and in that case the same set of persons be nominated by Government to all the panchayats. Why not you give sufficient latitude for the discretion of the villagers to settle the matter for themselves?"

The Hon'ble Mr T. ARUNAINATHA PILLAI:—"Your Excellency, I rise to oppose the amendment. With the powers given under clause 15 to village panchayats under the Act itself and with the powers under sections 17 and 18 to the Government, the Government and also the district board have got powers to transfer certain of their duties. I am sure that the village panchayats would have enough work to do for a number of years to come. If you are going to vest civil and criminal powers, I am sure we are only setting forth an inducement for the village panchayats not to work. I do not think it will be possible for them to do the work. They have got their own work to attend. I do not know whether they will be able to spare even a couple of hours or so during the day to attend to the functions already assigned to them. If they are entrusted with civil and criminal powers they will have to sit throughout the day and you will only be swelling their work."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur T. N. SIVAGNANAM PILLAI:—"I rise to oppose the amendment on this very simple ground. From the time of the institution of the National Congress it is being agitated that judicial and executive functions ought to be separated. Here, we see our Honourable Members proposing the same panchayat to dispose of civil and criminal and executive functions. It would therefore mean that one set of people are to be the prosecutors as well as the judges. For no other reason than that, I strongly oppose this amendment."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur V. R. RAMANUJA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, when a procedure has been prescribed in a separate Act for constituting village courts, we cannot supersede those provisions and say that village panchayats should exercise the functions of the village courts. I do not think it is possible for the Government to do so."

The Hon'ble Mr. R. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"Can we not, under section 20, delegate the powers of civil and criminal jurisdiction conferred under Act II of 1920 to these village panchayats?"

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"The fact is I am asked to give legal advice. I am utterly unfit to do it. I am sure if the Hon'ble the Advocate-General were here, he would have been of great use to us."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO:—"We shall spare him to-day."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Thank you."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendments, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao, were withdrawn:—

19. *Add* the following as sub-clause (xvii):—
'(xvii) distribution of lump remissions of revenue or loans to agriculturists'.

20. *Add* the following as sub-clause (xviii):—
'(xviii) the location of the sites of liquor shops'.

21. *Add* the following as sub-clause (xix):—
'(xix) the local administration of famine-relief or of measures to combat epidemic diseases'.

22. *Add* the following sub-clauses of clause 16, viz., (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), as sub-clauses (xx), (xxi), (xxii), (xxiii), (xxiv), (xxv), (xxvi) of clause 15; and *re-number* the present sub-clause (xvi) of clause 15 as sub-clause (xxvii).

Clause 15 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 16.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendments, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju, were withdrawn :—

23. In sub-clause (v), *for* the words 'trees on roads' *substitute* the words 'roadside avenue trees'.

24. To sub-clause (vii), *add* the words 'technical and industrial schools.'

25. *Add* the following as new sub-clause (viii) :—

'(viii) establishment and maintenance of 'modal forms'.'

26. *Add* the following as new sub-clause (ix) :—

'(ix) provision of housing accommodation for working classes on co-operative basis.'

Clause 16 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 17 *and* 18.

Clauses 17 and 18 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 19.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju, was withdrawn :—

27. At the end of this clause, *add* the words 'when it serves a public purpose for the benefit of the village'.

Clause 19 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Insertion of a new clause after clause 19.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao, was withdrawn :—

28. After clause 19 *add* the following as clause 20 :—

'20. The Local Government may, subject to such conditions as they may decide, declare any panchayat constituted under this Act to be a panchayat for the purpose of the Madras Act II of 1920 (The Madras Village Courts Amendment Act), and may vest it with the civil and criminal powers contemplated under the latter Act'; and *re-number* the other clauses accordingly.

Clauses 20 *to* 22

Clauses 20 to 22 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 23.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao, was withdrawn :—

29. In sub-clause (1), line 4, *add* '21' after '20'.

Clause 23 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 24 *and* 25.

Clauses 24 and 25 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 26.

With the permission of His Excellency the President, the following amendment, which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju, was withdrawn :—

30. In sub-clause (1) (c), before the words 'cattle-stands', 'threshing floors' and 'village sites' *insert* the word 'common.'

The Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao moved the following amendment :—

31. *Add* the following as sub-clause (1) (g) :—

'(g) The fees from cattle-pounds and fees for schools under the control of panchayats.'

In doing so, he said :—" Your Excellency, the management of the cattle-pounds is vested in these panchayats, but I do not find any provision for appropriation of these receipts under this head by the panchayats themselves. I also find that the maintenance of the village schools

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is one of the functions of these panchayats but I do not find any express provision that any fees that may be raised in those schools should be credited to the village panchayat funds. So I think it is necessary to bring in this amendment."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO :—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I had this point examined and I think the amendment is not necessary. Under clause 15 (XIV) panchayats may exercise control over pounds, but they can apparently do so only when the management of cattle-pounds is transferred to them under the Cattle Trespass Act. The income from pounds will be transferred to panchayats when the management is transferred to them. That is under a different law. In regard to schools, panchayats can levy fees under sub-clause (2) of this clause when such schools are transferred to them by the boards under clause 16. So the income from the schools will be transferred to the panchayats when the management of the schools is transferred to them. No special provision as proposed is therefore necessary."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"Your Excellency, The amendment which I wish to move is to the following effect :—

32. To sub-clause (1) add the following proviso 'When a tax is levied under sub clause (b) by a panchayat no similar tax shall be levied within the limits of panchayat by the taluk board having jurisdiction over the same area.'

"The sub-clause (b) of clause 26 provides for the levy of a tax on professions, trades and callings, and in the Local Boards Act which has just been passed we have provided for the levy of a similar tax in union and non-union areas. My difficulty is that the taluk board and the panchayat both of them may levy them same tax from the same persons. In order to prevent that, I suggest this amendment. Of course I have not put in any other clause because the fees are collected by delegation and therefore there is no necessity. On these grounds I suggest this amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAYATI RAJU :—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"Your Excellency, I very much sympathise with the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju's wish, but I do not think it is practicable. This point was considered in the Select Committee ; we wanted to avoid duplicate taxation : so we gave up the land cess which the Bill originally provided for. But in regard to the tax on professions, trades and callings, the conclusion that we came to was that it would not be practicable to do anything. The tax that the panchayat will levy is bound to be comparatively small. We leave it to the discretion of each panchayat to decide what amount it should levy consistently with what other bodies have decided to levy. If we commit ourselves to the statement contained in the amendment that, when any tax is levied under the sub-clause by a panchayat, no similar tax shall be levied within the limits of the panchayat by the taluk board having jurisdiction over the area, one effect will be that a person who under the Local Boards Act has to pay Rs. 220 will only have to pay Rs. 5. The Select Committee did consider the point and we came to the conclusion that we would leave it to the good sense of each locality to adjust the matter as it thought best. You must remember that the contribution to the taluk board is for the general purposes of the taluk, including the particular village. The panchayat is a new body solely intended for village needs."

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"Your Excellency, the amendment No. 39 is practically to the same effect and I may be permitted to move the amendment along with the present one ; this will save time."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR :—"I think that it will be convenient if the Honourable Member confines himself to the particular amendment we are now discussing."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT :—"I suppose the Honourable Member does not propose to move amendment 39."

The Hon'ble Mr. SIVA RAO :—"If Your Excellency wants it to be moved separately, I have no objection."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

Amendment No. 33.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO :—"Your Excellency : I beg to move that the following may be added as sub-clause (2) :—

'(2) Panchayats shall be entitled to collect from the district board or taluk board 50 per cent of the land cess realised within the limits of the village.'

"I think it is but reasonable, Your Excellency, that village panchayats should get a fair and a very decent portion out of the land-cess that is realised within the limits of the village. The principle is recognized no doubt in the Bill that the taluk board shall make a contribution of the land-cess to the village panchayat fund. What this amendment intends to achieve is that

(Mr. Siva Rao; Mr. Venkatapati Raju; Mr. Subba Rao; Mr. Desika Achariyar; Sir Rajagopala Achariyar; Mr. Narasimha Raju.) [4TH OCTOBER 1920.

a definite share may be fixed instead of the village panchayat depending on the taluk board for a proportion of it. I have fixed it at 50 per cent which ought necessarily to go to the funds of the panchayat. It is not an unreasonable proportion. It is always desirable that a village panchayat should know where they are and it has got every right for the land-cess levied within its limits."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. SUBBA RAO:—"Your Excellency, I beg to oppose the amendment, because taluk boards and panchayats are given definite functions and for performing these functions certain funds have been constituted. We find that primarily the Bill wants that certain functions of the taluk board should be transferred to panchayats and it also provides for a contribution from such taluk board, even from the district board. The panchayat will always get certain amount of contributions from the taluk board, the district board and the Government, for the performance of such functions as will be transferred to them. Clause 32 includes 'any contribution from a taluk board, district board, or the Government that shall be paid into a fund to be called "the panchayat fund". So this hard and fast rule of making over 50 per cent would work very hard and inequitable, for the taluk board will have to part with 50 per cent of its revenue without any commensurate advantage, though the panchayats are given some functions which the taluk boards are now doing. Therefore I oppose the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur T. DESIKA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I do not exactly understand how 50 per cent could be given to every village. The district board raises an anna and gives half anna to the taluk board. I do not exactly understand how a quarter anna is recommended for each village. It is impossible to run any district board administration if such a proposal is ever sanctioned."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. SIVA RAO.—"Your Excellency, I beg to move the following amendment:—

'34. Add the following as sub-clause (3):—

'(3) The Local Government shall contribute towards village panchayat fund a sum equal to the amount realized by way of taxes or fees by panchayats under the foregoing sections.'

"I borrowed this provision from the provisions of the Elementary Education Bill in which the Government undertake to bear a certain liability in these matters. I thought the same principle ought to be made applicable in the case of these village panchayats. It will stimulate local effort, the efforts of the villagers, if only the Government promise to guarantee a certain minimum contribution. With these words I commend the amendment."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second the amendment."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"Your Excellency, I do not think this could be accepted. It puts a financial obligation on the Government to contribute an amount equal to the amount realized by way of taxes or fees by panchayats under the foregoing sections. It is true that we have agreed to some such thing in the Elementary Education Bill, after very careful consideration, as a special case, in view of the urgent importance of developing elementary education. But the liability now proposed is one which we are wholly unable to forecast. When panchayats are being developed, the obligation sought to be put on the Government may tend to make them unwilling to agree to such development. One result will probably be that after a certain stage the interests of the Government will be not to develop panchayats. In the initial stages the Government will, I hope, not hesitate to subsidize the movement, just as it helped co-operative credit societies. In their own best interests the panchayats will have to learn to rely upon themselves. I do not think it will be a correct thing to say by statute that the general taxpayer shall contribute to every panchayat a sum not less than what is being raised in the village. I therefore oppose the amendment."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

'35. Add the following as sub-clause (4).—

'(4) When the tax or fees is levied in a village no additional tax will be levied by the district or taluk board, on the same person for the same purpose.'

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency, the amendment which I propose runs thus:—

'36. Add the following as sub-clause (4):—

'(4) The Local Government may make such recurring and non-recurring subsidies as they think fit in aid of funds of a panchayat."

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"It is not at all obligatory. The effect of it will be to point out that it is a moral duty on the part of the Local Government to contribute towards the funds of panchayats. Unless such hope is held out I do not believe that any village will be willing to tax itself and form a panchayat. If I remember correctly, in the original issue of the Government Order forming informal panchayats such a promise was held out by the Local Government. We have also got a similar provision in the Local Boards Bill which we just now passed. I draw attention to Schedule V, rule 7 which runs:—

'7. The Local Government may—

(a) transfer annually to district boards a share of the excise revenue collected in the districts; and

(b) make such other recurring and non-recurring subsidies as they think fit in aid of the funds of all or any of the local boards.'

"If this is to serve any useful purpose in the Local Boards Bill, I am sure the same purpose will be served by the amendment which I now propose. There will be a moral duty on the part of the Government to try to come to the aid of these village panchayats. I have to offer one more remark regarding a statement made by the Honourable Member on the previous amendment which was lost. He was pleased to state that the Local Government shall have to make some grants at the initial stage and later on withdraw the grants from the general taxpayer and ask the local taxpayer to meet all the charges. I differ from him. If the contributions from Local Government are withdrawn, I am sure the villagers will wind up the business and will not have anything to do with panchayats because they are already heavily taxed and all the objects will not be served adequately by local taxation alone. The general taxpayer must pay to some extent and induce the villagers to resort to the constitution of village panchayats. With these words I commend the amendment for the acceptance of the Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"If the Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju looks at clause 32 (1), he will see that this thing is provided.

'32. (1) All sums realized under section 31, all sums realized as penalties, fines, fees or costs under this Act, and all other receipts of the panchayat, including any donation from a private person or body of persons, and any contribution from a taluk board, district board or the Government, shall be paid into a fund to be called the 'panchayat fund', the accounts of which shall be kept in the manner prescribed.'

"The idea of a Government subsidy is there, and the amendment does not carry it further."

With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn:—

37. Add the following as sub-clause (5):—

'(5) the village council or panchayat is entitled to receive contribution from the provincial fund and from the district and taluk boards as decided by the Government for the work carried on by them which legitimately should be done by the respective authorities."

The Hon'ble Mr. C V S NARASIMHA RAJU:—"Your Excellency, my amendment runs thus:—

35. Add the following as sub-clause (5):—

'(5) The taluk board may make to a panchayat within its jurisdiction such grant-in-aid from its fund as they may think fit to enable the panchayat to carry out any of the purposes of this Act and may attach to such grants any conditions that may appear to the taluk board desirable.'

"Regarding this I find some difficulty in the Local Boards Bill which we just now passed. Schedule V-A, rule (10), gives 'contributions in aid of purposes similar to the above, to other local boards, municipal councils and private persons.' It does not mention there village panchayats nor does it mention in general terms local authorities. Similarly, regarding taluk boards, Schedule V-B, rule (9), refers to 'contributions, in aid of purposes similar to the above, to other local boards, municipal councils and private persons.' So unless we incorporate a provision even in this saying that it is a legal thing, taluk boards cannot contribute anything to village panchayats. To go to the Government each time for specific sanction will be a troublesome business. Therefore I hope the Government will see their way to accept this amendment, and enable local boards to contribute when they please."

The Hon'ble Mr. B. VENKATAPATI RAJU:—"I second it."

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR:—"The Hon'ble Mr. Narasimha Raju will notice that clause 32 provides for the payment of contribution from taluk boards and district boards and also contributions from the Government. So it cannot be said that the taluk board will be out of order in paying any contribution; it is a thing contemplated by the Act. Also, the way in which the panchayat should get money from the taluk board would ordinarily be by taking up institutions which the taluk board is managing, and it can make its own conditions in doing so."

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With the permission of His Excellency the President the amendment was withdrawn.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. P. Siva Rao was withdrawn :—

39. *Re-number* the present sub clauses (2) and (3) as sub-clauses (4) and (5) and *add* the following as sub-clause (6):—

'(6) The taluk board shall not levy taxes or fees under sub-clauses (*a*) to (*f*) above, in the limits of the village.'

Clause 26 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 27 to 30.

Clauses 27 to 30 were allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 31.

The Hon'ble Mr P. Siva Rao moved the following amendment :—

40. In sub-clause (1), line 5, *for* the words 'village headman' *substitute* the words 'president'.

In doing so, he said :—"I propose the substitution of the word 'president' for the words 'village headman' in sub-clause (1), line 5 I do not see any reason why the presidents of these panchayats should not be vested with the summary powers of recovering the dues of the panchayat by distraint or sale In the case of a municipality, for instance, if the dues are not paid, the chairman issues a warrant for the distraint of movable property. I do not see why a similar power should not be conceded in the case of the president of a panchayat He is interested in the collection of dues and he should be armed with these summary powers. Why should a village headman be approached in the matter of collection of dues of panchayats ?"

The Hon'ble Mr. VENKATAPATI RAJU :—"I formally second it"

The amendment was put to the vote and lost.

The Hon'ble Mr. B VENKATAPATI RAJU moved the following amendment :—

41. In sub-clause (2), *for* the words 'three years' *substitute* the words 'one year.'

In doing so, he said :—"I suggest that the words 'one year' be substituted for the words 'three years' in sub-clause (2). Though there are some advantages in granting the power of collection for a period of three years I think it would be better to limit the period to one year so that there may not be much jobbery"

The Hon'ble Mr. P SIVA RAO :—I second it.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S NARASIMHA RAJU :—"I oppose the amendment The general term of leasing is five years and I do not see any reason why a panchayat should not be trusted to lease the collection of these dues for a period of three years We have got a similar provision in the Local Boards Bill regarding unions boards and taluk boards and I do not see any special reasons for distrusting village panchayats which are always subject to local opinion I do not think there is likely to be any jobbery."

The amendment was put to the vote and lost

Clause 31 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 32.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr P. Siva Rao was withdrawn :—

42. Between the words 'this Act' and 'and' *insert* the following :—

'all fees and fines realized under the Madras Village Courts Amendment Act II of 1920.'

Clause 32 was allowed to stand part of the bill.

Clause 33.

With the permission of His Excellency the President the following amendment which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Mr. B. Venkatapati Raju was withdrawn :—

43. At the beginning of this clause, *insert* the words 'On the recommendation of the taluk board,'.

Clause 33 was allowed to stand part of the Bill.

Insertion of a new clause after clause 33.

The Hon'ble Mr C V. S. NARASIMHA RAJU :—"I wish to add a new clause which runs as follows :—'33-A. Subject to the control of the district board, a taluk board shall superintend a panchayat in the area under its authority in matters referred to in clause 15, sub-clauses (*i*) to (vii), (x), (xi) and (xiii).' The sub-clauses refer to all the functions which a taluk board is to discharge in the rural areas under the Local Boards Bill and when statutory powers are